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We handle most all brands of Flour.

- Purity, jute bags \$4.40
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- 5 Crowns, jute bags \$4.40
- 5 Crowns cotton " \$4.50
- Small 24 lb. bags, all kinds, \$1.25.

FEED

- | | |
|--------------|--------|
| | Bag. |
| Corn Meal | \$2.15 |
| Cracked Corn | \$2.15 |
| Shorts | \$2.00 |
| Bran | \$1.90 |

SODA BISCUITS

- Small boxes about 5 lbs.
- Hamiltons 13c lb.
- Rankines 14c lb.
- Marvens Bulk Soda Biscuit, 15c lb, 3 lbs 40c.
- 2 lbs. Village Cake 25c.
- Also a nice line of Fancy Biscuits.

FISH

- We are selling lots of fish. Cheaper than meat.
- Salt Salmon 15c lb.
- Nice Fat Salt Herring 5c each, 55c dozen.
- Fresh Herring 6c lb.
- Fresh Cod 8c lb.
- Boneless Herring 15c lb.
- Boneless Cod . . . 15c lb.

NEW CANNED VEGETABLES

- Tomatoes 15c can
- Corn 14c can
- Peas 15c can
- CLARK'S GOODS
- Beans, plain or with sauce 13c
- Large cans 23c
- Clark's Soups 10c, 3 cans 28c.
- Aylmer Soups 10c, 3 cans 28c.

SUGAR

- We are below the market price.
- \$7.30 bag, 13 lbs. \$1.00

BEANS

- White Beans 13c qt.
- 2 qts. 25c.
- Yellow Eye Beans 20c qt.

DOMESTIC SHORTENING

- 3 lb. Pail 54c.
- 5 lb. Pail 90c.
- 10 lb. Pail \$1.75
- 20 lb. Pail \$3.20
- 1 lb. Blocks 20c.

YERXA GROCERY CO.

2 STORES

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LEADERS PAY TRIBUTE IN THE HOUSE TO THE LATE MEMBER FOR CARLETON-VICTORIA, N. B.

(From Hansard.)

Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King (Prime Minister): Before the orders of the day are called may I be permitted, Mr. Speaker, to make mention of a loss this House has sustained, and which at the moment is much in the minds of all present. For the third time, in the brief interval which has elapsed since this parliament assembled, we have been called upon to pause in the proceedings of this House and refer to the death of one of our number. The speech from the throne had just been read when we learned of the death of an hon. member from the province of Nova Scotia. At the beginning of the present week we had occasion to refer, as we reassembled after our brief recess, to the death of another honourable member, this time from Ontario. And today, ere the week is over, we are called upon to record the death of yet another of our members, an hon. member from the province of New Brunswick. All three were present with us and took their seats at the opening of the present session, the proceedings of which have only thus far little more than commenced. I do not believe that in the history of our parliament the House of Commons has been called upon to mourn in so brief a space of time the loss of so many of its members; certainly never before were like losses in its membership sustained upon the very threshold of a new parliament.

The Hon. J. K. Flemming, whose death occurred yesterday, was the member for Carleton-Victoria. He entered this parliament at the general elections of 1925 and was present through the greater part of last session, which, as is well known, was also the last parliament. He was returned again at the general elections of 1926. Though in parliament but a short time he was a conspicuous figure, having some years ago occupied the position of premier of his native province. Though faithful in his attendance in this House, his voice was not heard on more than one or two occasions, partly no doubt, because it was his first session in the federal parliament and partly due no doubt also to the ill-health from which he suffered. In the short time he was here, his kindly and pleasing personality won for him many friends among men of all parties.

The Hon. Mr. Flemming was born in Carleton county on April 27, 1868. His life was, for the most part, identified with the county of his birth and the affairs of his native province, of which, in the year 1911, he became the premier. After receiving an education at the common schools, he graduated from the Provincial Normal School and followed for a time the profession of teaching. Later he engaged in commercial and industrial pursuits. For a time he was a travelling salesman and merchant; subsequently he became actively interested in lumbering operations and the development of the lumbering industry.

