

WARNING TO WOMEN WHO USE COSMETICS

Philadelphia Bulletin.

Girl, Read and Pause!

"As men emerge from savagery they cease to adorn themselves with paint, and women begin to resort to it."

"At thirty the bloom of youth gives way to the seamed and haggard mask of menacing senility."

"Skin put to such unnatural uses becomes mere parchment backing for the decorator's brush."

"Fashion inculcates a calm contempt for every argument based on physical well-being; its only argument is physical well-being."

Pardon, but the next time you dip your powder puff into your vanity case harken to the above advice of Dr. Wm. F. Cunningham, widely known skin specialist, of New York. Illness and the end of feminine beauty, he says, are inevitable results of constant use of cosmetics.

Dr. Cunningham very frankly admits he has no idea his personal views on the subject will stop women from daubing their cheeks, but he says that unless the women do there's an awful shock in store for them.

"Deep, harsh and coarse complexions" are the harvest of the powder users, he says, and women in covering their faces with coats of cosmetics, in reality are loading their skin with cloying, cloggy and leamy messes.

"It is a curious commentary," says Dr. Cunningham, "that as men emerge from savagery they cease to adorn themselves with paint, and women begin to resort to it. The skin of the habitual user of cosmetics, when it is possible to get a glimpse of it at all, is dry, harsh and coarse. From prolonged abuse of its delicate fabric it takes on the repulsive aspect of precocious degeneration, so that at thirty, when a woman's comeliness should be in full luxuriance, the bloom of youth gives way to the seamed and haggard mask of menacing senility."

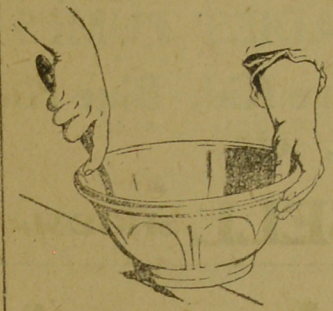
"The skin which has been put to such unnatural uses has been made a mere parchment backing for the decorator's brush. It has long been deprived of its privilege of basking in the sunlight and feeling the reviving influences of the heaven-born breezes, but has been loaded with clammy substances until the vitality has been squeezed out of it."

Dr. Cunningham reflects on what he has seen of the aids to beauty all about him for he says that the foolish practice of applying cosmetics is prevalent in every community.

"Not only," he adds, "are the completed results in evidence in ballroom, parlor, church and public conveyance, but even the method of application is brazenly displayed by shameless habits in utter disregard of the comment of onlookers. You and I have seen a woman powder her nose in a street car. We have seen her rouge her cheeks as boldly. As to the finished works of art that flaunt their pink and white enamel in haughty defiance of adverse opinion, they are so numerous as to arouse only a languid repulsion."

Guest—See here, waitress, you've kept me waiting here for half an hour, looking like a fool!

Waitress—Sorry, I had to keep you waiting, sir; but you're responsible for the rest.



Thorough mixing is what makes cake delicate and tender

Lantic Sugar

makes the best cake because it creams quickly and thoroughly with the butter which is the hardest part of the mixing. Its purity and extra "fine" granulation make it dissolve at once.

2 and 5-lb. Cartons
10 and 20-lb. Bags

"The All-Purpose Sugar"

LIVELY DEBATE OVER THE SOUTHWEST BOOM CO.'S BILL

Mr. Smith and Other Members Objected to Giving the Company Power to Increase Its Tolls—Alleged That There Was a Change of Front on the Part of Some Lumbermen—Mr. Slipp Replies to Insinuations by Mr. Smith and Dr. Price.

There was a spirited discussion in the Legislature on Tuesday over the bill relating to the Southwest Boom Company. Mr. Smith strongly opposed giving the company the right to increase the tolls, claiming that the company paid large dividends. Other speakers included Mr. Tilley, Mr. Carter, Dr. Price, Hon. Mr. Morrissey and Mr. Slipp. The latter spoke with considerable warmth and resented imputations cast upon him and his law partner by previous speakers. He also took occasion to say that he expected his remarks to be garbled by a portion of the press. The bill was finally passed.

