

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER
Moderate westerly winds.
Fair and decidedly warm today and Wednesday.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, TUESDAY, JULY 26

TWO CENTS PER COPY

HON. MR. MURPHY CHARGES THE MEIGHEN GOVERNMENT WITH RECKLESS EXTRAVAGANCES

NATIONS DEBT IS OVER TWO BILLIONS

Cost of Parliament Buildings Exceeded Estimate by Nine Million Dollars — Strength or the Farmers may be Null Some Plain Talk.

Ottawa, July 26—Speeches by Hon. Charles Murphy, J. R. Osborne, K.C., of Ottawa, and local U. F. O. representatives were a feature of the annual St. John's church picnic at Osgoode.

Mr. Murphy charged the government with reckless expenditure. The most conspicuous thing in Dominion politics today being, he said, the national debt at over two billions of dollars. The parliament buildings were to cost \$5,000,000, but before they are completed they will cost \$14,000,000. The same wilful expenditure, he contended, had gone on in connection with the harbor and dry dock at St. John.

While the Liberals were in power at Ottawa, said Mr. Murphy, there had been no farmers' party. There had been no need since the farmers were satisfied with Liberal administration. The Laurier government, he added, had gone down to defeat in the endeavor to give the farmers the farmers the benefit of the reciprocity arrangement with the United States. There should, he said, be co-operation between the farmers' party and the Liberal organization everywhere.

Strong as were the farmers in the rural constituencies, Mr. Murphy asserted, the government could nullify this strength by a redistribution of seats. By the addition of suburban areas, cities and towns could be given increased representation at the expense of rural ridings, a number of which would be wiped out in Ontario and the Maritime Provinces. From unfairness in the matter the farmers could only be protected by the Liberals in parliament and if the farmers remembered this, they would see the advisability of a give and take spirit in their political activities.

TALKING BY RADIOPHONE

London, July 25—The remarkable progress that has been made in the use of the Marconi wireless telephone between the airplane and the ground was shown this week when an official of the Handley Page Company asked the mechanic of a Paris air mail plane to talk to him throughout the journey. From the moment the start was made from Croydon the official was able to talk clearly from his own office with the plane by connecting the ground telephone with the air telephone. The conversation continued until the mechanic called: "Now we are over Paris winding in aerials." The clearness and range of the wireless telephone varies, but the results are steadily improving.

GIRLS DIVY UP AT RESORTS

New York, July 26—It may be in violation of the anti-trust law or conspiracy, but the girls at the summer hotel on one of the Atlantic coast beaches have started a scheme which will prove a shock to the men boarders who fancy themselves lady killers.

"Men at a summer hotel," said one of the girls, "are impossible after a week or so." They get too pleased with themselves because they know they're in the minority. Our plan is to share them up. No girl can monopolize a man more than two days. After that she must be rather cool to him. They certainly do get puzzled about it."

H. S. Estabrooks, of St. John, arrived at the Queen this morning.

E. L. WARREN SAID TO HAVE BEEN SEEN HERE

Was Seen Near C.P.R. Station Monday About Noon—Thought to be Near City.

The most recent report concerning E. L. Warren who promoted a new moving picture theatre in Devon and who is wanted to pay bills for improvements at the theatre and also to supply funds to meet a number of cheques which he issued in payment for purchases, was that he was seen about Fredericton early Monday afternoon after he had spent some time in the vicinity of the C. P. R. Station. This is in contradiction to a story that he left the city by motor early Monday morning. One belief is that he is still in Fredericton or near it.

Warren is represented as coming from Maine and also from Massachusetts. He owes bills aggregating some hundreds of dollars and also has issued cheques aggregating much more, which have no funds to meet them.

A young woman who had attended a dance Friday night and met Warren there states that she recognized the man and watched him for some time in the vicinity of the C. P. R. station. That was for some time about noon. No trains were leaving the city at that time so the man could not have been here for the purpose of getting away. Some people who have known Warren intimately profess to believe that he still is in or about Fredericton. He was known to have spent some time at a well known resort near this city.

The men employed to do painting, carpentering and electrical work at the old Temperance Hall on Neill St., Devon, leased by Warren from Arthur Stone, and changed into a picture house, are owed several hundreds of dollars by Warren. A number of cheques also were issued by him. He seems to have obtained no great sums in cash, however. A sixty dollar camera was one of the articles which he paid for by means of a cheque on the Devon Branch of the Bank of Commerce. That bank up to this afternoon had heard nothing further from him.

The police in neither Fredericton or Devon have been informed of the matter.

WILL SEND MORE SOLDIERS

Paris, July 25—Disregarding Great Britain's desires, France will send additional troops into Upper Silesia, it was reported semi-officially.

Germany's claim that France is not entitled to send troops through German territory unless all the Allies request it, will be met by the statement that the Allied mission in Silesia asked for more troops, its action constituting an Allied agreement.

