

Will Try to Have U. S. Join in Combatting The Nazi Influence

United States Minister To Vienna Will Try To Interest President Roosevelt In Such a Movement—Representations To Be Made To Berlin As Soon As Possible.

VIENNA, Austria, Jan. 24—An effort to have the United States join Italy, France and Britain in common representations to Berlin against Nazi interference in Austria is under way, news circles in the United States were informed today.

George H. Earle, United Minister to Vienna, will try to persuade President Roosevelt to join such a move on his coming visit to Washington, it was said. The three European nations already have decided on making representations as soon as possible and are awaiting a decision on whether the United States will join, strengthening their hand.

An official explanation of the Government's position was given today as follows:

"The Government has no intention of appealing or otherwise bringing to the attention of the League of Nations the question of Nazism in Austria, but if the conduct of the Nazis is not changed it will be compelled to ask the powers to co-operate with Austria in some kind of action."

QUEBEC MAY USE LOTTERY SYSTEM

Proceeds Would Be Devoted To Charitable and Educational Purposes.

Quebec, Jan. 23—Seeing no valid reason why the provincial government should be tied to the Dominion Parliament in respect to the organization of lotteries, Premier L. A. Taschereau told the Legislative Assembly here today that "perhaps" the Quebec government would organize a lottery of its own for charitable and educational purposes.

If indications were given that such was the will of the House, legislation to the effect would be tabled, he declared. The premier hoped that as a result of the Dominion-provincial conference an amendment to the Criminal Code would permit this province to hold a lottery if it saw fit.

His belief that organization of a national lottery sponsored by the Dominion government with the profits divided pro rata among the provinces would bring millions of dollars into the country, seemed to have appealed to Hon. Hugh Guthrie, minister of justice, he said, and the latter had admitted the present lottery law to be too severe.

Opposition to his lottery scheme had been voiced, Premier Taschereau remarked, and, if Ottawa authorities did not concur in his views, perhaps amendments could be made to the Criminal Code to allow Quebec to conduct its own lottery.

WIFE SUED HER HUBBY 61 TIMES

Chicago, Ills., Jan. 24—The allegation was made in a divorce petition that Patrick Linton left his wife, Mary, sixty one times since they were married in 1925, but that each time she permitted him to come back and be reconciled.

GOVERNMENT GIVEN VOTE OF CONFIDENCE

While Police Battle with Street Mobs Deputies Sustain Government by Good Majority.

Paris, Jan. 23—The French Cabinet wrestled a vote of confidence from a riotous Chamber of Deputies this evening while all available police battled with street mobs shouting "Stavisky Cabinet, resign."

A vote of 386 for and 201 against was given Premier Camille Chautemps after a bitter struggle over opposition charges of official corruption in connection with the \$40,000,000 collapse of the Bayonne pawnshop and the operations of its founder, the late Serge Stavisky.

The Premier's own name, as well as those of Air Minister Pierre Cot, Minister of Justice Raynaldy, Foreign Minister Joseph Paul-Boncour, Finance Minister Georges Bonnet, and Minister of Commerce Laurent-Eynac, were dragged into the debate, which Chautemps called a "systematic exploitation of the scandal."

Republican mounted guards rode sidewalks of Boulevard St. Germain, repulsing the largest crowd of the three days of rioting and preventing them from marching on the Chamber building.

Clash Repeatedly

Mobs clashed repeatedly with the heavy police reinforcements, and the mounted guards, and kept shouting: "the parliamentary regime is rotten!" and demanding the resignation of the "Stavisky Cabinet."

Thousands of spectators watched the surging demonstrators, whose protests were more violent than those of the two preceding days, when hundreds were arrested. Potatoes and carrots were thrown from windows on the guardsmen and complicated the task of a small army of police, firemen and guardsmen.

Few of the salads amount to much unless you can put in onions. That's a man's opinion, of course.

DR. W. J. WRIGHT GIVES LECTURE ON ISOSTASY

Prominent Geologist, of N. B. Government Staff Heard in First of Series of Scientific Talks by U. N. B. Society.

