

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.  
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach the office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

# The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.  
Maritime — Strong winds and moderate gales, southwest and west. Some local showers but mostly fair and mild.

VOL. XIX NO. 226

FREDERICTON, N. B., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1913

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## EXPLODED A BOMB AT POLICE INQUIRY

Burns Detective, Who Has Conducted an Investigation, at St. John, was Called Upon to Give Evidence--Says That Things are "Pretty Rotten" at the Winter Port--Young Girls Parade the streets for all Purposes--Chief Clark and a Real Estate Deal

St. John, Nov. 4.—The police investigation took a dramatic turn last night and the evidence of a Boston detective whom Mr. McLellan, with-out warning, placed on the stand, created a stir. The detective told of a crafty scheme in which he declared Chief Clark was involved, to buy the market building at a price not profitable to the city.

During the evening there was an exciting passage of arms between Commissioner McLellan and Daniel Mullin, K.C. After the detective's story was told, Chief Clark was called but he asked for time to prepare a statement and it was finally decided to adjourn the investigation a week to allow the chief an opportunity to prepare his answer to the detective's allegations.

William A. Sullivan of the William J. Burns National Detective Agency, took the stand and said the chief of police and several of the leading citizens, whose names he kept secret, were connected with a deal from which they were to receive graft from him. This involved the purchase of the market building from the city by the detective, alias William McGregor, interested in amusement houses. Chief Clark, he said, introduced him to another man who was to "grease" Commissioner McLellan for putting through the deal.

The conditions of things in general in the city, Sullivan described as "pretty rotten." He declared there is absolutely no proper police protection and the street conditions, particularly with respect to the moral of young girls are worse, he said, than those existing in the notorious streets of the larger cities.

SENT HERE, HE SAYS.

Sullivan first said he had been sent to the city here by the Boston agency. He referred to many cases which the Burns' agency had handled and among them the "cleaning up" of Nashua, N.J., which he himself conducted.

Q.—For what purpose were you sent here?

A.—I was sent here to look after certain conditions of crime, firebugs, etc. The incendiary fires were to be looked after specially. And I was to look after any other crimes that should come under my observation.

Q.—How did you find things here?

A.—Pretty rotten.

Q.—What was the result of your investigation here?

A.—I feel pretty sure that we have located the firebugs in St. John and I feel now that you won't have any more trouble with firebugs.

Q.—What are the street conditions here?

IN BAD SHAPE, HE DECLARES.

A.—I believe that the streets of St. John are fully as bad as some of the notorious streets in the larger cities.

Q.—That's going a bit. I might ask you in what way?

A.—Well, with young girls. They are parading the streets at all hours and for all purposes. You take Brussels street, Charlotte and King, some of these young girls, twelve and fourteen years of age, I call them degenerates, for a trifling sum, will stoop to the lowest possible thing. Then I found men, so-called men, beyond middle age too, who are equally as bad and will go just as low as these young girls.

Q.—Did you find this out from personal observation?

A.—Every statement I make is from personal observation.

Mr. McLellan—I am not surprised. I am horrified.

Q.—How about gambling?

A.—We don't bother about social games, but "sure thing" players, skin games and rake-off players we are right out after.

Q.—You didn't find any of those here?

A.—Oh yes, I did. I found rake-off places.

(Continued on page five.)

## STOCKS OFF A POINT IN LONDON

New York, Nov. 4.—The Stock Exchange in New York is closed today on account of the Primary Elections being held here today. Cables from London to MacKintosh & Co. show a decline of almost a full point in the general list from the closing figures of yesterday. At two p.m. London time, the cables were as follows:

Atholton	91 1/2
B. & O.	92 1/2
C. P. R.	222 1/2
Erie	26 1/2
New York Central	95 1/2
Northern Pacific	107 1/2
Reading	159 1/2
Southern Pacific	85 1/2
St. Paul	100 1/2
Union Pacific	148 1/2
U. S. Steel	55 7-16
Amalgamated Copper	71

## STEVENS-BURNS NUPTIALS AT LEWISTON RECENTLY

Bride Formerly Miss Florence A. Burns of This City--Well Known Here

(Lewiston Journal)

The marriage of Miss Florence A. Burns and Roy S. Stevens of Auburn, took place Monday morning at eight o'clock at St. Joseph's church, Lewiston. Rev. Fr. T. F. Butler officiated. The couple were attended by Miss Marguerite Sullivan of Auburn, and Guy Chipman of Poland Spring.

