

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach the office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

Maritime — For the most part fair; showers in eastern portions; not much change in temperature.

SWEEPING CHANGES IN THE U. S. TARIFF

The Senate Gives Canada a Clear Way to a Seven Hundred Million Dollar Wheat Market Means Cheaper Bread for Millions—Removal of Duty on Lumber Will Mean Much to New Brunswick—Bill to Become Law This Month

Washington, D. C., Sept. 11.—With the biggest of the agricultural items in the Tariff Bill about to go on the free list, the American people are looking forward to the enactment of the first of the great Democratic platform promises with eager eyes—and free wheat from the Dominion of Canada is one of the greatest of the elements in the Democratic formula for a reduced cost of living. Wheat was lowered to ten cents a bushel by the House and put on the free list entirely by the Senate.

There is no probability that the conference between the two Houses of Congress will take wheat off the free list. Canada has a clear way to a seven hundred million dollar wheat market. With a crop report sent out today by the Department of Agriculture, showing that American wheat is away below the percentage of production this year, nature combines its strength with the Democratic Tariff Bill to open an unprecedented market for the Canadian wheat farmer.

Exactly what may be expected is problematical but the imports of wheat into the United States last year under the twenty-five cents a bushel rate, amounted to \$2,200,000; and the consumption of wheat here is over three times that amount.

CHEAPER BREAD.

Then wheat, which means cheaper bread for millions of American working men, goes hand in hand with flour, also on the free list. The country eats up half a billion dollars' worth a year, and has been importing a comparatively small quantity, less than \$700,000 worth at twenty-five cents a bushel for years. There will probably be sharper competition between the United States and the Dominion of Canada on the item of flour than on any other agricultural finished product, as the United States does happen to make at present a little more flour than it needs. However, the threat is made and is being carried out, too. It is asserted here that American millers will move their mills across the border in any event. At first it was reported they would have to move to Canada to compete against free Canadian flour and pay a tax on importing wheat.

When the President signs the Tariff Bill, which will be about September 20, if all goes well, the promise of the Democrats which has been made annually for sixteen years regarding free lumber will take definite shape. Canada has a chance to build a large proportion of the American workingmen's homes. This country needs

\$325,000,000 worth of manufactured lumber and nearly \$700,000,000 worth of boards and planks. Under the protective tariff the percentage paid for duties in the last ten years has run from seven per cent. to thirteen per cent. Pulpwoods have been on the free list for a long time. Reuben Underwood, author of the bill, believes that five million pounds of paper will be imported from Canada under the new tariff on print paper valued over two and a half cents a pound. But the big market for Canada is found in the free listing of the printing paper at less than two-and-a-half cents a pound value. Under the Republican protective tariff that averaged nearly fifteen per cent. the imports were about 90,000,000 pounds.

INCREASE TO CANADIAN IMPORTS.

Every item on the agricultural schedule in the way of vegetables is expected here to give Canadian importations a big increase. Potatoes from Canada are expected to compete in the northern markets and the fur trade with the Dominion will undoubtedly take on proportions which it never saw before.

Mr. Underwood has been informed by his experts that the Senate bill will produce about \$9,000,000 less revenue from the customs features than will the House bill and that under the original income tax provisions as reported to the Senate, the Senate bill would have produced \$15,000,000 revenue more than the House measure. It is admitted that the increase made in the Senate in the rates of taxation on large incomes will swell the revenue promised by the income tax section. But Mr. Underwood, it is learned, does not believe that there are enough very large incomes in the country to make up anything like the \$24,000,000 discrepancy between the Senate and the House bills as at first estimated.

The Senate has made many reductions in the agricultural schedule. It has placed cattle and wheat on the free list, which the House taxed at ten per cent. ad valorem. It has reduced the duty on oats and on many other items. It is believed, however, that the House will agree to free listing cattle and wheat, since meats and flour were free listed by the House itself and when the question arose in the Senate Committee whether to tax meats and flour, or to free list cattle and wheat, President Wilson threw his influence in favor of free cattle and wheat.

