

26.—The Cortes address a message to the King, in which they complain in direct terms, of the spirit of his government. They say that the administration of the provinces has been confined to worthless men, who are disliked by the people, and who sanction the impunity of criminals; and that the clergy abuse the functions of their office, to sow superstition and disobedience.

June 26.—The Cortes adopt measures for conciliating the American Provinces.

30.—Close of the session of the Cortes.

July 2.—The Constitutional Ministry, finding that no dependence could be placed upon the King's Guards, call out the National Militia; upon which the Guards immediately revolt; and 2000 of them take possession of the Prado, and demand rations of the Alcades. They are encouraged by the party of *Serviles*.

3.—Ineffectual negotiations with the revolted Guads.

7.—The Guards attempt to seize the city. They are met by the militia and some of the inhabitants of Madrid under Riego, Morillo, and others, and a battle ensues, in which the Guards are defeated, with the loss of 400 men. The Duke del Infantado finds it necessary to conceal himself, and is afterwards banished, as well as the Archbishop of Saragossa.

10.—A meeting of Foreign Ministers is held at Madrid, to sign a declaration relative to the events in the capital. Mr Forsyth, the American minister, refuses to sign it, alleging it to be entirely untrue, and asserting that the real enemies of Ferdinand are the *Serviles* and ultra-royalists.

17.—Tranquillity re-established, and the National Militia dismissed from their encampment.

Aug. 7.—A change in the ministry, favorable to the *Liberals*.

28.—The King signs a decree for a convocation of the Extraordinary Cortes on the 7th October—much against his will.

The *Defenders of the Faith* guilty of great excesses in the provinces.

Oct. 7.—The session of the Extraordinary Cortes commences.

Nov.—Disturbances in the north of Spain, and frequent skirmishes. The Royalists are generally victorious.

Gen. Mina obtains advantages over the Royalists in Catalonia.

Dec. 25.—The ultimatum of the French government presented; in substance, that the King shall be restored to his sovereign rights—that the Nobles shall be reinstated in their privileges, and security given against future insurrections.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

## BOSTON, Feb. 11.

A Bill is now before Congress, authorizing the President, whenever the public good shall require it, to increase the Naval Establishment. Vessels to be rated as follows:—

- 1st Rate, mounting 100 guns and upwards.
- 2d Rate, mounting over 74 and under 100 guns.
- 3d Rate, frigates of the largest size.
- 4th Rate, frigates of the second size.
- 5th Rate, post ships mounting 26 and under 36 guns.
- 6th Rate, sloops mounting 18 and under 26 guns.
- 7th Rate, vessels under 18 guns.

### OFFICERS.

- |                        |                                    |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 Vice Admiral,        | 30 Chaplains,                      |
| 2 Rear Admirals,       | 60 Purasers,                       |
| 3 Commodores,          | 61 Surgeons,                       |
| 47 Captains,           | 202 Surgeon's Mates,               |
| 25 Masters Commandant, | 811 Master's Mates and Midshipmen, |
| 256 Lieutenants,       | 56 Boatswains,                     |
| 78 Sub Lieutenants,    | 56 Gunners,                        |
| 35 Masters,            | 46 Carpenters,                     |
| 15 Second Masters,     | 43 Sailmakers,                     |

The pay and rations of the Vice Admiral to be 200 dls. per month, and 20 rations; Rear Admiral 150 dls. and 18 rations; Commodore 125 dls. and 16 rations; Captain, commanding a squadron, 120 dls. and 12 rations; Captain of the fleet 125 dls. and 16 rations; Surgeon of the fleet 100 dls. and 8 rations; Flag Lieutenant 50 dls. and 4 rations; Secretary to Vice Admiral, 65 dls. 1 ration. Provision is also made for Secretaries to each Rear Admiral, Commodore, and Captain of a squadron; and the Admiral, or Commodore's coxswain, steward, and cook.

