

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS
In order to ensure charges copy must reach this office not later than 9 a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

WEATHER
Cloudy today and most of Saturday. Some light snow or rain.

VOL. XXXIX, NO. 40

FREDERICTON, N. B., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1933

Two Cents Per Copy

Tokio Government Defers Action on League Withdrawal

Extraordinary Meeting of the Cabinet Adjourns Without Reaching a Conclusion—Three - Hour Session Held Behind Closed Doors — Warlike Preparations Continue.

(Special to The Daily Mail by the British United Press)

TOKIO, Feb. 17—Final action on the expected authorization for Japanese withdrawal from the League of Nations was deferred until tomorrow when an extraordinary meeting of the cabinet adjourned tonight without reaching a conclusion.

The cabinet adjourned at 7 p.m. after a three-hour session behind closed doors. The session will be resumed tomorrow, it was announced.

The Geneva delegation at the League of Nations will probably be called home and may return by way of the United States.

Troops on the Move

MUKDEN, Feb. 17—Warlike activities continued along the border of Jehol Province, and large bodies of troops are on the move day and night. It looks as if a big battle was imminent.

RAILWAY BILL AGREED TO BY COMMITTEE

The Amendments Are of a Minor Nature—Basic Principles Remain Untouched.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 16—Retaining intact all the chief features of the Duff Report, the railway bill as it emerged from the Senate Railway Committee today reflected only minor amendments in phraseology. The three great principles untouched. These comprised establishment of a board of three trustees for the Canadian National Railways, to replace the present board of directors; the direction of the two railways of effecting economic and to provide for more remunerative operations; and, the setting up of an arbitral tribunal to settle disputes between the railways.

Only one point remained to be settled. That hinged on the definition of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, for the purpose of the bill. The company is connected with many industrial activities which have no competitive opposite in the Canadian National. To make the legislation apply to all the undertakings of the C. P. R. ways, in the opinion of E. P. Flintoft, K. C., general solicitor of the company going beyond what was contemplated in the Duff Report. He urged that the Senate detail what operations to which it was intended that the bill should apply.

Meighen's Views

On the other hand, Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen was unwilling to do this. He preferred that the definition to which the legislation should not apply—such as mining, lands and ocean steamship services. He promised that definition would be secured and inserted as an amendment to the bill on third reading.

As it now stands the bill provides that the present C. N. R., directorate of 16 should yield to a board of three give his whole time to the position. The bill enforces economic co-operation and specifies the various branches to which this is to be applied.

No grocer believes that two can live as cheaply as one.

NORTH SHORE DELEGATION WAS HEARD BY GOVT.

Sessional Program Was Outlined at Governm't Meeting at Saint John Yesterday.

Saint John, Feb. 17—The question of direct relief for the unemployed of Northumberland county was taken up in Saint John yesterday with the provincial government by a delegation from the county consisting of W. H. Teed, of Newcastle, secretary-treasurer, and Councillor J. D. Shannon, of Nelson.

Both the government and the county delegates declined to disclose details of the representations at the conclusion of the conference.

The program for the session of the legislature which opens next week was outlined, but Premier C. D. Richards would make no announcement of what would come up. Neither would he discuss plans for raising revenue for the coming year. All members of the government attended.

No special business was brought before a meeting of the commissioners of the Provincial Hospital, Premier Richards said.

Confident of Improvement

Admitting the serious prevalence of unemployment in Northumberland county, Mr. Teed and Councillor Shannon expressed assurance, however, that conditions among the people they represent will improve in the near future.

"We are by no means downhearted," the county officials stated. "We want work. We don't want to eat up our capital on relief expenditures."

Mr. Teed expressed the hope that arrangements could be made to place the Canadian dollar on a parity with the British pound.

On a Cruise

Montreal Star: Msr. W. T. Whitehead sailed from New York today by the Georgic for a fifteen day cruise to the West Indies.

A cooking school has been opened at Stanford University and they are learning not only to cook but to serve, wash dishes and clean the kitchen. In a few years you'll hear the woman yelling, "Man's place is at home."

REFUSES TO LIFT THE EXPORT BAN ON LIQUOR

Ontario Member's Bill Was Defeated by a Non Party Vote of 100 to 44.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 16—While the United States Senate was adopting a resolution to repeal the 18th Amendment, the Canadian House of Commons today was deciding against lifting the export ban on liquor shipments to the United States.

Prime Minister R. B. Bennett, and Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, leaders of the Conservatives and Liberals united in opposing a bill sponsored by Col. S. C. Robinson (Cons., Essex, West), to repeal the 1930 legislation which outlawed liquor exports to dry countries.

