

Notice For Tenders

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon Monday the 18th inst. for digging trench, laying water mains and backfilling for water extension on Gibson street, 1000 feet in the town of Devon. Specifications may be seen at the town office. A deposit of 10 per cent must accompany tender. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WILLIAM JAFFREY,
Town Clerk

Devon, N. B., Sept. 13th.

Bryant Brothers

LIMITED

Members Montreal Mining Exchange
84 St. Francois Xavier Street Montreal
Headquarters for Mining Stocks
Daily Quotation List on Request—Extensive Private Telegraph Wire Connections and Complete Brokerage Facilities
Established 1899

LADIES' AND GENTS' FURRIER

Furs Repaired, Cleaned and Remodelled.
We make a Specialty in COON CUFFS AND COLLARS

MRS. J. E. JOHNSTON

595 King Street
Over McKnight's Store



Flowers from Schleyers

is always a pleasant surprise because you know you are getting the very best flowers grown. We have a reputation for selling only high grade quality flowers, cut or growing in pots and boxes. Our green plants and shrubs also are that kind.

Ada M. Schleyer

326 CHARLOTTE STREET
Phone 217.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable, remedial medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, \$1 No. 2, \$3; No. 3, \$5 per bottle. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

NOTICE

On and after the

14th of August

We will deliver milk to any house holder in Fredericton at

8cts per quart

Terms Strictly Cash

FARMERS' CO-OPERATIVE DAIRY CO., LTD.

King St., — Fredericton, N. B.

MY NEW STAND

339 King Street

NEW PHONE NUMBER 183-21.

Second hand goods Bought and Sold

Uncle Sam's Exchange

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hutchins*

Pays Tribute to the Late George E. Fenety

Was for Many Years Kings Printer—When a Boy Worked on the Nova Scotian Under Hon. Joseph Howe—Was Mayor of Fredericton for Five Years.

For more than sixty years few names were so well known in this province as that of George E. Fenety. As a versatile and ready writer he was, in his prime, excelled by few, if any, of his contemporaries. He cast in his lot with the Reformers, while yet a mere boy in his teens, and was zealous and persistent in the advocacy of the principles in which he believed, while at the same time honest and fair-minded in his criticisms of his opponents. No sufficient biography has ever appeared of this excellent and worthy citizen, but his name will live in our provincial annals long after personal remembrances have faded.

George E. Fenety was born in Halifax in 1812. He had a good school education which was not, however, completed in one of our early maritime colleges, but in the wider school of human affairs.

A Young Journalist

At the age of seventeen years he entered the office of the "Nova Scotian" then owned by the celebrated Joseph Howe. Through Howe's influence, we may assume, he became a staunch upholder of the principles of the Reform Party while yet in his teens.

Then years later, in 1839, he settled in St. John, where he established the "Commercial News." This was the first tri-weekly and penny paper in the maritime provinces. He remained here engaged in journalistic work for the next quarter of a century. In 1863 he was appointed Queen's Printer and went to Fredericton where he spent the remainder of his life—some thirty-five years. He was a most useful and valuable member of the community and had a very wide circle of friends, who greatly esteemed him for his many excellent qualities of mind and heart.

As Queen's Printer his opportunities for literary and newspaper work were not many, and it cannot be said that the "Royal Gazette" was ever regarded by the public as a very interesting paper. Nevertheless he found opportunity from time to time to indulge "the pen of a ready writer."

In 1867 there appeared in book form the first instalment of his "Political Notes and Observations," which he afterwards continued in the St. John Progress down to a later date. He also wrote "The Life and Times of Joseph Howe," which was published in book form, and many articles for the press, which were always timely and were read with interest. For upwards of sixty years his pen was occupied in the interests of mankind and his efforts for the betterment of humanity knew no limitations of creed or class.

