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copy must reach this office not
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The Daily Mail

WEATHER
Partly cloudy and cool today
and Thursday.

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A Great Triumph For Democrats in The U.S. Election

Governor Roosevelt Was Swept Into Office Yesterday by An Enormous Plurality. — Republicans Met With Greatest Political Disaster Since the Civil War—Only Seven of the Forty-eight States Carried by Hoover.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8—Governor Franklin Delano Roosevelt, Democrat candidate for the President of the United States, was yesterday swept into office by what is believed to be the largest plurality ever given to a presidential candidate in the world's oldest democracy. A straw vote taken a short time ago by the Literary Digest, gave him a majority in 41 of the 48 states and it looks as if it was a pretty correct forecast. President Hoover now has a majority in only seven states, and complete returns may reduce that number.

The Democrats swept the solid South and also the border states. They carried all of the eastern states except Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire and Delaware; made substantial gains in the Middle West and have apparently swept everything west of the Mississippi. It was the first time since 1892 that the Republicans met defeat while holding office. The only Democrats to hold the office of President since the Civil War, were, Grover Cleveland and Woodrow Wilson, each of whom was given a second term.

At The Biltmore

The Democratic headquarters at the Hotel Biltmore last night was the scene of unparalleled enthusiasm as the returns came pouring in. Gov. Roosevelt arrived early and was accompanied by his aged mother, his wife and members of his family. He was surrounded by a group of leading party workers including Chairman James A. Farley, of the National Committee, who predicted a clean sweep of all the states for the Democrats, former governor Al Smith, wearing his brown bowler hat, Owen D. Young and many others. Outside an enormous crowd had gathered and as the bulletins continued to show different states piling up the Democratic majorities, enthusiasm knew no bounds. As one party leader exclaimed, "It is the greatest disaster that has overtaken the Republican party since the Civil War."

Captured New York

Not only did Governor Roosevelt carry the great state of New York by a record majority to which the city was the largest contributor, but this state elected Herbert Lehman for governor over "Wild Bill" Donovan and Judge O'Brien to the mayoralty. In 1928 Al Smith with the support of Tammany carried New York by 450,000 majority, but the up-state vote gave Hoover the lead. This time Roosevelt carried the city by over 800,000 and the state by 600,000. The loss of New York was conceded by the New York Herald-Tribune, a Republican organ and also by Donovan, the Republican candidate.

In Massachusetts

The early returns from Massachusetts showed Hoover in the lead but Roosevelt soon overcame it and has carried the state. Governor Ely, the Democratic Governor who placed Al Smith's name in nomination at the Chicago convention, was re-elected by a large majority.

Returns Broadcast

Elaborate arrangements for broadcasting the election returns were made by the Associated Press and the National Broadcasting Company, which operated its New York stations on a frequency of fifty thousand watts. During the evening noted jour-

nalists such as Arthur Brisbane, editor of the Hearst papers, Col. Knox, of the Chicago News and George Parker, editor in chief of Howard-Schicks papers, gave brief comments on the election before the microphone. Each took occasion to express confidence that the American people would meet the changed situation in the proper spirit. Mr. Brisbane in his remarks paid a tribute to Roosevelt, and in referring to the Volstead Act, stated that something more dignified than beer would be needed to solve the problems of the nation.

City Went Wild

In the vicinity of Times Square a cheering crowd of over one hundred thousand people gathered to watch the press bulletins and did not disperse until early this morning. Similar demonstrations took place in other sections of the city, and in fact all over the United States. The Democratic voters, men and women simply went wild with joy over the unprecedented success of their candidates at the polls. Never did the old party ever have such chance for a noisy demonstration and made the most of it.

Belated returns from the Pacific coast states today show continued Democratic gains. In the contest of 1928 not a western or middle western state gave a Democratic majority and the Republicans even made a break in the hitherto solid South. On the basis of returns now in the Democratic plurality may be between six and eight millions.

Norman Thomas, the Socialist candidate polled 225,000 votes in New York city and made large gains in other sections of the country.

CARRIED BAY STATE

Boston, Nov. 8—Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt led President Herbert Hoover in Massachusetts by a large plurality on the basis of reports in today's United States election from more than half the state. The unofficial vote in 922 of the 1,707 precincts in Massachusetts was:

Hoover 311,538
Roosevelt 380,115

WON THE FIFTH VICTORY SINCE THE CIVIL WAR

Grover Cleveland and Woodrow Wilson Were the Only Other Victorious Democrats Since 1861.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 8—Democrats have wrested the presidency from the Republican party but five times since Abraham Lincoln was elected 72 years ago.

