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ONE CENT PER COPY

ALLIES TO DEAL FIRMLY WITH THE SITUATION IN GREECE

King Constantine is Likely To be Deposed From Throne

Feeling in London is That He Will be in Exile Within a Week
Has Brought His fate Upon Himself by Intriguing With
Kaiser, Who Urged Him to Declare War.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—The Sun this morning publishes are following from its London correspondent: "Within a week King Constantine of Greece will be an exile, deposed from his throne by the Allies, and M. Venizelos will be in charge of the Greek government. The Greek army will be disarmed. This is the expectation here.

"King Constantine has brought his fate upon himself by persistent intriguing with the Kaiser. Despite repeated warnings from the Allies, he regularly sends and receives messages from the Kaiser through neutral diplomatic sources. Some of these messages have been intercepted and are now in the hands of the Allied commanders.

"The Kaiser has urged King Constantine to declare war upon the Allies and join the Central Powers in a great campaign to sweep the Allies from the Balkans, according to a Rome wireless despatch, which says the Greeks were to attack General Sarrail's army in the rear while the Teutons attacked in great force in front."

PARIS, Dec. 9.—Artillery fighting occurred last night on the Verdun front in the region of Hill 304, the War Office announces. There were no important developments elsewhere on the western front.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—No important events occurred on the Franco-Belgian front during the night, the War Office announced today.

LISBON, via Paris, Dec. 9.—An official statement issued today by the Portuguese War Office says: "Enemy artillery opened fire on the bank of the Rovuma, the boundary between German and Portuguese East Africa. The enemy occupied the post of Maugadi, which we abandoned, our troops retiring in good order and without loss."

The Royalist Party in Greece are Making Active Preparations to Enter the War

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Chronicle has the following from George Renwick, date Piraeus, via Island of Syria, Dec. 5:

"I spent the greater part of the day in Athens and can only state that the situation is critical in the extreme. The Royalist mobilization is proceeding rapidly and strong forces are being sent north towards Larissa. Every possible warlike preparation is being made under the personal supervision of General Dousmanis, and it is extremely unlikely that peaceful counsels will prevail with the military clique, whose ardor is inflamed by German reports of Balkan victories and lavish, impossible promises from Potsdam. The Kaiser is stated to have sent a wireless message to King Constantine conveying warm congratulations and wishing him further success.

King Constantine and His Pro-German Clique are Guilty of Diabolical Treachery

"All the Allied troops having been withdrawn, the Greeks occupy all points of vantage near Athens and Piraeus. Trenches are being made everywhere and guns mounted on the surrounding heights, and strenuous efforts being made to place a strong army in the Larissa region, with the object of falling on the Allied rear in conjunction with the German-Bulgar attack from the north.

"I can state definitely that the party of treachery is still absolutely unrepentant, and further deception and tragedy are sown in every hour that passes. Every act that struggles to the light—and I have talked with numerous people who were eye-witnesses of Friday's events and who are intimately acquainted with what led up to them, brings into stronger relief the hideous treachery of which King Constantine and his pro-German clique were guilty. They were determined by a diabolical trick to trap our small forces. Of that there is not the slightest shadow of doubt."

DISASTROUS FIRE AT OTTAWA

Ottawa, Dec. 9.—Fire early this morning on Sparks street, in the centre of the down town business district, partly destroyed the old Titus block, containing a number of shops and offices, and entailing a loss of about \$100,000.

The heaviest loser is the Woolworth 15 cent store, whose stock, valued at \$30,000, is a complete loss.

Other heavy sufferers are Quinn & Giles, Ltd., druggists, \$10,000, and Walter Nixon, confectionery, \$7,000.

Others whose premises were partly burned are Harry Brouse, jewelry; Hut & Bilodeau, tailors; Horwood and Taylor, architects; J. C. Murdock, tailors, the Ottawa Jewelry Mfg. Co. and Robt. Darling & Co.

It is thought the fire originated in the basement of a jewelry store.

MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTY LIST

Ottawa, Dec. 9.—Casualties among Maritime men are as follows:

Infantry.

Wounded—J. M. Gallant, Prince Edward Island; Lance Corp. M. C. Kotts, Nine Mile River, N. S.

Artillery.

Wounded—D. M. Slipp, Woodstock, N. B.; Driver R. K. Bothwell, Prince Edward Island.

Russians Attack Teutonic Forces

Petrograd, via London, Dec. 9.—Russian troops on the northern Roumanian front attacked the Teutonic forces in the Putna region yesterday and dislodged them from two heights, the War Office announces.

They took 500 prisoners and six machine guns.

