
NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER

Fresh northerly winds, fair and rather cool tonight and on Wednesday.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, TUESDAY, MARCH 22, 1921

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RELATIONS BETWEEN SENATE AND THE HOUSE UNDER DISCUSSION IN PARLIAMENT ON MONDAY

SHOULD MINISTERS SIT IN BOTH HOUSES?

An Interesting Discussion Precipitated by Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux—Praises the Senate But Thinks the Mode of Selection Might be Changed Mr. King Speaks.

Ottawa, March 21.—Private members' day in the house brought a constitutional discussion which both sides agreed in terms of prime importance. It touched on relations between the senate and the house. Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux initiated it on a motion to enable ministers of the crown to sit in either chamber "whenever measures and policies are introduced affecting their respective departments. The senate, Mr. Lemieux argued, was never more necessary than at present with the world passing through a period of reconstruction.

It might be advisable to change the mode of selecting senators. Mr. Lemieux suggested that election by legislators, boards of trade, universities and other public bodies might be in the public interest.

There would always be cabinet ministers with seats in the upper chamber.

At present the government had three ministers in the senate—and surely it was essential that the head of the labor department and the head of the interior department (now in the senate) should be entitled to be present when their departments were being discussed in the house.

Blondin For Yamaska.

Finally, the post office department was one which affected every member, town, village and constituency in the country, and again the minister was unable to sit in the commons chamber. This was not a party resolution said Mr. Lemieux, but he believed the government had been somewhat wrong in their appointment of a postmaster-general. Hon. P. E. Blondin had been hopelessly defeated in two constituencies. The government, however, merely appointed him to the senate and continued him as administrator of the post office department. Another opportunity should be given to Mr. Blondin to obtain seat by election.

Hon. Mr. Meighen said he saw no strong objection to the principle of the proposal, but he doubted if it could be given effect by a resolution either of the house or of the senate. Would it not rather require a constitutional amendment? In any event it was a step which should be taken only after mature consideration.

Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King declared the resolution did not presuppose constitutional changes. There was a difference between ministers, members of the senate answering questions in the house, and the same ministers advocating policies of the house of commons. The house was in need of the fullest information and the opposition members were finding it increasingly difficult to secure information, not only from ministers in the senate, but from any of the ministers.

The immediate necessity was restoring to the house of commons the right of elected representatives of the people to all information relating to matters of public importance.

LADY DIANA MANNERS HAS MADE DEBUT IN LONDON AS FILM STAR

(Special to the Daily Mail, by Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service.)

London, March 22.—The most extraordinary thing that happened in London last week was Lady Diana Manners' debut as a film star. D. W. Griffith, the greatest film man who ever lived, is reported to have said that could she be induced to act, Lady Diana would be the greatest of all stars on the screen. "She can walk into a room like a queen should," he said. "Look at her sensitive nostrils—all art begins, in acting, I am told, with that tremor around her lips—while her wonderful poise and her regal beauty would place her right on top at once." Well, Lady Diana, who has gone to the Riviera for a short rest, was photographed twenty-six times before her departure.

THE POLICE OF CHICAGO HOT ON THE TRAIL OF A GIGANTIC RUM SWINDLE

Taxicab Driver and a Building Contractor Say That They Paid \$30,000 as the First Instalment on a Big Consignment of Booze—Man Who Put Through Deal Claimed He Had Secured Eleven Carloads of the Stuff.

Chicago, March 22.—Chief of Police Fitzmorris has been called on by government authorities to aid them in unravelling an alleged rum swindle which is now regarded by the Federal officials as one of the most stupendous confidence games perpetrated in connection with booze since prohibition went into effect. A representative of Chief Fitzmorris went to the Federal Building and conferred with A. C. Earnshaw, chief of the intelligence section of the Internal Revenue department, and also with Carl Zeller and A. Marggraff, of Milwaukee, who say they were fleeced out of \$30,000 in connection with the swindle. The two Milwaukee men, one a taxicab driver and the other a building contractor, repeated their story that they had given the \$30,000 as first payment on a carload of rum to be delivered to them in the Wisconsin city, to a man known as Fred Stickler, who occupied a suite in the Morrison Hotel.

They were introduced to Stickler by a "Judge Gibbons of Pontiac," who met them in Milwaukee and started the deal.

Stickler and the "judge," they said, declared they had obtained eleven cars of rum valued at \$85,000 a car, or \$935,000 worth of liquor all told. The Milwaukee men complained to the Federal authorities here when the car they bought failed to materialize.