The bride looked charming in a plum colored cheviot suit and self-colored beaver hat with large ostrich plumes to match, while the bridesmaid wore a striking brown serge suit and a large plush hat of a corresponding color, with plume of a lighter tone. The single ring service was used and after the ceremony Rev. Father Butler spoke a few words of admonition and advice to Mr. and Mrs. Stevens. Many friends were present the usual shower of confetti and rice greeting them as they left the church.

After the ceremony the happy young couple went by auto to Poland Springs to spend a few days, the guests of Mr. Stevens' sister, Mrs. Ada Osborne, who had prepared a dainty wedding breakfast for the bridal party.

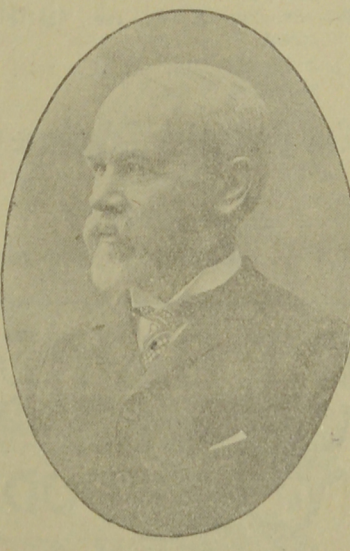
On Mr. and Mrs. Stevens' return to Auburn, they will reside in their newly furnished home on the corner of High and Maple streets. Mrs. Stevens was formerly a resident of Fredericton, N.B., where her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Burns still reside.

Mr. Stevens, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Stevens, 40 High street, Auburn, is a graduate of Edward Little High School, in the class of 1910, since which time he has been employed as clerk in the S. L. Young shoe store, Auburn.

## THE RAILROADS OF THE WORLD

Berne, Switzerland, Nov. 4.—The Central Bureau for International Transportation has just issued its annual report containing interesting statistics for the year 1912. According to the report the total net of railroad lines in the world at the end of

(Continued on page five.)



DR. A. B. ATHERTON.

## Church of England Synod In Annual Session Here

His Lordship Bishop Richardson in His Charge Makes Strong Plea for More Religious Training in the Schools--Suggests That a Conference be Held by Protestant Churches With a View of Having Changes Made in the School Law--Warmly Praises the Work of the Bible Society

The first business session of the Synod of the Anglican Diocese of Fredericton opened this afternoon at 2.30 at the Church Hall. The annual charge of His Lordship Bishop Richardson which is printed in this paper is the principal item of this afternoon's proceedings. Tonight the Synod Service is to be held at Christchurch Cathedral. His Lordship the Bishop of Huron, who preached twice at the Cathedral on Sunday, will preach this evening. At 10.30 this morning Holy Communion was celebrated at the Cathedral and an address was delivered to the clergy by the Bishop of Huron.

### THE BISHOP'S ADDRESS.

His Lordship Bishop Richardson began his address by cordially welcoming the delegates to the forty-fifth annual session. He referred to the losses by death during the year and paid tribute to the memory of Rev. T. W. Street, Mr. George E. Fairweather and Mr. Ernest Shephard. In reference to Rev. Mr. Street he said:

The Rev. Thomas W. Street will long be remembered with affection and regret. He was born in the Town of Woodstock in the year 1832 and had reached at the time of his death, therefore, the ripe age of eighty-one years. A graduate of the University of New Brunswick, or King's College, as it was at that time called, he was an excellent scholar and spent many years in educational work, a calling for which he was admirably fitted. Ordained deacon in 1855, he commenced his ministerial career as curate in the Parish of St. Stephen. When the Civil War broke out, however, he served for some time as chaplain in the United States army. In 1895 he became rector of the Parish of Bathurst, and in 1902 was made sub-dean of the Cathedral, in which position he spent most of his remaining years. After the death of Dean Partridge and until the appointment of the present dean, the pastoral charge of the Cathedral lay largely in his hands, and when at length the growing infirmities of old age compelled him to relinquish active work it was with the profound regret of those to whom he had ministered so faithfully. As registrar of the diocese, an office which he retained until the day of his death, he gave the church invaluable service. His memory will long be cherished.

