
Notice to Advertisers.
In order to ensure changes
being made in advertisements,
copy must reach this office not
later than 9 a. m. on the day of
publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.
Maritime—Winds northeaster-
ly, fair today, showers in some
localities by Wednesday.

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FREDERICTON, N. B., TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 1916

ONE CENT PER COPY

British Airmen Made Successful Raid on the Turks

Forty Bombs Were Dropped and Considerable Damage Resulted---An Airman Single Handed Dispersed a Body of Turkish Infantry---Heavy Fighting at St. Eloi.

BERLIN, March 28 (via London).—The development of lively fighting on the Franco-Belgian front, south of St. Eloi, and also along adjacent lines, is reported by German army headquarters in today's official report.

LONDON, March 28.—A successful aerial raid on the Turkish advance base at Bir-el-Hassanah, 100 miles east of the Suez Canal, is reported in a Reuter despatch from Suez. The raid was made by British airmen on the 24th of March. Forty bombs were dropped on the Turkish camp, which was set on fire. Other bombs hit the reservoir and the buildings erected by the Turks in the last few months. One British airman routed, single-handed, a body of Turkish infantry. Descending to within 200 feet, he approached the Turks from behind and opened fire with his machine gun. The Turks fled in panic. All the aeroplanes returned in safety, having flown some 200 miles. It has become a practice of British airmen, when flying over the desert, to attack and disperse hostile patrols by spraying them with machine gun fire.

British Troops Capture Six Hundred

Yards of German Trenches at St. Eloi
(Canadian Press.)

LONDON, March 27.—“The British infantry stormed today and took first and second line German trenches along a front of 600 yards at St. Eloi,” says the British official communication issued this evening.

The text of the statement follows: “This morning, after exploding mines, infantry of the Northumberland Fusiliers and Royal Fusiliers assaulted the German salient at St. Eloi successfully, taking first and second line trenches on a front of some 600 yards. Heavy casualties are known to have been caused to the enemy and two officers and 168 men were made prisoners.” St. Eloi is just south of Ypres, and has been made famous by the gallant stand of the Princess Patricia's on May 8 last, in which the regiment fought until practically decimated.

Troopships Metegama and Lapland

Have Arrived Safely in England

OTTAWA, March 28.—It is officially announced through the chief press censor's office that the troopship Metegama, which sailed from Canada on March 11, and the troopship Lapland, which sailed on March 13, have arrived safely in England.

The Metegama had on board the following troops: Three engineering field companies, 18 officers and 676 men; three divisional companies, 50 officers and 198 men; the third divisional ammunition column, 14 officers and 544 men; reinforcements of engineers, 43 officers and 103 men; signallers, 10 officers; medical, three officers and 99 men; civilian medical practitioners for the army, 9; details, 3 officers and 5 men. Total, 105 officers and 1,625 men.

The Lapland had on board the following troops: 23rd Battalion, 40 officers, 946 men; 45th Battalion, 38 officers and 1,119 men; draft for Royal Canadian Dragoons, 3 officers and 75 men; draft for 1st Canadian Pioneer Battalion, 3 officers and 100 men; officer for R. A. M. C. I. Total, 85 officers and 2,240 men. Total troops aboard both vessels, 4,055.

French Troops Delivered a Surprise

Attack and Blew Up an Enemy Position

PARIS, March 28.—The French official statement given out this morning says there was no change in the Verdun region during the night. East of the Meuse all was calm, and to the west of the river there were some artillery squalls. There was considerable activity on the part of the opposing artillery forces to the west of the Meuse, in the region of Malancourt, as well as in the Woivre sector at the foot of the heights of the Meuse. In Lorraine, in the forest of Parroy, we delivered a surprise attack on a position of the enemy, the occupants of which were either killed or taken prisoners. In withdrawing we blew the position up. There has been nothing else of importance on the remainder of the front.

Venizelos Will Soon be Back in Power

and Will Teach King Constantine a Lesson

NEW YORK, March 28.—A special cable to the World from Messina, Sicily, says: “The treasury of Greece is absolutely empty. Athens merchants are refusing government orders without cash. Half the automobiles in the country lack fires. One regiment at Kavala and another at Saloniki mutinied and returned home against orders. The ministry is crumbling. Seaimis probably will be the next premier, but Venizelos is expected to follow him. Venizelos alone is preventing a revolution. If Venizelos becomes Premier, Greece will enter the war. The dynasty is in danger in any event. Venizelos is determined to teach Constantine a lesson. Greece again is coming under the power of Venizelos.”