Gifts to Fredericton

He was elected Mayor of Fredericton in 1877 and was in office five years, during which period he declined any salary but allowed it to accumulate for the purchase of a fine clock now in the tower of the new City Hall, built in 1876. To Mayor Fenety also the people of the capital are indebted for planting the beautiful avenue of maples along the river bank, in Fredericton, which yearly adds to the beauty of the city.

That Mr. Fenety's generous public services were appreciated by the people was shown by their presenting him with a very beautiful silver epergne, valued at \$250 and an address signed by 300 of the leading citizens. His residence in Fredericton, "Linden Hall," was directly opposite the Anglican cathedral, the services of which his intimate and very sincere friend, Bishop Medley, always preached (when he was at home) for more than forty years.

In this connection it may be interesting to quote Mr. Fenety's opinion of the bishop. Mr. Fenety was probably the only individual who heard

the first and last sermons preached by Bishop Medley in New Brunswick. The first was at Trinity church, St. John, on his arrival in the province in 1845, and the last in the Cathedral in Fredericton in 1892, shortly before the bishop died at the great age of eighty-seven years. George E. Fenety himself died in 1899 at the same age as the bishop, eighty-seven years.

"A number of clergymen," writes Mr. Fenety, "thought that the church ought not to go to England for a bishop in 1845 while there were able clergymen in the province from whom to select. But alas, all was of no avail for the next steamer brought cut word that Dr. Medley, the vicar of St. Thomas, Exeter, had been appointed."

"Bishop Medley a Good Man"

"The bishop came, and it might well have been said on the occasion, 'veni vidi, vici,' for he took the city by storm. His first sermon in Trinity church, St. John,—so plain, practical and abounding in great good sense—settled, at all events for the time, the fact that a man who could preach like that would not be likely to intrude doctrines repugnant to the prejudices and convictions of his brethren. And so it proved during the whole forty years of the bishop's incumbency. He never preached a sermon, I believe, that grafted harshly upon the tender susceptibilities of his hearers. He was a plain matter of fact preacher, using simple but idiomatic English such as found a place in the most humble understanding. This was Bishop Medley from first to last—a good man, and a great loss when his last day came to a close."

To the end of his long life Mr. Fenety strove to keep in touch with modern progress and an example of his spirit of enterprise in such things is found in the fact that in the year 1894, although then in his eighty-second year, by practising assiduously in his own grounds he learned to ride a bicycle sufficiently well to take a ride on the street near his own residence.

In our own home towns and villages, hosts of satisfied friends buy RED ROSE TEA today, as they did 28 years ago—because it is still the same good Tea.



Buy a can of RED ROSE COFFEE—its flavour will surely please you.

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Vocational Booth at The St. John Exhibition

The clothing branch of the department of homemaking, Provincial Vocational Education, had a booth at the St. John Exhibition. It attracted a good deal of attention and elicited many complimentary remarks, not only from visitors at the Fair, but also from other booth holders.

All of these types of schools which have been established in N. B.—evening, day and summer training school for vocational teachers of dressmaking and millinery—were represented. The evening schools having exhibits were: Jacques River, Bathurst, Port Elgin, Fredericton, Devon, Marysville

He was a great lover of nature and delighted in the beautiful gardens which surrounded his home and the noble river flowing hard by.

Some reminiscences of his life while in St. John will appear in the next article in this paper.

When Mr. Fenety took up his residence in St. John in 1839, Robert F. Hazen was mayor and John R. Partelow chamberlain of the city, each with a salary of 1,300 pounds currency per annum, which was pretty fair for those days. Mr. Fenety wrote some very interesting reminiscences in Progress in 1894, when in his eighty-second year, from which I now quote.

and Edmundston. Prizes (merit cards only) in this group were: Elementary Dressmaking—Miss Beulah Grant, Port Elgin. Best display from any one evening school—Edmundston.

The Carleton County day Vocational school was ably represented by Miss Mildred McCain of Florenceville—a graduate in Household economics of the 1922 class. All of Miss McCain's work was of outstanding merit but her graduation dress of white organdy, beautifully fagotted by hand, was most highly commended and won for her a merit card.

