

Dying Under 75 Years Will Be a Crime

HOMEOPATHIC BODY MEETS

Twenty Years to be Added to Span of Life in Half Century.

Atlantic City, July 7—"The time is near when it not only will be a crime to die of typhoid fever but a crime to die under seventy-five years of age of diabetes, Bright's disease the various cardiac vascular diseases and possibly cancer." Dr. Claude A. Burrett, of Rochester president of the American Institute of Homeopathy, told more than a thousand members of his profession attending the annual sessions of that body here.

Dr. Burrett assailed drugless healing and regretted that the profession should be hemmed in by standards of ethics. He predicted that twenty years would be added to the average span of life during the next fifty years.

"Not until recently has the medical profession awakened to the obligation they owe the public in the matter of health and enlightenment," the speaker continued. "No subject should receive greater care in its selection and preparation than the information on health problems intended for general reading. Why can we not replace the sensational pseudo health material found in some of the daily newspapers with sound, wholesome information on better living in the daily press and in magazines devoted to such a cause? A program of lay publicity in the form live will do more to combat cultism and quackery and uphold medical legislation than any other influence.

Should Save Adults.

We are at a time when having saved the lives of children the problem of continuing lives of adults is confronting the race. The time is near at hand when it will not only be a crime to die under seventy-five years of age of diabetes, Bright's disease, the various cardiac vascular diseases and possibly cancer. Researches at the present moment point in the direction of a far greater length of life of single cells than has been supposed. The complexion of the human body together with the problem of harmonizing human thought with body function, must be better understood by the human family in order to prolong life.

In Excess of Death by War.

"The preventable causes of death are far in excess of deaths by war and gross accidents. Great stress is laid on the prevention by accident and death in the industries and on public thoroughfares. That is highly commendable. A far greater toll of life is taken by the accidents of living such as overwork, overrest, unbalanced exercises, unintelligent eating—in short unintelligent living. These and many others pave the way to the early degenerative diseases and an unnecessarily short life.

"Broadly speaking this great problem of health divides itself into two great divisions: first the treatment of the sick; and second, the prevention of sickness."

At Chautauqua

Chautauqua starts on Monday July 9 at the Barracks, Queen Street, corner of Carleton. First performance at 3 o'clock, evening at 8 o'clock. No season tickets sold after 3 o'clock Monday.

W. M. Officials Have Been Arrested

Charged With Publishing False Statements Against The Government.

Sydney, N. S., July 6—Dan Livingstone, president, and James B. McLachlan, secretary of the United Mine Workers of America, District 26, were arrested at strike headquarters, Glace Bay, tonight following receipt of the following telegram from Hon. W. J. O'Hearn, Attorney-General of Nova Scotia.

"J. B. McCormack, Chief of Police, Sydney.

"Warrants have been issued by M. B. Archibald, magistrate for city of Halifax, charging James B. McLachlan and Daniel Livingstone with unlawfully publishing false story whereby injury or mischief was likely to be occasioned to a public interest, namely the Government and provincial police of Nova Scotia contrary to section 136 of the code. Please arrest immediately if possible and wire. Chief Inspector Kennedy will arrive in the morning with warrants. Seek co-operation of provincial police if necessary.

(Signed) W. J. O'HEARN, Attorney General of Nova Scotia.

Subsequently a delegation arrived from Glace Bay, headed by McLachlan's son-in-law in an endeavor to arrange bail for the accused but they were told that this was a matter which would have to be settled in Halifax. The prisoners will be taken to the capital tomorrow.

A Finish Fight

Sydney Mines, N. S., July 6—Following a mass meeting of miners, which lasted for more than two hours and a half, here today, it was decided that the strike would continue in the northern collieries but the men employed in the power plant, which supplies the town with light and water, would not be asked to join in the walk-out.

President Dan Livingstone and Secretary J. B. McLachlan of the United Mine Workers were among the speakers. The former was given a stormy passage during the course of his address and interruptions were frequent.

Mayor Nicholson told the miners that their tactics had been accepted as challenge to the Dominion of Canada. He further declared that the Government were apparently ready to make it a fight to a finish.

Government Will Appeal

St. John, July 7—The Provincial Government at its last meeting in Fredericton decided to present an application for appeal to the Privy Council in the case of the Province of New Brunswick vs. the Security Export Co., a claim in connection with the non-payment of liquor export taxes. The Supreme Court of New Brunswick gave a decision in favor of the province, but this was reversed by the Supreme Court of Canada, two of the judges ruling against the company and three for it.

It is understood that the company has made an offer to the province to settle but the offer was refused.

After the Grilse

Fisheries Inspector H. E. Harrison was active in the market today watching the sale of salmon. It was reported that grilse weighing less than three pounds the legal minimum were on sale. The report proved incorrect Inspector Harrison finding that the fish came within the law.

