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The Daily Mail

ALL THE NEWS FOR ONE CENT

 * The Weather. *
 * Maritime: Gales south, shift- *
 * ing to west and northwest, with *
 * rain, turning colder on Satur- *
 * day. *

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1916

ONE CENT PER COPY

ANOTHER HOSPITAL SHIP IS SUNK BY GERMAN BARBARIANS

Allied Troops Make Raids On Trenches in the West

Official Statement Says There Were no Other Events of Importance---German Submarine Captured by British Naval Forces---Reports of Fighting in Roumania.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Raids on German trenches during last night are reported in the official statement issued by the War Office today regarding operations on the Franco-Belgian frontier, as follows:

"Last night we raided enemy trenches southeast of Grenay, and in the Festubert and Bois Grenier sections. Otherwise there were no events of importance on this part of the battlefield."

MILAN, via Paris, Nov. 24.—British naval forces recently captured a large German submarine, according to the Corriere de la Sera. The newspaper says that a British mine sweeper landed thirteen sailors and two officers of the crew of the submarine at an Italian port.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The delayed Roumanian official communications of Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, which all reached London today, throw little light on the German advance to Craiova. Tuesday's report tells of desperate struggles in the regions of Verrests, Albrecht, Surpatzi, at Monastir and at Kosiaul. The Roumanians in the Jiul Valley were reported to have retired to Craiova, and several persons were reported killed in an air raid on Bucharest.

Wednesday's announcement gave the situation in the Alt valley unchanged, but reported that in the Jiul valley the Roumanians had retired toward the west of Craiova. A wireless despatch makes the following correction in the text originally received of Thursday's communique:

"Our troops have withdrawn from the Jiul valley and now occupy the positions held on the previous day." The words "held on the previous day" were omitted in the original communique.

Huns are Making Conditions in Belgium

Frightful, Says Belgian Foreign Minister

HAVRE, Nov. 24.—The following telegram has been sent by the Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs to the Belgian ministers at Rome and Madrid, to be communicated to Pope Benedict and King Alfonso:

"The situation in Belgium is becoming day by day more frightful. The raids on valid Belgians now extend throughout the whole country. If they are not sent to work in German munition factories they are sent to the occupied parts of France to work on systems of trenches and strategic railway of Lille and Aulnay. The Germans boast of having already deported three hundred and fifty thousand men."

Germany's New Military Service Bill Will

Call Out All Men Between Ages of 17 and 60

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The German auxiliary service bill is considered by Secretary of the Interior Von Loebell as surpassing in importance all previous war measures, according to an Amsterdam despatch to Reuter's describing the debate on the bill before the main committee of the Reichstag.

Secretary Von Loebell opened the debate on the bill, which provides for the calling to the service of all men from 17 to 60. He said that besides the millions whom it would render liable to service in the army, it would affect three million others to be called upon for other services in the war, "which is not only a war of arms, but a war of political economy, a war of nations."

"The bill must prove to the whole world," he said, "that Germany is determined to fight with all her forces to the utmost."

FIGHTING ON THE SOMME.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—There was a lively bombardment on the Somme front last night in the region of Sailly-Saillisel, north of the river and east of Ablaincourt, south of the stream, the War Office announced today. The night was uneventful on the remainder of the front. French aviators took part in forty aerial engagements on the Somme front, during which five hostile machines were brought down, Sub-Lieut. George Guynemer accounting for his twenty-third German machine.

SIR H. MAXIM, INVENTOR DIED TODAY

London, Nov. 24.—Sir Hiram Maxim, inventor of the automatic system of firearms, died at his home here early today.

Sir Hiram Maxim was born in Sangerville, Maine, on Feb. 5, 1840. He was a descendant of English Puritans who were among the early settlers of Plymouth county, Massachusetts.

The Maxim automatic gun was invented in 1884 in London, and was immediately adopted by the British government, which used it in the war with the Matabeles.

Some years later Sir Hiram created a baronet by Queen Victoria after having become naturalized as an Englishman, invented the first smokeless powder. In 1894 Sir Hiram Maxim invented a heavier than air flying machine, which raised itself from the ground, carrying a driver and passenger. This was nine years before the first practicable aeroplane was created by the Wright brothers. Sir Hiram's machine was a ponderous affair and broke down in its early trials. In 1915 the inventor was appointed a member of the inventions board created by the government to meet the needs of the war.

New Minister of Militia at Work

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—Hon. A. E. Kemp, the new Minister of Militia, took over the administration of his department today, combining its work with that of the war purchasing commission.

Until the necessary by election in Toronto is over he will probably be out of town part of the time, and in that period he will have the assistance of F. B. McCurdy.

A genius is a man who can do almost anything but make a living and keep up his reputation for being a genius.