Teachers-in-training at the 1922 Summer School who exhibited were: Miss Olive Maher, Milltown; Miss Blossom Milner, Moncton; Miss Muriel Steeves, Moncton; Miss Lida Robinson, Moncton; Miss Gladys Northup, Belleisle; Miss Molly Fitzpatrick, St. John; Miss Annie Love, Devon.

Merit cards went to Miss Milner and Miss Northup for advance Dressmaking and Millinery respectively. Miss Milner's work in the form of a three-piece street costume won unstinted praise from experts from MacAuley Bros., and from F. W. Daniel & Co., who visited the booth.

In the elementary millinery group Miss Marjorie Colpitts of Moncton received a merit card.

A feature of the booth which pro-

ved of keen interest to all lady visitors, was the daily demonstration of the construction of paper dresses from such as county demonstrators in U. S. of A. have been featuring for the past two years.

Being made in the human form it is a perfect cast of the figure on which it is developed and hence is able to serve as an indispensable fitting medium for the home dressmaker. Mounted upon a simple wooden standard to the right height of the model a whole gown may be constructed without once having to try the dress on the person and thus the home dressmaker is saved hours of taxing labor. Little wonder, then that interest ran high among the ladies many of whom returned to the fair day after day purposely to see "once again" the demonstration. One woman being present at all six. Miss B. was ably assisted in demonstrating by Misses Mary Boyle and Mary E. Mullin of St. John and both teachers of experience in Vocational Night Schools.

ALWAYS POLITE.

Dilapidated Dodgework—Pardon me sir, but have you seen a policeman round here?

Polite Pedestrian—No I am sorry. Dilapidated Dodgework—Thank you. Now, will you kindly hand over your watch and purse?

Wealth is to be used only as the instrument of action not as the representative of civil honors and moral excellence.

To Holders of Five Year 5½ per cent Canada's Victory Bonds

Issued in 1917 and Maturing 1st December, 1922.

CONVERSION PROPOSALS

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE offers to holders of these bonds who desire to continue their investment in Dominion of Canada securities the privilege of exchanging the maturing bonds for new bonds bearing 5½ per cent interest, payable half yearly, of either of the following classes:—

- Five year bonds, dated 1st November, 1922, to mature 1st November, 1927.
- Ten year bonds, dated 1st November, 1922, to mature 1st November, 1932.

While the maturing bonds will carry interest to 1st December, 1922, the new bonds will commence to earn interest from 1st November, 1922, GIVING A BONUS OF A FULL MONTH'S INTEREST TO THOSE AVAILING THEMSELVES OF THE CONVERSION PRIVILEGE.

This offer is made to holders of the maturing bonds and is not open to other investors. The bonds to be issued under this proposal will be substantially of the same character as those which are maturing, except that the exemption from taxation does not apply to the new issue.

Holders of the maturing bonds who wish to avail themselves of this conversion privilege should take their bonds AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE, BUT NOT LATER THAN SEPTEMBER 30th, to a Branch of any Chartered Bank in Canada and receive in exchange, an official receipt for the bonds surrendered, containing an undertaking to deliver the corresponding bonds of the new issue.

Holders of maturing fully registered bonds, interest payable by cheque from Ottawa, will receive their December 1 interest cheque as usual. Holders of coupon bonds will detach and retain the last unmaturing coupon before surrendering the bond itself for conversion purposes.

The surrendered bonds will be forwarded by banks to the Minister of Finance at Ottawa, where they will be exchanged for bonds of the new issue, in fully registered, or coupon registered or coupon bearer form carrying interest payable 1st May and 1st November of each year of the duration of the loan, the first interest payment accruing and payable 1st May, 1923. Bonds of the new issue will be sent to the banks for delivery immediately after the receipt of the surrendered bonds.

The bonds of the maturing issue which are not converted under this proposal will be paid off in cash on the 1st December, 1922.

W. S. FIELDING,
Minister of Finance.

Dated at Ottawa, 8th August, 1922.