

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The TEMPERANCE JOURNAL is devoted to the Principle of Temperance, and is designed as a family newspaper. It is issued on Thursday morning of each week.

The articles are specially selected and are such as to recommend the Paper to all.

Deputies of all temperance organizations are our Authorized Agents.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Copy, one year, - - -	\$1.00
Six months, - - - - -	60
Three months, - - - - -	30

Subscriptions must invariably be paid in advance. Postage stamps will be taken when more convenient to the party remitting. Clubs of four and over will be sent the paper for 75 cents per year.

ADVERTISING RATES:

A limited number of advertisements will be taken at the rate of ten cents per line, minimum measure, five cents for each subsequent insertion. Special rates given for yearly advertisements.

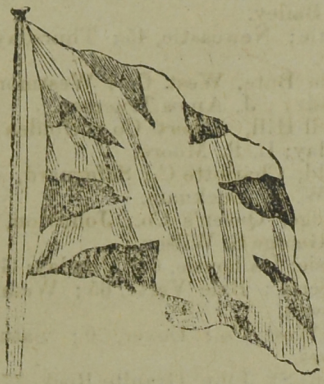
All communications to be addressed to

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Fredericton, N. B.

OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENTS.

The following have been appointed Official Correspondents for the JOURNAL from their Divisions.

W. C. Perry, Britannia Division, Millstream, Studholm, Kings Co.
A. J. Main, Victoria Division, Victoria Mills, West Co.
C. F. Mann, Baillie Division, 2nd Falls, St. George, Char. Co.
John Keenan, Lewisville Division, Lewisville, Moncton, West Co.



RAISE THE STANDARD.

—OUR MOTTO—

“NATIONAL PROHIBITION.”

Temperance Journal.

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1886.

A very interesting communication will be found in another column, showing what our Catholic friends are doing in the temperance cause

NO TRUTH IN IT.

There is no foundation to the argument that the Scott Act interferes with a man's personal liberties, as to what he shall eat, and what he shall drink. Remember the Scott act does not touch the man who drinks, it is the man who sells. The act deals with the man who would ruin his brother to increase his own wealth. Remember this point.

It was our intention of making this issue of the "JOURNAL" largely of a campaign nature, to assist the friends in St John. There were however, so many communications that we have decided to give the next two issues largely to the Scott Act campaign in that city. Our correspondents in the other portions of the province, will understand then if their communications do not appear in the next two issues, that the reason is on account of our space being given up to St John matters, and that they will appear after the 19th inst. We are glad to see so many communications for this issue and trust the correspondents will continue the interest.

WHERE THE FINES GO.

In the Local House when the discussion was up on the bill appointing Constables and Inspectors for the Canada Temperance Act, it appeared to be a general argument with the opponents of the law that the fines under the Scott Act went to the Dominion Government, and we failed to see any of our temperance men on the floors of the House take them to task.

There is not one cent of the fines goes to the Dominion Government but the entire amount to the Municipality or City where it is violated.

Keep this before the electors of St. John. All fines go into the city revenue and help to reduce your taxes.

The taxes will be in no way increased from the adoption of the law, as there are always enough unscrupulous persons who will persist in violating the law to make the fines amount to as much as the licenses fees would.

If you hear a man say that the Scott Act, where it has been adopted, has increased the sale of liquor, just quietly gauge the standard of the man and you will find that he is a hard drinker, a moderate drinker, or has some pecuniary interest in the business.

We leave it to the common sense of any reasonable person, if there would likely be as much liquor sold when it had to be imported and sold in an illegal and restricted manner as where it was legalized and displayed openly on the streets.

Experience has proved that even in counties which have adopted the act, but have never tried to thoroughly enforce it, that the act has materially reduced the sale of liquors

PLAIN FACTS.

Moral suasion for the tempted and law for the tempter. One is dependent upon the other as much as the one wing of a bird is dependent upon the other wing for steady and onward flight.

Those who object to temperance being brought into the legislature and into the churches are opposed to the well-being of society. For every one admits that intemperance is an evil, and this evil can not be abated without law. All experience has proved that the liquor traffic can not be regulated. For over two hundred years all manner of laws for the regulation of the sale of alcoholic drinks have been enacted and the evil has steadily increased.