Intelligence from St. Louis represents the Osage Indians as exhibiting a hostile character towards the traders on the Arkansas River. The Osages are said to have killed ten or twelve white men and one negro, and had stolen a large quantity of beaver. Intelligence had also been received from the Council Bluffs, that the Aurikaree Indians had killed three white men near the Mandan Villages. No accounts are given of the number of Indians slain by the white traders, nor the quantity of beaver stolen from them—neither is it mentioned who commenced to kill or steal first, the traders or the Indians.—*N. Y. D. Adv.*

FROM JAMAICA.—Captain Rockwell, arrived at New York from Port Antonio, informs that when he sailed it was momentarily expected that the place would be put under Martial Law, in consequence of apprehensions of a rising among the blacks. Kingston papers to the 14th ult.

PIRATES.—Capt. J. W. Allen, who arrived in the brig Commerce, from Porto Rico, states that he was informed by the commander of a Danish man of war, that he was in company with another armed vessel in pursuit of a piratical brig and schooner out of Porto Rico, the crews of which had risen upon the officers and put them on shore on the west side of the island. They had been seen to board two American vessels that sailed from Mayaguez for the United States; and it was supposed they were made prizes of, and their crews murdered. Five vessels of and for St. Thomas, which had sailed from Mayaguez, had also been captured by the pirates, and their crews sent on shore. These piratical vessels had several times been fallen in with by two Danish cruizers, but succeeded in making their escape among the islands and keys. The Danish men of war now give convoy to all vessels from Mayaguez twice a month, one being stationed on each side the island, the Mona Passage being in complete possession of the piratical cruizers. The British frigate Forte, Capt.

Cochrane, was at St. Johns, and Capt. C. had made a formal demand for the amount of the spoiliations upon their commerce by the Spanish privateers. The report by the Lap. arrived at Baltimore, of the Blockade Main, is contradicted by this arrival. There were no privateers at St. Johns, but it was reported that the schooner Musquito, formerly of New York, was fitting out as a cruiser. No American vessels of war had been at Porto Rico for the last three months. *Gaz.*

## MARTINIQUE, Jan. 8, 1824.

The commerce of this place, which was previously dull, has been recently much interrupted, in consequence of a free mulatto plot to massacre all the whites in the island. It was to have been carried into effect on the night of the 17th ult., and afterwards postponed to the 24th. The immense number of this class of persons almost wholly in good and even wealthy circumstances rendered our situation most alarming; but a special providence, in its mercy, averted the evil, and has thrown the consequences upon the assassins. They are now on trial at Fort Royal; some will probably be banished, and others suffer execution here. It is believed, that a portion of them are connected with Saint Domingo, and probably with several of the neighboring islands. Troops happily arrived here on the very day of the alarm (the 17th) from France.

## HALIFAX,

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1824.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered, Brigs Clyde, Douglas, Demerara; John & Helen, McDonald, Berbice; schrs. William Jewell, Meagher, Antigua; Eliza Ann, Ansbury, Boston.

Cleared, brig Fame, Moser, B. W. Indies; schr. Brothers, M'Harrou, St. John's Newfld.

Since our last, we have been favoured with Portsmouth (Eng.) papers, to the 29th of December inclusive; from which we have selected the following brief sketch:

LONDON, Dec. 12.

In consequence of the continued rise of the Stocks, a reduction of the Old Four per Cents is again spoken of; and it is even suggested that Government are beginning to think seriously of a reduction of the *Threes* to 2½ per cent.

The health of Louis XVIII becomes daily more precarious, and his lethargy more alarming.

The Physician Castaign, convicted of poisoning two brothers, (*see last page*), persisted in his innocence to the last moment of his existence.

Ferdinand VII has just issued two Decrees—one for reducing the salaries of all public officers—the other disbanding the non-commissioned officers and privates of the whole Army of the Faith!

The French are strengthening the garrison at Cadiz, in a manner that seems to indicate a view to a permanent possession of the place.

