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The Daily Mail

ALL THE NEWS FOR ONE CENT

The Weather.

Maritime—Fresh northwesterly
winds, fair and cool.

VOL. XXII., No. 114

FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1916

ONE CENT PER COPY

Verdun Front Again the Scene of Violent Struggle

Violent Bombardments Followed by Heavy Infantry Attacks
---Germans Reported to Have Suffered Enormous Losses
---Activity on Russian Front.

The Douaumont region on the Verdun front, where the Germans for more than two months have been held fairly close to the line of their original advance in the February drive, is again the scene of desperate fighting.

Violent bombardment of French positions in this sector was followed by strong attacks in which, according to afternoon bulletins from Paris, the Germans suffered heavy losses and failed to gain any ground.

Across the Meuse, to the northwest of Verdun, no infantry encounters are reported, but the artillery is being kept busy, the firing on both sides being virtually without cessation.

Vienna today reports continually increasing activity in the vicinity of the Volhynian fortress triangle on the Russian front.

The moves of the opposing commanders, however, have not yet resulted in decisive results for either side, nor have there been important shifts in the line along the Austro-Italian front.

French Official Report Tells Usual Tale

Of Violent German Assaults Repulsed

PARIS, May 13.—The French trenches southwest of Fort Douaumont and positions to the north of the Thiamont farm, were violently bombarded yesterday, according to the official report of the French War Office today. The report says that all of the German attacks were repulsed, the enemy sustaining serious losses. The text of the statement follows:

"On the left bank of the Meuse the artillery combat continued without interruption in the sectors of the woods of Avocourt and Hill 304. During the night we realized further progress in the vicinity of Hill 287.

"On the right bank the Germans renewed yesterday their attacks on our trenches southeast of Fort Douaumont. In spite of the violence of the bombardment, which presaged the enemy assaults, our line did not waver at any point. All attacks were repulsed with serious losses for the enemy. Other attacks to the north of Thiamont farm were likewise arrested by our curtain of fire and machine guns. At Eparges a strong German reconnoitering party, which after a bombardment attempted to reach our lines, was unable to debouch.

"In the forest of Parroy and at Ban de Sapt there was quite a lively cannonade.

Huns Capture 500 Yards of British

Trenches, Part of Which Were Recovered

LONDON, May 13.—About 500 yards of British trenches in the region of Vermelles were captured by the Germans Thursday night, but later the British, in a counter-attack, took back a portion of their lost ground, according to the British official communication issued this evening, which says:

"Yesterday evening, after a heavy preliminary bombardment, the enemy succeeded in capturing about 500 yards of our front trenches northeast of Vermelles. We regained a portion of the ground lost by a counter attack made during the night.

"Today there has been no further infantry action, but considerable artillery activity has been shown in the neighborhood. Further north, opposite Guinchy, we bombed the enemy's positions. Otherwise there has been nothing but minor artillery duels at various points on the front, principally in the region of Thieval, Neuville, St. Vaast, Messines, Voormezele, St. Eloi, and east of Ypres."

PREMIUM FOR WAR BABIES.

NEW YORK, May 13.—A News Agency despatch from Berlin today says: "Twenty-five dollars for 'war babies' to fill the gaps made by cannon, machine guns, rifles, bayonets and hand grenades, is the premium offered by a Munich motor factory. The firm announces that it will pay that premium to every woman in its employ or to the wife of an employee who presents the Fatherland with a future defender or war nurse during 1916. The premium will be paid until six months after peace shall have been declared.

WORK OF GERMAN PIRATES.

STOCKHOLM, via London, May 13.—The captain of the Swedish schooner Harald gives in the "Dagens Nyheter" an account of the sinking of his ship by a German submarine in the North Sea on May 5. The ship was halted by the submarine, the commander of which gave the crew fifteen minutes in which to abandon the schooner. The captain of the Harald refused to obey the order and hoisted the Swedish flag. The Germans then boarded the schooner and poured petroleum over the ship, which they lighted. They then attacked the captain with cutlasses, forcing him into a small boat. The blazing petroleum not destroying the Harald quick enough, the ship was sunk by gunfire from the submarine.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES REPORTED

Ottawa, May 13.—The midnight list contains the following Maritime Province names:

Infantry.