Experience has also proved the only way to stop the evil is to prohibit the public sale of alcoholic drinks.

Wherever the license system has been abolished the most beneficial results have followed.

Wherever you find a community without the license system you find prosperity and order. On the contrary, where the license system exists the converse is true.

So plain are there facts that to state them commands assent. Therefore, how can it be accounted for that good men do not oppose this evil? The only answer we can give is, they do not give this subject the attention it demands.

A reader of the *Baltimore American* sends that paper a letter written by a young man just before he ended a wasted life by suicide. The letter is a most eloquent temperance sermon:

"DEAR FRIEND:—I write to you again the old, old tale—my fight with Captain Whisky, and a Waterloo defeat. Score one more victim to the conquering hero. When you receive this, it will be all over with me; the little ripple I make in the water will be smooth again, and the sod will be nicely patted over my head; the saloon-keeper will smile as sweetly as ever, his patrons joke and laugh the same, and the drunkard's grave will be still waiting for some of these jolly fellows as surely as for me."

SCOTT ACT LEGISLATION.

The following is the text of the bill introduced by Mr. Stockton on Saturday last, for the better enforcement of the Scott Act:

It passed the House without a division, but with the addition of a section providing that in counties where the Scott Act is not in force, the County Council may appoint similar officers to those provided for in the bill, for the purpose of enforcing the License Act, and for the prevention of the illegal sale of Liquor.

1. Section one of the act 45 Victoria, Chapter 23, entitled an act to define the duties of constables and policemen is hereby repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof. It shall be the duty of all constables, special constables and policemen to search out and prosecute all offenders against the provisions of the second part of the Canada Temperance Act, 1878 by making complaint and prosecuting the same to conviction before some court of competent jurisdiction in any city, town or municipality where the said act has been or may hereafter be brought into operation.

2. Section two, of the said act is hereby repealed.

3. The city, town or municipal council of any city, town or municipality within which the Canada Temperance Act of 1878 now is or hereafter may be brought in force, is hereby authorized to appoint one or more special officers as hereinafter

provided, to be called inspectors, whose duty it shall be to search out and prosecute all offenders against the second part of the Canada Temperance Act of 1878, and when any information is given to any such inspector that there is cause to suspect that some person is violating or has violated any of the provisions of the second part of the Canada Temperance Act 1878, within the limits of the city or town or municipality for which he is appointed it shall be his duty to make diligent enquiry into the truth of such information and if there be reasonable or probable cause for making the same, shall lay an information for such violation before a court of competent jurisdiction, and diligently prosecute the same. And no inspector appointed under this act shall be dismissed except for cause.

4 The said inspectors shall possess, have and enjoy all rights, privileges, powers, protection and immunities conferred or imposed upon constables, special constables or police officers by any act of assembly of this province or by any local by-law of the district for which such inspectors are appointed.

5 For every default in the discharge of his duty under this act, an inspector shall be liable to a penalty of \$50, to be recovered in an action of debt in any court of competent jurisdiction by any person suing the same, one-half of said penalty to be paid to the treasurer of the district for which such inspector is appointed to form part of the contingent fund thereof.

6 Each of the said inspectors shall be paid out of the funds of the city, town, or municipality for which he is appointed, a salary not exceeding five hundred dollars per annum to be paid in equal monthly instalments.

7 All inspectors appointed under this act shall be indemnified by the city town or municipality for which they are appointed for all costs incurred in prosecuting any information where the same is dismissed by the court after hearing the same or when a conviction is had and is quashed on appeal to the supreme court or otherwise or in case the fine and costs be not recovered, on production of a certificate from the judge or court hearing the information that there was reasonable grounds for making the same.

8 Every inspector appointed under this act shall make a return of all cases prosecuted by him in each and every year ending December 31st, how the same were disposed of, the amount of fines and costs paid or punishment awarded and any other matter required of him by the council by which he is appointed. Such returns shall be made to the first meeting of such council after the 1st of January in each and every year, and every police magistrate, parish court commissioner, justice of the peace or other court of competent jurisdiction before whom an information under the second part of the Canada Temperance Act, 1878, shall have been heard and determined, shall make a return.

