

PREMIER OF SPAIN VICTIM OF AN ASSASSIN'S BULLET

Was Shot and Killed by a Man Named Martin While on His Way to Attend a Cabinet Meeting--Two Bullets Struck Him Behind the Ear and He Fell Dead--The Assassin Afterwards Committed Suicide.

Madrid, Spain, Nov. 12.—The Spanish premier Jose Canalejas was assassinated today.

London, Nov. 12.—A news agency despatch from Madrid says the assassin of Premier Canalejas committed suicide. The report is confirmed.

The assassin of the premier was captured by the police. He gave the name of Manuel Pardo Serrato Martin and said he was a native of El Grado in the province of Huesca. Martin fired four shots at premier Canalejas as he was entering the ministry of the interior to attend a cabinet meeting. Two of the shots struck the statesman behind the right ear and fell dead on the spot.

The assassin is a young man of twenty eight and is believed to be an anarchist.

CANALEJAS' CAREER.

Jose Canalejas, who belonged to a wealthy and prominent Spanish family, came to the front in political life in Spain only in 1900, when he took a leading part in the campaign against clericalism. He had, however, taken great interest in politics as a student and public speaker for many years before that. At the age of twenty-five years he became a member of the Spanish parliament, attaching himself to the advanced Liberal section. He became a member of Premier Sagasta's cabinet in 1902 when he accepted the portfolio of agriculture. He introduced many

reforms especially in regard to the working classes and eventually created a department of labor. When he was asked in February, 1910, by King Alfonso to form a ministry, the request caused a great sensation at it was the first time in history of Spain that an advanced radical had been placed at the head of the ministry. His cabinet has since undergone many changes but he has always retained the leading place. He had much to do with the signing of the agreement between Spain and France on the question of the future of Morocco which was recently satisfactorily settled.

The project introduced by Senor Canalejas for the separation of church and state in Spain caused a rupture of relations between the country and the Vatican. These have since been resumed and the question of separation is being discussed with a view to a friendly settlement. The Spanish government, however, insists on the supremacy of the civil powers. Jose Canalejas visited New York in 1897 just before the outbreak of the Spanish-American war. It was stated at that time that his mission was to study the sentiment of the American people and of the administration regarding Cuban affairs but it was hinted that he was entrusted with a secret diplomatic mission to offer inducements to the Cuban leaders to stop the rebellion in Cuba. He denied the truth of the report. He was at that time editor of El Heraldo of Madrid.

Danger of a Massacre in Constantinople Abated

No Mention Made of it by the Correspondents of London Papers This Morning--A Quarter of a Million People Dying From Starvation Outside of the City--Defences Have Been Mined and Protected by Barbed Wires--Decisive Battle is on--U. S. Warships off for Constantinople.

London, Nov. 12.—The danger of a massacre and looting in Constantinople appears to have abated. None of the correspondents of the London papers mention it this morning. It is possible that the epidemic of cholera is not causing greater fears, although if the army is driven into the capital, no one can foresee what the disorganized soldiery may attempt.

The Daily News correspondent says that there seems to be a quarter of a million people dying from sheer starvation outside the city walls which soon will be surrounded by a pestilence stricken famished horde. Even now the people are fighting with the soldiers for handfuls of grain. Every effort is being made to transport the refugees to Anatolia, which only means averting a ghastly catastrophe.

Descriptions of the Tocatia differ. The correspondent of the Daily News says that the troops sent there are excellent. Every yard of the defenses have been mined and protected by barbed wire.

German officers however report that the troops are deserting because of hunger and that the men are dying of starvation in the trenches.

The Telegraph correspondent wired Sunday that the Bulgarian advance had begun and that Nazim Pasha, the Turkish Commander in chief had notified his government that he could offer no effective resistance.

Fugitives on their way to Constantinople, had been stopped by Bayonets from the capital had done nothing to restore order.

THE STORMING OF PRILEP.

London, Nov. 12.—A vivid account of the storming of Prilep comes from The Daily Telegraph correspondent at Uskup.

"On the Serbian side," he said, "the battle was waged almost entirely by the infantry because the nature of the country prevented the guns from being dragged to the front. The Serbians had to advance through a narrow defile which was covered with snow and ice. Both sides suffered terrible hardships.