Wounded—Sergeant Geo. Lockwood Gray, Pictou, N. S.; Corporal John Harvey, Truro, N. S.; Charles Kane, Newfoundland; J. Kerr Loggie, Chatham, N. B.; Fred A. Murphy, Hilden, N. S.; Corporal Wm. D. Robinson, kin at Scotch Ridge, N. B.; Frederick Storey, Campbell Road, Halifax, N. S.; Pioneer James Wm. Taplin, New Glasgow, N. S.

Mounted Rifles.

Wounded—William Hugh Holt, kin at Chatham, N. S.

Artillery.

Wounded—Gunner Geo. W. Andrews, Victoria street, St. John; Gunner John Campbell Sewell, Moncton; Bombardier Clarke Wallace Smallwood, Archibald street, Newcastle, N. B.

DAYLIGHT SAVING ADOPTED.

Stockholm, May 12 (via London, May 13).—By royal decree the daylight saving plan has been adopted in Sweden. It will be effective from May 15 to September 30.

GRAND TRUNK EMPLOYEE ALLEGED TO BE SINN FEINER

John Hoey Under Arrest in Montreal Charged With Making Use of Seditious Language---Says He Helped Put Munitions at Bottom of the Sea.

Montreal, May 13.—Alleged to be a Sinn Feiner, John Hoey will appear in the police court today on a charge of having made seditious statements. He was taken to immigration headquarters this afternoon on a complaint made by the military authorities. Later he was formally arrested on a warrant by Deputy High Constable Desaulniers.

Hoey, or as the police records have it, Hoy, lives at 54 Rushbrook street, and is a Grand Trunk employee.

There are two versions of the events which led to Hoey's arrest. One is that has for a long time been known as an ardent Irishman with a very quiet nature ordinarily, but that he recently took offence at the remarks of some Englishmen in his boarding house concerning the attitude of England toward the Irish rebellion and its leaders, and he made the statements which were of a seditious character and which led to his being reported to the military authorities.

The other version is supplied in two affidavits in which charges are made of seditious statements having been made such as that "soldiers wearing the British uniform were murderers," that "before the war was over the British government would be brought to its knees," that "as long as he held his job d--- little of this ammunition will ever be able to reach England, as he had just helped put some of it at the bottom of the sea, and he would inform friends of Ireland in the United States the destination of every car loaded with ammunition that passed over the Grand Trunk Railroad."

It is also defamed that Hoey defamed the British flag.

A Big Strike of Garment Workers

Chicago, May 13.—Nearly 30,000 union garment workers have orders today to join the 50,000 who have been on strike for several days. Sidney Hillman, president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, who is directing the strike, claims that all union members will obey the summons to quit work.

Big Prizes for Automobile Races

New York, May 13.—Nineteen of the fastest racing cars in this country and abroad have been tuned up for the mile race for the metropolitan trophy at the Sheepshead Bay speedway this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Twenty thousand dollars is offered in prizes, and judging from the speed shown in the elimination trials, new records on this track are looked for.

TO INCREASE ARMY.

Washington, May 13.—A regular army of 206,000 men at peace strength, capable of expansion to 254,000 men in time of war, was agreed upon by the House and Senate conference on the army reorganization bill, the first big national defence measure. The report will be submitted to both branches of Congress for ratification next week.

Policeman Killed By Detroit Gunmen

Detroit, Mich., May 13.—One policeman was shot to death, another was severely wounded and several other persons figured in a pistol duel with bandits which began last night and culminated with the arrest of three young men this morning.

Patrolman Leland Alexander was killed while pursuing suspected gunmen in an alley on the east side last night. Patrolman Cornelius Ryan was wounded early today after he had come to the rescue of a candy store keeper who was exchanging shots with would-be hold-up men.

STOCK MARKET

New York.

