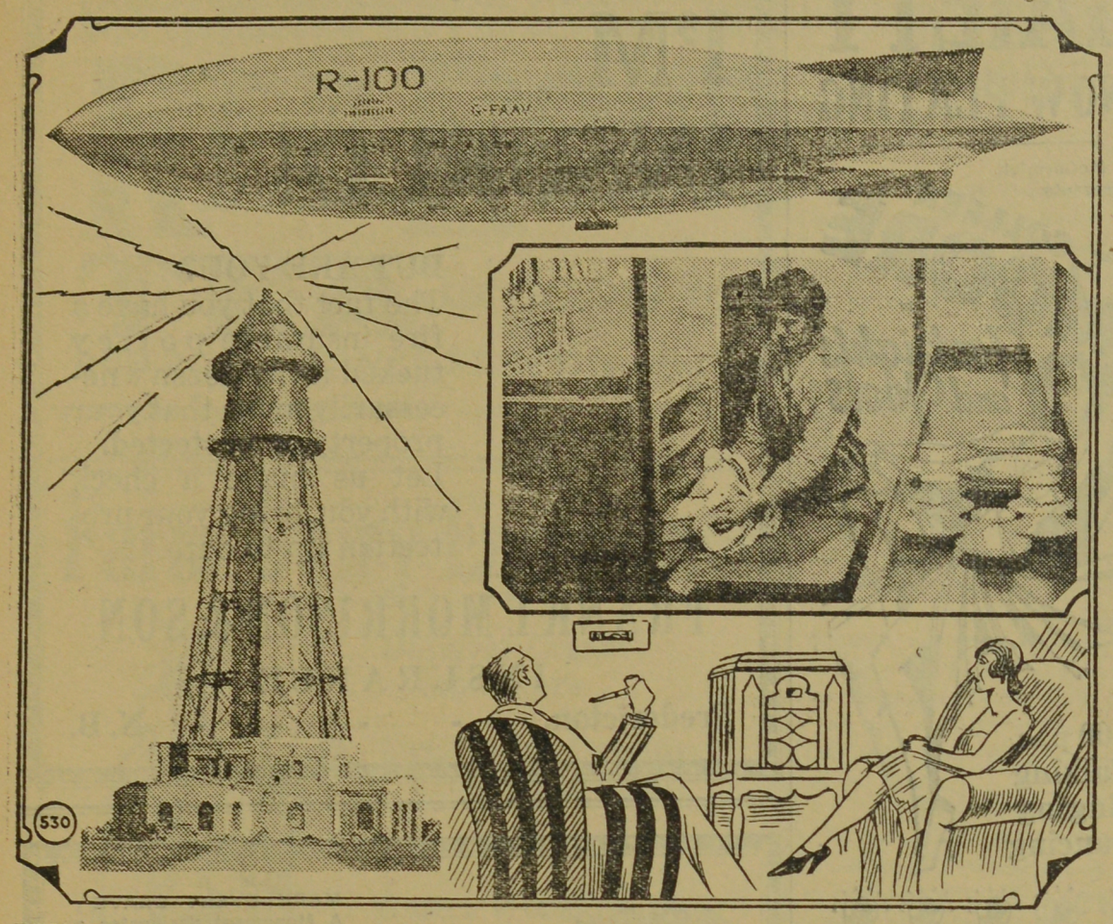
Broadcasting the R-100



When the R-100, Great Britain's huge new dirigible, arrives in the Dominion shortly, there will be no excuse for any Canadian being ignorant of her visit. The news will be broadcast throughout Canada by the Trans-Canada Broadcasting Company from coast to coast over the radio programme transmission system of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Telegraphs.

The arrangements will include a twenty-four hour service on the day of arrival and will be put out through stations in Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, London, Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, Edmonton, Red Deer, Calgary, Vancouver, Fleming and Yorkton, Sask. Messages from the airship will be broadcast as she approaches the 75-mile radius and will include a description of the mooring one of the most interesting and exciting moments in the whole programme. This will be broadcast by T. D'Arcy Finn, managing editor of the "Ottawa Citizen" as chief announcer. The broadcast of the arrival will be supplemented during the two succeeding days by bulletin services and descriptions of special events. Lay-out shows the R-100 in flight; the kitchen of the air liner, and the St. Hubert mooring mast.