"The final storming of the Turkish trenches occurred Thursday. The hillside was so steep that the Turks when the Serbians came near the trenches rolled huge rocks down among them, crushing and maiming scores of men.

"The Serbians disregarded all losses and clamored up the rocks in the face of a terrible fire and sprang into the trenches, bayonetting the Turks and smashing them with clubbed rifles when the bayonets broke, while their comrades dashed up the slopes behind their support.

"The Turks fought bravely but the great physical size and power of the Serbian infantry at close quarters soon told and in a few minutes the Turks were in full flight. The most remarkable thing in the attack was that there was not a skulker on the scene, every man seemed to be filled with a fierce desire to close with the Turks and raced like men wild with a longing to get at the foe."

Since the outbreak of hostilities the Serbian advance has averaged fourteen miles daily. The difficulties have been enhanced by three feet of snow in the past week. The Serbian military organization, says the correspondent, is a model of foresight and capability.

RETICENCE MAINTAINED

London, Nov. 12.—A Vienna despatch to the Telegraph says that Dr. Daneff has given assurances that Bulgaria would try to induce Serbia to abandon her claims to Albanian territory and an Adriatic port. It is also reported according to the despatch that Dr. Daneff said that if Serbia persisted in her claims Bulgaria would refuse to support her.

The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Mail asserts that Austria and Italy have both informed Serbia that she must limit her ambition of obtaining a coast line on the Adriatic by the occupation of Albania.

Communications were made by the Austrian and Italian ministers at Belgrade, who informed the Serbian premier that Austria intended to en-

force her interests in Albania and that any Serbian occupation could not be permanent.

London, Nov. 12.—A Sofia despatch to the Times says: "With a view to improving communication with the army before Tocatia a railway is being built whereby trains can run to Lule Burgas and Tocatia. About 3,000 men, mostly Turkish prisoners are engaged in this work which will be completed in about a fortnight."

U. S. CRUISERS MOVING

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—The armed cruisers Tennessee and Montana today started for Constantinople to safeguard American interests in Turkey. The warships sailed under sealed orders but it is known that their destination is Constantinople although the first stop will be at Gibraltar where it is believed further orders will await rear admiral Knight, who is on the Tennessee. Upon his arrival in the east, the admiral will take command of all the American warships in Turkish waters.

New York, Nov. 12.—Mr. Cleveland Dodge of this city received the following cablegram this morning from Dr. Bates, President of Roberts College at Constantinople:—"Constantinople—The Missionaries and Colleges at Constantinople all right. The city is tranquil our college is in session as usual."

M. Pachitch is reported to have replied in an unsatisfactory way, to the effect that he could make no

promises, as like Turkey, Albania was the enemy of the Balkan league and that territory must be occupied.

Absolute reticence is maintained with regard to the military conference at Budapest, Monday, the correspondent adds, but there is reason to believe that no military action is expected yet. Diplomacy is still working on the problem. The situation is not critical, but may become so in the turn of a hand.

London, Nov. 11.—Judging by all precedents in the present war, the news from Constantinople tonight is the herald of another Turkish defeat at the Tocatia line, where a battle has been proceeding for the past two or three days.

The Turkish admission that so many wounded are arriving at the capital as to show that the Turks are offering fierce resistance has a great significance in view of previous admissions of a similar nature and may be regarded as preparing the public mind for another disappointment. It may be quite possible that this will prove the last great battle of the campaign.

There are indications that Bulgaria may, after all, forego a triumphal entry into Constantinople. According to some reports Bulgaria will be content with finding suitable winter quarters for her army while the peace negotiations are going on and subsequent settlements are being arranged.

(Continued on page 5)

DEFEATED IN COMMITTEE

Imperial Govt. in Minority on change to Home Rule Bill

Cabinet Will not Resign But Asquith Will Move to Rescind the Vote on Wednesday

London, Nov. 11.—While the house of commons was debating the financial provisions of the home rule bill in committee this afternoon, an unexpected vote on an amendment offered by Sir Frederick Banbury, a Unionist member for the city of London resulted in an opposition victory by a majority of 22.

