

Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

ALL THE NEWS FOR ONE CENT

The Weather.

Maritime: Southeast to south-west gales with rain.

VOL. XXII., No. 248

FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1916

ONE CENT PER COPY

ALLIES MAKING STEADY PROGRESS ON THE WESTERN FRONT

Von Hindenburg Opposed To Huns Campaign of Piracy

Has Asked That Agitation for More Ruthless Campaign be Abandoned---King Constantine Complains of Action of Allies in Recognizing Government at Saloniki.

AMSTERDAM, via London, Oct. 20.—According to the Berlin newspaper Germania, Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has at last come out solidly against a more ruthless prosecution of Germany's submarine campaign. Germania says that at last Saturday's sitting of the "Independent Committee for German Peace Terms," Privy Councillor Duisburg appeared before the commission, saying that he came in an official capacity as the envoy of Field Marshal Von Hindenburg. He added that the Field Marshal requested the committee to abandon all agitation for a more ruthless prosecution of the German submarine campaign.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—King Constantine of Greece, in an interview with the British minister to Athens, complained bitterly of the action of the Allies in recognizing the provisional government at Saloniki, according to an Athens despatch to the Daily Mail. According to the despatch the King told the minister that as the Allies had deprived him of all power, they had better address all their proposals to Venizelos. The monarch made certain proposals, which the British diplomat considered of no importance, and he recommended Constantine to change his entire policy.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The following official account of operations on the French front was given out here today:

"Last evening Stuff and Schwaben redoubts were heavily shelled by the enemy. During the night two small raids were carried out against the enemy's trenches in the neighborhood of Loos."

Sir Robert Cecil Makes Vigorous Reply To the Criticism of a Nationalist Member

LONDON, Oct. 20.—During the late hours of the session of the House of Commons last night, Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War and Trade, replied vigorously to a speech in which Colonel Arthur Lynch, Nationalist, had criticized the government's policy in the Balkans, and in regard to Greece Colonel Lynch asked whether any outside influence had been allowed to affect the British policy.

This reference, which apparently was to the former friendship between the royal families, provoked a prompt retort from Lord Robert Cecil.

"It would be impossible at this stage, and under present circumstances," said Lord Robert, "to enter into a discussion of what we or our Allies have said or are going to say to Greece in reference to the present crisis in European affairs."

Strategy of the Balkans Has Been Guided Exclusively by Military Considerations

"As far as the strategy of the Balkans is concerned, it has been guided exclusively by military considerations, and the only people who had anything to say in deciding the military movements were the proper military advisors of the government. The suggestion that any person, whether strictly a member of the government or not, had used any influence to deflect the policy of this country from the principles of sound strategy is absolutely baseless and utterly unworthy of this House."

KAISER VISITS THE FRONT.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 20.—Emperor William visited the Champagne front on Wednesday of this week, according to the Cologne Gazette, and presented General Von Einem, commander of the Saxon army, with the laurels of the order of merit.

FRENCH OFFICIAL REPORT.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—The War Office announced today that the Serbians have captured the plateau and village of Velyeselo, on the western end of the Macedonian front, putting the Bulgarians to rout.

THE CONNAUGHTS REACH ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, the retired Governor General of Canada, has arrived in England, accompanied by the Duchess and Princess Patricia.

MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTY LIST

Ottawa, Oct. 20.—Casualties among Maritime men are reported as follows: Infantry.

Killed in Action.
Corp. W. Kinnear, Shediac, N. B.
Corp. W. C. Anderson, Sydney, N. S.
E. B. Bernard, Chatham, N. B.
C. H. Currie, Glace Bay, N. S.
Lance Corp. R. Robinson, Yarmouth, N. S.
Sergt. W. J. Seymour, St. John.
Died of Wounds.
J. R. Reed, North Sydney, N. S.
J. H. Willis, Fairville, N. B.
Missing, Believed Killed.
E. Harris, Bonaville, Nfld.
Missing.
F. S. Flaherty, Chatham, N. B.
Wounded.
Elmer E. Eldridge, St. John.
Robert Hudson, Fairville.
E. Robichaud, Loggieville, N. B.

DAUGHTER OF CAPT. READ ON THE S. S. ALAUNIA

Mrs. C. A. Robinson Formerly of Fredericton, Among Passengers Landed at Falmouth.

Mrs. Carrie A. Robinson, daughter of Capt. J. A. Read, of this city, and a former resident here, was a passenger on the Cunard steamship Alaunia, reported sunk by a mine in the English Channel. The passengers were all landed at Falmouth before the ship met with disaster. Mrs. Robinson sailed from New York on October 7th, after having missed her passage on another steamer.

Capt. E. J. Mooney, of St. John, is in the city.

CONDITIONS IN ATHENS SAID TO BE TURBULENT

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Extremely turbulent conditions are reported in Athens on Wednesday night, in a despatch from Reuter's correspondent at the Greek capital, sent that evening. Greek reservists have taken the law in their own hands, despite the presence of strong Entente detachments of marines, who are given virtually no assistance by the Greek authorities in maintaining order.