### THE BIBLE SOCIETY.

His Lordship next referred to the work of the British and Foreign Bible Society and gave it his cordial endorsement. He expressed astonishment that some members of the Church of England, clergy and laymen, should be under the extraordinary impression that the Bible Society was an organization which had nothing to do with the Church of England. He regarded this as a strange misconception. The Bible Society, he said, was doing a work of extraordinary value to the Church of England and should have its hearty support. Without the Bible Society it would be impossible for the church to carry on its missionary propaganda amongst peoples speaking one hundred and sixty different languages and dialects. He recited several cases to show the great value the society had been to the church in Canada and expressed the hope that the diocese would in future take a warmer interest in its welfare.

"My dear brethren," he went on, "there are some things which we cannot do without disloyalty to the church and to ourselves but there are some things also which we cannot refuse to do without disloyalty to our Lord. We cannot refuse to recognize and act upon that essential unity of life by which we are bound to all baptized believers in Jesus Christ; and because of that unity of life we must be willing always to acknowledge and rejoice in the fruits of the Spirit manifested in their lives and labors. We cannot refuse to recognize and act upon the abiding unity of faith that underlies all passing diversity of form, and because of that unity of faith we are

bound to break down, as far as we can, every accidental and incidental barrier, that separates us from our fellow Christians."

### RELIGIOUS TRAINING.

His Lordship expressed strong approval of the Sunday School as an agency for the religious training of the young. Secular education which has been to all intents and purposes surrendered to the state, makes exclusive demands upon the time and attention of the child and makes it next to impossible for the parents to give the child its religious training in any other than a superficial sense. Other difficulties in the way of home training suggest themselves. In many homes neither father or mother have the time to spare and in others there is no religious atmosphere at all. It is plain, therefore, that there are only two directions in which the church can look for help in this important matter—the machinery for education provided by the state and the Sunday School. He thought it unreasonable to claim that the state had nothing to do with the teaching of religion.

"If," he said, "the state wants its children to grow up into good men and women, if it wants them to be honest, if it wants them to be truthful, if it wants them to be pure, if it wants them to be unselfish, if it wants them to be strong, then it has certainly a great deal to do with their religious education. The fact is that it would be difficult to find anyone willing to make such an unreal and illogical assertion but for the fact of the unhappy divisions in the church. It is the easy escape from the difficulty created by conflicting religious claims."

His Lordship proceeded to point out that the public schools of the province could not be considered irreligious; on the contrary the great majority of teachers earnestly strive to impress upon their pupils the principles of faith by which they themselves are living. He was glad to bear witness to the Christian character of those who are teaching in the schools, but the teacher's desire to mould the child's character

along Christian lines can only be exercised within narrow limitations. In support of this statement he cited the regulations of the Board of Education and while admitting the value of the teaching prescribed he expressed doubts as to whether or not it could be effectively enforced. It was now the privilege of every teacher to open and close the daily exercises of the school by reading a portion of the scripture and offering the Lord's prayer. The fact that this was a privilege only and not a duty was not likely to impress the pupils with a very deep sense of its importance. It was quite clear that the only immediate result of the abolition of the bible from the school curriculum was increasing ignorance of even the most elementary truths of Holy Scripture. Not only clergymen but many teachers can bear witness to this deplorable ignorance about that book which is admitted by the western world to be the source of its civilization and the secret of its strength. He believed that the abandonment of the bible by the public schools was having a fatal effect on the moral life of the community at large and was finding expression in a lower level of public and private life. One finds here and there communities of respectable men and women, who have no word of or look of condemnation of those who under plea of neutrality or even sometimes with less excuse than that, anticipate the marital relationship. Again and again clergymen are called upon to solemnize marriages whose very atmosphere should be that of shrinking shame but which seems to know nothing of its meaning. He felt that this unhappy lowering of the moral standard had its beginning in imperfect understanding of the word of God.

In looking about for a remedy for this state of affairs His Lordship thought the first duty of the church was a domestic one. They should do everything in their power to make the work of the Sunday Schools as complete as possible. In almost every parish there should be some of the laity willing to assist the clergy in the work of the Sabbath School. He

(Continued on page four.)

## DR. ATHERTON SEVERES HIS CONNECTION WITH THE HOSPITAL

The regular monthly meeting of the Trustees of Victoria Hospital was held yesterday afternoon, with President Sterling in the chair. The other trustees present included Mayor Hooper, Coun. Neill, Ald. Clark, Mr. R. B. Vandine and Secretary Sampson. Local matters were discussed and the business of the session was promptly despatched.