The Conservatives were jubilant and loudly demanded that the Liberal government resign, which, according to precedent it should do, if the vote, which was 228 to 208 was a genuine test of the strength of the government on the measure.

The temporary defeat of the government caused a great political sensation, but did not result in its retirement. The cabinet held a meeting tonight and decided to present a resolution in the house tomorrow which will be practically a demand for a vote of confidence, and after some parliamentary red tape will endeavor to have Sir Frederick Banbury's amendment re-submitted and expunged.

THE TRAP WORKED

The younger Conservatives prepared the trap for the home rulers and succeeded in getting a vote when many members were in the country and a number of those in town were absent from the house, not expecting that important business would be taken up.

The government's average majorities on previous details of the bill have been in the neighborhood of 100 but there has been much dissatisfaction among members of all parties at the provision compelling the other section of the United Kingdom to contribute to the support of Ireland without a voice in the expenditure of the money.

The cabinet council held after the government's defeat lasted two hours at the end of which its decision not to resign was announced. An official statement, which was clearly due to a snap division on a motion which was not even put on the order paper and which was destructive of the resolution passed Nov. 7 by a majority of 121.

"The government, therefore," the statement concludes, "does not consider that its defeat necessitates any change in programme, which, in respect to home rule, has been supported by majorities seldom short of 100."

London, Nov. 12.—Premier Asquith will on Wednesday move in the House of Commons to receive the map vote against the government on the part of the financial plan of the Home Rule Bill. The result is a foregone conclusion in view of the ministerial majority and all rumors of a change of ministry may be dismissed.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER WERE KILLED

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 12.—Mrs. S. T. Mitchell, and her six-year-old daughter of Flamboro Centre, were killed in a runaway accident on the treacherous valley hill last night.

A Grand Trunk train going east frightened the horse which dashed down the hill till it reached a sharp turn, where its course was turned by the efforts of E. W. Steadman and A. Hilden, insurance agents. The vehicle crashed into a shed as the result of the swerving and the occupants were thrown out. The child's neck was broken and the mother's skull was fractured.

Missouri vs. Washington University at Columbia.
Ohio State vs. Pennsylvania State at Columbus.

Iowa vs. Ames, at Ames.

Nebraska vs. Kansas, at Lincoln.

CANADIAN TO ATTEND NEW YORK BANQUET

New York, Nov. 12.—Col. Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, Lir Edmund Walker, president of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, David Forgan, President of the National City Bank of Chicago, A. S. Wood-ey, of the Canadian Railroad Commission and W. C. Brown, President of the New York Central Railroad, will be among the speakers at the annual dinner to the Canadian Club of New York which takes place this evening at the Hotel Astor.

RUSSIA TO BUILD MANY NEW SHIPS

St. Petersburg, Nov. 12.—The naval estimates for 1913 includes \$34,000,000 for shipbuilding.

PERSONAL

Mr. W. P. Downing of St. John is registered at the Queen.

Mr. W. A. Gibson of St. John is in the city.

Mr. H. A. Carr of Campbellton is among the guests at the Queen.

Mr. J. H. Scribner of St. John is in the city.

Mr. J. S. Maclean of St. John arrived in the city last night.

Mr. G. F. Burt of Hartland is registered at the Queen.

Mr. T. J. Carter, K.C., of Andover is registered at the Barker House.

Mr. J. A. Landsberg of Toronto, arrived in the city last night.

Factory Inspector John Kenney of St. John, is at the Barker House.

MASONIC TEMPLE DEDICATED

Cumberland, Md., Nov. 12.—The new Masonic Temple in this city, occupying a part of the site of old Fort Cumberland, was dedicated today in the presence of a large and representative gathering of the Masonic fraternity. Thomas J. Shryock of Baltimore, grand master of the Maryland grand lodge of Masons, officiated at the ceremonies.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION IN POWDER MILLS

Hammond, Ind., Nov. 12.—A terrific explosion took place at the Aetna Powder Mills, twenty miles east of here, this morning. Information is meagre except that the drying plant was blown up and that a number of persons were killed or badly wounded. The entire population of the town is searching the debris for bodies.

