Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a.m. on the day of

Pailu

ALL THE NEWS FOR ONE CENT

The Weather.

Maritime: Moderate to fresh rain, but mostly fair and cold.

VOL. XXII., No. 268

FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1916

ONE CENT PER COPY

WAR NEWS FROM ALL FRONTS OF A CHEERING NATURE

British Renew Attack on Germans Along the Somme

Gas Successfully Used Against Enemy Trenches and Some Prisoners Captured---Serbians Win Victory Over Germans and Bulgars---Russian Troops Cross the Danube.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The British opened an attack this morning on both sides of the Ancre River, on the northern part of the Somme front. The War Office reports the capture of a certain number of prisoners.

The text of the statement reads: "This morning we attacked on both Duke and Party." sides of the Ancre, capturing a considerable number of prisoners. Hostile artillery activity continued during the night on our positions in the neighborhood of Les Boeufs and Guedecourt. Gas was successfully discharged by us against enemy trenches opposite Rans. The enem'ys trenches were entered by us southeast of Armentieres."

PARIS, Nov. 13.—The Serbians have won a brilliant victory over the Germans and Bulgarians in the Cerna river district southeast of Monastir, Hahfax. Premier and Lady Borden, the War Office announced today. The Serbians, supported by French artillery, forced the Teutonic allies to retire a distance of nearly two miles, and captured about 1,000 prisoners. The retreat of the German - Blugarian forces was compelled after a battle lasting for two days.

The prisoners taken raises the total captured since September 12, says aged by fire last week, has been apthe statement, to 6,000 men, together with 72 cannon and 53 machine guns.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The Russi and have crossed the Danube into Dobrudja at two points south of Tchernavoda, and the Russian fleet has renewed the bombardment of Constanza, according to Petrograd advices receive today by wireless by way of Rome. Field Marshal Mackensen has been ing continuing his retreat with demoralized forces and with one third of the effective forces with which he opened his campaign lost.

A Bulgarian Official Statement Admits That the Serbians Have Made Some Headway

SOFIA, Nov. 13, via London.—An advance for the Serbians in the Cerna Bend is admitted in the Official statement issued by the War Office today. The text of the statement follows:

"West of the Monastir-Florina railway there was a lively artiHery action. Eastwald and in the Cerna Bend there was a desperate battle throughout yesterday and part of last night. All enemy attacks were broken but the enemy succeeded in Praise Bestowed in French Army Orders-Officers holding the heighs and making a salient begore our positions northeast of Peleg.

"In the Monogelinica valley there was weak artilelry fire. West of Vardar vigorous cannonading took place. It was calm on the other fronts except on the Dobrudja, where fighting occurred at our advanced positions without important results.'

Lieut. Col. Bullock Tells Londoners Why He Donned the Khaki on Behalf of Liberty

London, where, without doffing his khaki, he has been preaching in a Unitarian church. He is in command of one of the Amcrican Legion battalions raised in Canada.

In answer to a question why he, an American minister, had liant courage and most complete devotion. joined the British army as a combatant, the Colonel said: "I hold it is wrong to tell another man to go out and shoot without you go and do likewise. The men I have the privilege of commanding, and more, came voluntarily. They realized as I did that this was a war of principles, not of nations, and that the United States was affected by the outcome just as much as the Allied nations.

Shall the Mailed Fist Rule?

"It was a question whether the mailed fist should rule civilization or whether the principles of the man whose fists were nailed to the cross should prevail. And the sinking of the Lusitania was the casting of the die. Then I announced I had furled my flag, that it never again should be carried by the breezes garding military operations in Saloniki and Mesopotamia says: until the country which ad been so long my home should declare itself against such a damnable outrage.

'I then took a commission and combatant rank, and helped to raise a battalion of Americans to fight. That one battalion Euphrates.' grew into eight," added the Colonel with a smile.

"In America," he continued, "there is a ubiquitous sign. 'safety first.' There is no more ignoble cry unless it be 'too during the night along the front in France, says today's anproud to fight.'

THE BRITISH

London, Noc. 13.-The British troops in the new offensive north of the Anre river have advanced to a maximum lepth of one mile, capturing from the ermans the town of Beaumont-Hamel and St. Pierre-Divion, according to the

town of Serre.

Two thousand prisoners already have een taken by the British.

Arrive at Ottawa

Ottawa, Nov. 13.-The Duke and Duchess of Devonshire and party were tendered a state and civic reception and welcome by an assemblage of several thousand people on arrival in the capital shortly before noon today.

The party came by special train from Mayor Porter, members of the cabi net and their wives and invited guests nade up the official reception party.