Air brake	134
C. P. R.	175 1/2
Crucible	81 1/2
Erie	37 1/2
Mexican Petroleum	106 1/2
Marine pfd.	92 1/2
Marine common	25 3/4
Studebaker	138 3/4
Union	135 1/2
U. S. Steel	82 1/2

Montreal.

Cement	66 1/2
Dom. Iron	54
Dom. Bridge	213
Detroit	115 1/2
Power	244
Scotia	118
Quebec	29
Shawinigan	132 1/2

LONDON DAILY NEWS WARMLY PRAISES THE LAST AMERICAN NOTE

Says It Will Loom Large in the History of the Present Decade---A Defeat for the Kaiser More Vital Than Verdun.

LONDON, May 13.—The Daily News in a two column editorial, discusses the far-reaching importance of the recent diplomatic conversations between the United States and Germany and declares its belief that when the history of the present decade comes to be written, President Wilson's latest note to Germany will loom large.

"Some critics seem to have missed the fact that the Kaiser has here suffered a defeat more vital than at Verdun," says the editorial, which adds: "While President Wilson's decree has been to remain neutral, a technical neutrality was not what Germany wanted, and now at least the United States has ranged herself, or rather events have ranged her, on the side of the Allies. The President has found that a policy of isolation from Europe is impossible in war. Isolation would be no more possible in the days of peace to come.

IDEALS OF THE AMERICAN REPUBLIC SHOULD

BE THE DOMINATING IDEALS OF THE WORLD

"The ideals of the American republic can only be preserved by making them the dominating ideals of the world, and it is because the ideals of the Entente in the present war, reflecting the sympathies of the great democracies of Great Britain and France, are in sympathy with those of the United States, that the drift of America to our side is inevitable."

The editorial proceeds to show the alliance of sympathy between the Entente and the United States is likely to be extended after the war, and urges that a settlement of the Irish question will remove the last difficulty and establish the final adjustment between the American and British democracies.

PREPAREDNESS SPIRIT MANIFESTED BY A

MONSTER PARADE IN NEW YORK THIS MORNING

NEW YORK, May 13.—New York's belief that the nation should prepare for war was expressed today by nearly 145,000 men and women marching in one of the greatest processions ever assembled for the promotion of an idea.

Twenty abreast, filling the streets from curb to curb, keeping step to the patriotic tunes of 200 bands, the parade began this morning and will last for twelve hours or more.

Many business houses are closed, while the city gives itself up to its celebration of "Preparedness Day."

The sidewalks from the Battery to Fifty-ninth street, the start and finish of the parade, are crowded. It is estimated that at least 1,000,000 persons saw the demonstration.

THE ANTIES WERE ACTIVE.

Anti-preparedness bodies, such as the Women's Peace Party, and the Socialists, endeavored to offset the preparedness spirit by circulation among the spectators of circulars. Across Fifth Avenue, from the reviewing stand, the Women's Peace Party hung out a banner with the inscription: "There are only 100,000 of you. You are not the only patriots. Two million families, 500,000 mine workers and organized labor of America are opposed to what you and Wall Street are marching for. Are you sure you are right?"

Major General Leonard Wood, Rear Admiral Nathaniel B. Usher, commandant of the New York Navy Yard, and Mayor Mitchell, reviewed the parade.

GERMAN MINISTER RESIGNS.

BERLIN, May 13 (by wireless to Sayville).—Dr. Clement Delbrueck, Minister of the Interior and Vice Chancellor, has resigned. The Overseas News Agency says that Dr. Delbrueck's resignation is due to ill-health. He is suffering from diabetes.

AMSTERDAM, via London, May 13.—Despatches from Berlin state that the resignation of Clemens Delbrueck, Minister of the Interior and Vice Chancellor, has been officially announced there. Minister Delbrueck has offered his resignation on account of illness, which will require long treatment. No immediate appointment of his successor is intimated.

Clemens Delbrueck has been Minister of the Interior since July, 1914, when he succeeded Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg; the present German Chancellor. In the last few months he has been the subject of attacks in the German newspapers on account of the food situation. Within the last few days Paris newspapers have predicted that his resignation would be forced by the Emperor on account of the food riots which are reported to have occurred.