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In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

ALL THE NEWS FOR ONE CENT

The Weather.

Maritime: Moderate winds, fair and cold; Friday, easterly gales with rain.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1916

ONE CENT PER COPY

REPORTED THAT GERMAN SUB-MARINE U-53 HAS BEEN SUNK

Germans Can be Beaten Only by Hard Fighting

Sir William Robertson Talks on Progress of the War at Banquet to Canada's Governor General---French Make More Headway South of the Somme.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Lieut. General Sir William R. Robertson, Chief of the Imperial Staff at Army Headquarters, discussing the progress of the war last night at the Canadian Club's farewell dinner to the Duke of Devonshire, who is to succeed the Duke of Connaught as Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, said: "It took us two years to begin; we have got over the beginning stage, and are now in the middle stage. Don't ask when the end will be. Let us centre our thoughts and efforts on the middle and the end will look out for itself. The enemy can be beaten only in one way and that is by hard and determined fighting."

PARIS, Oct. 19.—South of the river Somme, between Biaches and La Maisonette, the French made further progress last night, it was officially announced here today. All the gains achieved were held in the face of several fierce counter attacks by the enemy.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The Serbians have captured the village of Brod, on the western end of the Macedonian front, the War Office announced today.

SOFIA, via London, Oct. 19.—The repulse of Allied attacks with heavy losses on various points of the Saloniki front is reported in an official statement issued by the War Office today.

Roumanians, With the Help of Russians, Have Vigorously Resumed the Offensive

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Today's communication from Roumania is regarded by the British commentators as reassuring. With the help of Russia, which is credited with sending formidable reinforcements to the frontiers, the offensive has been vigorously renewed by the Roumanians.

Austro-German attacks in the passes have been generally repulsed and Bucharest report speak of the pursuit of the Teutonic Allies particularly in the Predal region, where the crucial struggle of the present moment is proceeding.

Tuesday's Bucharest communication admitted that the Roumanian troops had been repulsed on Mateias Hill, which is 12 miles within Roumanian territory, in the Torzburg Pass region, but the British military experts believe that if fortune favors the Roumanians in the Predal district the invading force at Mateias may find its position precarious.

In the Gyimes Pass, where the Austro-Germans have reached a point seven miles within the frontier, fighting is still going on.

Germans Hope to Crush Roumania, So That There will be Less Frontier to Defend

At a period when the weather is adverse to offensive operations elsewhere, the Germans are apparently concentrating every possible man and gun against Roumania. The view of the British officers is that the Germans hope to crush Roumania, so that when they have to face a common Allied offensive in the spring they may not have to defend the immense length of the Roumanian frontier in addition to what they have to defend this summer.

repulsed and Bucharest reports speak of the pursuit of the Teu-

Story of Zeppelin Raid Sent Out by the Huns is Described as "Ludicrous Fiction."

BERLIN, Oct. 18 (via wireless to Sayville).—Eye witnesses of the Zeppelin attack on England on September 23, according to the Overseas News Agency, claim that bombs hit the Grimsby barracks, killing more than 400 soldiers, and that about 60 men were killed on board a cruiser which was hit by a bomb. It is said that Regent street, London, was for the most part laid in ruins.

A cablegram from London tonight, bearing on the above, says: "The Press Bureau appends a note to a wireless despatch from Berlin relative to the alleged 'gigantic damage' done in England by the Zeppelin raids on September 23 and October 2, which declares such statements to be 'ludicrous fiction,' and adds: 'The Secretary to the Admiralty states that there is not a word of truth in the statement that a cruiser or warship was damaged. No warship or merchant ship, nor any man belonging to the navy or mercantile marine was touched by Zeppelin bombs. The whole story is a fabrication.'"

MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTY LIST

Ottawa, Oct. 19.—Casualties among Maritime men are reported as follows:

Infantry.
Killed in Action.
P. E. Hughson, St. John.
E. Jonah, Petitcodiac, N. B.
D. L. Morin, Bear River, N. S.
H. Sears, Sackville, N. B.
T. Brennan, St. Johns, Nfld.
G. Craik, Newcastle, N. B.
W. Vantassel, Digby, N. S.
Acting Co. Sergt. Major W. Henderson, St. John.
A. L. Landry, Pomquet, N. S.
Wounded.
G. Lemont Barteaux, Advocate Harbor, N. S.
C. Simpson, Elmsdale, N. S.
A. E. M. Taylor, Halifax.
J. Thompson, Greenock, N. B.
F. Vance, Chignecto, N. S.
O. Verdy, North Sydney, N. S.
F. Wentzell, Milton, N. B.
J. Wiseman, Moncton, N. B.
T. Harrison, Gowland Mountain, N. B.
Engineers.
R. B. Robinson, McAdam Junction, N. B.
S. Casey, Campbellton, N. B.
H. Cochran, Kingston, N. B.
Lance Corporal R. Ferguson, Flatlands, N. B.
Pte. A. Cormier, Restigouche, N. B.
Robert Orr, St. John.
Missing.
A. W. Lawson, Fernmount, N. B.
J. T. Covey, Northumberland, N. B.
Wounded and Missing.
E. A. Dempsey, Jacket River, N. B.
Artillery.
Sapper A. F. Ferguson, Bridgeport, N. S.
Wounded.
Gunner G. A. Colwell, Woodstock, N. S.
(Continued on page 5.)