Under the auspices of the scientific Society the first of a series of Scientific lectures at the University of New Brunswick was given last night by Dr. W. J. Wright, Provincial Geologist. The subject of the address was "Isostasy". According to this theory the continents are underlain by lighter rock than the true ocean basins, these large sectors are hydrostatically balanced on heavier rock which yields to pressure by "Solid Flow", so that we may compare the continents to icebergs floating in water. Several theories of isostasy were illustrated by immersing in water blocks of wood which varied in size and density. Experience has shown that this balance is perfected to within 10 or 15 per cent for the large sectors of the earth's crust. The conclusion follows that the earth's crust has very little rigidity, and the torsion balance shows that most of the gravity anomalies are near-surface effects. However the larger valleys and the smaller mountains appear to be supported on a rigid crust. As an example the speaker referred to recent investigations in the Gaspé Peninsula. When this peninsula was freed from the weight of ice which filled the valleys in the Glacial Period, the uplift which followed was not confined to the valleys but carried with it the unglaciated mountain areas. Recent accurate surveys have shown that the Gaspé region is over-compensated; in other words it corresponds to a boulder of rock supported on an ice-cake.

A Plumb Bob

Another feature interesting to the layman touched on by the lecturer was that in the middle of an extensive plain a plumb bob points to the approximate center of the earth. Near mountain ranges, however, the plumb bob is slightly deflected due to the gravitational attraction of the mountain mass, and the deflection affects the spirit-level as well. Allowance must be made for this deflection in computing exact astronomical positions. This is done by estimating the volume and assuming the density of the rock underlying the mountain range. In the case of the Gaspé Peninsula mentioned above, the assumed density was incorrect, which led to an error varying up to 1800 feet in the location of points by astronomical methods.

The discussion of isostasy involved a brief resume of our knowledge of the interior of the earth, which is based on experiments with the plumb bob, the pendulum, deep mines and drill holes and volcanoes. The modern view is that the earth consists of at least five concentric shells of solid rock surrounding a core of very heavy material. These rocks are under such great temperature and pressure that they yield to stress by "Rock Flow", somewhat analogous to the change in shape of a piece of lead under pressure.

The lecturer pointed out that one of the greatest geological problems confronting the scientist today is to determine how material of a formerly homogeneous earth became segregated into its present heterogeneous condition. This problem is still in the realms of speculation.

ADVOCATES A SOUND AND SANE EXPENDITURE

Views of Retiring Head of Montreal Board of Trade

GOOD TIMES AHEAD
Government Should Try To Cut Down on Expenses

Montreal, Jan. 24—A plea for sound and sane spending on the part of all Governments was made last night by Henry W. Morgan, retiring president of the Montreal Board of Trade who spoke over the radio under the auspices of the McGill Graduates Society.

"We are definitely", he said, "on the road to good times, but the speed we make may be materially accelerated or retarded by the success or failure of our Governments in the balancing of their budgets. I apply this remark to those of our Governments, federal, provincial or municipal, which are or at least seem to be, making a serious effort to curtail expenditures. Some of them do not seem to be even trying, and these of course, are definitely scattering tacks on the highway to prosperity."

While admitting that the Province of Quebec was "ably and sanely administered," Mr. Morgan stated: "I cannot but feel that economies could have been applied which would have at least reduced the serious deficit shown last year, over six millions of dollars, and which would have also placed us in a better position for next year when provincial revenues are not likely to be bettered because the business recovery we confidently anticipated by that time, will not immediately be reflected in increased tax receipts."

FOREIGN NEWS AT A GLANCE

TOKIO—Gen. Sadao Araki resigned as minister of war and another military leader, Gen. Serjuro Hayashi, was named a few hours later to succeed him.

BERLIN—Declarations of Nazi leaders' condemning the monarchist movement in Germany were regarded today as significant of an approaching abandonment by the party of the entire Hohenzollern dynasty and a clear-cut break with royalist thought.

PARIS—The government was confronted with a serious labor problem with civil servants organizing demonstrations in all parts of France against recent pay cuts, miners demanding "bread and work" and farmers denouncing the government's wheat policy.

BELGRADE—A bomb was exploded today on the international express from Berlin to Zagreb, killing three persons, injuring one gravely and several slightly. It was believed an attempt on the lives of Foreign Minister Benes of Czechoslovakia and Foreign Minister Titulescu.

A VETERAN DRIVER

Milwaukee, Jan. 24—John Harvey, who drove a locomotive on the Milwaukee railway in 1854, when wood was used as fuel, is now 96 years of age. His son, William, has been a locomotive driver for fifty years.

Hamilton, Bermuda. Jan. 24—The government has approved plans to establish a weekly air service to the United States. Either New York or Baltimore will be chosen at the American base.

Leaders of Rum Ring Have Been Declared Guilty

Patient Work of the R. C. M. P. In Province of Quebec Has Brought Results—Two Supposed Ringleaders of Rum Ring Convicted on Charge of Having Defrauded the Crown.

