

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach the office not later than nine a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime — Strong northeasterly to northwesterly winds, becoming much colder with light snowfalls at first, then clearing.

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FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1913

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FEWER LYNCHINGS THAN IN YEAR 1912

Total Number Recorded in the United States During 1913 Was Forty-Four--All But One of the Victims Were Negroes--Heinous crimes against White Women the Cause of Many of Them--Judge Lynch Kept in Check in the Southern States

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 27.—Only forty-four lynchings, known to be such beyond doubt, have occurred in the United States during the year 1913. This is the lowest number on record, more than fifty being recorded and as many as two hundred and fifty in some previous years.

The record for the year shows decided improvement in other respects than in mere number of victims. So far as the newspaper accounts show, none of the victims were burned at the stake, an atrocity that has been indulged in by infuriated mobs more than once in the past. Nor were any of the lynching cases this year accompanied by the so-called race riots, which always added to the number of victims and served to intensify the antagonism of the white and black races.

The town of Harrison, Miss., furnished the nearest approach to a "reign of murder" when two drugged mulatto boys, on September 20, ran amuck and started a riot in the course of which three white men, four negro men and one negro woman met death. The two boys were killed by the citizens, but as they met death while resisting capture the case cannot be classed as one of lynching.

In the forty-four lynchings the victims of all but one were negroes, and all but two of the cases occurred in southern states. No woman was included among the year's victims.

North Dakota and Montana were the two northern states in which lynchings occurred. At Ray, N.D., Cleve Culbertson, a white man, accused of the murder of three persons was taken from jail by a mob and hanged. The only other case in a northern state occurred at Mondak, Mont., in April, when J. C. Collins, a negro, who shot and killed the sheriff of the county, was hanged by a mob.

The states in which the lynchings occurred during the year and the number in each were as follows:

Alabama 6, Arkansas 1, Florida 4, Georgia 2, Kentucky 1, Louisiana 4, Mississippi 8, Montana 1, North Carolina 1, North Dakota 1, South Carolina 1, Tennessee 2, Texas 6.

There was at least one lynching for every month in the year, August, the hottest month, leading with 3. Following are the lynchings by months: January 3, February 5, March 3,

April 1, May 2, June 4, July 4, August 8, September 4, October 1, November 4, December 5.

DOUBLE LYNCHING.

Double lynchings occurred at Blanchard, La.; Cornelia, Ga., and Pauls Valley, Okla. At Houston, Mass., two negroes were lynched a day apart, both being accused of complicity in the same crime. At Drew, Miss., a negro was lynched by members of his own race after he had shot and killed two negro women and two negro men.

As in previous years, murders of white persons and crimes or alleged crimes against white women caused most of the summary executions. The murders were in the big majority, however, and the number of cases in which attacks on women were charged showed a gratifying decrease over the figures of previous years.

Nineteen of the victims of the forty-four lynchings were accused of the murder of white men. Four were charged with murdering white girls or women. Attempted criminal assault is on record as responsible for nine of the lynchings. Two negroes were lynched for frightening white women, one for attempting to insult a white woman and another for being found concealed under a bed in a woman's room. Two negroes were lynched for shooting or assaulting white men, one for robbery and shooting, one for assisting a negro murderer to escape and another for horse stealing. In one case the crime charged against the victim was not stated.

The gratifying decrease in lynching in southern states is attributed very largely to the efforts that have been made by governors, county sheriffs and prominent citizens in the last few years to prevent mob violence. Many of those in authority have acted promptly and energetically to prevent lynchings, with the declared policy of giving the law free opportunity for the right punishment of all alleged offenders, white or black.

A notable example was set on August 18 by the sheriff at Spartanburg, S.C. In spite of the fact that dynamite was used, he prevented a mob from lynching a negro who was accused of assaulting a white woman. Later the negro was tried before a white jury and found not guilty.

STOCK MARKET AGAIN WEAK

The Big Volume of Profit Taking Has Caused a Slump

Canadian Pacific Sold Below 200 This Morning--The Whole Market is off

New York, Dec. 27.—The stability of the Stock Market was tested yesterday by a large volume of profit taking and the action of the general list reflected a gratifying power of absorption. There can be no doubt that a feeling of optimism is growing in both financial and business circles, which should tend, on the one hand, to increase the investment demand for stocks and to minimize the current reactionary trend of business. Thus far the advance in securities has reflected largely the retirement of short contracts and when this interest has been eliminated it is quite possible that prices will suffer some set back. In such a contingency however, it looks as if good stocks could be bought for substantial profits.

