

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
ALEXANDER LAIRD General Manager JOHN AIRD Assistant General Manager

CAPITAL, \$15,000,000 RESERVE, \$12,500,000

BANKING BY MAIL

Accounts may be opened at every branch of The Canadian Bank of Commerce to be operated by mail, and will receive the same careful attention as is given to all other departments of the Bank's business. Money may be deposited or withdrawn in this way as satisfactorily as by a personal visit to the Bank. S.4

HEART WAS SO BAD

Could Not Do Her Housework

Many women get run down and are unable to look after their household duties owing to the heart action becoming impaired or the nervous system unstrung. To all such sufferers Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will give prompt and permanent relief.

Mrs. Thomas Melville, Saltcoats, Sask., writes:—"I thought it my duty to write and tell you how much your Heart and Nerve Pills did for me. My heart was so bad I could not sleep, eat nor walk about the house. I could not do my housework at all, and what my husband could not do had to go undone. I had two small children depending on me besides three men to cook for, and it worried me to not be able to do anything. My husband had taken some of your pills some years ago, and insisted on me trying them, so I started, and before I had taken them two weeks I was considerably better, and before I had taken two boxes I was doing my own work again. Any one suffering from heart or nerve trouble should just give your pills a trial. If anyone cares to write me I will gladly give them all the information I know concerning your wonderful medicine."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50 cents per box, or three boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

H. H. PITTS LEADS IN TEMPERANCE CAMPAIGN

(Ottawa Journal, 26th)

The Rideau Division, Sons of Temperance, held a concert and social evening in the Roberts Allan Hall, at 78 Rideau street, last night. A varied programme, consisting of vocal and instrumental solos and duets was given, which appeared to meet with the approval of the audience. Brother F. J. Hamon was in the chair.

The feature of the evening was an address by Mr. H. H. Pitts chairman of the License Reduction Campaign Committee, who, in opening, stated that he had been connected with the Sons of Temperance ever since he was fourteen years old, and had found the influence of the society a very good one. In the present day too much time was given to attending 'nickel theatres and other places of amusement, and too little to organizations like the Sons of Temperance.

Referring to the campaign now in progress in Ottawa, Mr. Pitts said that its object was to reduce the number of shop and tavern licenses in the city from seventy-nine to fifty. He stated that a great temperance wave was sweeping over the United States and Canada, and Ottawa was in its path. "We are going to win this campaign" positively asserted Mr. Pitts.

Mr. Pitts appealed to the women in the audience to use their influence directly or indirectly, in furthering the interests of the campaign, and emphasized the part they had to play in the movement.

READING CAMP WORK

How the Foreigners Doing Frontier Work Are Being Assimilated

The Reading Camp Association does a splendid work by sending its instructors, who are usually college men, into the lumber camps, construction gangs, and the mines of Canada.

In the evening these instructors spend their time teaching their companions how to read and write and spell and speak the English language, and generally giving them an education. They provide a tent where the men may spend their spare time in reading newspapers or books, or in writing home. Next day they are down in the mine or out in the woods again swinging pick or axe like any other laborers. Experience has taught the instructors that it is the workman who shares the rough toil of camp or mine rather than the clerk or storekeeper who makes the best teacher. He is upon a footing with his pupils that only hardship shared or common danger can establish. Therefore by choice the instructors take part in the roughest work.

We hardly realize that the Canadian navy has practically disappeared, and that even the French-Canadian navy is scarce, but such is the case. The rough frontier work of Canada is done almost altogether by foreigners—Russians, Italians, Bulgarians, Greeks and other Europeans, who come to this country unacquainted with the English language. It is plain that it is of the utmost importance to the country that these men should be taught English as speedily as possible, and thus be prepared for assimilation into the English-speaking population. Without such service as the reading camp gives these men would never learn the English language. They would herd together in their own little colonies, and as soon as they had saved enough money would return to their homes to spend the remainder of their days.

WIND AND PLANTS

Experiments of German Professor Show Interesting Facts

A rather surprising degree of influence of the wind upon plant growth and crops was shown by the experiments of Dr. Oscar Bernbeck, a German professor of agriculture. Severe gales tended to produce deformity, giving a twisted and knotty shape to twigs, and ordinary winds diminished the energy of growth of sprouts through the increase of transpiration and alteration of circulatory conditions, and had a drying effect that in some cases caused serious injury to both soil and plants.