A plan has been suggested at the Foreign Stock Exchange for forming a joint Stock Company, for working the gold and silver mines of Mexico.

Dec. 13.

Sixteen soldiers of the Faith, who participated with the French troops in the late riot at Madrid, have been shot.

The officers of the two new Regiments are all brought into service from the Half pay list. A large spot has recently been discovered in the sun.

His Majesty is said to be in possession of the highest health and spirits.

Dec. 20.

Sir Walter Scott has just sent forth another effusion called *St. Ronald's Well*.

Dec. 24.

Four Spanish ships of the line preparing at Cadiz for a South American Expedition; 'tis said they will double Cape Horn.

Twenty four Irish Peerages have become extinct since the Union.

The Greeks lost no less than 23 valuable vessels, by means of their own fire ships being driven on them in a gale of wind.

A new creation of Peers has unexpectedly taken place at Paris, 27 of whom are Ecclesiastics.

Capt. Sabine arrived at Deptford in the Griper, on the 19th inst.

Dec. 26.

Plymouth Dock is in future to be called Devon port.

So early as nine o'clock on the morning of Christmas day his Majesty received the sacrament in the Palace chapel; as did also the Duke of York and Duke and Duchess of Clarence.

The Jupiter 60 guns, just returned from India, has been paid off and recommissioned; Capt. Dunn will be flag captain to Rear Admiral W. Lake, on the Halifax station.

We were yesterday favoured with New York papers to the 14th and Boston papers to the 16th inst. brought by the schr. Eliza Ann, in 9 days from the latter port.

The latest European accounts contained in those papers, are from Berdeaux to Dec. 22, and from Liverpool to the 4th ult.

It is said that the "French papers do not conceal the Designs of the Holy Alliance against South America;" but the only proof adduced is the fitting out of a squadron of men of war at Cadiz, destined for the Pacific.

Some misunderstanding is said to have taken place between the Cabinets of Russia and Austria, relating to the expected division of the Greek Provinces of Moldavia and Wallachia, for which Alexander has expressed a great regard.

The LIVERPOOL MERCURY Jan. 2, says, "No Continental news of importance has reached us." It is asserted that Don Victor Saez is to be reappointed Confessor and Minister of Ferdinand Sept.

Stocks—3 per cent. Cons. 80½.

The Billow from hence, arrived at Boston on Saturday the 14th inst. after a tedious passage of 15 days.

PRICES.—Boston, Feb. 16—Flour, superf. Balt. 6 50—Tar (Wilmington) 1 60—1 65—scarce.—Bills on London 30 days, 8½ prem.—60 days 7½ to 8—Spanish dollars par—Doubletons 15 75.

MARRIED] At Bath, Eng. Capt. COLIN CAMPBELL, R. N. to ELMIRA, widow of Lieut. Gen. R. Gore.

DIED] In Ireland, aged 80 years, the Rev. J. MEARA; by whose death no less than 13 *Licings* have become vacant.

## NOVA-SCOTIA BIBLE SOCIETY.

THE Annual Meeting of The Nova Scotia Bible Society will be held at the Royal Acadian School on Monday next, the 1st day of March, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which Gentlemen and Ladies, who are friendly to the Institution, as well as the Public in general, are particularly requested to attend.

J. W. JOHNSTON, Secy.

Feb. 27.

## Notice.

TICKETS for the BALL of the LIGHT INFANTRY COMPANY 2d HALIFAX REGIMENT, will be delivered at the Store of J. A. MOREN, Hollis Street, until Saturday the 28th February.

Feb. 24.

## Wanted Immediately,

TWO LADS of good Connexions, of from 14 to 16 years of age as apprentices to the Grocery Business. Apply at the Store of

HIGGINS & BROWN.

N. B. The House and Store No. 172 Upper Water Street, of W. B. HIGGINS, to Let and immediate possession given, please apply as above.

Halifax, Feb. 27, 1824. 4w.

