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VOL. XXII., No. 198

FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1916

ONE CENT PER COPY

ITALIANS TAKING PART IN THE CAMPAIGN ON SALONIKI FRONT

British Troops Hold All Gains Made on Saturday

In Addition They Captured Another Trench From the Germans---Russians Make a Further Advance---Violent Attack by the Huns at Fleury.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Aug. 21 (via London)—Not only have the British held all the gains made in the Saturday attack through the critical second day and night following it, but they have made another important gain. This morning they are within 500 yards of Martinpuich as a result of taking a trench which had held them up between Pozieres and High Wood, and expect to hold this advantage also.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 21.—The Russians have made further advances at some points along the Stokhod line, where they broke through the Austro-Hungarian defences last week, the War Office announced today. The capture of more than 1,300 men in this region in two days is reported.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—The Germans delivered a violent attack on Fleury last night, using flaming liquid, but without result, says the War Office statement today of operations on the Verdun front.

No further details of the operations on the Saloniki front are given in the report today from the east, which shows that fighting is still in progress along the whole line of the Allied forces.

ROME, Aug. 21.—According to an official estimate issued today, the Austrian losses on the Isonzo during the great Italian advance between August 6th and 15th exceeded 65,000 men, and the number of prisoners captured by General Cadorna's troops in the same period totalled 22,000.

Participation of Italy in Saloniki Campaign Would Mean War Against Germany

PARIS, Aug. 21.—Active participation by Italian troops in the Saloniki campaign would mean the existence of a state of war between Germany and Italy. Germany is directing the operations against the Allies on this front, and as the official German reports show, has forces there. Austrian troops also are probably employed and possibly Turks, but the major portion of the army is made up of Bulgarians.

Recent reports have indicated the withdrawal of Austrian troops from the Balkans for use on the Russian and Italian fronts. As the Entente Allies are believed to have a force of some 700,000 British, French and Serbian troops on the Saloniki front, the sending of reinforcements at this time, just after the opening of hostilities on a large scale, would indicate that the Allies have embarked on a campaign of extensive preparations.

Diplomatic Break Between Germany and Italy is Expected Before Long

Italy, which has a considerable surplus of troops, has been urged to take a more active part in the Balkan operations, but was believed to have refrained partly on account of the fact that she was not at war with Germany. There have been several recent indications, however, that a declaration of hostilities was forthcoming.

A commercial treaty between these nations was abrogated, a German court ruled that Germany is actually, though not formally, at war with Italy, and last week it was reported that the defence of Trieste would be taken over by Germans.

Italian participation in the Balkan operations hitherto has been limited to occupation of the Albanian port of Avlona, which was effected before Italy declared war on Austria.

GERMANS HAVE GOOD CROPS.

BERLIN, Aug. 21 (by wireless to Sayville).—Information now at hand gives assurance that this year's crop will be much in excess of those of the two previous years, according to a statement from the office of Adolph Von Batocki, president of the food regulation board. It is said Germany is now assured of supplies of all food necessities for another year.

FRENCH AVIATOR KILLED.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—Second Lieut. Brindjone des Moulinais, a well known aviator, has been killed in an accidental fall of his aeroplane in the Verdun region.

MUNICIPAL CONVENTION AT MONTREAL

Montreal, Aug. 21.—The annual meeting of the Union of Canadian Municipalities is being held in the City Council Chambers here. The sessions will last until Wednesday evening.

Several hundred delegates from all parts of the Dominion were welcomed this morning by Mayor Martin.

Mayor Church, of Toronto, a past president of the Union, referred to the need for concerted effort by municipalities to protect municipal rights. He instanced how lobbies had been discovered at Ottawa and in provincial parliaments.

In the inaugural address Mayor Church complained that there was too much red tape about the Militia Department. He said the pension question should be settled at once. Returned soldiers should be handled by a government department and not by commissions, and the men should be kept on the pay roll for eighteen months after their return.

Big military camps were a reckless waste of money, local camps being much better for recruiting.

People should be allowed to see the troop trains leaving and arriving at different points, because it stimulated recruiting.

In those districts which did not do their duty in regard to recruiting, a modified form of conscription should be adopted.

Died Sunday Morning.

Mrs. Bridget Haney passed away on Sunday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Patrick Cain, 218 Regent street. The deceased is survived by four daughters and was aged eighty years. The funeral will take place on Tuesday morning with interment at Oromocto. High mass will be celebrated at St. Dunstan's Church by Rev. Father Carney.