In that time but two Democrats have occupied the White House. They were Grover Cleveland and Woodrow Wilson.

Cleveland was elected in 1884 to break a Republican succession that had lasted from Lincoln through Ulysses S. Grant, Rutherford B. Hayes and James A. Garfield. Cleveland was defeated by Harrison in 1888 but turned the tables to defeat Harrison in 1892.

Following Cleveland the Republicans won the succeeding elections with William McKinley, Theodore Roosevelt, and William Howard Taft. The succession of Warren G. Harding, Calvin Coolidge and Herbert Hoover followed the eight-year tenure of Wilson.

Similarly the Democrats have controlled both Houses of Congress but eight times in 72 years. While the period is exactly equivalent to that in which they controlled the executive branch of the government the two were by no means concurrent.

Won Both Houses

In 1878 during Hayes' term they won both Houses only to lose them when Garfield was elected. From 1882 to 1888, they controlled the House but although Cleveland was in the Presidency, could not gain the Senate. Not until he was elected the second time did Cleveland have both Houses with him. In the midst of the term the Republicans won both houses back again.

Woodrow Wilson had both House and Senate of his own party from 1912 to 1916 but in the later year Republicans regained the House and in 1918 the Senate was divided 48 Republicans, 47 Democrats, one independent.

Congress has been split politically nine times since 1890. On eight of those occasions Democrats controlled the House while Republicans held the Senate. Only in 1918 did the Democrats have the Senate without the House.

WELCHPOOL TO HONOR NEW PRESIDENT

Welchpool, Campobello Island, N. B., Nov. 8—Residents of this village, where Franklin Delano Roosevelt has a summer home, plan a torch-light procession tomorrow night in honor of his election as President of the United States.

Although Mr. Roosevelt has not visited Welchpool for some years, members of his family have spent several weeks here during each summer of recent years, and he is well remembered by village residents, who found him friendly and congenial.

Most of Mr. Roosevelt's earlier summers were spent on Campobello Island. His wife was here a short time this year and a son, James, was married at Welchpool two years ago.

ROOSEVELT ATE HAM AND EGGS, AND RETIRED

Will Hurry Back to Albany to Complete His Job

BUSY TIME AHEAD
Received Joyful News At The Hotel Biltmore

(Special to the DAILY MAIL by the British United Press)

New York, N. Y., Nov. 9—Franklin D. Roosevelt, listened to report of a Democratic landslide as he ate an early morning breakfast of ham and eggs and went to bed early today with the announcement that he would have to hurry back to Albany and get on the job as Governor of New York.

I have work to do on the state budget, he said, that will keep me busy for the next few days. "I'm not President yet."

The victorious candidate received the returns at the Democratic headquarters at the Hotel Biltmore in this city, where he was overwhelmed with messages of congratulations.

O'BRIEN WON IN N. Y. CITY

New York, Nov. 8—Surrogate John P. O'Brien was elected Mayor of New York by a plurality of 616,736 on the basis of complete returns tonight, breaking the record James J. Walker set with a 500,000 margin in 1929. Mr. O'Brien, Judge of the Surrogate Court and the Tammany nominee, defeated Lewis H. Pounds, the Republican, by better than half a million votes but he trailed the leaders of his ticket by 300,000. Nevertheless, Mr. O'Brien made a vigorous campaign to win the rich prize abandoned by "Jimmy" Walker in the midst of "ouster proceedings."

MID-WEEK MARKET

There was a small mid-week market this morning. It was largely composed of meats and chicken with a scattering of vegetables. There was also a good supply of wood. Prices remained about the same with eggs continuing to sell high.

Price list:
Eggs—40c. doz.
Butter—20c. lb.
Veal—6 and 8c. lb.
Pork—7 and 9c. lb.
Lamb—10 and 15c. lb.
Chicken—20 and 25c. lb.
Squash—2c. lb.
Pumpkin—2c. lb.
Honey (Bees)—25c. jar.
Potatoes—\$1.00 bbl.
Carrots—15 c. peck.
Parsnips—15 c. peck.
Cabbage—5c. head.
Cauliflowers—10c. head.
Country sausages—20c. lb.
Apples—\$1. to \$2.50 bbl.
Wood—\$8. cord.