SEEKING PARDON FOR WOMAN WHO MURDERED HUSBAND

Reading, Pa., Sept. 12.—Another effort is to be made next week to free Mrs. Kate Edwards, who has been in the Berks County jail for twelve years under sentence of death for the murder of her husband, John Edwards. The case was quite unusual and attracted considerable attention throughout the country at the time. Everywhere a great deal of sympathy was manifested for the woman and numerous efforts have been made in the past to bring about the granting of a pardon for her. Four governors have failed to set a day for her execution and as a result Mrs. Edwards has spent twelve years in prison, probably longer than any other woman ever sentenced to death in this country.

She was sentenced in 1901 during the term of Governor Stone, who left the case for Governor Pennypacker, who in turn left the fixing of the date of the execution to Governor Stuart. The latter passed it along to Governor Toer, who has never made a move in the matter. The case has been through all the State court

and has several times come up before the Board of Pardons without success. Now lawyers have drawn up a petition which will be presented to the Board of Pardons when it next meets next Wednesday.

There are many remarkable features to the case of Mrs. Edwards, not the least remarkable being her transformation from an uncivilized almost brutish creature into a woman of fair school education and even a certain refinement and culture. She came to the prison vicious to the very last degree, a drunkard, unkempt, desperate and intractable, almost like a wild beast. Good women, patient ministers and humane prison officials worked years to civilize and reform her and accomplished wonders.

The life history of Mrs. Edwards does not make cheerful reading. Born in squalor and extreme poverty, she became an orphan at the age of seven years. At the age of seventeen she was married to John Edwards, a

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BY-ELECTIONS IN NOVEMBER

The Borden Government in no Hurry To Test Public Opinion

Hon. Bob Rogers is Now Endeavoring to Straighten Out Party Difficulties

Ottawa, Sept. 11.—The four pending by-elections in South Bruce, Chateaugay, East Middlesex and South Lanark will take place early in November, probably during the first week of the month.

The government has delayed the holding of the elections as long as it could despite the declarations of Mr. Borden, when in opposition, that no constituency should remain unrepresented for a longer period than three months at most.

In the case of South Lanark and Chateaugay the constituencies have been vacant for more than twice the period set by Mr. Borden, in opposition, as the limit. In South Bruce and East Middlesex the vacancies have been unrepresented since the spring.

The government is not anxious to test public feeling in any of the constituencies but it is felt that no excuse can be offered for any further indefinite delay. Efforts are now being made to straighten out party difficulties and differences in Chateaugay and South Lanark, where candidates have not yet been selected. Hon. Robert Rogers has gone to Montreal to consult with the party workers in regard to Chateaugay and arrange for a vigorous campaign during the coming month.

The chief difficulty at present is in securing a satisfactory candidate of the Nationalist-Conservative persuasion.

Nationalist members of parliament who were in the city this week ridicule the story that Henry Bourassa would be an independent candidate. They say that his candidature would simply serve to split the anti-Laurier forces and insure the election of the Liberal candidate.

NEW LIGHT ON MCGILLAN MURDER

Hartland, N. B., Sept. 11.—Patrick McGillan, sr., said today that he had evidence which would clear up the mystery surrounding the tragic death of his son near Grand Falls several weeks ago. McGillan says his son was murdered in a room in the town of Grand Falls and the body was rolled in a mattress and thrown into the chasm below the falls, that before, the gruesome bundle struck the water in its ninety foot drop the body slipped out.

The elder McGillan says that he frequently slept in the same room on the same mattress. He has seen the mattress found in the river and says he can identify it as the one he had slept on by certain holes in it, in one of which he used to hide his pocketbook at night. McGillan says that his evidence is sufficient to lead to conviction and that an information will be laid in a few days. He expects to receive the government reward of \$500. The father of the murdered man is about 60 years of age and has privately sought to unravel the mystery of his son's death.

CLEANING UP.

Road Commissioner Jewett has had a crew of men at work during the past few days cleaning up Queen street in readiness for the exhibition.

ARRIVED AT QUEBEC

Mr. Donald Fraser, Sr., accompanied by Donald Fraser, Jr., Mrs. A. E. Everett, and the three children of Mr. Archibald Fraser, arrived at Quebec yesterday by the Empress of Ireland after a tour of the Old Country and will reach home tomorrow.

ABLE TO BE OUT

Dr. H. H. McNally who had a severe attack of blood poisoning in one of his hands on Sunday last has sufficiently recovered to be able to attend to his practice. He is out of the house today.

