

CITY OF FREDERICTON

Notice of Sale of Lands

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to the provisions of the City of Fredericton Assessment Act, 1926, there will, for the purpose of satisfying taxes assessed and levied in the said City of Fredericton, for the years mentioned hereunder, against the parties hereinafter named, unless the several sums due, together with the costs of this notice, are sooner paid, be sold at Public Auction in front of the City Hall, in the City of Fredericton, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of the 23rd day of September A. D. 1933 the lands and premises in the said City of Fredericton, hereunder mentioned and set opposite their respective names.

Property to be sold	Name of person assessed	Arrears for years	Total due
A lot on west side Camperdown Alley, 39 ft. on alley, 70 ft. deep.	Harry E. Beatty	1930-1931-1932 Interest	257.41 28.91
Lot on west side University Avenue in block between George and Charlotte Sts. 50x100.	Estate Geo. W. Clark	1930-1931-1932 Interest	208.12 22.83
Lot on East side of University Avenue, inside land, 229 feet from Avenue 62x87-5 in.	W. C. Clark	1930-1931-1932 Interest	30.64 3.05
Lot on south side of Queen Street above Regent Street 49x169	F. B. Coleman Estate	1930-1931-1932 Interest	1915.00 216.35
Lot on North side of Charlotte Street below the Railway Track	Ernest Ryan	1929-1930-1931-1932 Interest	393.44 61.16
2 Lots on east side of University Avenue, between Shore and Lansdown Streets....	Wm. Shore Estate	1927-1928-1929-1930-1931-1932 Interest	228.53 43.30

Dated the 15th day of July, A. D. 1933.
FRED I. HAVILAND,
City Treasurer of the City of Fredericton.

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Bought, Sold and Quoted

MARGIN ACCOUNTS ACCEPTED
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FREDERICTON, N. B.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT MAKES
APPEAL TO THE NATION FOR
SHORTER WORKING HOURS

Washington, July 24— President Roosevelt tonight called upon all employers in the United States to put into immediate effect the voluntary code to shorten working hours and elevate wage levels.

Summoning the country to a quick attack upon the depression Mr. Roosevelt in a talk to the people announced his purpose to keep posted in the post office of every town a roll of honor "of all those who join with me."

"I ask," he said, "that even before the dates set in the agreement which we have sent out, the employers of the country who have not already done so—the big fellow and the little fellows—shall at once write or telegraph me personally at the White House expressing their intention of going through with the plans."

Praises Efforts

Praising the co-operation so far given to the attempt for American industry to spread work and increase wages, the president said he recognized that a few men might try to thwart "this great common purpose by seeking selfish advantage." He noted there are adequate penalties in law to meet this but he urged instead a voluntary co-operation and announced this would be the only instrument used "in this great summer offensive against unemployment."

The president expressed his belief that the people would mobilize the great force of American public opinion behind the plan to divide work and to give all living wages.

"The essence of the plan," he explained, "is a universal limitation of hour of work per week for any individual by common consent and a universal payment of wages above a minimum, also by common consent."

Explains Program

In his third talk to the country since his inauguration, the president analyzed the full program which Congress gave him the power to carry through.

He said the credit of the nation had been maintained by balancing the budget. The credit of the individual, he said, was being maintained by restoring the purchasing power of the dollar and by the Home Loan Act, the Farm Loan Act and the Bankruptcy Act. He assured there would be no "smell of the pork barrel" in administration of the \$3,300,000,000 public works program.

Turning to the task of building a "more lasting prosperity," he said, "we cannot attain that in a nation half boom and half broke." Two things, he declared must be done to find better days; first improvement of the prices of farm products; second, "bringing back industry along sound lines."

Mr. Roosevelt expressed confidence that farm conditions were improving and would continue so under operation of the Farm Act.

Grain Dealers Warned

Washington, July 24—In a warning to put their own house in order or the government would reform grain market practices, the United States farm administration informed the grain trade today that it did not recognize that the present trading regime "has any Divine right to handle the farmer's products."

George N. Peck, chief administrator of the Farm Act, issued the warning at a conference of representatives of the grain industry shortly before they took steps to explore the possibilities of establishing a code of competition under which stringent regulations covering commodity marketing would be established.

Peck and other administrators, aroused over the recent sharp rise and fall in wheat, corn and other grain prices, expressed the intention of taking the initiative in "reforming grain marketing practices" unless the exchanges obtain results by mutual agreement.

Seek Agreement

Committees representing grain exchanges, terminal elevators and country elevators opened the effort to draft an agreement by beginning special studies to determine the possibilities of each for application of a code that would be submitted under either the Adjustment Act or National Recovery Act or both.

Three of the chief provisions con-

sidered for insertion in the code proposed regulations to:

Establish permanent limits on daily fluctuations in grain prices to prevent precipitous rises and falls in quotations.

Increase margin requirements of traders to discourage "speculation on a shoestring."