(Quotations by J. C. Mackintosh & Co., Bankers & Brokers.)

	Open	Close
Copper	74 1/2	74 1/2
Smelters	64 1/2	69 1/2
Brooklyn	88 1/2	88 1/2
C.P.R.	208 1/2	207 1/2
Great Northern	127 1/2	127 1/2
Northern Pacific	110 1/2	110 1/2
Pennsylvania	109 1/2	109 1/2
Reading	170 1/2	170 1/2
Union Pacific	156 1/2	156 1/2
U.S. Steel	60 1/2	60 1/2

The Montreal market is closed today.

FORMER PREMIER IS 90 YEARS OLD

Belleville, Ont., Dec. 27.—Sir Mackenzie Bowell, former Dominion premier and for many years a leader in Canadian public life, attained the age of four-score and ten today, having been born Dec. 27, 1823. Sir Mackenzie became a member of parliament at the time of Confederation and in 1878 joined the cabinet of Sir John Macdonald. During his long career he held numerous cabinet positions and for a period of about one year he was prime minister.

HIGH SCHOOL LITERATURE COURSE TO BE CHANGED

Text Book Committee to Meet Monday--Inspectors to Hold Semi-Annual Meeting

A meeting of the text book committee will be held in the Education Office on Monday evening at 8.30.

One of the matters to be considered is a high school literature course. The present course has been in use about four years—somewhat longer than has been customary.

The semi-annual conference of the Chief Superintendent with the Inspectors will be held in the Education Office beginning on Tuesday, Dec. 30th, at 10 a.m. In addition to the inspectors, the Directors of Elementary Agricultural Education and Manual Training, and the Principal of the Normal School have been invited to attend.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Provincial Teachers' Institute has been called for Tuesday evening at 8.30 in the library of the Normal School.

The desirability of holding a Maritime Teachers' Meeting at Halifax in 1914 will be considered.

RECOVERY NOT EXPECTED.

Mrs. William Howie is seriously ill at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. M. A. Tweeddale, 515 Brunswick street. She has been unconscious today and her recovery is not expected.

FIERCE STORM IN NEW YORK

Twelve Lives Lost and Property Damage is up in the Millions

Summer Resorts on the New Jersey Coast Suffered Great Damage--A 90 Mile Gale

New York, Dec. 26.—Two men, drowned in the East River and ten men—the crews of two barges—were wrecked on the New Jersey coast, given up as lost, is the toll in human lives of the storm which swept over this city and vicinity early this morning.

At Seabright, N.J., a fashionable summer resort, twenty miles south of New York, most of the houses have either been wrecked or are under water. Several houses and many fine residences were among those undermined and badly damaged. Seventy families are homeless.

The damage to property is estimated at \$13,000,000, most of it borne by Seabright and other points along the northern section of the New Jersey coast. Most of the property losses are due to bulkheads giving away, under the onslaught of waves lashed into a fury by a gale which at one time reached a velocity of ninety miles an hour.

Two two-masted barges whose crews have been given up for lost, were in tow of the sea-going tug Edward F. While the storm was at its worst the barges broke apart and then drifted in-shore midway between life saving stations 15 and 16, six miles south of Seaside Park, N.J. At nine-thirty this morning only one of the barges was visible and on it the form of a man. It disappeared later.

Heroic efforts on the part of life saving crews have so far failed to reveal a single survivor of the wreck. The tug was reported safe in this port tonight. The two men drowned were longshoremen whose boat was caught in the storm and swamped.

WORLD'S NEWS IN SHORT METRE

New York, Dec. 27.—Storm in New York State ties up traffic.

Industrials companies report new high records for production in 1913. Attorney General of Missouri sues Frisco for \$2,000,000 excess rates charged since beginning of Missouri rate litigation.

Commercial agencies say that evidence of optimism as to outlook in trade circles are numerous.

Failures this week are 288 against 378 last week.

Reserve banking organization committee to tour United States to ascertain views of business men and bankers as to best division of country into federal districts.

Public utilities make good records for 1913. Thirty-four companies paid initial dividends and 37 increased their distributions.

Adams Express Company notifies stockholders that continuance of present rate of dividends will probably not hereafter be warranted.

London settlement began today. 12 industrials advanced .51. 20 active rails declined .18.