COL. F. W. HILL PLACED ON THE RETIRED LIST

Military orders issued by Brigadier C. F. Constantine, D. S. O., commanding Military District No. 7, the province of New Brunswick, contain the following of local interest;

Permanent Active Militia— Col. (Hon. Brig.-Gen.). F. W. Hill, C. B., C. M. G., D. S. O., V. D., is retired to pension and is permitted to retain his rank on retirement, 20th, April, 1930.

Colonel (temp. Brigadier) (Hon. Brig.-General) F. W. Hill, C. B., C. M. G., D. S. O., V. D., relinquishes the temporary rank of Brigadier, granted by A. P. & R. No. 10 dated the 3rd. May, 1928, 31st. Jan. 1930.

7th. Machine Gun Battalion, C. M. G. C.—The period of tenure of command of Lieut. Colonel B. Smith, V. D., is extended to the 6th. May, 1931.

A real flapper is a girl who can't blush without a compact, or get a meal without a can opener.

Somehow what a man says in describing how hard he works usually has some resemblance to an alibi.

The man who is always trying to get even finds the odds against him much of the time.

A new thought is an old thought expressed by a new man in a different way.

STRAW VOTE SHOWS MAJORITY FAVORS REPEAL OF VOLSTEAD ACT IN UNITED STATES

New York, May 26—Final figures in the Literary Digest's nation-wide prohibition poll, which began in the late days of last winter, were made public last night.

Of the 20,000,000 ballots sent out, a grand total of 4,806,464 came back marked as follows:

For enforcement—1,464,098 or 30.46 per cent.

For modification — 1,464,314, or 29.11 per cent.

For repeal—1,943,052, or 40.43 per cent.

The questions asked were:

1.—Do you favor the continuance and strict enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment and Volstead law?

2.—Do you favor a modification of the Volstead law to permit light wines and beers?

3.—Do you favor a repeal of the prohibition amendment?

A majority vote for strict enforcement was registered in Arkansas, Kansas, North Carolina, Oklahoma and Tennessee. Five states gave a majority for repeal—Connecticut, Louisiana, Nevada, New Jersey and Rhode Island. The final figures show the two extremes as being neck and neck in opposite directions. That is, Kansas showed a dry vote of 57.67 per cent. while Nevada showed a wet vote of 57.61 per cent.

Thirteen states, the majority of them in the south, gave more than 40 per cent. of their votes for enfocement. They are Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Mississippi, Nebraska, North Carolina, Tennessee and Texas.

Vote For Repeal

Eighteen states registered a vote of more than 40 per cent. for repeal: Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, Wyoming and the District of Columbia.

The state of Washington was the only one to give a plurality for light wines and be receover either enforcement or repeal but states comprising nearly one-half the country cast approximately 30 per cent of their ballots for such modification.

They are: Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana. Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

The Digest in its issue today, will say:

"The harvest of votes far exceeds the fruits of all the Digest's most famous and disputed presidental polls. The Hoover-Smith poll of some nineteen million ballots brought a return of 2,767,263 votes. That was unprecedented, but it fades perceptibly in the presence of our prohibition-poll harvest of over four and three-quarter millions out of twenty millions."

SOME NEW MISSING LINK EVIDENCE HAS BEEN FOUND

New York, May 24—Freshly found evidence of a missing link, claimed to sustain Darwin's original evolution theory and put man's origin in Africa, was presented to the American Society of Mammologists yesterday.

This thing, which may have been neither human nor ape, was discussed at a symposium on gorilla, where man's differences as well as ape resemblances were cited. One share difference found By Dr. T. Wingate Todd of Western Reserve University, showed that gorillas have almost no adolescence.