NOW PREDICTED THAT THE GREAT WAR WILL LAST ANOTHER YEAR

This Seems to be the View of Leaders On Both Sides on the Western Front ---Huns Were Trying Hard to Crush Roumania.

British Front in France, Oct. 18, via London, Oct. 19.—The war will last another year, according to the consensus of opinion among the British soldiers and their leaders. It also is the opinion of the Germans, if the views of prisoners of war count for anything.

Before the grand offensive started, a high authority informed the correspondent of the Associated Press that the German lines would not be broken this summer, and that slow operations wearing down the Germans would be inaugurated and would probably last through another summer.

With the approach of winter conditions, which make military movements difficult, this officer recalled his prediction, and speaking of the situation today he said:

"We know what the German resources were, and what ours were, and the time required to force a decisive victory for our arms is a matter of calculation."

Will be a Fight to the Finish Between The Man Power and Resources of the Foe

German prisoners taken during the summer invariably spoke of peace being a certainty in the autumn. They regarded the Somme thrust as a final effort of the Allies for a decision, and that after it peace would be made. Their tone has been entirely different of late. They recognize that it is a fight to a finish between the man power and resources of the two foes, and that an ultimate decision will come from the fearful attrition on the western front, which now will know no intermission until the end.

The Germans are determined to make every village on the western front a fortress which will yield only when reduced to powder by shell fire, and every gully and crater a machine gun post, to secure their defensive against a critical defeat.

WAR PRISONERS IN GERMANY GETTING BETTER TREATMENT

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Thomas Curtin, of Boston, continuing his description of conditions in Germany, writes in the Times this morning that the British captures of German prisoners is bettering the lot of British prisoners in Germany, the Germans being anxious lest ill-treatment bring on reprisals. This applies to officers as well as to men.

Mr. Curtin emphasized the value to Germany of its 2,000,000 "prisoner slaves," who are now reclaiming swamps, tilling soil, building roads and railways and working in factories.

"Some of your military writers," he says, "leave these prisoners out of their calculations when estimating Germany's man power. If you had 2,000,000 prisoners you probably would be able to release 2,000,000 of your own people for military service. Most of the prisoners in Germany are Russians. They are seen everywhere and have greater freedom than any others. They sometimes travel unguarded to and from work. They are docile, physically strong and accustomed to lower grade food than any other prisoners, with the exception of the Serbs.

English Prisoners are Highly Prized by The Huns for Hate Propaganda Purposes

"Of course the English form much the smallest number of prisoners, but they are most highly prized for hate propaganda purposes. 'They are more difficult to manage,' said an officer to me, 'than the whole rest of our 2,000,000.'"

"It is indeed a fact that your 20,000 prisoners, although the worst treated, are the gayest and most outspoken and most rebellious against tyranny."

SUBMARINE U-53 REPORTED SUNK OFF NANTUCKET

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A news agency despatch from Norfolk, Va., says: "A German submarine, probably the U-53, has been sunk off Nantucket, according to a signal from a British cruiser to the British steamer North Pacific, taking on bunker coal here today.

The North Pacific, which came in Monday night from New Orleans, did not report until early today that the cruiser had signalled. The message read: "German submarine sunk east of Nantucket."

Officers of the North Pacific said the cruiser was lying off this coast.

A London cable a few days ago said a sudden reduction in insurance rates on trans-Atlantic shipping by Lloyds had aroused speculation as to whether the U-53 has been sunk, captured or had returned to a German port, it being believed that the reduction was ordered because Lloyds had received "inside information" in regard to the disposal of the submarine.

Soldiers Vote May Save Bowser

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 19.—With the whole of the soldiers' vote cast in Canada counted, with the exception of South Vancouver and Richmond, the conservatives have gained two seats, which the civilian vote gave to the Liberals. Premier Bowser, on the soldiers' vote, has wiped out the adverse majority of 215 which put P. Donnelly, Liberal, in sixth place on the successful opposition ticket in Vancouver, the Premier now leading by 45 votes.

Lieut. McKenzie, in Delta, now has a majority of 33 over his Liberal opponent, who is led by six on the civilian vote.

Went to St. John.

Lieut. Col. P. A. Guthrie and a number of officers of the 236th Highlanders left for St. John this morning on military business. A conference of the battalion officers will be held here tomorrow.

Calder Declines to Form a Cabinet

Regina, Sask., Oct. 19.—Following the receipt of Hon. Walter Scott's resignation as Premier, the Lieutenant Governor invited Hon. J. A. Calder, the acting Premier, to undertake the work of forming a ministry. Mr. Calder asked for time in which to consider the matter and consult his colleagues.

Last evening he informed the Lieut. Governor that he had decided not to accept the preferred honor.

Death at Hanwell.

Thomas Boreland, of Hanwell, died at his home this morning, aged 79 years. Four sons survive. They are William, James and Benjamin at home, and Robert of Tobique. Mrs. George Gill, of Rowland Springs, Pa., is a sister. The funeral will take place on Saturday at 10 a. m., Rev. J. S. Sutherland conducting the service. Interment will be made at the Rural cemetery.