"This apparently huge confidence game is a case for the police and the state attorney," said Mr. Earnshaw. "If those responsible for it have succeeded in getting \$30,000 in this instance, there may be other victims. The government will keep its eye on the case, however."

Zeiler and Marggraff said their chief interest now was to get their \$30,000 back.

FRANCE WILL SUFFER IF HUNS DO NOT PAY

Paris, March 22.—If Germany pays, France will emerge from her financial difficulties, notwithstanding the colossal burdens left by the war; if she does not pay the problem is insoluble.

This statement was made in the Senate today by Henry Cheron in presenting the Senate Finance Committee's report on the 1921 budget. The French debt, which in August, 1914, stood at 27,000,000,000 francs, he explained, amounted on March 1 of this year to 307,000,000,000 francs, to which must be added in the future pensions and war damages estimated at another 218,000,000,000 francs.

France, thus far, said M. Cheron, had paid out 38,000,000,000 francs on Germany's account, consequently there would be 180,000,000,000 francs more, with interest, to be added to her obligations if Germany did not pay.

OLDEST M. D. IN THE STATES

Tacoma, March 22.—The oldest practising physician in the United States, it is believed, lives in Tacoma. His name is Dr. Lemuel I. North, who lives at the Goodwill Hotel, 1407½ Pacific avenue.

Dr. North celebrated his 100th birthday anniversary recently and in spite of his advanced years had little difficulty in going to Puyallup without a companion, to be the honor guest at a birthday party given by Mr. and Mrs. George F. Smith.

ATTACK ON PROHIBITION

Washington, March 21.—An entirely new attack on the validity of the prohibition amendment, based on the requirement that it be ratified within seven years, was made today in the supreme court.

The attack was made in a brief filed by counsel for J. J. Dillon, of San Francisco, charged with violation of the prohibition enforcement act. Dillon is seeking a writ of habeas corpus. The provision attacked was offered first by the then Senator Harding when the amendment was being proposed in the senate.

SUSSEX HENS LED LAST WEEK IN CONTEST

There was a slight falling off in egg production in the Experimental Farm laying contest last week the total for the week being 700 against 715 for the previous week. Barred Rocks belonging to N. W. Eveleigh of Sussex took first place for the week with a total of 50. D. Mersereau's pen of the same breed being second with 49. The Experimental Farm Wyandottes were third with 48 and pe of Barred Rocks from Chatham fourth with 43.

Invicta Farm Barred Rocks still lead in the contest with a total of 669. The Experimental Farm Wyandottes are in second place with 662 and D. Mersereau's Barred Rocks are third with 612. The totals of the other pen of Barred Rocks from Chatham.

Only four birds out of the total of 210 laid the possible of seven eggs last week, three being Rocks and one a Wyandotte. Pullets belonging to N. W. Eveleigh of Sussex and Allen and Ferguson of Fredericton tied for the record of performance for the last four week period. Each produced 26 eggs out of a possible 28.

In the Nova Scotia contest being conducted at Nappan twenty-two pens last week produced a total of 844 eggs.

LAUGHTER AND TEARS AT TRIAL

Williamson, W. Va., March 22.—In the summing up process of the Matewan battle trials today, verbal batteries of counsel were trained on each other's fortification fashioned out of the testimony adduced from approximately 150 witnesses.

Sid Hatfield the town Chief of Police, and his fifteen companions being tried on indictments in connection with the death last May of Albert C. Felts, a private detective shot during a pistol fight in the village's principal street, laughed and wept as the attorneys varied their arguments.

When adjournment was taken this afternoon until tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock, it was the general opinion of all participants that the case would go to the jury not later than 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Counsel for both sides were agreed that arguments would be concluded at the morning session.

Cost of Civic Election.
The civic election on Monday of last week cost ninety-nine dollars, chiefly the salaries of officials.

THE FORDNEY TARIFF BILL WILL BE BROUGHT TO LIFE AND RUSHED THROUGH CONGRESS

PROHIBITION CASE RESULTS IN CONVICTION

Second Offence Proven—Conviction on Charge of Assault on C. N. R. Conductor.

The case of Seymore Chase charged with a second violation of The Intoxicating Liquor Act by selling liquor was heard in the police court Monday afternoon. The first witness was Walter Wallace of Taymouth. He swore of having purchased a bottle of gin from the accused in the early part of March. The witness stated the amount paid for the liquor was \$5 and the transaction was made in the yard near the York Hotel Stable.