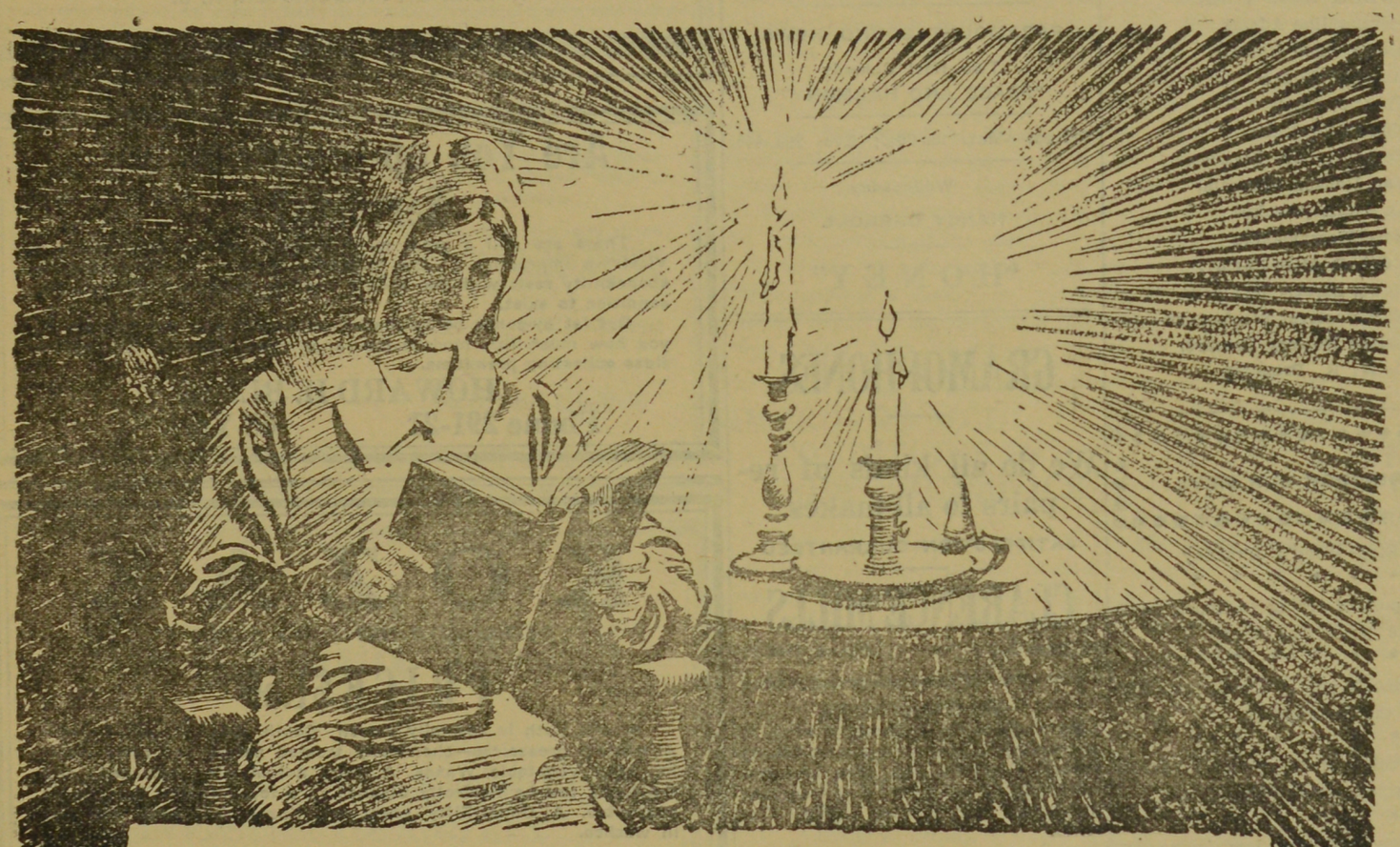
There were two schools of opinion as to when man separated from apes, if human beings originated so. One held that it took place long before the three great branches of anthropoid apes — gorillas, chimpanzees and orangs—began to differ from each other. The other side held that men appeared somewhat after the orang had split away from the two other ape tribes.

The missing link is a skull with teeth, found five years ago at Taungs, South Rhodesia, Africa. The teeth gave the clue to something new, and the study has just been completed by Raymond A. Dart, of the University of Witwatersrand, whose report was read by Dr. William K. Gregory of Columbia University.

