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 Maritime: Moderate winds, mostly east and south, some light snow or sleet, rising temperature.  
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## BRITISH RENEW THE ATTACK AND MAKE GAINS ON THE ANCRE

### Generals of Allied Powers Have Been in Conference

**Noted Commanders Met at Army Headquarters---British Win Further Successes in German East Africa---Germany Is Now in the Grip of Winter.**

PARIS, Nov. 18.—A military conference of generals of the Allied powers was held at the French army headquarters Thursday at the same time that the political conference was being held at Paris. Sir Douglas Haig and General Sir William Robertson represented Great Britain; General Galitzin, Russia; General Porro, Italy; General Rudeano, Roumania; General Racbitch, Serbia; General Nagai, Japan, and General Joffre and General Castlenau represented France.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Further spirited fighting, the outcome of which was favorable to the British, has taken place in the campaign for the clearing of German East Africa, according to a unofficial announcement today.

After the recent attack by the Germans on Gominji, the bulk of their force, says the statement, moved southward and invested a small British post at Malangali. Failing in their efforts to capture it, a British relief column arrived and defeated the besiegers, killing and capturing some of them and forcing the rest to retreat, and taking booty.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Paris reports that a despatch has been received from Rome that the United States has joined with the Vatican and Spain in a joint protest to Germany respecting the Belgian deportations.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Germany is in the grip of winter, the Exchange Telegraph Company's Berne correspondent reports. Several trains from Berlin are snowbound near the Swiss frontier where extreme cold prevails.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—The first snow of the season began falling tonight in Paris, and also on some parts of the battle front. Freezing weather has replaced the humid rainy season along the whole western fighting area. Temperatures today were from 5 to 12 degrees Fah. below freezing.

### New Food Regulations Have Given the British Board of Trade Wide Powers

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The official Gazette publishes an order in council providing new food regulations which follow those which Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, announced in the House of Commons several days ago would probably be put into effect.

An important provision is one empowering the Board of Trade to requisition stocks of food on such terms as the Board of Trade may direct, the amount of compensation payable in default of an agreement as to price to be determined by a single arbitrator, who must take into consideration the cost of production and a reasonable profit, but without necessarily considering the market price.

The provisions of the regulations give the Board of Trade very wide powers, even authorizing the Board to delegate its power with respect to any particular article of commerce to any other government department.

### Rheims Merchant Who Sold Wine to the German Emperor is Severely Punished

CHALONS-SUR-MARNE, Nov. 18.—A wine merchant of Rheims named Goulden has been convicted by the court martial of the Sixth Region of shipping 360 cases of champagne, valued at 42,000 francs, to the German Emperor, by way of Buenos Aires.

Goulden, who was the Emperor's champagne merchant before the war, has been sentenced to five years imprisonment and a fine of 20,000 francs, and the loss of civil rights for ten years.

### Intrepid French Aviator Has Gone to England to Try and Bring Down a Zeppelin

PARIS, Nov. 18.—The newspapers here say that Sub-Lieut. Nugesser, of the French aviation service, has gone to England to try to bag a Zeppelin in case there are more raids on London. Lieut. Nugesser has brought down seventeen German aircraft, including every type except a Zeppelin.

He has been excused from military service because of a wound, so his trip to England is purely voluntary. He is one of the best known of the French airmen.

### MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTY LIST

Ottawa, Nov. 18.—Casualties among Maritime men are reported as follows:

**Infantry.**  
 Killed in action—Lieut. G. M. Sylvester, New Glasgow, N. S.  
 Previously reported wounded and missing, now killed in action—Boyd Nichol, Glenlivet, N. B.  
 Previously reported missing, now officially a prisoner of war—Angus McDougal, New Waterford, N. S.  
**Artillery.**  
 Wounded—Driver Hugh Morrison, New Waterford, Sydney.  
**Engineers.**  
 Wounded—Sapper John Morrison, New Glasgow, N. S.

### Peculiar Story About a Steamer

St. Johns, Nov. 18.—The disappearance of the steamer Florizel furnished a puzzle for mariners last night. The Florizel, well known along the Atlantic coast as a freight and passenger carrier, put into Bellefleur, Conception Bay, last night to take on a load of iron ore. In passing the dock she was somewhat damaged from striking the pier, and later backed out into the harbor for an hour.

During the night the steamer disappeared and was still unsighted tonight. Along the water front much anxiety was felt regarding her, as she had a crew of 35 men. It was thought possibly that in her bad condition she had been carried seaward with the awful wind, while there were not lacking some shipping men who believed she had foundered.

A subsequent despatch says that the missing ship is not the Red Cross liner Florizel. The latter craft was recently at Halifax and is now en route to New York.