To Make T. B. Test

It is announced from Ottawa that the work of testing dairy cattle for tuberculosis at points in the counties of York and Sunbury, northeast of the St. John river, will begin next week, and be completed within one month. The test will be carried out by officials of the Federal Department of Agriculture.

No Change Today

There was no change in the condition of Dr. Hedley V. B. Bridges, principal of the Provincial Normal School at his home in George Street this afternoon. He is seriously ill with pleurisy. His son G. F. C. Bridges of Moncton and H. F. G. Bridges of Campbellton, are at their father's bedside today.

One of the Greatest Landslides in the History of Nation

Governor Roosevelt is Now Assured of 461 Votes in the Electoral College—Has Now a Plurality of Over Four Million Votes—Will Control Congress and Senate.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Nov. 9—Franklin D. Roosevelt, Governor of New York, has been elected the President of the United States by one of the greatest landslides in history. The same landslide which carried the Democratic nominee to the White House swept a Democratic majority into both Houses of Congress and returned Democratic governors in State after State.

At 10 a. m. today Roosevelt had a plurality of more than four million votes over President Hoover. The vote at that hour was:

Roosevelt (Democrat) 14,217,415
Hoover (Republican) 10,027,726
Norman Thomas (Socialist) 315,666

461 Electoral Votes

The vote for the Socialist Thomas could not necessarily be considered a measure of his strength as it was believed that in many states his vote was recorded in the early count. Gov. Roosevelt surpassed the victory four years ago of Hoover over Alfred E. Smith. He was assured 461 electoral votes from 41 States, with the probability he would have 11 more from Kentucky, where the "honest election law" delayed the count. In 1928 Hoover carried 40 States with an electoral vote of 444.

THE MARTELL REPORT HAS BEEN TABLED

Ottawa, Ont., November 8—Declining to make a finding with respect to the incapacity of Judge L. H. Martell, County Court Judge of District No. 4, Nova Scotia, whose conduct he inquired into last July, Mr. Justice J. A. Chisholm has rendered his report to the Privy Council. That report was tabled in the House of Commons today.

In it, Mr. Justice Chisholm traverses the nature of the complaints made against the Judge and analyses the evidence presented at the various hearings. The report takes the form of a summary of this evidence, without any recommendation "one way or the other, as to the condition of Judge Martell's mind."

Reviewing the report, the Minister of Justice, on his part, expresses the opinion that Judge Martell, "abused his position and impaired the administration of justice with which he was entrusted." The Minister recommends that the Judge be removed from his office, a recommendation which the Privy Council approved.

Completing Work

Twenty Indians will be put to work tomorrow on the new Indian reserve at Devon, on the new railway crossing. The work of painting, and building the new houses is now completed, and they are almost ready for occupancy. One family has already been removed by the Indian officials. The opening of the new highway through what was formerly the Devon baseball field, will be in the near future. The duty of grading and rolling the ground in the vicinity of the houses is now being done. The work is in charge of B. J. Griffith, Indian agent of this locality.

THE PREMIER STANDS FOR SOUND MONEY

Ottawa, Nov. 8—The recent loan of \$35,000,000 secured by the Government from the banks on two-year notes at four per cent., was in accordance with the idea that an easing of money is "highly desirable" in the interests of business recovery, Prime Minister R. B. Bennett told the House of Commons today. So far as he was aware, the Prime Minister said, "the best and most conservative opinion throughout the world, is committed to this idea. Such is certainly the case in Great Britain and the United States."

The Prime Minister made his statement on this subject in reply to a question raised by H. E. Spencer (U. F. A., Battle River).

While he felt the Government was quite justified in joining with other countries in the adoption of monetary measures designed to encourage recovery, any broad action along this line was unnecessary, Mr. Bennett said, and he reiterated his previous declaration that, "this country will not depart from the established principle of sound money."

Easier credit conditions meant, if anything, improvement in the market for gilt-edged bonds, Mr. Bennett said, and he expressed himself as of the opinion that the present opportunity to purchase Dominion Government bonds on a 4½ per cent. basis might not present itself again for a long time. There were no more temporary loans to redeem and the next maturity is in August, 1933.

A furnace pipe, overheating was the cause of a fire which broke out at two o'clock this afternoon. Little damage was done before the firemen put out the blaze. The fire occurred at the residence of Roland Holyoke, Regent Street.