In the cross-examination it was brought out by G. T. Feeney, counsel for the accused that the witness had admitted getting the bottle from Chase to Inspector Saunders on the promise of getting off easily from a charge of assaulting a C. N. R. conductor for which he was then awaiting trial.

The accused flatly denied the statement of Mr. Feeney. A conviction was made and the minimum penalty of six months for a second violation imposed.

Patrolman G. A. Murray was called and told of having met Wallace in the company of Chase in King street on the 11th of March. Wallace was drinking some and he took him to Windsor Hall.

Assault Case.
Walter Wallace charged with committing assault was given the maximum penalty, namely twenty dollars fine and costs or six months in jail. The Police Magistrate adding "If there was a heavier penalty I'd give it."

HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED LATE IN APRIL

Hon. W. F. Roberts, Minister of Health, announced this morning that a New Brunswick Health Week had been arranged from April 24 to 30, to begin on Sunday afternoon. Announcement of it will be made from every pulpit of the province on the first date named. Churches, schools, rotary clubs and other public bodies have been asked to cooperate with the Department of Health. Public meetings will be held in eight centres of the province including Fredericton and St. John. Prominent health authorities of the United States and Canada will address. Included in the number will be George R. Vincent President of the Rockefeller Foundation and the International Health Board and Dr. C. J. Hastings of Toronto.

Two-fold Object.
There is a two-fold object of the Health Week, Education and Publicity on the one hand and the inauguration of three provincial societies on the other. These societies will be three in number dealing with Tuberculosis, Child Welfare and Venereal or Social Hygiene.

Attempted Elsewhere.
Attempts along this line have been made in other provinces and in states of the Union but an effort on so comprehensive a scale never has been tried.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wasson, of the Hampstead, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Wallace.

COVENT GARDEN RALLYING POINT OF SOCIETY TO BE CLOSED THIS YEAR

(Special to the Daily Mail, by Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service.)

London, March 22.—One of the chief rallying points of society during the summer season will be missing this year, and it is a sign of the times that a labor question will be responsible for the big gap left in the social program. The Covent Garden Syndicate, finding peace conditions as difficult as war itself, have decided not to give a grand opera season in 1921. The reason is that they do not see their way to conceding the demands of the orchestral musicians in the matter of increased pay, and knowing that refusal would mean no orchestra, they have cancelled the season. Thus the Amalgamated Musicians' Union have indirectly deprived society of one of its main social diversions.

FARMERS ASKING FOR PROTECTION

Republican Members of Ways and Means Committee Voted to Revive Bill Which Mr. Wilson Vetoed—A Special Session to be Called in April—Anti Dumping Bill to be Passed.

Washington, March 21.—The Fordney emergency tariff bill precisely as vetoed by former President Wilson will be rushed through congress as the first important legislation of the extra session. According to the request of President Harding for passage of a measure designed to help the farmers asking for protection against foreign competition, Republican members of the house ways and means committee turned about today and voted to revive the Fordney bill after agreeing almost unanimously a week ago not to consider any emergency legislation ahead of a permanent tariff and revenue revision.

Senators Penrose, Smoot and McCumber, conferees of the senate finance committee, agreed to the new programme which, it was explained, meets the approval of the president. Senator Penrose expressed the belief that the emergency measure would be in the hands of Mr. Harding within ten days after the convening of the special session on April 11. After disposing of the emergency measure in the first few days of the extra session the house will take up and pass the anti-dumping bill, which will be followed by a measure fixing a United States valuation on goods which must pay ad valorem duty.

Then will come the permanent tariff which, Republican leaders hope, will be broad enough to satisfy all interests in all the sections demanding an upward revision. The actual work of farming it will begin tomorrow, hearings having been concluded at the last session.

It was the president's idea, members expressed, that the principal agricultural products now on the free list should be included.

HUNS WIN IN NORTH SILESIA

London, March 21.—The official returns of the plebiscite in Upper Silesia as given by Dr. Simons, the German foreign secretary, in a telegram to London are:

Germany, 713,700; Poland 460,700 in the whole plebiscite area, or approximately 61 per cent for remaining German territory and approximately 39 per cent for incorporation with Poland.

Giving details of the voting, Dr. Simons says: "All the towns especially the industrial centres, shows an overwhelming German vote. There are only Polish majorities in the country."

THIRTY BOYS HIT BY A TRAIN

Detroit, March 21.—Five armed bandits this afternoon held up the east side branch of the Commonwealth Federal Savings Bank and escaped with an undetermined amount of cash. The bank officials say the loss would not exceed \$5,000.