C. P. R. STOCK STILL SOARING

Crossed 226 This Morning in N. Y. On a Big Turn-over

Union Pacific and Other Standard Issues are Also Going Strong—The Montreal Market

New York, September 12.—Yesterday's stock market acted as a majority of the financial community had expected. The advance of the previous day had been largely at the expense of the short interest and with this introduced and with no further stimulating news, a moderate reaction, such as was experienced was entirely natural and healthful. There have been no fresh developments to influence prices and there seems no reason to believe that the professional character of the current market will show any material change for the near future. The leading stocks seem to be pretty well evened up, as the phrase goes, pending the development of some new factor.

(Quotations by J. C. Mackintosh & Co, bankers and brokers, Queen Street).

	Open	Noon
Smelters	78 1/2	68 1/2
Copper	77 1/2	78 1/2
Brooklyn	89 1/2	89 1/2
C.P.R.	225	226 1/2
Great Northern	127 1/2	127 1/2
Lehigh	155	155 1/2
Soo	137 1/2	139 1/2
Northern Pacific	112 1/2	113
Pennsylvania	112 1/2	112 1/2
Reading	11 1/2	162 1/2
Union Pacific	154 1/2	155 1/2
U.S. Steel	63 1/2	64 1/2
Tobacco	231	231

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS ELECT OFFICERS

The annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias of the Maritime Provinces held in St. Andrew's this year, was brought to a close Wednesday.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

Grand Chancellor—Mr. McKay, of Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Vice Grand Chancellor—Colonel Potter, of Springhill, N. S.
Grand Prelate—H. H. McLean of St. John.

Grand Master at Arms—J. J. Roy of Westville, N. S.

Grand Inner Guard—Mr. Walter McKay, of Fredericton, N. B.

Grand Outer Guard—Mr. Soley of Parrsboro, N. S.

Supreme Representative—P. H. Fryers, of Moncton, N. B.

NARROW ESCAPE.

A young son of Mr. G. W. Harri-son, manager of the local branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, narrowly escaped serious injury on Thursday afternoon at five o'clock. He was on a sloven wagon with a number of other boys near the corner of Queen and Carleton streets and fell off between the wheels. The rear wheel passed over him and hurt him severely. Bystanders picked him up and carried him into a neighboring store. Dr. W. H. Irvine was summoned and took the lad home in a motor and took the lad home in a motor. No bones were broken and today the boy is reported to be improving rapidly. His escape was little short of miraculous.

C. P. R. OFFICIAL HERE

Mr. W. B. Bamford, Divisional Freight Agent of the C. P. R. is here from St. John. His visit according to rumor is connected with the step of the Intercolonial Railway toward expropriating a portion of the Lynch property next the C. P. R. Station. The C. P. R. is understood to have had intentions of acquiring the same property but the I. C. R. has moved first.

GRAND LODGE MEETING

The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd-fellows of North America are to meet at Indianapolis on Thursday of next week. Mayor Hooper of this city is the only representative from New Brunswick and it is understood is making arrangements to attend.

THAW PREPARING TO FIGHT EXTRADITION

Sympathizers From Coaticook Have Followed the Fugitive Into New Hampshire ---Jerome Turns His Back on a Partizan ---Counsel for New York State Will Ask That Thaw be Removed to the County Jail---

Colebrook, N. H., Sept. 11.—Twenty-five Canadians, several of the opponents of William Travers Jerome since his arrival in Coaticook last week on a charge of gambling, and others from Sherbrooke where Harry K. Thaw received such an ovation in court, have followed the fugitive across the border into New Hampshire and revived with their coming the intense partisan feeling so evident while Thaw was in the Dominion. Jerome denounced one of them in public today.

Their presence in Colebrook enlivened what was otherwise a typical Thaw day for those who have been following the erratic course of Stanford White's slayer since his escape from Mattawan on Sunday morning, August 17. There were no court proceedings, Thaw's arraignment being put off by mutual consent until ten o'clock tomorrow morning, and Thaw's lawyers apparently thinking him safer in the custody of the sheriff than at large, abandoned their attempt to release him on a writ of habeas corpus.

AN ARMED GUARD.