In his monthly statement of expenditures the secretary-treasurer presented a heavy bill for October but this was well offset by the receipts.

### MATRON'S REPORT.

The matron's report was quite satisfactory, especially from a financial standpoint. One death was reported, the first since June. Forty-seven patients were treated during the month and of these twelve were surgical and thirteen medical. Thanksgiving season brought forth a number of donations. The Daughters of the Empire made a most generous donation of linen for their well equipped room; Mr. Wm. Perkins sent fruit to all the patients; Rev. Canon Cowie also sent a supply of fruit; Mrs. W. G. Clark provided some fine pumpkins; Mrs. W. T. Whitehead sent two gallons of preserved fruit; Mrs. J. C. Risteen sent raspberry syrup, and McMurtry & Co. magazines.

Miss Ella Mae Wiggins has graduated from the nursing staff and according to the matron, she made a splendid exit and is today practising her profession in Presque Isle, Me.

### NO EXTENSION THIS YEAR.

The president reported that no financial arrangements had yet been made looking toward extension work. His committee still has the matter in hand.

It is found impossible to make a start towards the erection this fall of the proposed enlarged hospital. Ald. Clark read some correspondence from Architect Brodie with reference to plans but it was decided to defer further action until early spring.

### DR. ATHERTON RESIGNS.

A letter read by President Sterling from Dr. Atherton, conveyed to the Board his resignation as a member of the visiting staff of the hospital. This action will be very much regretted by the public as it is by the trustees. Dr. Atherton has been a great strength to the institution and his great medical skill and invaluable services have been as freely given to the poor patient in the public ward as to the occupant of the most costly apartment in the hospital. After consideration it was unanimously resolved that the resignation of A. B. Atherton, M.D., as visiting physician is accepted with very deep regret.

The question of a successor was then considered when S. F. A. Wainwright was appointed to the vacancy thus created.

After disposal of a number of routine matters the Board adjourned.

## YORK COUNTY COURT ADJOURNED-SINE DIE

Three Cases Over Until January One To be Heard in Chambers--Application For Naturalization

The York County Court met this morning in adjourned session. Four cases were on the docket. Three were stood over until the January term and one is to be heard in chambers. His Honor Judge Wilson presided. Court adjourned sine die.

The case of G. row vs Wharry is to be heard in chambers, P. A. Guthrie for plaintiff and P. J. Hughes for defendant. The case of Hedley Boulter vs Michael Moore goes over until the next court, P. A. Guthrie for the plaintiff and J. J. F. Winslow for the defendant. The case of Joseph Hewitson vs Clarence Noble goes over until the next court, P. A. Guthrie for the plaintiff and J. J. F. Winslow for the defendant. The case of the Bank of Nova Scotia vs Elizabeth Lavigne also goes over until the next court, R. B. Hanson for the plaintiff and J. King Kelly of St. John, for the defendant.

Application for the naturalization of Alfred Borden was presented and read by P. A. Guthrie. The applicant is a native of Sweden and at present is living in Kingsclair.

**Electric Restorer for Men**  
Phosphono restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphono will make you a new man. Price \$3 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scofield Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.  
Sold in Fredericton by A. J. Ryan

## ESTEEMED LADY PASSED AWAY TO-DAY

Mrs. D. McLaughlin of St. John Succumbs After a Brief Illness

Mrs. McLaughlin, widow of Mr. D. J. McLaughlin, a former well known St. John business man, passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. D. Lee Babbitt, at 1.30 o'clock this afternoon. Her death was due to the infirmities of age and occurred after an illness of two weeks.

The deceased was a daughter of the late Mr. Adam Smith of St. Andrews and was seventy-eight years of age. She has made her home in this city for the past four years. She is survived by a family of two sons and five daughters, viz., Walter of Minneapolis, Douglas of Winnipeg, Mrs. L. P. C. Fowler of Winnipeg, Mrs. G. W. Babbitt of St. Andrews and Mrs. D. Lee Babbitt and Misses Mary and Mattie McLaughlin of this city. The body will be taken to St. John for interment.

## ALABAMA CLUB WOMEN AT DOTHAN

Dothan, Ala., Nov. 4.—The nineteenth annual meeting of the Alabama State Federation of Women's Clubs opened here today with a conference of the executive board. The convention is well attended and will remain in session until Friday. An interesting program has been arranged for the gathering.