Fire Loss Appraised.

The insurance loss on the L. A. Curey Estate warehouse, which was dam-

The Black Feather.

The Black Feather was repeated at the Opera House on Saturday evening ompany. There was a large audience and the play was much enjoyed. The ompany went to St. John this morn-

Mr. Emile Allain, of Campbellton, is at the Barker House.

States That His Course Has Met Public Approval and With a Free Hand--- German Newspaper's Views.

SUBMARINE SITUAT

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 .- President Wilson returned to Washington tonight ready to take up waiting public problems and begin framing plans for his second term in the White House. He has been away two months. One of the first problems to be laid before the President tomorrow will be the situation resulting from recent activities by German submarines.

Secretary Lansing is expected to lay before him a summary of recent developments collected at the State Department, dealing particiularly with the Marina, Columbian, Arabia and Lanao cases. No secret is made of the belief of some of the officials that the situation is serious.

Policy Laid Down in Previous Notes to Germany Will Be Strictly Adhered To

The President has made it clear to friends that the policy towards submarine warfare laid down in the notes to Germany by Mr. albert Brown and his excellent concluding with the correspondence on the Sussex case, will be followed strictly.

In his campaign speeches President Wilson declared that in case the administration was defeated at the election it would have difficulty in dealing with foreign problems between now and March 4. Now that he has been re-elected, however, he s known to feel that his course generally has been approved by the nation and that he can proceed with a free hand.

President Wilson probably will have another conference in the near future with Mr. James W. Gerard, American Ambas-

CAN AMBULANCE SERVICE Sador to Germany, now in this country. German Paper Thinks Wilson is Gradually.

and Staff Give Proof of Brilliant Courage and Devotion — Huns Giving More Attention to Aerial Fighting.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—Gallantry os a section of the American Ambulance field service has again been cited in army orders:

'Under the command of Lieut. Robt. E. Dersauson de Pen-LONDON, Nov. 13.-Lieut. Col. F. C. Bullock, the only nendref and Herbert Townsend, an American officer, says the clergyman to command a battalion of British troops, is now in citation, "the section in August and September of 1916 assured the evacuation of three divisions successively under particularly dangerous circumstances. It asked the favor of continuing earth's great powers. the work, and both officers and staff gave proofs of most bril-

Conquest of the Air.

despatch from its special correspondent with the armies in France: "The German airmen have grown better. They are making a more serious attempt to dispute us. This winter will French Officer Calls Upon Great Britain probably see some bitter air fighting.

'Aerial fighting is now much closer and savage than ever it has been. The importance of air mastery has been most clearly demonstrated, and is now freely conceded.'

Enemy Aeroplanes Brought Down.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—An official statement issued today re-"At Saloniki three enemy airplanes were forced to descend

in their lines. In Mesopotamia two British airplanes successfully dropped bombs on Turkish irregular troops on the river

The Usual Cannonading.

PARIS, Nov. 13.-There was only the usual cannonading nouncement by the War Office.

Adopting a More Unbiased Attitude

BERLIN, via London, Nov. 13.—President Wilson's attitude toward the warring nations of Europe is gradually changing, according to the Frankfurter Zeitung, which, in discussing Mr. Wilson's re-election says:

"Germany's relations with America depend in the highest degree upon the future views and sentiments of this hard and self-willed personality, but certain signs indicate that President Wilson is gradually taking a more unbiased standpoint than hitherto. How does it happen that large circles of American people, including women voters, prefer Wilson to Hughes for sentimental reasons? Because they assume his ambition remains to keep the republic out of the gigantic conflict of the

"Whatever one says about the vitality of the pacificists, the idealists will committhe gravest error in under-estimating their power over the American nation. Von Bethmann-Hollweg would probably shrink from being regarded as a sentimental LONDON, Noc. 13.—The Times has received the following dreamer, yet he unequivocably proclaims the goal of humanity to be 'agrements and understandings.'

To Take Over More of the French Front

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The Express features an article in today's issue by a French military writer, Capt. Phillipe Millet, calling on Great Britain to take over more of the western front and relieve the French.

Capt. Millet says it is necessary to speak plainly, that the alliance of Great Britain and France cannot be based on a mere exchange of compliments, and that all Frenchmen are wondering whether the English fully realie what is happening in France. He says the French recognize gratefully what Great Britain has already done, but feels that the time has come for the British Army to relieve the French more efficiently.

The writer cites utterances of French deputies to support his claim and remarks that the British are holding only 150 kilometres of the front, compared to the French 580 kilometres.