DR. CLARK MAY HEAD.

Calgary, Alta., July 25—Dr. Michael Clark, M. P. for Red Deer, has been nominated for Premier of the province by the United Farmers of Macleod.

For Children's Hospital.

A number of the young people residing in the neighborhood of the home of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Walsh, Brunswick street held an entertainment yesterday afternoon at the Walsh home in the interests of the Children's Ward at the new hospital. Those taking part in the exercises were Helen Walsh, Margaret Gillis, Jean Magee, Phyllis Todd, Harold Walsh, Bryce Gillis, Dick Todd, Dorie Walsh and Laura Gallagher. The sum of twelve dollars and twenty-five cents was realized by the children, and will be donated to swell the fund. It is understood that this amount will purchase one bed for the ward.

DECLARES THAT THE IRISH PEOPLE WILL NOT SACRIFICE THEIR NATIONAL HONOR

Comment of the Irish Bulletin, Organ of the Dail Eireann on the Peace Negotiations—The Right of Self Determination Considered Essential to World Peace—Irish Ready to Accept Just Peace.

Dublin, July 25—The Irish Bulletin, the official organ of the Dail Eireann, dealing today with comments in the British press on the Irish negotiations expresses resentment at hints that refusal to accept reasonable terms will result in a renewal of terror and declares that Ireland has its own views and will accept nothing which is the negation of the right of self-determination. On the contrary she will return to the wilderness rather than accept anything compromising national honor and national independence.

The Irish Bulletin complains that British comment during the last ten days has failed completely to understand Ireland's ambitions or her determination to realize them. It says that they talk of "the liberal and generous concessions of dominion home rule, with modifications, and some even talk of revival of military terror unless we accept those concessions which would be more accurately described as the negation of the right of self-determination, which the British statesmen during the war considered essential to world peace."

ANCIENT UNITY OF IRELAND

"But" continued the paper, "the Irish people have their own views of what offers are reasonable and notwithstanding threats of renewed terror, will agree to nothing which denies the ancient unity of Ireland or seeks to impose upon the nation a dominion of any kind."

Admitting that Britain has force sufficient to continue indefinitely to torture Ireland, the Irish Bulletin says:

"Nevertheless, the Irish people have made up their minds that they will accept a peace which is just and does not betray the dead and the living, but they will return to the wilderness of hardship, suffering and death before they will compromise in the slightest degree their national honor."

THE ULSTER QUESTION

Dealing with the Ulster question the Irish Bulletin asserts that Northeast Ulster, if left to itself, would long ago have joined in friendly co-operation with other parts of Ireland, but that an Irish agreement is impossible while British interference continues.

Repudiating any desire to coerce Ulster, because it "knows too well the futility of such repression, the Bulletin says: "What we rely upon is the irresistible and unifying influence of common interests and common citizenship."

HUN LOSSES WERE HEAVY ASKS \$200 FOR PET DOG

Berlin, July 25—Germany lost 1,792,368 men killed and 4,246,874 wounded from 1914 to 1918, according to a revised compilation of the German casualties during the war. In addition 200 men are still reported as missing.

The losses in the navy, which are included in the casualties given above, were 34,256 men killed and 31,085 wounded.

DRANK 10 CASES OF CHAMPAGNE

Berlin, July 26—In view of what was called his "unusual thirst" August Marcowski, a janitor, who had been sentenced to five months in jail for drinking ten cases of champagne belonging to a tenant, was pardoned by the High Court today. He had consumed the ten cases in nine days. Seemingly to vindicate the judgment of the court Marcowski entered the nearest cafe immediately after he was released to slake his thirst.

To Have a Mail Vote.

The members of the executive of the New Brunswick Teachers' Association are being asked to vote by mail upon the question of permitting the new salary schedule to remain in abeyance until after the proposed provincial convention of school trustees. The suspension of the schedule until after that convention has been suggested by the Carleton County Trustees Association. Dr. B. C. Foster, the President of the Teachers' Association recently conferred with that Trustees Association.

W. T. O'Regan, of Ottawa, is a guest at the Barker House.

THE KLU KLUX KLAN RENEWS ITS REIGN OF TERROR IN TEXAS WITH TAR AND FEATHERS

SIX DECREES OF DIVORCE ARE ORDERED

Collusion Alleged by Mr. Justice Crocket in McDonald vs McDonald, Decree Refused.

Mr. Justice Crocket in the Court of Divorce and Matrimonial Causes, delivered judgment in seven cases this morning. Decrees were ordered to issue in six actions and in the remaining one the decree was refused on the ground of collusion.

In McDonald vs. McDonald, a St. John case, His Honor refused to grant a divorce, stating there was evidence of collusion between the principals.