BULGARIA TO LAUNCH ATTACK AGAINST THE ALLIES ON GREEK SOIL

Reported That Greece Will Tolerate the Invasion in Return for Concessions in Albania---The Bulgarians Have Already Occupied Florina.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—That it is the intention of Bulgaria to launch a general attack against the Entente armies on Greek soil is the information conveyed to Premier Ziamis of Greece by the Bulgarian minister at Athens, M. Passaroff, according to a Central News despatch from the Greek capital.

Another despatch received by way of Copenhagen quotes the official Bulgarian newspapers as saying that Bulgaria expects the same treatment at the hands of Greece as that accorded the Entente.

"Our troops must fight on Greek soil, taking the offensive now, in order to forestall Serrail, the newspaper adds.

Bulgarian troops have occupied considerable sections of Greek territory, without serious protest from Athens, and the opinion is expressed that Greece has a secret agreement with Germany whereby the invasion will be tolerated in return for the Greek occupation of Southern Albania, the annexation of which was announced at Athens some months ago.

Premier of Bulgaria Says Advance is Being Made in Order to Strengthen Line

In order to allay fear among the Greek population, however, Premier Radoslavoff of Bulgaria is reported in a Central News despatch from Sofia to have advised the Sobranje, the Bulgarian parliament, that the Bulgarian advance is being made in order to ensure better positions and a stronger line. He expresses the government's hope that it would not cause any new complications.

King Ferdinand Holds Hasty Conference With Cabinet and Members of General Staff

ATHENS, Aug. 19, via London, Aug. 21.—The Bulgarian occupation of Florina caused consternation in the capital, and hasty conferences of the King, the general staff and members of the cabinet.

The advance of the German and Bulgarian forces in the direction of Kavala also is causing disquiet, although the impression is general that this movement is a mere political manoeuvre calculated to influence Roumania and affect the Greek elections.

Turks in Black Sea Region Rounding Up Greeks and Sending Them to the Interior

ATHENS, Aug. 21.—The Turkish authorities in the Black Sea region are acting towards the Greeks in the same fashion as the Germans have done with the civil population of the occupied portions of northeastern France.

The Turkish officials, according to instructions from Constantinople, where all power is still in the hands of the Germans, are rounding up civilians in a considerable number of villages and sending them off in batches to the concentration camps in the interior.

This means practically a sentence of death, for in large numbers they are forced to go afoot, absolutely without food. En route these pitiful caravans are attacked by Turks, who rob them of whatever they have in their possession, unhappy mothers being deprived of their children.

Albanians Revolt Against the Austrian Garrisons and are Pillaging the Country

ROME, Aug. 21.—Information from Albania is to the effect that the whole country is in a state of revolt. Taking advantage of the weakness of the Austrian garrisons, the Albanians have formed numerous bands, which overrun the country, robbing and killing and laying waste.

The Austrian garrisons are in a critical condition, all communications being broken and help by sea being difficult on account of the watch kept by the Allied fleets in the Adriatic.

Sanguinary fighting is continually taking place between Austrians and Albanians. The Austrian commander in Albania has asked for reinforcements.

The situation is equally grave in Montenegro.

ROUMANIA NOT LIKELY TO PARTICIPATE IN THE WAR

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—The World this morning publishes the following despatch from staff correspondent Karl Von Wiegand at Berlin, under yesterday's date:

Roumania will not enter the war against the Central Powers nor in the immediate future.

Notwithstanding the more or less alarming reports that Roumania is about ready to march against Austria-Hungary, which, in fact, are becoming an old story, the above is the very confidential information I have from a source in Bucharest which ought to be in a position to know.

This source which can by no means be considered as pro-German, goes so far as seriously to doubt whether Roumania will enter the war on either side, certainly not so long as she has to take big chances, and the duration of the war remains uncertain. None can yet measure the length of the war, and Roumania knows the price of failure too well to risk a gamble with fate, by "throwing the dice without knowing beforehand which side will turn up," is the way my source of information put it.

Roumania has discharged all Germans, Austrians and Jews employed in its munition works. I am reliably informed it has only 900 persons now making ammunition, so that with the present supply it would be national suicide to enter a war which might last more than a few weeks.

GREEK TROOPS RETIRING.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Telegraphing from Athens, the correspondent of the Havas Agency says: "The Greek troops in the region of Florina retired when the Bulgarians advanced. The same policy is pursued generally wherever operations are taking place on Greek Territory. The German and Bulgarian ministers have declared that the population in the territory occupied by the Bulgarians will be respected and that the territory will be restored at the end of the war."

ITALIAN TROOPS AT SALONIKI.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—Italian troops began to disembark at Saloniki yesterday, says a Havas despatch from that point. On leaving their ships, the despatch says, the Italians passed through Saloniki to camp, preceded by military bands of the Allies, and cheered by the populace.