On the question that Mr Stockton's bill be read section by section, the committee divided as follows:

Yeas—Blair, Turner, McLeod, Hannington, Hetherington, Labillois, Wilson, Leighton, Ellis, Park, Stockton, Dr. Lewis, Hibbard, Perley, Baird, Humphrey, Morton, Burchill, Pugsley, Palmer—20.

Nays—Wetmore, Adams, McAdam, McManus—4.

NEWS FROM VICTORIA MILLS.

On Thursday evening the 18th inst., Lencluden Division S. of T. paid Victoria Division a fraternal visit and a very enjoyable time was spent. The news of the visit had got circulated and the evening being remarkably fine and the roads fair, we had representatives present from seven divisions. The time was spent in speeches, readings, recitations and songs.

The course pursued by the vendor of liquors for the Parish of Salisbury was condemned by the speakers and a petition was drawn up to be signed and sent to the Local Legislature to dismiss E. S. Ritchie, Vendor of Liquors for the Parish of Salisbury, and also recommending Mr. David Herrett to be appointed as Vendor of Liquors for this Parish.

Mr. Herrett is a sound temperance man and one who can be relied upon.

The petitions to the Local Legislature for provisions for the better enforcement of the Scott Act have been well signed in this Parish.

At the last regular meeting of

Victoria Division No. 245, the following officers were elected for the ensuing quarter:

Bro. John Kennedy, W. P.
Sister Alice Sherman, W. A.
Bro. H. L. Main, R. S.
Sister F. O. Sherman, A. R. S.
Bro. J. G. Dawson, F. S.
Bro. James Main, T.
Bro. C. E. Gamon, Chap.
Bro. S. S. Gamon, Con.
Sister Janie Main, A. Con.
Bro. Albert Ayer, O. S.
Bro. W. C. Crawford, I. S.
Bro. J. N. Gamon, P. W. P.

BAILLIE DIVISION.

St. George, N. B. March 29.

EDITOR JOURNAL.—It is with pleasure I pen my first article to the Journal, as your official correspondent from Baillie Division. At the last meeting of our Division resolutions were passed, a copy of which I here insert:

Baillie Division, S. of T. No. 248.

Baillie March 23rd 1886.

To W. P. and Officers:
Whereas, we believe the time has come when the temperance people throughout Charlotte County should make a move in the direction of prohibition, and

Whereas, we believe if the matter was put before the public in the proper shape that we should reap great benefit. Therefore

Resolved that we appoint delegates from this Division, asking the cooperation of all other Divisions throughout the County in the matter, and

Further Resolved that said delegates meet in some central place for the purpose of selecting four Candidates (who will pledge themselves to work for and support prohibition), to represent us at the coming Local Election, and

Further Resolved that a copy of these Resolutions be sent by our Recording Scribe to each Division in the County and to the St. Croix Courier and to the Temperance Journal, by our official correspondent for publication.

It is our object, if possible to elect four men from this County who will carry out said resolutions. Great good is felt from the working of our Division in this locality. The election of officers will take place at our next regular meeting, a report of which I will send to Journal, Your Correspondent had the pleasure of visiting Stewart Division at 2nd Falls St. George, on Saturday evening March 27th I assure you I cannot speak too highly of this Division. There was a good attendance, notwithstanding the disagreeableness of the streets. There was one initiated and the election of officers took place for this quarter. The following is a list:—

Edward Stewart, W. P.,
Edward Gilmer, W. A.,
D. E. Milliken, R. S.,
Wm. Bowden, A. R. S.,
Mrs. Jas. Bowden, F. S.,
Wm. Sherwood, Tres.,
Hester Sherwood, Chaplain.
Hugh Goss, Con.,
Mary McLean, Ast. Con.,
Gilmer Stewart, I. S.,
Geo. Wilmsom, O. S.,
Abraham Goss, P. W. P.,

With this Staff of officers at the head of Stewart Division there is no doubt of its prosperity. The business during the whole session was conducted in an able manner. As it was late when the business was finished there was not much time for "Good of the Order". Your Correspondent was called upon by the D. G. W. P. and gave them a short address. There was also a visiting member from Howard Division, St. Stephen.

