

BIG REDUCTIONS IN  
SWEATERS and SWEATER COATS

All sizes and colors at Big Bargains.

Reg. 75c. ones at 50c.	Reg. \$1.50 ones at \$1.00
Reg. \$1.00 ones at 67c.	Reg. \$2.00 ones at \$1.40
Reg. \$1.25 ones at 85c.	Reg. \$3.00 ones at \$2.00

F. S. WILLIAMS ST. MARYS

## DIARIES FOR 1912

We have a good assortment of  
office and pocket diaries.Come in and choose one now  
as they will not last long.

HALL'S BOOK STORE - - Queen St.

## CHRISTMAS MILLINERY

All our stock of trimmed and un-trimmed  
Hats and Wings reduced for the  
Christmas trade.

..... SPECIAL .....

See our \$1.95 and \$3.25 Hats on Wednesday and  
Saturday.

Hats worth \$3.25 for \$1.95. Hats worth \$6.50 for \$3.25.

Miss MORGAN York Street

## THE MISSES YOUNG

## Holiday Clearing Sale

Beginning on Thursday, December 14th; and continu-  
ing until the New Year.All our Stock of Winter Millinery will be marked  
down to half price or less. Bona-fide Bargains.

## THE MISSES YOUNG

## SOMETHING NEW

Sardines in cream sauce, also Norwegian  
Sardines, Peanut Butter, Cream Cheese,  
Pan Yan Sauce.E. G. HOBEN GROCER  
YORK ST.SWEEPING REDUCTION IN  
Ladies' and Children's Ready - To - Wear

Children's Coats, ages 2 to 5 years, choice for \$2.00.  
Misses' Coats, up to \$9.00, now \$3.98.  
Ladies' Coats, many at half price.  
Ladies' Skirts, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.25, etc.  
Ladies' Suits, choice for \$9.98.  
Children's Bonnets, 20 cts. to 40 cts.  
Children's Overall Gaiters, 25 cts. up.  
Ten to seventy-five per cent. off mostly all winter ready-  
to-wear goods

R. L. BLACK - - York St.

THE BORDEN GOVERN-  
MENT WAS IN PERIL

(Continued from page five.)

House entertain the same view. While I do not share that opinion I am bound to respect it."

Premier Borden thereupon moved to adjourn the debate and submit the matter of jurisdiction to the Supreme Court of Canada, whence it could be carried to the privy council.

CONSERVATIVES BOLT.

Then ensued one of the most dramatic scenes in the parliament of Canada, government member after government member rising to declare his intention to desert his leader on this issue.

"I regret that I cannot accept the disposition proposed by the premier," declared Mr. Lancaster.

He could not agree to have the matter "shelved" in the manner proposed. He suggested the bill pass and that the case then be submitted upon it to the privy council. To submit an academic question was only to "pre-judge the case and secure delay, which the country does not want. I cannot preserve my self-respect and consent to the premier's motion. It may be said I am not true to my leader, but if I am true to myself I cannot be false to anyone."

Then arose Capt. Tom Wallace, Centre York.

"I just want to say," he exclaimed, "that I am completely in accord with the member for Lincoln and shall vote accordingly."

By this time the House was in a startled condition of expectancy and the faces of the members of the government were a study.

Mr. W. F. Maclean was the next bolter.

LOTS OF BOLTERS.

Mr. W. F. Maclean said that if the only way to settle this most vital question was to revise the constitution, and the sooner that was done the better. He therefore, urged that something practical be sent to the privy council for their opinion, and that in the meantime he would content himself by supporting Mr. Lancaster bill.

Col. Hugh Clark, North Bruce—"I am heartily in accord with the arguments advanced and the views expressed by Mr. Lancaster and am prepared to support his bill."