The bill was defeated 100 nays to 44 yeas, the members for the most part voting regardless of party affiliations. Two cabinet Ministers voted for the bill. They were Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Hon. Arthur Sauve, Postmaster General. Of the 44 supporting the bill, 22 were Conservatives, 19 Liberals, two Labor and one Independent.

Principle Of Law

It was a principle of international law, to say nothing of international goodwill and neighborliness, said Mr. Bennett that no country should provide an opportunity for its own citizens to break the laws of another. The United States was still a dry country. Liquor still was considered contraband and for Canada to legalize exports to that country should be a breach of international friendship.

The 1930 customs prohibition, the Prime Minister said, would not apply to liquor shipments to the United States the day that country repealed the 18th Amendment. The ban would not apply because the United States then would not be classed as a dry country.

Removal of the export ban was urged on several grounds—because Canada was losing millions of dollars of revenue, because it would provide employment for Canadians and would permit liquor shipments to leave openly for the United States, not through St. Pierre, Miquelon, and other back-door routes.

Another Reason

Major C. G. Power, (Liberal, Quebec South) offered another reason. In the November presidential elections the people of the United States voted in favor of repeal. "We know steps are being taken by the legislative bodies of the United States in order to bring about that repeal but we also know that because of the defects of the American constitution in all probability it will be two or three years before that end is achieved. Then, will it not be a gesture of friendship and goodwill on our part if we say to the United States: 'We will help you when you cannot help yourselves.'"

Repeal of the export ban, said Mr. King, would place the Government of Canada in the position of "knowingly and openly aiding and abetting smugglers in the violation of the laws of a friendly and neighboring country."

It would encourage rum-running along the Canadian frontier, making Windsor and other border points a base for criminal operations and "if we are reduced in this country to a position where we can get our revenue and provide employment only by

CENSUS SHOWS BRITISH HOBBO RANKS INCREASE

Estimated 200,000 Hobos Roam Roads of Island Empire

A BIG INCREASE IN LATE YEARS

Move About Country on Foot and in Motor Trucks

(By Herbert Moore U. P. staff Correspondent).

London, Feb. 17—Hoboes, unknown in Britain until recent years, have increased tremendously on account of unemployment. Vagrancy authorities fear many may resort to crime in their destitution.

The number of tramps alone has risen from a few thousand before the World War to more than 200,000, according to one expert. Three-quarters of them are boys between 15 and 18 he said.

During the latter part of 1932, it became clearly apparent that a new class of tramp had arisen, directly identical with the young hoboes. The British hoboes get about on foot and auto-trucks.

Seventy per cent of the provincial lads in a London prison, J. L. Wilcox, Warden of the Hostel of St. Christopher, said today "are there solely because during a short term of vagrancy they succumbed to temptation."

Unemployment in Britain, if not actually increasing from month to month remains within a few thousands of the record all time high level. Youngsters are growing up to find it is impossible to get work and if they continue to turn hoboes as rapidly and numerous as during 1932, the government, sooner or later, will have to enlarge the casual wards, or create some emergency accommodation for them.

Splendid Program

Gibson Lodge, No. 37, P.A.P.B., held a regular meeting at the lodge rooms in Devon last night at which the ladies' lodge which had been organized in November, was entertained. The splendid musical program consisted of selections from a vocal quintet, selections from a novelty orchestra, and vocal renditions from Charles and Edith Quartermain, Hargrove Locke, a reading by Robert Lyons, and an address by Commandant William Hargrove, of Nashwaaksis. About sixty-five were present and at the close of the meeting refreshments were served. Douglas Quartermain presided.

Another Excursion

About thirty people are expected to leave Fredericton this evening for Montreal by C. P. R. on another \$7 excursion. A departure from the usual arrangements is in effect tonight. Instead of a special train the passengers are leaving on the two regular trains that leave Saint John for Montreal at 4 p.m. and 7 p.m. The procedure was taken by the C. P. R. in view of the fact that there is not as large a number making the trip as on previous excursions. Passengers have their choice of travelling on either train.

A Rare Sport

Rabbit hunting is a slight novelty in this province, particularly as regards sportsmen who come here from outside the province. Three Massachusetts hunters, who arrived here last night, will attempt to break this novelty. They are G. W. Bullard, Mal. D. Whitman, and W. T. Jenney, all of New Bedford, Mass. They will hunt rabbits under W. Harry Allen's guidance for the next few weeks. The sportsmen are registered at the Queen hotel.

Albert Kitchen has returned from a trip to Boston.

becoming partners in the rum-running business, things have come to a strange pass."

Hitler to Visit Mussolini Soon After March 5th

Planning To Do So When the Elections Are Over; Would Be First Meeting Between the Fascist Leaders—Demonstration of Friendship.