Hon. Mr. Baxter's amendment to the Judicature Act provided that the Appeal Court, which now sits five times a year in Fredericton, shall in future sit four times in Fredericton and once in St. John. The bill was agreed to but must come up again for a third reading.

The House met at three o'clock.

The Teed Report.

Hon. Mr. Murray laid on the table the report of Commissioner M. G. Teed on the investigation recently held by him. He said that during his absence the hon. member for Madawaska, with characteristic impatience, had given notice of motion to have the report brought down. Such action was quite unnecessary as the report would have been brought down anyway, without the necessity of it being asked for. Under the circumstances, he presumed the hon. member would withdraw the motion.

Mr. Dugal gave notice of inquiry if there had been any protest from residents of Minto against grants of land to people of German nationality, and also as to the "Changes, Errors and Delays" to account for the payment of \$10,000 to contractors for the Suspension Bridge, St. John.

Mr. Dugal withdrew his notice of motion respecting the Teed report.

Southwest Boom Bill.

The House went into committee, Mr. Glasier in the chair, and took up the bill relating to the Southwest Boom Company.

Mr. Smith said that when the bill was before the Corporations Committee, there were only a very few members present, and he had asked that it stand over for a larger attendance. Speaking for himself, he saw no justification whatever for the increase in tolls from 55 to 65 cents per thousand, as asked for. The statement put in by the secretary of the company showed that a dividend of 10 per cent. had been paid for the last four years, and from information he had received it appeared that if a proper statement had been produced it would have showed a much larger dividend. Unless the company could show that it was suffering some hardship by having to continue rafting at 55 cents a thousand, he could not consent to the increase, as any company that was paying a 10 per cent. dividend had no reason to complain or ask for an increase.

Hon. Mr. Morrissey said that, although he introduced the bill, he had no retainer for the company, but he could speak from his own personal knowledge of the situation. Everybody who knew anything about such matters realized that the cost of lumber operations were much higher now than they used to be. It was harder to get men and they wanted more money. Ninety-seven per cent. of the men who would have to pay the increased tolls were in favor of the increase. The Corporations Committee had recommended that the increase asked for be halved and the company had accepted that solution, and if the men composing the company were willing to pay the five cents extra they should be allowed to have their own way.

Captain Tilley said that what influenced the committee to recommend the bill was the very frank statement given by the secretary of its affairs, and therefore he felt that the committee's action should be supported. Mr. Smith said he was surprised at the last speaker's statement. So far as the statement referred to having been a full and frank one, he understood it was nothing of the kind. The company was incorporated in 1881 and consisted of a few operators who owned the lumber dealt with. Most of the original incorporators had now passed away.

They were the limit-holders and they shared their profits and losses equally as part of the mutual business. Now, however, things were very different and the company had become a pure business speculation. He gave figures showing how the company had increased its tolls.

Mr. Swin said that the hon. member for Queens (Slipp) had said that 97 per cent. of the stockholders were in favor of the increase. Doubtless he believed that to be true. The hon. chief commissioner had also made a similar statement. He did not think either gentleman wished to misrepresent but the facts were not as they had stated. He read a statement of the dividends declared by the company for the past fourteen years, which showed that during that time an average of 25 per cent. had been paid. In view of that showing, he thought there was no jurisdiction whatever for the increase.

Mr. Carter deprecated the whole matter being opened up again before that committee, as he said the subject had been thoroughly thrashed out in the Corporations Committee, which had recommended a compromise that had been acceptable to all parties.

tion which had just been brought out was ample justification for the motion he made a day or two ago to have the consideration of the bill stand over. As far as the right of the company to receive an increase, they had failed to make out any ground for it. A 10 per cent. dividend should be satisfactory but it was shown that they were raising 17 1/2 per cent.

Tail Wagging the Dog.