Setting maximum limits on the volume of grain involved in contracts for future delivery held by an individual, aimed to prevent what Secretary Wallace of the agricultural department described as "manipulation of the market."

Peck's Position

Peck took the position that the exchanges should take the initiative in any action to improve the methods of grain marketing. "I want to emphasize to everyone connected with the grain trade the necessity that you put your own house in order, where it needs to be put in order."

"We are not going to undertake to superimpose something on the grain trades until after they have had an opportunity to work out their problems themselves. If this is not done, promptly, however, I will make no promises."

"An attempt will be made to meet that situation. Abuses exist in the grain trades. The trades, acting as the marketing medium for the farmers, should correct these abuses. If they do not succeed, then the government will act."

"We conceive it to be the government's function to protect any group which is unable to protect itself. I know of no industry other than farming which has nothing to say about the price received for its product. I understand why this is true but I do not understand why it should be allowed to remain true. Perhaps I should be enlightened."

ONE VOTE CAST

Higuera, Spain, July 25— This town of 3,800 doesn't care much about suffrage. In an election to name ten councilmen, only thirty five came to the polls, and they all cast blank ballots. In the re-election only one vote was cast.

What we want to know is how a chiropodist would deal with corn on the cob.

NEW MARYLAND
BEARS GETTING
VERY SOCIABLEA Family of Three Visit
the Home of Councillor
Kirk and W. H. McNally,
Parish Clerk, Is In
Quest of Direct Relief.

New Maryland bears are said to possess more intelligence than the ordinary species of *Ursus Americanus* common to the Miramichi and other districts. They seem to keep tab on what is going on and know when to embark on a wandering raid or make a social call with every degree of safety. It is not surprising therefore, that a family consisting of a mother bear and two husky cubs inspired by hunger must have learned in some way that Thomas O'Leary of New Maryland who had achieved fame as a trapper of bears, in his parish, had gone to the happy hunting grounds, leaving the coast clear and that the parish was not on direct relief, and apparently possessed an abundant food supply, wandered forth on Sunday evening and visited the premises of W. H. McNally, the parish clerk, and Coun. W. E. Kirk.

Mr. McNally was first honored and on prowling about near his barn the bears discovered a quantity of refuse meat which Mr. McNally had procured for fox feed. After feasting on this the bears repaired to the premises of Coun. Kirk, but not finding anything in the way of eatables, as Coun. Kirk is not a fox rancher, but, notwithstanding the low price of milk, specializes on dairying, they ambled back to their forest home. Mr. McNally saw and heard the animals as they were departing from his premises and promptly notified Coun. Kirk. The latter armed himself with a rifle and sallied forth a mighty hunter, but failed to get a glimpse of the bears.

Earlier in the evening some children passing the home of Mr. McNally heard the bears growling over their feast, but did not see them. Naturally the visit of three bears in quest of direct relief has created considerable stir in the neighborhood and an armed posse was on guard last night ready to give them a surprise party should they wander back again. Several steel traps were also set in likely places, but reports today indicate that the animals are still alive.

According to Jake the Barker, he was threatened by, his kidnappers and had a close shave.

M. F. F. A. A. Elected
Officers for Year

(continued from page 8)
ably feature the next preparations. Chief Karl Walker, of the Fredericton Fire Department, addressed the meeting at the opening and extended a warm welcome to the Association.

Has Grown Larger

The M.F.F.A.A. was organized in Truro in 1921 primarily to handle Firemen's Tournaments. Since then, when only a few departments had become members, the association has grown by leaps and bounds until at present there are nearly one thousand firemen of the maritimes who are members. About one third of that number have become members during the past year.

Storm Caused
Heavy Damage

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The New Brunswick Telephone lines received no damage of moment although connections were bad in some rural districts for a brief time. None of the lines were down, however.

Barn Burned

A barn at Victoria Mills, owned by the Fraser Co. Ltd., was struck by lightning around eight o'clock and was completely destroyed. Damage was estimated at between four and five hundred dollars.

Fortunately there was no live stock of any kind in the barn and the only loss beside the building was the hay which had been stored there. Efforts to extinguish the fire were unavailing.

Heaviest Storm

The storm was the heaviest of the season and the worst that has been experienced in this locality for some time. The heavy thunder and the lightning was far out of the ordinary and the rain came down almost literally in "bucket falls."

The storm followed the Nashwaak Valley from the Miramichi to the city and beyond. From reports gathered today the storm also visited several parts of the north and the east coast.

No Change

There is no change today in the condition of Mrs. Raymond Currie who is seriously ill at her home on Westmorland St.

Mrs. Bessie Mintz of Detroit, Mich., is on a visit to the city and is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Hagerman, Charlotte Street.

Harry (Dutch) Irvine of the staff of the St. John Telegraph-Journal is here in his capacity of able seaman on one of the boats of the Royal Kennebecasis Yacht Squadron.



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