In Johnston vs. Johnston, Geldart vs. Geldart, Cook vs. Cook, Horsman vs. Horsman, Maddison vs. Maddison and Jones vs. Jones, a decree of divorce a vinculo matrimonii was ordered to issue in each case.

SERIOUS FIRE BROKE OUT ON MAURETANIA

Southampton, July 25—Fire broke out today in the first cabin of the Mauretania, of the Cunard Line, sister ship of the old Lusitania, and, spreading rapidly, developed into a most serious conflagration. At eight o'clock tonight, many hours after the outbreak, the flames were still eating into the interior of the great ship, and it was certain that the fire fighters could be at work throughout the entire night.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a lighted cigarette dropped upon the carpet in the main saloon, and it had made very considerable headway before it was discovered.

In addition to the fier brigades, tugs assisted in the efforts to save the vessel. The firemen worked under great difficulties from stagings slung over the side from which points of vantage they projected vast quantities of water through the portholes into the cabins. So great was this volume that the liner, which was lying at her dock, took a dangerous list to starboard. Timely action at the pumps, however, enabled her to right herself.

Thus far the first class dining saloon and all of the state rooms on the E and D decks have been burned out. The damage is estimated at many thousands of pounds and it is said it will take months to repair the vessel.

HOT WAVE IN EUROPE

London, July 25—All Europe burned today in a drought which brought with it forest fires, crop shortages and the threat of plagues.

Huge fires swept through forests in northern Britain. Cutting a ten mile swath one great fire in Aberdeenshire not only destroyed the woods but threatened many famous estates.

There was fear that the harvest this year will fall far below the average. Wheat suffered especially. In only a few sections there were light rains, not sufficient to have any effect on the general situation.

Prof. Claridge Here.

Prof. Claridge who is to occupy the second chair in Forestry at the University of New Brunswick, arrived here today. In company with Chancellor Jones he is getting acquainted with Fredericton and its people. Prof. Claridge will remain here about a fortnight after which he will return to Boston. He will return here early in September.

The Grand Division.

The annual meeting of the grand division of the New Brunswick Sons of Temperance will open this week in Temperance Hall, West St. John.

MORAL LEPERS ARE THE VICTIMS

Masked and Uniformed Men Seize Victims in Many Sections—A Whipping Usually Precedes the Application of a Coat of Tar and Feathers—Many Cases Reported.

Austin, Tex., July 26—The Klu Klux Klan has been re-established in Texas in full vigor of the terrorism that made it so terribly feared in reconstruction days following the civil war, that such an organization is in wide. Events of the last few weeks show spread operation in this state, although no one outside its pale can say who belongs to it. It moves secretly.

Whipping, usually followed by a coat of tar and feathers, seems to be the officially prescribed punishment for the evildoers who fall under the ban of the Klu Klux Klan. These have been performed by the score since the first appearance of the masked and uniformed men at Dallas on the night of April 1. Not a day passes that not one or more reports of affairs of this kind are made.

For the most part the victims are men of bad repute, perhaps they are wife beaters, bigamists, gamblers and offenders against the moral law. Advance warnings are sometimes given, but not always. Many more white men have been whipped, tarred and feathered than negroes. No discrimination as to race, color or nationality is shown.

At Goose Creek two oil field workers, B. L. Bloomworth and Clan Jones were seized, given a drumhead trial by a band of masked men, found guilty of being undesirable citizens, tarred and feathered, carried to Houston in an automobile and turned loose.

K. Cummings, of Waco, was taken by masked men into the country and tarred and feathered.

At Fort Worth Benny Pinto was seized by masked men, taken into the country and tarred and feathered, and then brought back to town and dropped into the street.

In the same city a man was given similar treatment because he had mis-treated his wife.

At Goose Creek Will Stewart, a jitney driver, fell into the hands of the Ku Klux Klan and was treated to a coat of tar and feathers.

At Belton a negro named Jim Collins, who had been charged before the Grand Jury with making an insulting remark to a white woman, was whipped and tarred and feathered by masked men, brought back to town and told to walk the streets until midnight and then leave town. He wore a placard on his back "Whipped by the Ku Klux Klan."

Scores of other cases in different parts of the State have been reported.

GO FAST AND SEE OUR JAIL

Amesbury, Mass., July 26—"Go slow and see our town; go fast and see our jail."

This combined invitation and admonition, posted conspicuously along the state highway, has proved an effective means of stopping automobile speeding.

Tourists from Boston to resorts in New Hampshire and Maine pass through Amesbury in large numbers, and the good roads have tempted fast travelling.

As the levy of small fines had no material effect on the number speedsters, Chief of Police Rogers decided to post the signs.

Their effectiveness was shown by the fact that on the first Sunday the signs appeared there were no over-night guests at the police station.

Mrs. Charles J. Coll, of Minto, is at the Queen Hotel.

J. H. Brophy, Derby Junction, is at Windsor Hall.