QUEBEC, Jan. 24—Fears of patient investigation by Royal Canadian Mounted Police, Quebec Liquor Commission and Quebec provincial police resulted in the conviction yesterday of Alfred Levesque and Antonio Graveline on charges of conspiring to defraud the Crown of \$1,500,000 by illegal liquor shipments.

The climax in the case of Levesque and Graveline, alleged by the Crown to be the leaders of a province-wide liquor smuggling ring, came yesterday when a jury in the Court of King's Bench brought in a verdict of guilty after 15 minutes' deliberation.

Mr. Justice Wilfrid Laliberte, who presided at the trial which lasted 12 days, will sentence the two at the end of the present term of the court.

This ended the first chapter of a book of trials that will see 29 co-accused of the men convicted face juries on similar charges of conspiracy. Levesque and Graveline were considered by the Crown as the leaders of a province-wide ring of liquor smugglers with wide ramifications.

COMMITTEES NAMED FOR THE ENSUING YEAR

York and Sunbury Historical Society Finishes Work of Organization For 1934.

The Committees of the York-Sunbury Historical Society for the ensuing year have been chosen as follows:—

Museum Committee:—The Countess of Ashburnham, Fred H. Phillips (Asst. Curator), A. A. Treadwell, Rev. Dr. Wightman, Dr. Geo. W. Bailey, Will D. MacKay, Whitman A. Haines, C. A. Taylor, Mrs. Frank H. Long, Mrs. J. B. Maxwell, Mrs. Jas. L. Neville, Jas. L. Neville, G. Alvah Good, R. P. Gorham, Frank A. Good, (Convenor.)

Historical Research Committee:—Mrs. J. Brown Maxwell, Rev. Dr. Wightman, Prof. Malcolm MacPherson, R. P. Gorham, Frank A. Good, James L. Neville, W. M. Burns.

Publicity Committee:—Mrs. A. E. Mathewson, R. P. Allen, Fred H. Phillips, C. W. Clark, J. L. Neville.

Programme Committee:—J. L. Neville, Convenor; Rev. Dr. Wightman, Mrs. R. P. Gorham, Miss Jaffrey, Mrs. J. B. Maxwell.

House Committee:—Mrs. J. B. Maxwell, Mrs. A. E. Mathewson, Mrs. Fred Tweeddale.

Ways and Means Committee:—The Countess of Ashburnham, (Convenor); Miss Bertha Harvey, Mrs. F. A. Good, Mrs. C. C. Camp, Mrs. Jas. L. Neville, Mrs. Whitman Haines, Mrs. Louise Bailey, Mrs. J. Harry Robertson, Mrs. A. E. Mathewson, Don. J. MacLeon, C. A. Taylor, Fred H. Phillips.

FOR STABILIZATION

Leeds, G.B., Jan. 24—Premier Ramsay MacDonald in a speech here yesterday declared that currency must be stabilized if there is to be built up a co-operative world. He said that the relation between the dollar and sterling and dollar and franc.

DETECTIVES HAVE RETURNED TO BOSTON

Murder Case Has Been Turned Over to Royal Canadian Mounted Police For Further Investigation.

Yarmouth, N. S., Jan. 23—Expressing belief they had solved the seven year old Maybelle Matheson murder, Captain Stephen Flaherty and Detective Robert McGeouch boarded a liner here tonight to return to Boston.

During a week of hunting clues over snow-covered trails to isolated villages they discovered evidence, which in their opinion definitely linked the Boston crime with the brutal assault upon Mabel Farrington, a Nova Scotia school-teacher, near Oak Park in 1929.

Having turned over the findings to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police with the suggestion there was "sufficient evidence to warrant an arrest" in the Nova Scotia case, they were awaiting the decision of Canadian authorities.

"In the opinion of the officers, both crimes were committed by one person, who had almost exclusive opportunity", stated a bulletin issued to newspapermen by the Boston sleuths before they left for their headquarters.

Frank McLean, Boston reporter, who collapsed yesterday while wading through huge snow drifts with the detectives on a trip to North Range, returned to Yarmouth today and appeared improved. He expected to return to Boston tomorrow.

LADY GIBSON PASSED AWAY

Hamilton, Jan. 24—Lady Gibson, widow of Sir John Gibson, a former Lieutenant Governor of Ontario died at her home here yesterday, aged 84 years. She was born in Brockville and was a daughter of the late Judge Mellick. She was Sir John Gibson's third wife. A son and two daughters survive.