Under a wind of thirty-three feet per second, the ground lost three or four times as much water as on protected land. On ground sufficiently moist, strong sprouts were but little affected, but on some soils the growth with no wind was three times as great as with a wind of thirty-three feet per second.

It was evident that the usual moderate wind of Germany—ten to twenty-five feet per second—may lessen the yield of exposed land more than half.

Protection is to be sought by various kinds of wind shields, such as walls and hedges, and especially by planting forests on neighboring hills.

WHEN APPETITE FAILS AND DIGESTION IS BAD

There is Danger Ahead for the Man That Neglects Nature's Warning

Dyspepsia Tendencies are Serious and Should Be Treated Accordingly

There is a strong moral in the statement of James Schrum of Pleasant street, Dartmouth, N.S. Like thousands of people he was failing in health because his stomach and digestive organs were out of repair. His vitality was slipping away; he was losing ground every day.

"I could not have held on much longer. I was wasting away simply because no remedy I used gave tone and strength to my stomach. The vital forces of my system seemed dead. I was advised to try Dr. Hamilton's Pills. What hidden weakness they searched out I don't know but in a miraculous way they have made a new man of me. My stomach troubles are cured, rich blood now runs through my veins—clear skin and unmistakable evidences of health and vigor I feel every day. Dr. Hamilton's Pills have certainly mastered the secret of ruring the sickly enervated man and I strongly urge everyone in failing or lost health to use this grand remedy."

Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut are purely vegetable—25c. per box, five for \$1.00, all druggists and storekeepers, or postpaid from the Catarthozone Co., Buffalo N.Y., and Kingston, Ont.

PRIMITIVE ACCOUNTS

Knots in a String Were Probably the Earliest Records

The carpenter who kept his accounts on a plank and receipted them with a plane, was hardly equal in ingenuity to the Aztecs, who managed with string. The numbers were indicated by knots. A single knot was ten, two single knots 20, and so on. The hundreds were indicated by double knots. The color of the string indicated what the numbers referred to. Soldiers were red, gold yellow, silver, white and corn green. This method is still in use on the sierras of the Argentine, where the herdsmen keep tale of their charges in a similar way. Several strands depend from one, the first of these strands being reserved for bulls, the next for cows, the milch and dry being differentiated, the next for sheep and so on.

Knots were probably among the first methods of man to record figures—the knot or the mark on a bit of stick. And in the hop gardens the tallyman (generally the local schoolmaster) goes around with the tally and its mark, and the most civilized of us still tie a knot in the handkerchief when we are asked "to be sure and remember."

LESS BOWEL TROUBLE IN FREDERICTON

Fredericton people have found out that A SINGLE DOSE of simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as compounded in Adler-ika, the German bowel and stomach remedy, relieves constipation, sour stomach or gas on the stomach INSTANTLY. This simple mixture became famous by curing appendicitis and it draws off a surprising amount of old foul matter from the body. It is wonderful how QUICKLY it helps. Geo. Y. Dibblee.

RECORD WOOD BUFFALO

Enormous Animal Was Shot by Radford Near the Salt River

Harry Radford, an explorer who was afterwards murdered by Eskimos, told how he killed the largest wood buffalo known.

"I traveled by boat to Fort Smith, on the Great Slave River. There is a large salt deposit some twenty miles from Fort Smith, and attracted by this (which they are very fond of licking) all of the remaining wild buffalo of the North American continent are to be found in the vicinity of the Salt River, as the stream running through this salt belt is termed. When March came, with its days of longer daylight, I went after my buffalo. Taking two native trackers I set out in snowshoes for the Salt River. We came across various buffalo tracks, but they were all of comparatively small size and therefore uninteresting to me, as I was after a record specimen.

"The second afternoon we came upon the spoor of a band of twelve animals, among the tracks of which was one of unusual size, indicating that its author was a very large animal. We tracked the band for about two miles, when it was found to have divided, eight of the animals going south and the remaining four (including the large one) traveling northwest. We again took up the trail for three miles, to a point where a further separation had taken place, and the owner of the large hoofs had gone on accompanied by only one female.

"The spoor we now followed was very 'fresh,' and I was seized with a feeling of great nervousness and excitement. However, I succeeded in travelling on with silence and circumspection for about half a mile, when the trail led to a small clearing, in the middle of which stood, perfectly still, an enormous bull buffalo and a cow.