## Servant Wanted.

A SMART, honest BLACK BOY, who can be well recommended, may hear of a place, by applying at the Chronicle Printing Office.

Feb. 27, 1824.

## BLACK STOCKS.

A FEW polished black LEATHER STOCKS with Velvet Edges, may be had very low, at the W. CHRONICLE Office.

Feb. 20.

## ENCYCLOPEDIA EDINENSIS;

OR,  
Dictionary of Arts, Sciences and miscellaneous Literature, in six quarto volumes. Illustrated with not less than one hundred and eighty Engravings.

By JAMES MILLAR, M. D.

A paper containing a summary of the leading articles contained in the 1st, 2d and 3d volumes of this work; the price in parts or half volumes, and other particulars, may be seen on application to W. CHRONICLE PRINTING OFFICE.

Feb. 27, 1824.

## Industry from London.

DEBLOIS & MITCHELL have received by the above vessel the following articles, which they will dispose of at Private Sale, cheap for Cash.

- 51 chests Souchong TEA,
- 5 bags Pepper,
- 1 chest Indigo,
- 3 bales Salempores.

Oct. 10

## For Sale,

- 500 quintals Merchantable Cod fish,
- 50 do. Scale do.
- 50 Barrels Liver Oil,
- 50 do. Canada FLOUR,
- Half barrels Irish mess PORK,
- English SOAP and CANDLES,
- Broad Cloths, Flannels, Blankets,
- and a variety of other Manufactured Goods apply to

B. HACKETT.

Jan. 16, 1824. 1f.

## John Dempster

HAS FOR SALE,

- Hollands GIN
- Cognac BRANDY
- London Particular MADEIRA WINE
- Superior Old PORT do.
- Quebec BEEF first quality,
- Mould and Dipt CANDLES,
- Irish LARD in half Firkins,
- A few Pieces East India BANDANOS, &c. &c.

The above articles are all of the very first quality and will be sold on Moderate Terms, Halifax, 16th January, 1824. 1f.

## Bottled PORT WINE.

A FEW dozen, bottled in Oporto, and packed in convenient cases for a family; and a constant supply of Old PORT in Wood, for sale by the Subscribers.

Also—  
Superfine and Fine Canada FLOUR,  
Butter and Lard in firkins,  
Prime Pork in barrels,  
do. Beef, in do.

A few barrels SUGAR,  
A small quantity of Whiskey, and a consignment of superfine blue and black Cloths and Cassimeres at very low prices.

GEORGE GRASSIE & Co.

Oct. 10. 1f.

## JUST RECEIVED,

Per the brig MANCHESTER, Capt. Hutchin-

son from LEITH, and for sale by the Subscri-

ber.

A FEW pipes & hhds. very superior MADEIRA WINE;  
pipes of Hollands GENEVA & COGNAC BRANDY;  
Bottled LEITH ALE,  
OAP, CANDLES & COALS.

J. FORMAN, Junr.  
Also—a few kegs first quality pickled LOCH FINE HERRINGS.

Long Wharf, 11th Oct. 1823.

## The Subscriber

LEAVING the Province for a short period has empowered Mr. B. HACKETT to adjust all accounts due from and to his Concern.

Jan. 9, 1824. 1f. J. LYONS.

## POSTSCRIPT,

Half past one o'clock, P. M.

The Wellington packet with the January Mail, 46 days from Falmouth, has just anchored.

The London papers brought in the mail are to the 10th ult.—about a week later than our intelligence via Boston.

The latest accounts from Madrid state, that all hopes of the recognition of the Constitutional Loan were considered as desperate. The public funds of the Kingdom are said to be in a most deplorable state.

Letters of Dec. 26 from Gibraltar say, That an order has been issued there, forbidding the entrance into that port and Garrison, of all Spaniards who be longed to the late Revolutionary Government.

The King of Spain has applied to the Clergy for a loan; who in return, speak of the great poverty to which they are reduced.