Mr. W. B. Northrup said there was no doubt but that the British North America Act have the federal parliament exclusive jurisdiction over marriage and divorce, except as to form of solemnization. People were not married by clergymen or priests, but marriage was a contract made between two persons in the presence of a clergyman or priest, who was merely a witness. While the question of solemnization was being cleared it seemed to him that the government should make some representation to the Vatican to induce them to withdraw the ne temere decree from Canada, as it was withdrawn from Germany. In the meantime Mr. Northrup intimated that he would support the Lancaster bill.

Mr. Samuel Barker doubted if it was the better way to settle the question by passing the Lancaster bill, which might lead to longer litigation than the reference to the privy council proposed by the premier.

Mr. Burnham, Peterboro, created laughter by stating that he favored both the bill and the premier's proposal to refer the matter to the privy council.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said it was not well for outsiders to interfere in family quarrels and therefore he had hesitated up to this time to speak upon this question over which so much difference had arisen between the government and its supporters. The question was not new. The ne temere decree was simply an extension of the Tamesi decree of the Council of Trent made 200 years ago. The disposition of the Council of Trent had not been applied by the church to France, but many of them, including that relating to marriage, were introduced by the kings of France into the laws for the government of their American colonies. In this way they came to the Province of Quebec, where they had been in force for 300 years. As he understood the ne temere decree, it provided that, to be valid, the marriage must be celebrated by the parish priest of the parties. The purpose was to prevent clandestine marriages and he was sure that everyone, whether Protestant or Catholic, would agree that the prevention of clandestine marriage was wise. It would be well to free the discussion of this question from prejudice and simply look at it from the point of view of common Canadian citizenship.

There was an impression that the ne temere decree was intended to override the authority of the King and Parliament. As a Roman Catholic, he protested against such interpretation. There was no such intent and the ne temere decree did not go beyond setting down rules binding upon the conscience of Catholics. It was not intended to be a civil law. It was for the civil authorities, if

they chose, to give civil effect to its provisions or otherwise.

Mr. Maclean—"But will the right yon. gentleman say the decree does not affect the rights of parties in a mixed marriage?"

APPLIES TO CATHOLIC ONLY

Sir Wilfrid—"No. If a Catholic in the Province of Ontario marries according to the provisions of the civil law of the province, even though it be contrary to the ne temere decree, he is legally married and his children are legitimate, but the Catholic who marries contrary to the provisions of the decree may be penalized by his Church. In his conscience he is outside his Church. But as I understand it, it does not go beyond the conscience of Catholics. It has been understood in the Province of Quebec that the civil authorities have given effect to the religious ordinances on this subject. How far the civil laws of Quebec affect the subject is now in question before the courts. I, for my part, cannot support the bill because its provisions seem to me to be absolutely illogical.

LET TEST CASE GO

Sir Wilfrid said that a marriage celebrated in a province was valid or not valid, according to the law of that province. If the aim were to amend the constitution that was another matter, but that the law of the provinces should be overridden by the law of the Federal Parliament could not be conducive to proper administration. "If the province is wrong," said Sir Wilfrid, "let us go to the provinces and try to make it right." Sir Wilfrid said that the matter was now before the courts of Quebec, and judgment would be delivered at no distant date. It was probable that this definite case would be referred to all the judicial tribunals and a final authoritative decision secured upon it. This, in his opinion, was a better way to handle the matter than to refer it to the confusing and merely academic way proposed by the Premier. To dispose of the Lancaster bill simply by moving the adjournment of the debate, as suggested by Mr. Borden, was not at all the proper manner of dealing with the question.

MR. DOHERTY'S VIEWS

Minister of Justice Doherty said that he had all respect for the member for Lincoln, and while he desired to treat his argument seriously, he could not agree with his point of view and must oppose the bill. The minister of Justice was in accord with the view held by two of his predecessors, Hon. Edward Blake and Sir Allen Aylesworth, to the effect that the provincial legislatures had jurisdiction.

To Mr. Carvell the Minister of Justice said the ne temere decree in no detrimental way affected the civil law of Quebec or of any other province. He admitted, however, that the decree prohibited the marriage of Protestant and Catholic except where the ceremony was performed by a priest, but this related "solely to the ecclesiastical tribunal.