SIR FREDERICK'S SEVENTY-FIFTH BIRTHDAY

St. John, N. B., Dec. 27.—Sir Frederick E. Barker, chief justice of New Brunswick, received congratulations today on the occasion of his seventy-fifth birthday anniversary. Sir Frederick was born in Sheffield, N. B., in 1838. He became a judge of the supreme court of the Province in 1898, and has been chief justice since 1908.

Miss Mary G. Brophy, Woodstock, is the guest of Mrs. Fred Logie.

Mr. and Mrs. William Jarvis and child of Fort Fairfield, Me., are visiting in the city.

Mr. P. B. Carvell, M.P. of Woodstock, is among the guests at the Queen.

MAY SHORTEN THE BIG GAME SEASON

A Hint of This Nature Was Thrown Out at the Annual Banquet of the New Brunswick Guides' Association Last Evening--Col. Loggie Says Number of Game Animals Killed Each Year Runs up Into the Thousands--Praise for the Work of the Guides' Association

The annual meeting of the New Brunswick Guides' Association took place at the Queen Hotel Friday afternoon and was followed by the annual dinner there last night. The officers of the association were re-elected and at the dinner which was very enjoyable, several matters of great importance in connection with the game of the province were referred to. The proposal to shorten the season for hunting big game by cutting off the first two weeks and making the season open October 1 instead of September 15, was referred to by several speakers. Lt. Col. T. G. Loggie, deputy minister of lands and mines, spoke strongly in favor of the curtailment of the season, saying that if some such step in protection of the game was made, the latter would be in danger of extermination. John A. Young, M.P.P., took an opposite view and said that he would use his influence against any change. Inspector R. D. Hanson drew attention to the slaughter of partridge, which was widespread and contrary to law.

The value of the Guides' Association as a means of advertising the province was emphasized by all.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The officers of the association were re-elected at the annual meeting as follows:

Honorary President, Hon. J. K. Flemming.
President, W. H. Allen.
Vice-President, B. S. Moore.
Vice-Presidents, Ed. Menzies, Miramichi; David Ogilvie, Tobique; William Gray, Northern Section.
Secretary, J. H. McMurray.

A special committee was appointed to wait upon the government to urge better protection for the game in certain sections. The committee is composed of the following guides—Ed. Menzies, Charles Crenin, William Griffin Jr., W. H. Allen, David Ogilvie, Robert Craig, B. S. Moore.

Guides in attendance at the meeting and dinner were—Henry Ogilvie, Adam Moore, Chas. Crenin, Lorenzo Savage, Esie Gilman, Norris Manderville, Wm. Craig, John Jarvis, Arthur Pringle, Ed. Menzies, John Moore, B. S. Moore, David Crenin.

The invited guests included the following—Hon. H. F. McLeod, M.P.P.; L. P. D. Tilley, M.P.P.; John A. Young, M.P.P.; P. A. Guthrie, C.F. Chestnut, W. R. Clarke, J. T. Jennings, J. W. McCready, L. H. Bliss, M. B. McNally, H. M. Blair, A. R. Slipp, M.P.P.; C. W. Clarke, H. S. Campbell, J. S. Neill, Mayor Hooper, James Hutchinson, Lt. Col. T. G. Loggie, A. A. Shute, R. D. Hanson, J. F. McMurray, David Pringle.

TOAST LIST.

After sufficient time had been devoted to the good things supplied by Host McCaffrey, President W. H. Allen began the speeches. He referred to the excellent season the N.B. Guides' Association had had. Pres. Allen particularly referred to the fact that no fatal shooting accidents in which either guides or visiting sportsmen had been killed had occurred. This was due largely to the fact that guides in New Brunswick respected their fellow-guides' territory.

Pres. Allen read from Premier Flemming a telegram expressing regret at inability to be present. The telegram was accompanied by an assurance that the grant to the association's exhibit at the New York Sportsmen's Show would be greater than ever.

Pres. Allen proposed "The King," which was responded to by the singing of the National Anthem.

Vice-President Moore proposed "His Excellency the Governor General," which was received with musical honours.

C. F. Chestnut proposed "Our Parliamentary Institutions," coupling with the toast the names of the Pro-

vincial Secretary, Hon. H. F. McLeod, M.P.P.; John A. Young, M.P.P., and L. P. D. Tilley.

HON. H. F. McLEOD.