THE ENTIRE ENERGY OF THE NATION MUST BE UTILIZED

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Daily Chronicle's account of the conference between Lloyd George and the Labor leaders, says that Lloyd George told his callers that the great task, a vigorous prosecution of the war to a victorious conclusion, could only be accomplished by utilizing to the utmost the entire energies of the nation.

The whole prospects of success, he went on, depended on continued and increased output of munitions of war of all kinds and that was why labor had such tremendous responsibilities thrown upon it at the present crisis.

To Control Country's Resources.

To inquiries of the Labor representatives, Lloyd George outlined his programme, which, according to the Chronicle, "amounts practically to direct control by the state of the whole resources of the country. It is proposed to control all the industries and means of transport both by land and sea, so that the main power of the nation can be directed into such channels as may be considered best—into the production of munitions of war or into maintaining that part of our export trade which is necessary to keep up the exchanges."

THE BLOCKADE OF GREECE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—United States Ambassador Sharp, at Paris, notified the State Department today that the Allied blockade of Greece began Friday morning at 8 o'clock.

FANCY PRICE FOR HEREFORD BULL

Chicago, Dec. 9.—Fifteen thousand one hundred dollars were paid at auc-

tion here yesterday for Woodford VI, a prize Hereford bull, at the International Live Stock Exhibition.

A Mr. Camden, of Versailles, Ky., purchased the animal, declared junior champion in the Hereford division, from Col. H. Taylor, Jr.

LLOYD GEORGE TO MEET POPULAR DEMAND FOR A BUSINESS CABINET

His Cabinet Will be Non Partizan---
Balfour to Succeed Grey in the
Foreign Office---Bonar Law For
Chancellor of the Exchequer.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—There is unanimity among the political writers of the morning newspapers today as to the appointment of Andrew Bonar Law as Chancellor of the Exchequer, Arthur J. Balfour as Foreign Secretary, the Earl of Derby as Secretary of War, Walter Hume Long as Minister of the Colonies, Austin Chamberlain as Secretary of State for India, Dr. Christopher Addison as Minister of Munitions, Arthur Henderson as Minister of Labor, and Ellis J. Griffith as Home Secretary.

There is a divergence of opinion as to the appointment for the Admiralty and of one of the ministers without portfolio who is to be a member of the War Council. The two posts apparently lie between Lord Milner and Sir Edward Carson, but there is uncertainty as to which post each man will get. According to the Times, Baron Devonport will be the food controller.

Lloyd George Will Meet the Popular Demand for a Business Government

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The political events yesterday consisted of cabinet making by Premier Lloyd George and a solemn post mortem over its reign by the members of the Liberal party.

Lloyd George's cabinet will be non-partisan and will meet the popular demand for a business government. It will not be a coalition cabinet in the sense of Asquith's administration, because Mr. Asquith had the co-operation of all parties, even including practically the Irish Nationalists.

The Liberal inquest at the Reform Club decided that the old Liberal leaders will constitute an opposition party in the House of Commons, although the opposition will be one of helpful criticism rather than of hostility. The newspapers are devoting themselves to framing possible cabinets and incidentally are so wrapped up in the burning questions as to whether Lloyd George can be called a conspirator and whether a government consisting largely of men unused to politics can be as efficient as one recruited from the traditional duling class, that they give comparatively little attention to the events of the war.

News of the Selection of A. J. Balfour for the Foreign Office Came as a Great Surprise

The surprise of the day was the announcement made by Viscount Grey in the Liberal conference, that Arthur Balfour would succeed him in the Foreign Office, with Lord Robert Cecil continuing as assistant. Yesterday Lord Curzon, qualified by former service in the Foreign Office, and with a brilliant record as Indian Viceroy, was thought assured of the honor. The choice of Balfour came from a clear sky and aroused instant protest from papers which rated him as one of the aged "wait and see" school.

Bonar Law for Chancellor of the Exchequer is a popular selection as he combines business and political experience, as do few other public men. Equal approval is given to Lord Derby as head of the War Office and Dr. Addison as the Minister of Munitions, but the proposal of Sir Edward Carson for the Admiralty finds less favor.

Drastic Reforms in the Drink Problem And the Irish Question May be Undertaken

Lord Curzon will have one of the highest posts and will be leader of the government in the House of Lords. Col. Winston Churchill apparently is to remain out in the cold.

This nucleus, with a number of practical business men in other positions, is considered to make a strong showing.

Premier Lloyd George's programme is the reorganization of the country for war on a sweeping socialistic basis, and the general comment is that only a cabinet of super-men can accomplish and conduct such a revolution.

In addition to the nationalization of shipping, mines and agriculture, drastic reforms in the drink problem and the temporary settlement of the chaos in Ireland are discussed as the major tasks confronting the new administration at home.