There is another temperance organization in the place, the I. O. G. T., which, no doubt, are doing a good work, but it is our opinion that they should unite with the S. of T. as the latter was the first established in the place. A great deal more good would be done if there was only one order, as there is now too much opposition. The saying is "United we Stand, divided we fall" but I must assure you I have no idea of the S. of T. in 2nd Falls losing a foot-hold. I will try and pay a visit to Red Granite Division, at the Lower Falls, St. George, and also to Safeguard Division in Pennfield and shall report my visit to the Journal. I shall try and circulate the Journal as largely as possible, as I think it the duty of every temperance man to become a subscriber at least.

Yours in L. P. and F.
Border Division, Official Correspondent.

BORDER NOTES.

Old Howard's Record.

An Interesting Letter from St. Stephen.

Old Howard No. 1 rolls up as her share in the increase of membership of the order for this quarter 136 initiated, making our total membership 296, so you see we have nearly doubled our number in one quarter.

I should like to hear of just such a record from every Division in the jurisdiction.

The fourth public temperance meeting of our course was held last Tuesday evening and the attendance was large although there were many counter-attractions. Henry Webber, Esq., occupied the chair, and a well rendered programme was carried out as follows:

Temperance Greeting, Choir; Prayer, Rev. Frederick Pember; Remarks, Chairman; Humorous Reading, T. M. Boyd; Solo, Miss Jessie Whitlock; Reading, Miss Marshall; Solo, Miss Olive; Address, E. H. Balkam, Esq.; Address, Rev. Frederick Pember; Closing Hymn, Choir.

A party of eighteen from our division started to pay a fraternal visit to Spreading Oak division of Little Ridge recently, but owing to a heavy snow storm they did not reach the hall in time. However, they had a meeting of their own, feeling that they were not to be cheated out of a good time by snow drifts and blustery weather. Bros. Alex. Matheson and Dan Sinclair of Spreading Oak looked after their comfort for which the party were very thankful.

After a jolly good time among themselves the party started for home which was not reached till "the wee small hours." They will probably not start for a ten mile drive again unless assured of better weather than they experienced on that occasion.

A recent visit to Oak Division, Oak Hill, by the G. W. P. and some others from our division is very highly spoken of by those participating; also one to Wills Division of Tower Hill.

On last Friday evening we had the pleasure of a visit from Bro. S. J. Parsons of Garibaldi Div, No. 151, who told us of the doings of his division in and around Benton.

Bro. P. is a worker himself and I should imagine he belongs to a working division.

The Grand Chaplain spoke briefly but forcibly of the duty of suppressing the rum-shops in town, suggested to him by the accident Wednesday night by which a man lost his life while in a state of intoxication. As the train was moving out of the station he fell under the wheels and had a leg and arm crushed so that he died in a few hours. A similar accident happened in Calais Saturday afternoon. An Indian who had been to St. Stephen and got drunk attempted to board a train while in motion and received injuries from which he died soon after. And yet there are people who will shield and protect the keepers of these dens from which men go forth to meet a horrible death while in a state of helpless intoxication. Some rum-sellers in this town are just as guilty of the murder of these two men, as if they pushed them under the wheels of the cars themselves.

"It a long lane that has no turn" and those of us who have agitated, fought and argued this matter under so many difficulties and discouragements are, I believe, about to see the consummation of our wishes and hopes. The sentiment that is being stirred up by the efforts of Howard Div. is about to take tangible shape and assert itself in a positive manner.

On Saturday afternoon Bro. J. T. Whitlock with Frank Todd, Esq., started out with a paper and in two or three hours secured a guarantee of \$4800 to sustain the town council in the enforcement of the Scott Act, and in a day or two the amount will probably reach eight thousand dollars. This indicates the popular feeling in regard to this rum business and shows the hollowness of the excuse of the council that the town would not endorse them in moving against the rum-sellers.

Of the new councillors one is a