The Pope has formally refused to sanction the re-establishment of the Inquisition in Spain; as being a Tribunal incompatible with the present enlightened Age. The Bishops and Inquisitors are highly mortified.

APPOINTMENTS—Major Gen. Sir Benjamin D. Urban, K. C. B., to be Lieut. Gov. of Demerara and Essequibo—Major Gen. Sir Hudson Lowe, K. C. B. Governor of the Island of Antigua.

Another Expedition of discovery has been decided upon, of which Capt. Parry is to have the command, Capt. Lyon is to proceed in the Griper to Repulse Bay; and from thence overland to Hear's, or the Coppermine River.

Stocks, Jan. 10, 3 per cent. Cons. have been at 89½ for Account; but the latest statement is given at 88½.

Nothing is known of the Camden packet, which left Falmouth Dec. 11: A brig was seen by the Wellington a few days ago lying to.

Post Office, Halifax, Feb. 27, 1824.

The Mail for New York, by the Lady Wellington Packet, will be closed tomorrow, Saturday evening at 5 o'clock.

The Mail for Bermuda will be closed tomorrow at 12 o'clock.

## AUCTION.

BY DEBLOIS & MITCHELL.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 31. of March, at 12 o'clock.

At the late residence of John Allen, No. 157, Upper Water Street.

A quantity of FURNITURE, Beds, Bedding, Plate, Horse and Gig, Sleighs, Harness, &c. &c. At the same time will be

Let,

A BAKE HOUSE with large Convenient Oven & Shop, the use of a Wharf and the second story of a large Flour Store, with a private entrance to the same.

Feb. 27.

## TO LET,

And possession given on the 8th April next.

THE Dwelling HOUSE and SHOP, No. 17, Lower Water Street, formerly the property of the late Thomas Leaver, Esq. deceased, now in the occupation of Mr. Joseph Robertson, Hat manufacturer. For terms, apply to

FIDDES, MAY & ROBERTSON.

Feb. 6, 1824.

## Final Notice to Debtors.

THE Subscribers being fully authorized to receive all debts due to either of the late Firms of THOM, SALTER & Co, JAMES THOM & Co, or SMITH & THOM, do hereby give Notice to all persons who are indebted, in any way, to any of the above late Concerns, that unless they come forward and pay, or give security for the payment of the respective amounts due by them, between this date and the 1st day of June next, suits at Law will then be commenced for the recovery of the same.

James B. Franklyn,  
John Fraser,  
Robert Noble.

N. B. The Books, Notes, and other documents, being still in the possession of Mr. ROBERT NOBLE, at the Store lately occupied by John, Salter & Co, he will receive all monies, and to whom communications may be directed.

Halifax, 2d Jan. 1824.

## Final Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Hon. JAMES FRASER, or late Firm of JAMES FRASER & Co. by Note or Book account, are hereby notified, That, unless they discharge their respective Notes or Accounts, between this date and the 1st April 1824, they will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection, without discrimination; and all persons who are in arrears of interest, due in their Bonds and Mortgages, will likewise take Notice, That unless the same is regularly paid up, on or before that day, suit will be instituted for recovery of both Principal and interest.

JAMES D. FRASER,  
ALX. G. FRASER,  
Acting Executors Estate late Hon. James Fraser, and Agents late Firm of James Fraser, & Co.

Halifax, Nov. 8 1823.

## BOGGS & HARTSHORNE

Have received by the late arrivals from England their SPRING IMPORTATION, comprising

A GENERAL assortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY and HARDWARE, Bar and Bolt IRON, Gun Powder, Shot, Window Glass, Paints, Oil &c.—They have for sale, a consignment of London Particular MADEIRA, BRONTE, and PORT WINES:

Also, Grenada, RUM, entitled to the long drawback and fresh Oat-Meal and shell'd Barley.

May 78.

## Souchong Tea.

A FEW Quarter Chests may be had cheap for Cash only, apply at this Office.

Jan. 16, 1824.