"Yes, there at last, after nine months of hopeful and expectant waiting, stood the prized object of my dreams, looking even more magnificent and imposing than I had pictured him in fancy.

"The moment was an agonizing one for me, but by a supreme effort I controlled myself, dropped on one knee, and, aiming carefully at the heart region, fired. The bull did not move. I fired again, and, with a frightful bellow, he fell on his side and lay struggling. Still fearful that the injuries inflicted might not be vital and that the prize might yet escape me, I fired three more shots, after which the beast lay quite still. "I had the carcass taken to Fort Smith by horse sleigh and, having procured the scales, found that it tipped the beam at 2,250 pounds, easily a world's record."

THE HEIGHT OF MAN

Measurements Show That Average Stature Remains the Same

It appeared from the results of scientific measurements made in France that the average stature of man is neither increasing nor decreasing. The skeletons of the men who inhabited France at a period when Europe was the home of lions, elephants, rhinoceros, hyenas, and reindeer, are of nearly the same size as those of the French people to-day.

Yet the surroundings amid which these early men lived were remarkably different from those enjoyed by their successors. The best abodes were caves, and to hold possession of them they had to wage warfare upon such fierce beasts as the saber-toothed tiger and the cave bear. Without our modern weapons it would seem that they should have possessed superior bodily powers, but there is, it is said, no evidence that they did. They had human cunning, however, which always prevails over brute strength.

Later came the ancestors of the Gauls and Franks, and they seemed to have slightly exceeded the cave men in stature, and also to have been a trifle taller than their modern descendants.

One interesting fact shown by the measurements is that there has been a perceptible gain in the stature of women as compared with that of men since the days of the tiger fighters in France.

EATEN BY A BEAR

A Half-starved Polar Bear Invaded an Eskimo Village

Dillon Wallace, an Arctic explorer, went to Labrador to place a bronze tablet at the head waters of the Susan River, where his companion, Leonidas Hubbard, died of starvation in 1903. He succeeded in finding the camp, but could not erect the tablet as it had fallen out of his canoe to the bottom of the Peaver River. Not to be outdone, however, he laboriously chiseled upon a rock; "Leonidas Hubbard, Jr., Intrepid Explorer and Practical Christian, Died Here October 18, 1903."

At an Eskimo village called Nartuk he found the Eskimos astir over a tragedy. An elderly man named Korah, who had come to the village with his 16-year-old son Jonas to spend the night, woke up in the morning to find a big Polar bear standing over the half-eaten body of his son. The Eskimos went after the bear and killed it. When its body was examined it was found to be half-starved. Its attack on Jonas created great surprise, as no one could remember a Polar bear being driven by hunger to come down to a village and kill anyone to eat.

In Toronto, there are two blocks in the business section of the city which compose the richest strip of property in Canada. The land alone is worth \$16,000,000, while the buildings are worth \$9,500,000.

CLASSIFIED

When Answering Advertisements, Mention 'The Daily Mail'

Wanted

WANTED—Boys and girls to sell novelties just honest and ambitious who wish to earn from \$8.00 to \$12.00 per week. Write O. D. Ferdinand Co., 738 Norwood Blvd. Edmonton, Alta. 531—d 3 mos.

MALE—Earn \$15 weekly for few ours work mailing circulars for large Mail Order House. Supplies furnished free. Men wanted everywhere.

NATIONAL SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE

On and after Monday, December 8th, the Dairy Business known as the West End Dairy will be conducted from the farm at Lower St. Marys instead of from the Queen street store as formerly. The telephone number is 383-11 and orders for milk or cream will receive prompt attention.

Property for Sale

The subscriber offers for sale the two storey brick building on Queen street, opposite the Queen Hotel and now occupied by the Fredericton and Grand Lake Railway Company. It is well adapted for offices, containing four well lighted rooms, two vaults, lavatory, etc. The lot is freehold and the building is in good repair. For particulars apply to

W. T. WHITEHEAD, Fredericton, Sept. 29, 1913 356—2 weeks.

TENDERS for Rent of Opera House

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 8 p. m. on Saturday, Nov. 22nd, 1913, from parties wishing to rent the new concrete Opera House building at Campbellton, N. B., which will be ready for occupying about Dec. 1st, next. The building which is first-class in every particular is estimated to seat over 500. Parties tendering will be required to put in first-class opera chairs and the fixings in connection with a moving picture business.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

L. T. JOUDRY, Any information regarding same may be obtained by writing the architect,

PETER H. BLYTHE, Campbellton, N. B., Nov. 13th, 1913

WEDDING STATIONERY.