Mr. Flemming was a leader of the Conservative party in the province of New Brunswick. Practically all his life he took an active interest in public affairs. He encountered at the outset two defeats in his candidature for the legislature of his province. That was in 1895 and 1899, but in a by-election in 1900 he was returned to the legislature and from that time on his rise to prominence in the affairs of his province was unbroken and rapid. He was re-elected to the legislature in 1903 and 1908. In the latter year he became Provincial Secretary and Receiver General in the cabinet of Sir Douglas (then Mr.) Hazen, and on the resignation of Sir Douglas Hazen in 1911, when Mr. Hazen entered the cabinet of Sir Robert Borden, Mr. Flemming succeeded to the premiership of the province; this position he held until the close of 1913, at which time, on account of ill-health, he resigned both the premiership and his seat in the legislature.

From 1914 until 1925, when he was nominated to contest Victoria-Carleton in the interests of the Conservative party and was returned as member to this parliament, Mr. Flemming had

practically retired from active politics. Whilst to some extent he regained his health and strength, he nevertheless suffered one or two serious illnesses during this period of retirement and hon. members who were with him in this parliament at the last session will recall that he suffered considerably at times through the impairment of his health. When, therefore, it was learned a few days ago that he had again to undergo an operation there were many who greatly feared the outcome.

May I, speaking for hon. members on this side of the House, say that we join with hon. gentlemen opposite in greatly regretting the loss which the House has sustained, and which will be particularly felt by my hon. friend the leader of the opposition and those who support him; and that we share with them the sympathy which we hope you, Mr. Speaker, will kindly convey, in the name of the Commons as a whole, to the widow and sons and daughters of our late colleague, who have been so greatly bereaved.

Conservative Leader.

Hon. Hugh Guthrie (Leader of the Opposition): Mr. Speaker, on behalf of those who sit on your left in this chamber, may I thank my hon. friend the Prime Minister (Mr. Mackenzie King) for the befitting and generous tribute which he has just paid to the memory of one whom we held in great respect, whom we held very dearly in this quarter of the chamber. I did not know the late Mr. Flemming personally until he came here for the first time about two years ago; but one was at once struck with his ability, with his kindheartedness, with his wonderful fund of information in regard to public affairs in this country. What struck me most was that even as far back as a year or two ago he seemed to have himself a realization that he was afflicted with some malady which would in the near or distant future result fatally. He told me last session that his health was rapidly failing and he did not know how long he would be able to continue. But he always exhibited patience, cheerfulness and courage, although he was well aware that the vital forces were daily growing weaker and weaker.

He was a man of outstanding ability a very able speaker, an excellent debater, a man who had risen to the highest position in his native province, and who, had he been spared in this chamber, would have proved to be one of the ablest and most useful of our membership. But during all the time that he sat in this chamber I am satisfied that he had a hard fight against the ill health which constantly pursued him. I am sure that the whole chamber will deeply regret his death. We on this side realize that we have suffered a tremendous loss. We have lost a political friend, a personal friend, and a great ally in the Conservative party.

Progressive Tribute.

Mr. Robert Gardiner (Acadia): Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the members who sit in this corner of the chamber, may I say that we desire to be associated with the message of sympathy and condolence to be expressed to the widow and other relatives of the late Mr. Flemming. We particularly in this corner did not know Mr. Flemming very well, but he always seemed to us to be very cheerful and we thought he was in fairly good health. Circumstances have decreed otherwise, and we in this corner of the chamber, as we all must, very much regret his loss. We desire, therefore, to be associated with this message of sympathy.

BEES TURNED OUT.

Belleisle, Feb. 13—During the recent warm weather the bees of some of the local apiaries were out of their winter quarters and flying about as if it were summer time, but the honey was scarce, it is presumed. This is considered a very unusual occurrence in the winter time.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Moore of Saint John are registered at the Barker House.