Municipal Council Ends July Session—Interet on Arrears In Taxes to be Charged

The Municipal Council of York County concluded its July session Friday afternoon and the various members left for their homes after the duties of the semi-annual session which began on Tuesday. The final session saw a variety of business dealt with. Most important was the passing of a resolution to charge interest at the rate of six per cent against any town or parish in arrears in county taxes to a greater extent than ten per cent at the end of the year. The resolution is to go into effect from date in regard to 1922 taxes. This action was taken on account of complaint by some of the parishes that the Town of Devon had been allowed to get in arrears to too great an extent. A report was presented on the matter of a blanket surety bond for all collectors on application of the individual collectors. No action was taken.

Report on Legislation

Coun. Whipple presented a report on behalf of the special committee appointed at the previous session to prepare legislation concerning the custody of children. Such legislation had been enacted by the House of Assembly.

The report was adopted.

McAdam Bylaw

Coun. Whipple also drew attention to the fact that the bylaw to prevent cattle and poultry being at large in McAdam had inadvertently been omitted from the minutes of the last session and no action taken. On his motion the bylaw was reaffirmed.

The report of the committee on Public Accounts was presented by Coun. Clarkson and adopted.

On the motion of Coun. Seymour William McGibbon was appointed field driver and Charles McAdam pound keeper for District No. 2, Parish of Douglas.

Arrears of Taxes

Coun. Brewer introduced the matter of arrears in taxes stating that objection was taken that certain towns and parishes might be in arrears to the county and the latter compelled to borrow money which was owing in that way and so be forced to pay interest.

He moved that any town or parish in arrears in taxes to an amount in excess of ten per cent of the warrant for such town or parish at the end of the year be charged six per cent interest and that interest be charged on all accounts from the present date for arrears of 1922.

The resolution was carried without dissent.

Compensation Act.

Coun. Allen brought up the matter of the physicians' charges under the Workmen's Compensation Act. It would almost appear he said, that the doctors reaped greater benefit under the Act than did the workmen.

Coun. Whipple expressed the opinion that the Compensation Act was producing excellent results.

Blanket Surety Policy

For the special committee to investigate the proposal to take out a blanket surety bond for all collectors of the county. Coun. Whipple presented a report. He stated that the information given the committee was that the rate would be \$5 per \$1,000. To take out such a bond it would be necessary for each collector to make individual application giving required information. After all had applied the county could secure the bond covering all.

The report was received but no action was taken.

Coun. Allen made a query concerning the possibility of making certain rooms in the court house building more attractive.

Coun. Seymour for the buildings Committee replied that repairs had not been attempted except for the Record Office.

Coun. Inch suggested that Coun. Hinchey might present to the council a report upon the reception given His Excellency the Governor General at McAdam the day before.

Coun. Hinchey stated that the suggestion was out of order. He would present his report at a later date.

Presentation to Warden

Coun. Ebbett then presented to Warden Grant a handsome leather club bag accompanying the gift on behalf of the council with the heartiest good wishes for his future.

The Warden responded thanking the council for the gift and expression of regard and in turn extended the best wishes for the future.

Matter of Valuation

Coun. Allen referring again to the matter of adjustment of assessment valuation suggested that assessors of adjoining parishes in which a school district took in part of each, meet to adjust the valuation so as to make it equitable to all ratepayers concerned.

Coun. Fleming approved the suggestion and stated that Canterbury and McAdam could follow it.

Council adjourned sine die.

G. H. Clark Passes Away At Woodstock

Was at One Time in the Dry Goods Business Here.

(Special to the Mail)

Geo. H. Clarke died here this morning quite suddenly aged 58 years. He has been in failing health for some time but his death was not expected and consequently was a great shock to his friends and the community at large. The late Mr. Clarke served his time at the dry goods business with Manchester Robertson and Allison, St. John, and later was a member of the firm of Tennant, Davies and Clark, Fredericton. After the failure of this firm, Mr. Clarke went to Moncton where he held a position with J. D. Creaghan and Co. He came to Woodstock about two years ago and opened a dry goods store and was doing a prosperous business. He is survived by his wife, one daughter Doris, and one son Geoffrey of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Halifax; one sister May of the C. P. R. Telegraph, Swift Current, Sask.

The remains of Mrs. Elbridge Estey who died in the Provincial Hospital arrived here today for burial. Deceased who had been in poor health for some time was a Miss Alice Connell and a native of Woodstock. The funeral took place today from the C. P. R. station.

Big Market Today.

The week-end market largely attended today and produce was offered in great variety. Strawberries showed a tendency to come down in price. Salmon was plentiful. Prices ruled as follows:—Strawberries per box, 18 to 20 cents; potatoes per bbl., \$1.75; butter per lb., 25 to 30 cents; eggs per dozen, 30 to 35 cents; salmon per lb., 20 cents; pickered each 5 cents; mutton per lb., 8 to 12 cents; lamb per lb., 20 to 25 cents; veal per lb., 8 to 12 cents; green vegetables per bunch 10 cents.