The guards about Thaw's hotel were increased tonight from twelve to twenty. All were armed and under the direction of Chief of Police Charles Kelly. The chief appointed his deputies yesterday after hearing stories that Thaw might be spirited away.

Groups of Canadians stood about the hotel corridors and on the street corners throughout the day and closely followed Thaw on the two trips he made from his room. The first of them was to the barber shop; the second to the office of his counsel, Thomas Johnson. Two automobiles, engines running, stood at the curb in front of the office all the time Thaw was within. This so alarmed the police chief that he and his men completely surrounded Thaw when he was brought down and escorted him to the hotel.

Mr. Jerome spoke with a smile tonight of the camp followers from across the border but added that he had heard apparently authentic reports that some of the most emotional of the Thaw sympathizers from Canada had spoken seriously of liberating him.

Jerome's denunciation of the partisans from Coaticook occurred in the

Monodnock House, where Thaw is housed. The man, a partisan who intimated himself in working up evidence against Jerome on the gambling charge, of which he was accused, asked to be introduced to him. Jerome looked him over coldly, then spoke acridly, bitterly, of his experience in Coaticook, naming the man as the ringleader. There was a moment of strained silence, then Jerome turned his back.

Thaw's progress down Main street to his lawyer's office this afternoon drew the entire village and environs to the scene. Every available vehicle in town was pressed into service; windows along the way were black with heads. Thaw, head erect and smiling, walked beside huge Sheriff Drew. Behind them trotted the small boys of the village; ahead frisked a small yellow dog yelping delightedly. From a second story window a small girl tossed Thaw a bouquet of sweet peas. But there was no cheering.

THE REAL FIGHT.

Unless more delay intervenes Thaw will be brought before Justice Carr in the morning on the complaint that he is wanted in New York for conspiracy. Counsel for New York will ask that he be remanded until a requisition warrant can be presented to Governor Felker and that he be removed to the county jail at Lancaster. Then will begin the real fight against extradition. For this Thaw has still attained another lawyer, H. E. Martin, a close associate of Governor Felker. He arrived in Colebrook today.

Attorney General Tuttle was still here tonight. He declined to discuss reports that the governor would refuse to honor any requisition papers signed by Martin Glynn as acting governor of New York.

"My whole time," said the attorney general, "has been devoted to assisting in preparing jury cases in the Superior Court and the proceedings in relation to Mr. Thaw have not thus far obtained any part of my time."

"I see that one paper reports that I have been in conference with Mr. Jerome. This is an error. I have not met the gentleman and am not at present informed of his plans. Any duty of mine in this matter will not begin until some request from the governor commands my service."

EXHIBITION EXCURSIONS OVER TRANSCONTINENTAL

Advance Guard of Fakirs and Concession Men Arrived Today for the Big Fair Next Week—Entries Continue to Pour in

Me. C. Fred Chestnut, chairman of the Transportation Committee, has received a letter from Mr. H. H. Melanson, general passenger agent, I.R.C., Moncton, to the effect that excursions would be run to Fredericton during exhibition week over the National Transcontinental Railway, which is under I.R.C. operation. The I.R.C. was asked for excursions over the N.T.R. from both Moncton and Edmundston and that probably is the arrangement but Mr. Melanson is to make known the details later.

People are beginning to come into the city for the exhibition, which will open on Monday next. Some have been attending the Halifax fair and others have been at St. Stephen. Each train will bring increased numbers.

City Marshal Roberts will have some of his special police on duty at the exhibition grounds tomorrow night. He will have a force of about thirty men. A special train with horses that have been racing at

Halifax left that city this morning and is due here tonight. Horses from St. Stephen are expected tomorrow. Some horses for the races have arrived from outside points already.

With the opening of what promises to be the greatest of Fredericton's exhibitions, only three days off, the fair buildings and grounds are literally alive with those actively engaged in making arrangements and the booths and concessions are rapidly taking on an attractive appearance.

FAKIRS ARRIVE.

Already have the inhabitants of the midway or pike started to flow to the city and by tomorrow it is expected that the greater number will be here, arriving from all parts of the continent, ready to present a larger and more varied line of amusements even seen here on the pike in past fairs. Among the old favorites will be Paul Dooley of "Hoop La"

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