New Evidence In Waite Case

New York, March 28.—Findings by the Grand Jury investigating the case of Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, have been delayed by the continuous discovery day after day of new evidence. It may be the end of the week or even later, the district attorney said today, before the jury reaches a decision.

The prosecutor has declared that he is satisfied with the evidence connecting Waite with the alleged murder of his millionaire father-in-law, John E. Peck, of Grand Rapids, Mich.

Efforts are being made now to prove that the young dentist planned and perhaps executed a more extensive criminal campaign.

Reports that Dr. Waite has made a further “confession” to his brother, Frank Waite, are confirmed by the brother, but the latter says that any announcement regarding further revelations made by the accused man must come from the district attorney.

Such an announcement is expected either this afternoon or tonight.

THE STOCK MARKET.

Quotations by J. M. Robinson & Sons given out at noon today were as follows: Air Brake, 142; Crucible, 88½; C. P. R., 168; Erie, 37½; Studebaker, 143; Reading, 86½; Union, 133½; U. S. Steel, 84½; Ames, 28; Cement, 53; Iron, 46½; Scotia, 104½; Cansler River, 8; Steel Co., 45½.

Bowman, Man., March 28.—Two Indians and their wives, who secured a large supply of liquor at Swan River last Saturday, were burned to death in their camp the same night.

THREE ARE DEAD IN A CLEVELAND APARTMENT HOUSE FIRE

(Canadian Press.)
Cleveland, Ohio, March 28.—Fire which swept through an apartment house in Prospect Avenue early today causing the death of three persons and injury to more than a score of others, was of incendiary origin, according to police and detectives.

The police were holding three men and one woman at headquarters and had established a police guard at the bedside of Bessie Reimer at the Huron Road Hospital.

“The Reimer girl is as much under arrest as any of the other four,” said Detective Farrell. “We are convinced that she knows who started the fire last night as well as a fire yesterday morning in her room.”

Nearly all of the five were involved in the white slave investigation a few days ago, following which one woman was sent to the workhouse. In this case the Reimer girl was the alleged victim.

Two unidentified men and one woman, Mrs. Ethel Seaman, were burned to death and fully a score of people were injured early this morning by the fire in the Foster apartments on Prospect avenue. The police are searching for a man who, according to the story told by Miss Bessie Reimer, entered her room on the third floor, and bound and gagged her and then set fire to the building.

GERMAN SPY MAY TELL OF CAPT. BOY-ED'S ACTIVITIES

(Canadian Press.)
New York, March 28.—Herst Von Der Goltz, alias Bridgman Taylor, who is said to have been sentenced to death in England as a spy, arrived here today on the steamship Finland from Liverpool to give evidence to the government concerning alleged conspiracies to provide German warships at sea with coal and provisions. He was brought here by two detectives from Scotland Yard, who handed him over to federal agents Scully and Adair.

According to the men from Scotland Yard, Von Der Goltz was a prisoner for some time in the Tower of London, awaiting execution, but was promised that his life would be spared if he would come to this country and tell the United States Government all he knew concerning the alleged conspiracies to commit unneutral acts.

After giving his testimony, his custodians said, he is to be returned to England, and from there is to be sent to South America under promise that he will not attempt again to enter either England, Germany or the United States.

Von Der Goltz also figured in the exposure of German activities which preceded the recall of Capt. Boy-ed, the German naval attaché in this country, and Capt. Franz Von Papen, military attaché. He was reported in cable despatches to have confessed to the British authorities that Von Papen had organized the plan for blowing up the Welland Canal last fall. He was also reported to have revealed information concerning the blowing up of the international bridge across the St. Croix river, between Maine and New Brunswick, in which Werner Horns was implicated.

Former Boxer Shot By Gunman

St. Catharines, Ont., March 28.—That the entire family of Alfred Brisson, Thorold road, was not asphyxiated by coal gas is attributed to a small pet white cat, which was brought from Detroit by Mrs. Brinn, a daughter, who came to say farewell to her brother, Alphonse E. Brisson, who is leaving on overseas duty. The little kitty climbed up on Mrs. Brinn's pillow and awakened her before she and the rest of the household were beyond recovery.