Hon. Mr. McLeod, replying, stated that although not a guide, he claimed to be one of the fellowship of the Big Woods. As a member of the provincial executive he had taken an interest in the work of the guides and could claim some credit for increasing the grant to the Association Exhibit at the Sportsmen's Show at New York, to the sum of \$1,000, an amount greater by \$400 than any ever given before. The speaker emphasized the necessity for attracting from the Homeland over the Sea men from the Republic to the south and who would hunt big game in the province, leave a good deal of money and learn something about New Brunswick.

Hon. Mr. McLeod closed his remarks by telling of his own experience of the big game districts of New Brunswick and by paying to the guides one and all the tribute of upright manliness and sterling worth.

L. P. D. TILLEY.

L. P. D. Tilley expressed his pleasure at being able to attend the dinner. He had personal knowledge of the streams and game sections of the province and made to the guides the excellent suggestion that canoeing trips for the summer months to be conducted by the members of the association and that they be well advertised in the United States. He himself had taken many most enjoyable canoe trips. Mr. Tilley stated that the Guides' Association was doing a most valuable work in advertising and in giving prominent men of the British Isles and the United States first-hand knowledge of New Brunswick.

JOHN A. YOUNG.

John A. Young said that he was placed in an awkward position in having to follow his eloquent friend, the provincial secretary, and his friend from St. John, for he, like the guides, was from the bush and had been born and bred in the bush. Mr. Young urged that better protection for the game be provided. The guides themselves were protecting the game in their own districts, but near the settlements that protection probably was not so good. It had been brought to his attention by certain members of the association that it was suggested to shorten the hunting season by cutting off the first two weeks. Such action he felt, would be an injustice and he sympathized heartily with the guides in opposing a curtailment of the season.

(Hon. Mr. McLeod—"Hear, hear! So do I.")

Mr. Young said he would use his influence toward preventing any shortening of the season.

Guide Adam Moore proposed "Our Guests."

Replying, Mr. J. W. McCready expressed great pleasure in hearing that the provincial grant to the exhibit at the Sportsmen's Show would be increased. That exhibit was an important one.

Pres. Allen introduced C. F. Chestnut, the first president of the first Tourist Association formed on the North America Continent—the Fredericton Tourist Association organized in 1896.

Mr. Chestnut gave a brief account of the formation of that association the object of which had been to attract to Fredericton more tourists. The association prospered and had been copied from Halifax to Vancouver. He also recounted briefly the benefits accruing from the advertising begun by that Tourist Association. Connected with that organization was the Fredericton Board of Trade, really the parent organization. He

(Continued on page five.)

SOCIETY EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Christmas Day was quietly spent generally. There was skating in the rink and those who enjoy that form of pleasure had ample opportunity to do so for the band played ten splendid selections of bright and popular music in the afternoon and evening. The music in the different churches was especially attractive and large congregations attended the services. Several dinner parties were given.

Mrs. Ketchum entertained Mr. and Mrs. Eber Turnbull of St. John, Mr. and Mrs. John Stevens and Mr. and Mrs. Cameron.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hall entertained at a dinner party also, the guests including Mr. and Mrs. Roland Skinner of St. John, Mr. George Ferguson of Vancouver, and Mr. and Mrs. Hall of New York, relatives of Mr. Hall.

Several dainty baskets of presents were sent to the Victor Hospital for those who were not sufficiently strong to enjoy Christmas dinner at home.

At the Municipal Home the inmates were well cared for and enjoyed the Christmas cheer.

Mr. George Ferguson, who has been cast on a business trip, spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland Skinner of

St. John, spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Eber Turnbull of St. John, are spending the holidays with Mrs. Ketchum at Elmercroft.

Mr. Phillip Gregory is home from Montreal to spend Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gregory.

Dr. McDonald of the University of New Brunswick, left Friday evening for Boston, where he will attend a convention of the Professors of Foreign Languages. He will be absent a week.

Mr. John Scammell's many friends will be pleased to learn that he will soon resume his work. Mr. Scammell fractured his knee cap some six weeks ago. He is at present at his home in St. John.

Mr. Guy Morrison is home from Quebec to spend the holidays.

Mr. Dave Morey of Malden, who visited friends in the city this fall, is at present abroad on a holiday trip. Early in the New Year he will go in the Crokerage business in Boston.

Mr. Frank Shute was here to spend Christmas with Mrs. Shute, who is visiting Mrs. Whitehead.

Mrs. Whitehead's many friends will be glad to learn that she is able to be out again after her long illness of bronchitis.