Miss Greta Macnutt has returned from a visit of several weeks spent with her uncle, Dr. Fletcher, in New York city.  
 Mrs. Baker, of Halifax, is visiting Mrs. Geo. Taylor at The Gables.

### FIGHTING ON THE ANCRE RESUMED BY BRITISH

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Renewing their attacks near the Ancre river, on the French front, the British last night made further gains, it is announced officially. Advances were made northeast of Beaumont Hamel and north of Beaucourt. The announcement follows:

"We advanced our position northeast of Beaumont-Hamel and pushed out further north of Beaucourt. Beaumont-Hamel and Hebuterne were heavily shelled by the enemy."

#### On the Macedonian Front.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—On the Macedonian front east of the river Cerna yesterday, the Serbians captured eight hundred yards of trenches, the War Office announces. They also stormed Hill 1212 in the Cerna Bend, northwest of Iven.

The French made progress in the direction of Monastir, reaching the outskirts of Kanena.

The statement says that in the fighting with the Serbians the Germans and Bulgarians sustained heavy losses at Kanena, five miles south of Monastir.

#### On the Somme Front.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—A strong German detachment attempted last night to reach one of the French trenches at Biaches, on the Somme front. The War Office announced today that the attackers were repulsed.

In yesterday's fighting six German aeroplanes were shot down.

#### Allied Airman Dropped Bombs on Munich.

Munich, Nov. 18 (via Amsterdam and London).—An unofficial statement issued here today says:

"An enemy airman appeared over Munich at one o'clock this afternoon and dropped seven bombs, causing only slight material damage and no casualties."

### SIR ROBERT BORDEN ADDRESSED NEW YORK LAWYER'S CLUB TODAY

**Declares That Canada is Determined to Do Her Part in the Great War---Will Maintain Friendly Relations With The United States.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Sir Robert Laird Borden, Premier of Canada, spoke at a luncheon in his honor at the Lawyers' Club in this city today. Discussing the influence of the European war on Canada, he cited the determination of his countrymen to carry their part in the great conflict through to the end. The friendly relations between Canada and the United States were based on the idea of an ultimate scheme of self mastery among the nations of the world to prevent war.

"It is true there are tariffs," said the Premier, "but during the past decade we have manifested our neighborly spirit by purchasing your products to the extent of \$300,000,000. I should also add that we paid for them; and as a final proof of our friendship we have recently borrowed from you \$125,000,000 of the sum thus paid. We have exchanged immigrants both in the east and in the west."

### CITIZENS OF CANADA AND U. S. HAVE DEVELOPED A RECIPROCAL GOOD WILL WHICH HAS NO PARALLEL

"The arrows of the little winged divinity shoot ceaseless across the frontier. In short, the citizens of these two neighboring and kindred commonwealths have developed a reciprocal understanding, good will and respect so complete that it would be difficult to find a parallel in history."

He appealed to the lawyers to recognize the field that was open to the bar of a great neutral nation in helping to defend international law and right in such terms that by them the peace of the world might be maintained. He said the nations have been brought so close together that there is a certain community of national life throughout the world. As the establishment and enforcement of laws within an organized civilized community depend in their final analysis upon the will of the people and upon public opinion within that community, so the enforcement of public rights through organization of the nations prepared in advance must also depend upon the public opinion of the world.

### SIR ROBERT HOPES FOR A WORLD WIDE TRIBUNAL WHICH WILL RESTRAIN AN OUTLAW NATION

Upon the advance and development of that opinion must rest the hopes of those who look for a world tribunal backed when necessary by world-wide force for the restraint of an outlaw nation. Many voices admonish us that all this is idealistic and visionary, that the standards, conceptions and purposes of our present civilization forbid the realization of any such ideal, that there must be the death of this era and the birth of a new before humanity shall attain to so much self-mastery.

All conjecture is idle, but to me it is certain, as my own expectation, that modern civilization will ultimately disintegrate and perish if it fails to achieve this idea.

### CANADA WILL NOT WAVER OR FALTER, NO MATTER HOW GREAT A SACRIFICE MAY BE ENTAILED

"I have some just claim to know the spirit of my countrymen and I most solemnly affirm that among us there was absolutely no thought of aggression or attack on any nation. In this the spirit of our Dominion exemplified that of the whole Empire."

"We in Canada were entirely masters of our own destiny; but, just as in the Motherland, when the hour struck, there was no wavering and no waiting, so in Canada the decision was never for a moment in doubt. Our resolve is as fixed and unshaken today as at the first, and whatever loss or sacrifice we may still have to bear, we will not waver or falter."

### THE POPE IS ACTING INDEPENDENTLY.

ROME, Nov. 17, via Paris, Nov. 18.—A semi-official denial has been issued that the Vatican has taken a joint action with the United States regarding a protest to Germany over the deportations of Belgians. The Vatican is trying to prevent these deportations, but its action is entirely independent.