We have a fine stock of wedding stationery on hand and are prepared to execute all orders promptly. Send in your orders for invitations or announcements.

R. T. BAIRD

COAL AND WOOD PHONE 413

WASHINGTON'S CAFE

YORK STREET

OUR 35 cent DINNERS

are Unexcelled in the City.

BUCKTOUCHE and P.E.I. OYSTERS Always on Hand.

McCLUSKEY can give you

New Buckwheat, Maple Honey, Fresh Sausages, Flat Bacon, Fin Haddies, Kippers, Salt Salmon, Salt Shad, Salt Mackerel, Salt Herring, Salt Cod.

PHONE 365-11.

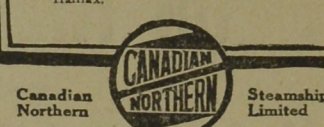


The Woman Who Travels Alone

No woman need dread crossing the ocean alone if she travels by the Royal Line. Both vessels carry a ship's matron, whose sole duty it is to render quiet, unobtrusive aid to women traveling alone or with children.

R.M.S. Royal Edward

R.M.S. Royal George Many letters are on file showing how well this service is appreciated and what a splendid help it has been to women deprived of the usual protection and comfort of family and friends. But this is only one of the special features of the Royal Line. Read the rest in our descriptive booklets. Ask any agent or write P. Mooney, General Agent, 123 Hollis Street, Halifax.



The International Railway

Uniting Campbellton at the head of navigation on Bay Chaleur with the St. John River Valley at St. Leonards and connecting the Intercolonial and Canadian Pacific Railway systems.

Summer Time Table Summary Commencing Monday, June 9

GOING WEST

Express trains leaves Campbellton daily (except Sunday) at 8.00 a. m. for St. Leonards and intermediate stations, due at St. Leonards at 12.30 p. m.

GOING EAST

Express train leaves St. Leonards daily (except Sunday) at 4.45 p. m. after arrival of C. P. R. express from St. John, Vancorbora, etc., due at Campbellton at 9.15 p. m.

And in addition to above and to the ordinary freight trains, there is also a regular ACCOMMODATION TRAIN carrying passengers and freight, running each way on alternate days as follows, viz.: Going West—Leaves Campbellton at 8.30 a. m. for St. Leonards and intermediate stations, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, due at St. Leonards at 4.10 p. m.

Going East—Leaving St. Leonards at 8.00 a. m. for Campbellton, etc., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, due at Campbellton at 4.15 p. m.

Governed by Atlantic standard Time. See local time tables and for full information regarding connections, etc., apply to R. Humphrey, freight and passenger agent, 55 Canterbury Street, St. John.

E. H. ANDERSON, Manager. A. A. ANDREW, Traffic Mgr. THOMAS MALCOLM, Gen. Mgr. Campbellton, N. B.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

"GOING TOURIST"

Is a popular way to travel.

Tourist Sleepers-light and airy with big comfortable berths, accommodating two adults, if desired—are carried from Montreal on Fast Transcontinental Express Trains for points in Western Canada, British Columbia, and on the Pacific Coast.

Not as luxurious as the Palace Sleeper, but they meet the requirements of a superior class of patrons just as well-and at half the cost.

Economy and Comfort Combined

W.B. HOWARD, D.P.A., C.P.R. ST. JOHN, N. B.

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT

INSURANCE

ALL FIRST CLASS COMPANIES

M. BREWER

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES CLAIMS PROMPTLY PAID

OFFICE NEXT ABOVE GIBSON'S GROCERY, QUEEN STREET.

YORK HOTEL

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT 304 KING STREET.

Corner Westmorland, centrally located; coach in attendance at all trains and boats. Rates \$1.25 to \$1.50 per day; permanent and transient. Phone connections. THOROUGHLY RENOVATED.

Harold M. Young, Prop

McMurray & Co.

Dealers in High Grade Pianos and Organs: Gerhard Heintzman, Bell and Gourley Pianos at Lowest Prices and Easy Terms. No Agents

Call and see our stock or write for prices

McMurray & Co.

On hand a few 6 Octave Piano Cases

Second Hand Organs, taken in exchange for pianos, For Sale Cheap

The McMurray Book and Staty. Co. Ltd.

Pony votes with every purchase