Mr. Slipp said the Corporations Committee had given the matter a very careful hearing and should be supported, and those who were opposed to the committee's recommendation had shown no reason for it. The per cent. increase recommended by the Corporations Committee was very small and he was surprised at the attitude taken by the member for Carleton regarding it. It seemed as though a few small operators at the headwaters of the Miramichi wanted to control the whole thing—very much like the tail wagging the dog. Would the hon. member for Carleton say that the cost of rafting was not higher nowadays than it used to be?

Smith Warm Up.

Mr. Smith said that he had asked that the matter stand over until a larger committee was present, but he had been over-ruled—therefore the bill came down to the committee of the whole with the responsibility of every member of the Corporations Committee attached to it. He gathered from the remarks of the hon. member for Queens that he was prepared to legalize any watering of stock that the company might carry out and then put the cost of operation on all the operators along the river. With regard to the remarks of the member for Queens on himself personally and about the tail wagging the dog he (Smith) might not take up quite so much of the time of the House as his hon. friend but he thought that what he had to say was just as well worth listening to and in this case he had brought up the matter because he thought it was his duty to do so. The fact remained that the company was getting 10 per cent. on watered stock.

Mr. Slipp asked if that was brought out in the committee.

Mr. Smith said it was not, but it didn't alter the principle.

Mr. Carter said it was not a matter of principle but all but one of fact. In the present committee they were only getting one side of the question, whereas both sides were brought out in the Corporations Committee and were not contradicted.

Dr. Price said that when the bill was before the Corporations Committee there were many dissenters among the smaller operators, and it was curious what had happened to

explain their change of mind. For instance, there was Mr. John Maloney. He was strongly opposed to the increase in tolls at first but before the committee had got through he had come round. After the first adjournment he came back and stated that if he could get a piece of the stock of the company he would be satisfied. The other large concern, he understood, was the Frasers and was represented by counsel. This firm had acquired some holdings on the Miramichi and were opposed to any increase of tolls. Their counsel asked for an opportunity to discuss the matter with his clients, and afterwards he came back again and said they were perfectly willing to accept the increase. He (Price) presumed they also got some stock. It would be interesting to know how these people came by the stock which seemed to work such a wonderful change in their sentiments.

Captain Tilley said the statements made before the Corporations Committee had been very carefully considered. The company had started with a very small capital and they had put quite a lot of their money which would otherwise have gone in dividends, back into the business.

Hon. Mr. Baxter regretted that he had not been able to be present when the discussion took place before the Corporations Committee and he assumed that the increase which that committee recommended was fair and reasonable. He understood that originally there was a double liability attached to the stock which it was only natural the stockholders should want to get rid of. If the increase in capital was to be sought with the assistance of certain members of the company to whom stock had been given it was a condition which should not be permitted.

Dr. Price said Mr. Maloney made the statement that he was willing to consent to the increase if he got some stock in the company. Mr. Hanson, acting for the Frasers, said they were taking up some limits on the river from which logs would come down and he asked for an adjournment that he might consult with his clients.

Hon. Mr. Baxter—"Did they get any stock?"

Dr. Price said he could not say. They only said they would like some stock but it seemed very funny that they should oppose an increase in the beginning and then come around after the adjournment, when they had consulted a solicitor.

Under a Delusion.

Mr. Humphrey desired to say that he hon. member from Moncton was under a delusion. Messrs. Fraser thought that the company operating on the river should be composed of men interested in the operations and

the secretary had said that stock in the company could be obtained if Messrs. Fraser wanted it. All that Messrs. Fraser wanted by acquiring this stock was to get a voice in the management of affairs.