Pet Cat Saves A Whole Family

Buffalo, N. Y., March 28.—“Paddy” Lavine, a former boxer, was shot and seriously wounded early this morning. In a statement to the police Lavine said he was warned yesterday that a New York gunman had been hired to kill him. Last September Lavine was indicted on a charge of attempted murder, for the shooting of William Kennedy, a saloon keeper, but was acquitted by a jury.

Mr. E. P. Chandler, of Vancouver, is at the Queen.

PRESIDENT WILSON MAY LAY WHOLE SUBMARINE SITUATION-BEFORE CONGRESS

Is Awaiting For Definite Information Before Taking Action---Wants Positive Proof That Ships With Americans On Board Were Torpedoed.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—All evidence thus far received relating to the sinking of the steamer Englishman, and the damaging of the Sussex by explosion, with American citizens aboard, was assembled at the State Department today, ready for submission to the cabinet. President Wilson and his advisors were to go over all the phases of the situation, which is described as grave.

While all the evidence at hand indicates that the steamers were torpedoed without warning, with the probable loss of one American life on the Englishman and injuries to several Americans on the Sussex, President Wilson is awaiting with deep concern receipt of positive proof before taking definite action. It is said that he is seriously considering laying the whole submarine situation before Congress personally. He certainly would take the step, it is said, before making any move that might lead to breaking off diplomatic relations with Germany.

Ambassador Bernstorff, who has been away for several days, was due to return today, and it was expected that he would consult with Secretary Lansing over the situation.

GERMAN PIRATES HAVE SUNK 70,000 TONS OF SHIPPING IN LESS THAN A FORTNIGHT

LONDON, March 28.—Summarizing the work of the Germans since March 1, when their new programme of submarine warfare against the Entente Allies' trade began, the Daily Telegraph says they have in less than a fortnight sunk 70,000 tons of shipping, of which one-third belonged to neutrals.

The Daily Telegraph probably covers the period since the resignation of Admiral Von Tirpitz, the German Minister of the Navy, March 15. Germany's new submarine campaign went into effect on March 1st.

ANOTHER BRITISH SHIP SUNK.

LONDON, March 28.—The sinking of the British steamer Empress of Midland is reported in a Reuter despatch from Amsterdam. The steamer Croemer, from London, arrived last night at Maasuis, Holland, with all the crew of the Empress of Midland. The Empress of Midland was 2,234 tons gross and 252 feet long, and sailed from New York Jan. 5th for Cardiff, Wales. She was built in 1907 at Newcastle, and owned there.

CASUALTIES MAY REACH FIFTY.

LONDON, March 28.—The British agents of the company which operated the steamer Sussex said today the total of casualties was not expected to exceed fifty.

AIR RAID ON SALONIKI.

LONDON, March 28.—A semi-official despatch from Saloniki says that five German aeroplanes bombarded Saloniki early on Monday. As a result of the raid, 18 civilians were killed and 21 wounded, the latter including a Greek official attached to the Finance department. The Germans lost two aeroplanes, one being brought down near Lake Amotova.

THE GERMAN WAR LOAN

BERLIN, March 27 (by wireless to Sayville).—The amount of subscriptions thus far entered on the official records for the fourth German war loan is 10,667,000,000 marks. Of this total 7,106,000,000 marks are subscriptions to the loan; 1,990,000,000 marks are subscriptions to the registered loan, and 1,562,000,000 are subscriptions to treasury bonds.

FOR THE CAUSE OF HUMANITY

PARIS, March 28.—One of those taking part in the conference of the Allies, which held its first session here yesterday morning, at the ministry of foreign affairs, is quoted in the Matin as describing the unique character of the gathering.

“I have seen many conferences at which statesmen and diplomatists took part,” this delegate said. “Usually one received the impression that each person was carefully watching for an opportunity to turn to his own account the mistakes and weaknesses of the others, and to obtain the maximum advantage for the power he represented. But there was nothing of that kind at the present conference. After a few words of welcome from Premier Briand, the discussion opened and a breath of high purpose and resolve seemed to pass over the historic assembly and to touch us all deeply. We felt at every moment that a work for humanity far greater than any national aspiration, was incumbent on us and guiding us to a single end.

“The image of the enemy we must reduce was ever before our eyes. The absolute necessity for union and for sacrifices echoed in every word. There is indeed in this conference an unforgettable grandeur for those who have the honor to share in its deliberations.”