GERMAN PIRATES SUNK ANOTHER HOSPITAL SHIP

The Braiman Castle, 6280 Tons, With Wounded on Board, Goes Down in Channel in the Aegean Sea—No Details of Disaster are Given, but All on Board were Saved.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The British hospital ship Braiman Castle, of 6280 tons gross, bound from Saloniki to Malta with wounded, has been mined or torpedoed in the Aegean Sea, it was officially announced today. All on board were saved.

The disaster occurred in the Mykoni channel, the announcement states. Mykoni is an island in the Aegean Sea distant about 1,000 miles from Piraeus, the port of Athens. A comparatively narrow passage separates Mykoni from an island to the northwest.

FROM THE MACEDONIAN FRONT.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Entente forces on the Macedonian front are making progress in their attacks on the German-Bulgarian lines, according to today's War Office announcement. The gain of further ground during the continuation of the battle east of Monastir is claimed, while to the west the Italians, continuing their progress, have reached Nijipole.

Big R. C. Church Goes up in Smoke

Quebec, Nov. 24.—The splendid church of Limoilou parish, this city, was burned to the ground early today. It was valued at close to \$180,000 and was only protected by partial insurance.

Shoes are going up in price. Let's be thankful we don't have to eat them.

Arrested as Absentee.

Private G. H. Clayburn, of No. 2 Construction Battalion, now in winter quarters at Picton, N. S., was arrested at his home at Barker's Point this morning charged with being an absentee from his unit. Clayburn came home on pass, but over-stayed his leave. An escort will be sent from Picton to take him back. He is now in the cells at the police station.

More people would be led astray if they listened to their own talk seriously.

THE LONDON TIMES DEALS VIGOROUSLY WITH PEACE RUMORS

German Dove is Coming Again With Vigor ---Huns Can Have Peace, But Only On the Terms Laid Down by Premier Asquith Early in the War.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Times this morning has a leading article entitled "The Dove, and the Answer." It says:

"The German dove is cooing again with desperate vigor across the Atlantic. We knew his monotonous voice would be raised anew with the winter. It is seasonable. If it is earlier than usual this year, Verdun and the Ancre may account for the phenomenon."

"On Saturday all the German newspapers were allowed to circulate, on the authority of an obscure Swiss journal, the joyful tidings that American mediation is imminent. The statement is founded on an independent diplomatic source."

Germans are Making a Clumsy Imitation of The Favorite Device of the Great Napoleon

"We are not in the least impressed by the strain. We expected it, and here it is. There is not a new note in it. It is like much more in the war—a clumsy imitation of the favorite device of Napoleon. He never tired of proclaiming his devotion to peace. He found just the same obstacles to his benevolent plans for the pacification of the world."

"It was always malevolent England which obstructed them. There were others, of course, but they varied. England was always there, inspiring, subsidizing, fighting and refusing the freedom of the seas. She would not make peace herself and would not suffer him to impose peace on others; therefore, she was an enemy to the human race."

Napoleon Wanted a Peace That Would Leave Him Supreme in Europe—But Didn't Get It

"Napoleon was quite as sincere as the German squallers. He truly desired peace. He was truly ready to make it at almost any moment of his career, and he truly charged England with refusing it, and urging others to refuse it. We did so, because the only peace he wanted was a peace which would leave him supreme in Europe, consecrate the triumph of militarism, and leave it in his power to prepare for future wars."

"That is the sort of peace and the only sort of peace, which Germany wants today. We do not doubt that she wants it very much, but we and our Allies are absolutely determined never to give it to her."

"She can have peace tomorrow if she chooses. She knows the terms. They were stated by the Prime Minister at the Guild Hall in the first months of the war. They have been again and again repeated since; they have never varied, and they are accepted, approved and sanctioned by all the Allies."

"There is not the slightest foundation for peace talk at present, whatever fictions the anonymous emissaries of Wilhelmstrasse may attempt to palm off on America and other neutrals."

NEW PREMIER FOR RUSSIA.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Alexander Trepoff, Russian Minister of Railways, has been appointed Premier, according to a Reuter despatch from Petrograd. The retiring premier, M. Sturges, by an imperial ukase, has been appointed Grand Chamberlain of the Imperial Court, thus retaining his functions as a member of the Council of the Empire. Newspapers say that the appointment of M. Trepoff as Premier implies the necessity that the government make a communication to parliament explaining the impending problems connected with the government.

BULGARIAN OFFICIAL REPORT.

SOFIA, Nov. 24, via London.—Heavy fighting in the Lake Prespa region, on the Macedonian front, west of the Monastir district, is reported to today's official statement by the War Office. Hostile attacks were unsuccessful both east and west of the lake. Near Boudaritz Bulgarian troops captured some Entente trenches.