TO INVESTIGATE MANITOBA ASYLUM

Winnipeg, Nov. 12.—Hon. Colin H. Campbell, has instructed Judge Robson to hold an inquiry into the conditions of the Selkirk asylum for the insane, commencing Thursday morning, as a result of the censure passed by the grand jury. Mr. Campbell himself has visited the institution and declares he found everything satisfactory.

TRIPLE TRAGEDY IN MANITOBA

Virden, Man., Nov. 11.—Last night at their home near Scarth Station, ten miles west of here the wife of Arthur Clark, aged 35, killed her two children, aged five and one year respectively and then committed suicide.

According to the husband, all four were sleeping in the same room and he was awakened by the noise of one of the children made while his mother was in the act of cutting his throat. When Clark got up to restrain his wife she ran to the other end of the room and cut her own throat with a razor.

It was then about 1 o'clock and Clark rushed to a neighboring farmer, John Shoemaker, and told his story. Shoemaker accompanied him back to the house, where mother and children were found dead.

Mrs. Clark had all arrangements made for her and the children to leave for England today, while Clark was to have a male and follow them within a month.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY HELD ANNUAL MEETING

F. C. Cooper Elected President--To Hold Smoker December 2--E. Allison McKay St. Andrews Scholar

St. Andrew's Society of Fredericton held its annual meeting last night and elected officers in addition to transacting other business. It was decided that St. Andrew's Day be observed this year by the holding of a smoker in the Knights of Pythias Hall upon the night of Monday, December 2. That night is selected because St. Andrew's Day falls upon a Saturday. Tickets for the smoker are to cost \$2.50.

ST. ANDREW'S SCHOLARSHIP

The St. Andrew's Society Scholarship was awarded for the present academic year to E. Allison McKay, who is a student in Arts of the fourth year at the University of New Brunswick. He is a son of Mr. E. A. McKay of this city.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS

The election of officers resulted as follows:

President—Frank L. Cooper.
1st Vice-President—Moses Mitchell.
2nd Vice-President—H. S. Campbell.
Chaplain—Rev. W. H. Smith.
Treasurer—J. A. McKinnon.
Secretary—Ernest A. McKay.
Marshal—Jas. Pringle.
Asst. Marshal—J. Walter McKay.
Pipers—D. Hossack, E. Dewar.
Additional Members of Executive—J. F. McMurray, Wm. M. Burns.
Social Committee—D. B. Green, S. H. McFarlane.

WOULD BE ASSASSIN

PLEADS GUILTY

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 12.—John Schrank today pleaded guilty to the shooting of Col. Roosevelt. The court then decided to appoint a commission to examine his sanity.

LOWER ST. MARY

School Matters in This District All Smoothed Over

Nov. 12.—There was some trouble in school matters in the St. Marys district last week which was reported in this paper. The report read that one of the school teachers was given a calling down by the parents of some of the children. Since then your correspondent had a long talk with the teacher who told him that the parents of the children as well as the other teacher of the school upheld her in the action she took for punishing her pupils for telling falsehoods, that although some of the parents might have been cross over the affair at first, they decided not to give the teacher a calling down.

GUNMEN WILL TRY TO PROVE AN ALIBI

New York, N.Y., Nov. 12.—The jury box having been filled last night under the driving tactics of Justice Goff, the state expected to get well along in the introduction of its testimony today at the trial of the four gunmen charged with shooting Herman Rosenthal. The address to the jury by District Attorney Frank Moss was set for the opening of court and it was thought that Dr. Otto Schultz, coroner's physician, would be the first witness. Policemen who saw the body of Rosenthal were to follow Schultz, then having established the death of the victim, the state planned to call "Bald Jack" Rose, chief informer and one time collector for Charles Becker.

The defense has not outlined its case. It is said that all four defendants would attempt to prove alibis.

TOOK LUNATIC TO FAIRVILLE

Mr. Robert Crawford of Andover is in the city today. Last night he took a lunatic from Andover to the Provincial Hospital at Fairville. Mr. Crawford is a former member of the St. John police force and of the C.P.R. police. For a time he was chief of the Campville police force.