The skull was found in a limestone cave, with indications that it was about one million years old. It may even have belonged to the much sought pliacene era, more than a million years ago, whose sail has never yet yielded fully accepted proof of human existence.

This cave was the home of baboons of a type now extinct. The skull was that of a child creature estimated at about three years. It attracted attention because brain part and fore part were slightly more voluminous than those of chimpanzees of the same age. It still bore its milk teeth, but they were difficult to examine. No Dr. Dart reports that the canine teeth of this infant, instead of being of the sharp and fang like orders, as are those of gorillas and chimpanzees, resemble teeth of human babies. Furthermore, by X-rays Dr. Dart finds that the adult canine teeth in this kind of creature were smaller than those of apes.

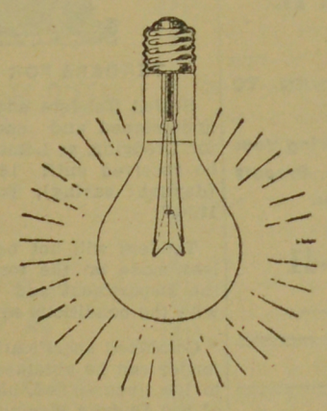
"This find," said Dr. Gregory, "tends to support Darwin's original theory and indicates that man arose in South Africa. The fossil is regarded by many scientists as the most important find yet made connecting man and the apes."



ILLUMINATION

MELLOW candle light . . . so kind to beauty, so unkind to the eyes! Yet candles were long considered to be the *ultimate* in illumination. The past century, however, brought us kerosene and the modern oil lamp, then illumination by gas. Surely these would remain supreme!

But this swift age of science finally harnessed electricity, and with an endless supply of power flowing continuously in her rivers, Canada can become the best lighted country in the world.



The Northern Electric Company manufactures the telephone and its accessories, wires and cables for the transmission of power, fire alarm systems, public address systems, talking motion picture equipment, and also distributes well-known brands of electrical household appliances of all kinds.

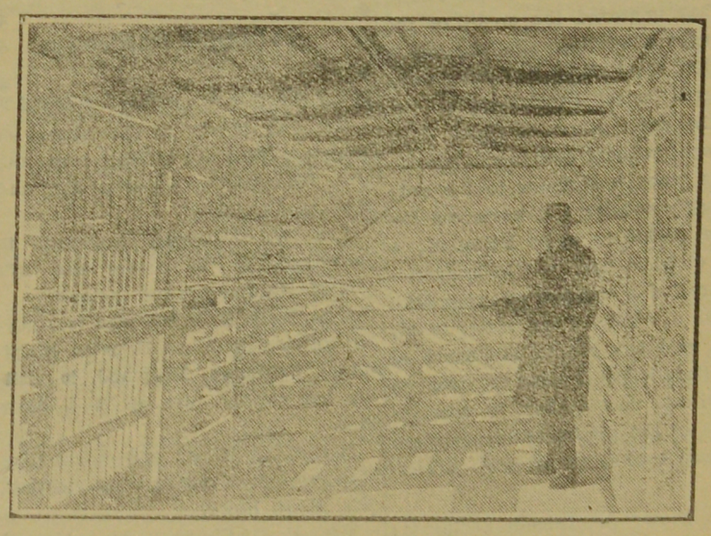
The Northern Electric organization contributes to the better lighting of the Dominion by manufacturing in its plants many of the miles of wire and cable used to convey the current from power plant to electric bulb; and by distributing through its branches, a large quantity of electric lamps and fixtures of reputable make.

Northern Electric
COMPANY LIMITED
A National Electrical Service

43 DOCK STREET
SAINT JOHN, N.B.

258

NEW TYPE OF STOCK CAR



A new improvement in stock cars has made its appearance in the Maritimes in the shape of movable partitions which enables different classes of livestock to be shipped in the same car. This does away with the erection of wooden partitions by the shipper and prevents injury to livestock from rough boards, nails, etc. A car of this type is now being demonstrated in the Maritimes by the Canadian National Railways for the benefit of livestock shippers. There are two of these movable partitions, which provides for three different classes of shipments.