Here and There

Well over two hundred members of snowshoe clubs in Montreal, and other centres in Quebec, left over the Canadian Pacific lines recently to attend the annual conventions of the Canadian and U.S. Snowshoe Unions at Manchester, N.H.

Japan ranks third in world tonnage. Great Britain heads the list with an aggregate tonnage of 21,952,000 tons, the United States second with 13,740,000 tons and Japan third with 4,000,000 tons; Germany follows with 3,000,000 tons.

Nearly 100 messengers of the Canadian Pacific Telegraphs were the guests of the Company at a banquet in the Windsor Street Station banquet hall recently. The complimentary dinner was tendered to the boys as a token of appreciation of the service rendered to the company and the public in their daily delivery of telegraph messages throughout Montreal.

Immigration to Canada for the calendar year 1926 was 135,984, compared with 84,907 for 1925, a gain of 60 per cent. Of the total new arrivals 48,819 came from the British Isles; 20,944 from the United States and 66,221 from other countries. Returned Canadians in the period totalled 62,293, as against 38,987 in 1925.

Figures submitted at the annual convention of the Nova Scotia Dairymen's Association showed 27 creameries operating in the province in 1926, producing 4,764,000 pounds of butter, or an increase of 5½ per cent. over the production of 1925. The increase in value was \$423,816.

J. E. Martin, superintendent of the fish culture service of Alberta, announces that nearly 800,000 brown trout eggs have safely arrived from Wisconsin at the Banff hatchery, and that the trout, which are closely related to the Loch Leven trout, will be distributed throughout the tributaries of the Red Deer River, Alberta.

E. W. Beatty announced recently that the Canadian Pacific is to build a thousand room hotel on the site of the old "Queens" at Toronto. The new hotel will be on Front Street opposite the new Union Station which is to be opened in June, and it will be the largest and finest of the famous line of Canadian Pacific hotels, and it will be Toronto's first big modern hotel entirely owned and operated by a Canadian company.

Canada's wool production in 1926 is estimated at 17,180,270 pounds, as compared with 15,553,045 pounds in 1925. The value of the clip of 1926 is estimated provisionally at \$3,780,000, as compared with \$3,901,000 in 1925. Ontario led in production with 4,926,313 pounds, followed by Quebec with 4,850,116 pounds. Alberta led in Western Canada with a yield of 2,400,000 pounds.

New trade arrangements will be made between Canada and Cuba as a result of the visit of the Canadian Minister of Finance to that country. Canada will receive preferential treatment from Cuba and the products of that country will be admitted to Canada on terms similar to those extended to France and other favored nations. During the twelve months ended November, 1926, imports from Cuba totalled \$8,074,101 and exports to Cuba \$8,099,980.

Feted by the Governor of the State, the Mayor and many other prominent people of Columbus, Ohio, has been the experience of Sam Glode, Micmac guide of the Milford Camp in Nova Scotia, who arrived at the Windsor Station, Montreal, recently, on his return from a two weeks visit to Columbus, where he attended the convention and banquet of the League of Ohio Sportsmen. Glode is noted throughout the woods of Nova Scotia for his uncanny ability at moose calling, addressed the gathering of over 1,500 sportsmen on Canadian hunting facilities, particularly in reference to Nova Scotia.

The influence of quantity production on price is indicated by the fact that in 1913 the average daily wage paid by the Ford Motor Co. of Canada Ltd. was \$2.22 and the average price of a Ford touring car was \$750. In 1926 the average daily wage was \$6 and the average touring car price \$440.

Materials purchased in Canada during 1925 for the manufacture of Ford cars and trucks at the plant of the Ford Motor Co. of Canada Ltd. cost nearly \$15,000,000.



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- Colds Lumbago
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Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoacetic-acid ester of Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A.". While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

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There is only one genuine "ASPIRIN" tablet. If a tablet is offered as "ASPIRIN" and is not stamped with the "Bayer Cross"—refuse it with contempt—it is not "ASPIRIN" at all! Don't take chances!