(Special to The Daily Mail by the British United Press)

LONDON, Feb. 17—Adolf Hitler, the German Chancellor and leader of German Fascism, plans to visit Benito Mussolini, Fascist Premier of Italy, after the German elections March 5, it was learned today from a reliable source. It would be the first meeting between Hitler and Il Duce. The meeting, it was understood, would be designed as an impressive demonstration of Italo-German friendship, and the ideals common between Italian Fascism and the National Socialism of Hitler's Nazi party.

U. S. SENATE FAVORS REPEAL OF DRY LAW

Washington, D.C., Feb. 16—By an astonishing majority the United States Senate today voted to kill the 18th Amendment and sent a repeal resolution to the House where leaders confidently looked forward to approval no later than Monday. Moving with a speed that was unforeseen, anti-prohibitionists smashed dry lines apart to push repeal through the Senate by a 63 to 23 vote—five more than the two-thirds necessary.

It provides for submission to state conventions for ratification instead of to the legislatures and would protect dry states from liquor importations. Another article which would have placed a constitutional ban on the return of the saloon was brushed aside as the Senate rushed toward its historic vote after 13 years of prohibition.

In the House Speaker John Garner promised action on Monday under suspension of the rules. He forecast approval of the legislation.

N. B. TELEPHONE CO. ELECTS ITS 1933 DIRECTORS

The New Brunswick Telephone Company, Ltd., yesterday completed its annual meeting electing its new directorate for the ensuing year. Three vacancies in the board by the deaths of Col. McAvity, Saint John, Angus E. McLean of Bathurst and Archibald Fraser of Edmundston, were left unfilled. The only new director is Harry O'Leary of Richibucto who replaces the late Richard O'Leary. The new directorate is as follows:

Allison, W. C., Saint John, N. B.; Barnhill, Dr. A. P., Saint John, N. B.; Black, Hon. F. B., Sackville, N. B.; Burchill, G. P., South Nelson, N. B.; Hanson, R. B., K.C., Fredericton, N. B.; Mair, E. W., Woodstock, N. B.; Mills, N. Marks, St. Stephen, N. B.; MacPherson, J. E., Montreal, P. Q.; Robinson, H. P., Saint John, N. B.; Robinson, J. M., Saint John, N. B.; Sumner, F. B., Moncton, N. B.; O'Leary, Harry, Richibucto, N. B.

* Members of Executive Committee. Officers
Hon. F. B. Black, President.
H. P. Robinson, Vice-President.
J. E. MacPherson, Vice-President.
N. E. Moore, Sec'y-Treasurer.
O. J. Fraser, General Manager.

"Japs Win Pronounced Victory," says a headline. Imagine those clever little rascals being able to pronounce it.

FAMOUS STORY HAD A SEQUEL IN REAL LIFE

American-born Sailor Found Himself "A Man Without a Country."

Gloucester, N. J., Feb. 17—Hale's immortal story of a man without a country was paralleled in real life here with the detention of an American-born seaman who shipped into Germany 20 years ago on the papers of a dead companion.

Held by U. S. Immigration authorities after successfully assuming the dead man's identity, Captain William Lange, or Sandberg, today found himself a man without a country.

"The mix-up began when I met the real Lange," explained this wretched version of Philip Nolan, who claims his real name is Carl Iver Sandberg, and his birthplace San Francisco.

Posed As a German

"Lange and I met in Australia, where he was killed by a falling tree shortly afterwards. I wrote to his people in Germany, but the letter came back. I decided I'd go and tell them. When I landed a detective asked me to see my papers. I hadn't any, but I did have Lange's."

The detective said: "You're a year overdue on your military service." So I went off to serve four years because I was afraid to admit I wasn't Lange. "When I finally got to Lange's home his people cried: 'Willie! Willie! How big you've grown!'"

The man called Lange shrugged his shoulders helplessly as he recounted this scene. "I hadn't the heart to tell them I wasn't their son," he finished, "so I stayed on."

Had Many Adventures

As Lange he saw service in the war, had many other adventures married and became father of three children, and finally returned to sea on foreign boats.

"That's how I came back to America," he continued. "When I found I wasn't supposed to have entered America like this, as a sailor, I tried to sail back to Germany, to enter in the proper way. But the American boats only sign you up for a round trip, and each trip ended in New York or Philadelphia. It seemed I couldn't get out."

Immigration authorities are awaiting information from Germany.

Doctor told the American College of Physicians convention that science had succeeded in adding to the length of man's life but that there wasn't any sense in it. Why, doctor! Think of how much longer we can be taxed!