"Tonight," the message reads, "it is evident that the reservists are out of hand, for despite the fact that strong cavalry forces are escorting the French and Greek marines and soldiers spread about everywhere, the reservists, assembled in groups, have taken the law into their own hands, and the Greek forces for maintenance of order do not seem able to dispose of them."

"The chief of the French police control has informed the editors of the anti-Venizelos press that, beginning tomorrow, the French will exercise a newspaper censorship, and that newspapers printing anti-Entente articles run the risk of suspension."

The foregoing, although bringing the news of developments in Athens only up to Wednesday night, is the latest report to be received on the situation there.

FIDELITY CHAPTER OF HOLTON WORKED DEGREES

Banquet Last Night at Masonic Temple---Twenty Visitors in Party.

Fidelity Chapter, No. 32, Order of the Eastern Star, of Holton, Me., paid an official visit to Celestial Chapter, No. 3, of this city, last night. About twenty officers and members of the Holton Chapter arrived at noon yesterday by

special car attached to the C. P. R. express. Mrs. Margaret Pennington is Worthy Matron of the visiting chapter, and Mr. James Archibald, Past Grand Patron of Maine, is Patron.

Last night degrees were exemplified at the Masonic Temple by the visitors. The exemplification was followed by a banquet. There was also a musical entertainment including a vocal solo by Mr. F. L. Cooper, a vocal solo by Miss Helen VanWart, and a banjo solo by Mr. C. D. Holder. There also were a number of speeches by officers of the visiting Chapter. A pleasant evening was spent.

Today the visitors are being shown points of interest in this vicinity. Mrs. Pennington and Mrs. Fride are guests of Mrs. R. G. Lee.

GENERAL HAIG TELLS OF OPERATIONS ON THE WESTERN FRONT

British Line Has Been Pushed Steadily Forward---The Fighting Has Been Heavy and Prolonged---Many Important Positions Taken From Enemy.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—General Sir Douglas Haig, the British Commander in France, has sent a report on the operations which have been in progress since the end of September, in which he says the British forces have advanced well beyond the crest of the main ridge from Thiepval to Sailly-Sailliesel.

From the line thus held, according to the report, the ground slopes gently to a shallow valley running northwest from near Sailly-Sailliesel to about 2,000 yards south of Bapaume, and then turns westward and joins the valley of the River Ancre at Miraumont.

From the main Thiepval-Morval ridge, a series of long well marked spurs run down to the valley described above. The most important of the series is a hammer-headed spur immediately east of Flois, at the western extremity of which stands a tumulus called Butte de Warlencourt.

Lying across the main trend of the ground another well marked spur runs from Morval north towards Thillois, passing a thousand yards east of Guedecourt.

Behind this spur lies the German fourth position, to get within assaulting distance of which it was necessary to carry LeSars and these two spurs. These were held as intermediate positions by the Germans, every advantage being taken of the sunken roads, buildings and the undulating nature of the land.

On October 1st the British Lines Were Pushed Forward on a 3,000 Yard Front

"On Sept. 29th," continues the report, "we carried d'Estremont Farm, 300 yards southwest of LeSars, and just north of the Albert-Bapaume road. In the afternoon, on October 1st, we advanced our line on a front of 3,000 yards, occupying the buildings of Eaucourt l'Abbaye, fourteen hundred yards south-east of LeSars."

"The struggle in this neighborhood continued with great severity during the night, and early in the morning of October 2nd the enemy had regained a footing in the place."

During the whole of next day and night the battle fluctuated, but by the following morning we had succeeded in finally clearing the buildings of the enemy.

On the 6th we won the mill northwest of Eaucourt l'Abbaye, and on the afternoon of the 7th, in conjunction with the French on our right, we attacked on a wide front between the Albert-Bapaume road and Les Boufs. We drove the enemy from LeSars and near lying positions, also to the east and west of that village, and forced our way forward from 600 to 1,000 yards.

"The period since that has been occupied in winning ground between LeSars and Les Boufs up to the slopes of low ridges already mentioned. In the area between Thiepval and LeSars we made steady progress and gradually won a series of strong positions."

Germans Put Up a Stubborn Resistance And Many Counter Attacks Were Repelled

"The fighting has been heavy and prolonged. The enemy resisted stubbornly until surrounded in one place after another. Large numbers of prisoners have fallen into our hands."

"During this period we had to repel repeatedly counter attacks. Generally these were stopped by our artillery and machine gun fire. Outside the Somme battle front our troops have shown great activity in trench raids. Between Ypres and Loos over sixty raids were carried out, in which we secured many prisoners and inflicted heavy casualties."

"The prisoners captured during the fortnight bring the total number taken in Somme battles since the beginning of July to 28,918, and in the action of October 7th one division alone, which previously had seen many days of hard fighting, took 8 officers and 474 men of other ranks."