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

EDISON HAS NOW LEARNED TO PLAY BRIDGE AND TALK FOOLISHLY

West Orange, Feb. 14—Having failed to don loud waistcoats with fancy buttons and gaiter tops at the age of 75, Thomas A. Edison did not surprise his associates when he began his eightieth birthday without having learned to play bridge and "talk foolishly to the ladies."

Years ago, his associates recall, the wizard said he would work until he was 75. "At 75," according to their quotation he observed, "I expect to wear loud waistcoats with fancy buttons, also gaiter tops. At 80 I will learn to play bridge and talk foolishly to the ladies. At 85 I will wear a full dress suit every evening for dinner, and at 90—well, I never plan more than 30 years ahead."

An intimate picture of the home life of the man whose inventions have made possible many of the world's giant industries was revealed today by Mrs. Edison. She described her husband as a "great tease" and "the most even man I ever saw."

Wife Calls Him Great Tease.

"If there is any point about which you are sensitive he dwells on it," she said. "He is a great tease. He will tell you what you don't like to hear."

"He is human always, just as he is in public. He is always the same. The even man I ever saw."

"He is happy in his home. He comes in and calls to me. Mr. Edison likes to have people about him. He never wants to be left alone. But he does not want to be bothered. Nor does he enter into what is going on around him. He sits at the table in the living room and reads the newspapers religiously. He reads magazines by the score. Never a novel. Once in a while he will pick up a detective story and read it in one sitting. He doesn't like games, such as cards."

William H. Meadowcroft, Mr. Edison's assistant for forty-five years, is of the opinion that the world does not understand the "interesting human side" of the man who has conceived and solved countless abstruse problems.

"They think of him as the man who made possible industries whose capital is estimated at \$15,000,000,000." Mr. Meadowcroft said today, "and not as the man who rides to work in a 1922 model Ford, like so many others employed in those industries."

Works From 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.

"He gets up about 6.30 in the morning and comes to the laboratory at 9 or 10 o'clock. Then he's at his experiments all day, quitting about 6 or 7 p. m."

But on week ends, according to those who are familiar with the Wiz-

ard's routine, Mr. Edison finds much pleasure in motoring. He takes great pleasure in guiding his chauffeur by his observations of the sun, and the works of nature and of man which he encounters on these trips absorb his interest.

With it all, in spite of the increasing impairment of his hearing and the advance of years, he has retained his keen sense of humor.

LORD HEWART WILL ADDRESS THE BAR ASS'N

Ottawa, Feb. 13—Canadian Bar Association met Saturday with every province represented. Sir James Aikens presided. The association considered reports of various committees and discussed plans for the annual meeting to be held at Toronto on Aug. 24, 25 and 26, 1927. It was announced that Lord Hewart, Lord Chief Justice of England would probably be the chief speaker at the Toronto meeting. The American Bar Association and the Bar of Paris will be invited to send representatives. The council passed a resolution urging improved accommodation for the Supreme Court of Canada and Exchequer Court. Maritime representatives present included: Hon. L. P. D. Tilley, K. C.; J. J. Fraser Winslow, K. C.; Fredericton; Hon. J. D. Stewart, K. C.; Premier of Prince Edward Island; Stuart Jenks, K. C., and H. P. McKean, Halifax.

First Carpenter—Joe, how do you make a Venetian blind?
Another—Ay, that's easy, stick your finger in his eye.

Acid Stomach

"Phillips Milk of Magnesia"

Better than Soda

Hereafter, instead of soda take a little "Phillips Milk of Magnesia" in water any time for indigestion or sour, acid, gassy stomach, and relief will come instantly.

For fifty years genuine "Phillips Milk of Magnesia" has been prescribed by physicians because it overcomes three times as much acid in the stomach as a saturated solution of bicarbonate of soda, leaving the stomach sweet and free from all gases. It neutralizes acid fermentations in the bowels and gently urges the souring waste from the system without purging. Besides, it is more pleasant to take than soda. Insist upon "Phillips." Any drugstore.