Mr. Clarke, Essex, emphasized the strong sentiment existing in Ontario and was surprised that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had not been accused of authorship of the decree as was done during the campaign. He concurred in the view of the Liberal leader not to interfere with provincial rights. The Herbert case would get to the Privy Council in more concrete form than any academic reference to the courts, which was only an evasion for the time being. Like Sir Wilfrid he favored basing action on proper ground.

Hon. Mr. White quoted the pastoral letter of Archbishop Bruchesi that the marriage of two Catholics by civil authority or Protestant clergyman made the marriage null and void, but maintained this was only from an ecclesiastical standpoint. Not even the Roman Catholic Church contended it gave civil effect in Quebec. Mr. White held that in Quebec the civil code protected all rights to a marriage validly contracted and made the children legitimate. He was opposed to the Lancaster bill.

"Does the ne temere decree have any effect in the 'Provinces outside Quebec?" asked Hon. Col. Hughes.

"No," replied Mr. White.

"Then has it effect in Quebec?" Col. Hughes continued.

"That I do not know," explained Mr. White. It was for that reason it was advisable to settle doubt.

"This is the place to settle doubts," quoth Mr. Lancaster. "Pass the bill now."

Mr. White continued otherwise. It was a better way to secure judicial decision and not run contrary to the view of Messrs. Aylesworth, Doherty and Borden.

The vote came after two o'clock and resulted in a majority of 25 for Premier Borden's motion to adjourn and shelve the debate. In all 86 Conservatives voted with Mr. Borden and 61 votes were cast against him. Messrs. Lancaster, Kidd, Edwards, Blain and W. F. Maclean were among those who voted against him.

## NEW GOODS at MURRAY'S

We have just opened a splendid selection of NEW GOODS in Ladies' Neckwear, Belts, Collars, Jabots, Rushings, Combs, Barretts, String Ties, Windsor Ties, Allover Laces, etc., etc.

Also new Shantung Silks in the natural color at  
**39c, 65c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 per yd.**

New Whitewear consisting of ladies' white Lawn Waists, ladies' white Tailored Waists, Corset Covers, Drawers, Underskirts, Princess Slips, Night Gowns and ladies' white Dresses.

## A. MURRAY &amp; COMPANY

## -:GREAT SALE:-

OF

## Pianos, Organs, AND Sewing-Machines

We will sell at wholesale price our entire stock of Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines until

**JANUARY 1st., 1912.**

Our Stock consists of the following well known makes Gerhard, Heintzman, Bell, Goulay and Heintzman &amp; Co Pianos Bell Organs and New Home and New Williams Sewing Machines, and as we are making an entire change in Our Business at that date this is a chance of a life time for Bargains in the above.

CALL and SEE OUR STOCK and SPECIAL PRICES

## McMURRAY &amp; CO.

## It Pays

Any business man will tell you that it pays to have your business systematized and kept in proper shape. To do this you require a number of blank forms, including neatly printed Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Receipts, Time Sheets, Order Forms, etc. The next question is where can they be purchased at

## Reasonable Prices

This is just where we can step in and give you a helping hand by solving the problem for you. Our job plant is modern and up to date and we can supply you with anything in the PRINTED LINE at a reasonable price and at the same time give you entire

## Satisfaction

Look over your present supply and if you are in need of anything, give us your order-NOW. Don't put it off until you have run short, but get in readiness for Spring Business.

## The Mail Printery

613 QUEEN ST.

TELEPHONE 67.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY MAIL

It Stands the Test of Time 101 Years in Use

Stone Bruises, Cuts, Aches, Pains, and other like troubles of children quickly relieved by

**JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT**

The old reliable household remedy. Give inwardly for Coughs, Colds, Cholera Morbus and Bowel Complaint. Sold by all dealers.

25c and 50c Bottles

L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Parsons' Pills regulate the bowels and keep the liver active.