Divorce Court To Sit Again In August

Eight Decrees Granted at July Term: Two Cases Will Go Over as Remanets.

The New Brunswick Court of Divorce and Matrimonial causes adjourned Friday evening until 10 a. m. Tuesday, August 28th. Eight decrees have been ordered by Mr. Justice Crockett since the July term opened. Three were ordered Friday afternoon. They were in the cases of Hugh J. Stairs vs Mildred Stairs, a Woodstock case in Thomas Kenneth Raymond vs Kathryn Christina Raymond a St. John case and in Isabelle Cail vs George Cail a Kent County case.

Two Remanets.

The case of Martilla Babineau vs Joseph Babineau an Albert County case and Archibald Melrose Halliday vs Mary Wilson Halliday a St. John case, were made remanets. In the latter no appearance was made.

Evidence in Moncton.

The case of Alexander McLaughlan Seely vs Cicely Muir Seely, a Moncton case, will be heard after the evidence of the plaintiff who is an invalid is taken at Moncton.

Call Case.

Friday afternoon evidence was heard in the case of Cail vs Cail in which cruelty and neglect were alleged by the plaintiff, Annie McLeary of Welford being named as correspondent. Evidence was given by M. B. Dixon, Isabelle Cail the plaintiff, Joseph Cail and Isabelle Oulton. Court considered the evidence sufficient and ordered a decree of divorce to issue.

Raymond Case.

In Raymond Kenneth Raymond vs Kathryn Christina Raymond it was reported to the court that nothing further concerning the application of the defendant for appearance had been heard. Court then refused the application and the hearing proceeded. The witnesses examined were Thomas Kenneth Raymond the plaintiff and Mrs. Margaret Dickson of St. John. Infidelity was proven also the desertion by the wife. Court ordered a decree to issue.

Sir Jas. Craig Sounds Note Of Warning

(Special to the Daily Mail)

London, July 7—"Woe betide any man who stirs up trouble and creates once more a state of chaos in any part of the British Empire which desires to remain under the King's constitution," declared Sir James Craig, Prime Minister of the Northern Irish Government, at Stratley on Thames, in response to Governor General Timothy Healy's censure yesterday of the detention of three or four hundred "Free State Sympathizers" by the Ulster government and its refusal to appoint an Ulster member of the Boundary Commission. "I am extremely sorry that the Governor General of the Free state should make this statement," said Sir James.

"I don't think it proper on my part to enter into controversy on the matters referred to, but I do say that Ulster has now reached a stage of peace and prosperity and woe betide any man, no matter what his position, who directly or indirectly by recrimination or by calling to mind old disputes, stirs up any trouble and creates once more a stage of chaos."

Branch Line Proposal a Good One

THREE YEARS' PROGRAMME

No More Business-Like Proposal Ever Presented to the House.

Ottawa, July 7—When the Senate hoisted the Canadian National Railways branch lines bill it blocked the first real businesslike railway proposition ever presented to Parliament for ratification, it is contended in Ottawa circles. The idea of drawing up a three-year construction programme for branch lines was really taken from the United States, where it had been practised with signal success.

According to the method in vogue here for several years the programme would be included in the estimates—and at the earliest they were seldom passed before June or even July—then the tenders had to be called for and carefully scrutinized before the contracts were awarded, so that the contractors could not possibly assemble their construction plants much before the western crops were ready to be moved. Between the crop moving interruptions and later the coming of frost little work was done that year. Then the money had to be voted over again the next session and the same story of delay repeated. As a consequence hundreds of thousands of dollars were wasted in western Canada and other sections, it is declared.

According to the plan devised and presented to Parliament this year the branch lines and their mileage and approximate cost within the three-year period, which should be ample time to complete most of them, was shown in the bill. These branch lines were not proposed before the closest examination of the needs of the proposed lines and the hearing of almost countless deputations by the Canadian National Railways Board during its tours of inspection throughout the country last winter.

It is the position of the Government that not one of the branch lines in the west proposed to be built could be questioned on grounds either of economy or of railway urgency.

Says Germans Not to Blame For Explosion

Berlin, July 7—Foreign minister Baron Von Rosenberg told France and Belgium today that Germany could not accept responsibility for Duisberg bombing where nine Belgian soldiers were killed. Germany does not admit that her citizens were responsible for the explosion and therefore cannot assume responsibility, he said. Rosenbergs statement was made in answer to the official demand of the Ruhr occupants that Germany publicly disapprove the explosion it was announced officially.

France and Belgium also demanded that the German government promise to seek out and arrest those who plotted the explosion.

Gets Degree at Oxford

Dr. H. V. B. Bridges today received a cablegram from his son G. F. G. Bridges announcing that he had received the degree of B. C. L. at Oxford. He received the degree of B. A. last autumn. Mr. Bridges was Rhodes Scholar.