Mr. Slipp said he felt that under the circumstances and as a result of what had been said by some hon. members he should make a statement as to his position, particularly as some of his most valued clients had been mentioned. He knew Mr. John McIntosh personally, knew him to be an honorable and upright and at the same time progressive business man, and he did not believe that Mr. McIntosh would want to have his (Slipp's) reputation assailed as had been done in an effort to save him five or ten cents a thousand on his logs. In the nine years he had been a member of this House he had, he believed, enjoyed the confidence and esteem of his fellow members of the House and he wished to state emphatically that he had no knowledge of what the Fraser concern, who happened, for years past, to be clients of his firm, wanted done in the case of this bill. He had been in no way affected by their wishes or directions in this matter. On the contrary, the Fraser concern would never want the fact that his firm were their solicitors to influence his actions as a representative in the Legislature. The Messrs. Fraser were men of the highest type, who were now carrying on the largest lumbering business in Eastern Canada, while the late Mr. Donald Fraser, who had only recently died, was one of the best and dearest friends he ever expected to have. The name of his (Slipp's) partner had been mentioned by one of the speakers and in this connection he wished to state that while any business he had before the committee might not be strictly in accordance with the rule, nobody had ever had the temerity to say that the fact of his partner appearing for or against any measure which was being considered before the committee had had anything to do with the stand which he (Slipp) took as the representative of his native County of Queens. On the other hand, he could look back with pleasure at the time when the committee of which he had the honor to be chairman, some years ago voted confidence in him and he always remembered the stand which Mr. Sweeney and Mr. Tweeddale, who, although on the opposite side of the House at that time, then took on that matter. If any of the hon. members who had spoken wished to hint that his conduct had been in any way influenced by the fact that his partner had been interested in the matter as counsel before the committee or that the fact that his clients held \$1050 of stock. The stock had been submitted on that basis and the

GinPills

FOR THE KIDNEYS

What They Have Done

"I suffered a great many years with kidney trouble; tried several remedies, and also doctors' medicine, with no result. Two years ago I read an ad. in a newspaper of 'GIN PILLS FOR THE KIDNEYS,' and sent for two boxes. They did me more good than all the medicine I had ever taken. After I used the first two I sent for two more boxes, and I am satisfied, and also know, that Gin Pills are the best kidney remedy made."

I used to have to rise three or four times in the night; now I can sleep and don't have to get up at all, thanks to GIN PILLS. Am seventy-two years old.

ALEXANDER LA DUE.

Watertown, N.Y.

50c. a box at all Druggists. Sample free upon request to
National Drug & Chemical Co.
of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

were interested in the bill on one side or the other, he wished to throw that insinuation back in the teeth of that hon. gentleman. The statement which he was making might be distorted in public newspapers tomorrow and perhaps to his detriment to the time being but he was willing to take the chance of the result of giving this matter the additional publicity which such a statement from him might bring to it. He did not propose to take second place to anybody in his efforts to serve the people, whom he had been elected to represent faithfully.

Hon. Mr. Morrissey said he regretted and he believed it was unfair that matters that had been referred in respect to the company's affairs by hon. members had not been brought up before the Corporations Committee when the Boom Company's secretary was present. The committee had the statement of Mr. Park that the company had paid a dividend of ten per cent. for the past fifteen years and he believed it.

Mr. Swin said he did not have the information then, but had just got it. The party to whom he had referred had put only \$525 in cash into the stock of the company, yet he dividends were paid that way.

The amendment to the section was lost by the following vote:

Yeas 11, nays 21.

On the section to increase the capital stock of the company, Mr. Smith said that he was opposed to the principle and as long as he was in the House he would stand for serving the people's rights. There had been a sudden change of mind which rivalled that of Saul. After the bill first came up in the Corporations Committee, something had happened that had taken the opposition to the bill away.

The section passed without division, and the bill was agreed to with amendments.

The Printing and Publicity Specialist

Talks To His Son

"Say, John, I feel quite sick today," said Mr. Blank. "Please visit the different doctors in town, and find out who will cure me for the least money. Get your quotations tabulated and then let me see them. Of course we will engage the doctor who charges the least."

"Why, I never heard of such a thing," said John. "The idea of getting quotations from a doctor; it's the asylum for you."

"Well now, why not? I am a specialist in printing and publicity. I study my business just as carefully as any doctor can do. If I do say it that shouldn't, I have just as much brains as the average doctor. I strive to give my customers the benefit of my knowledge, my artistic skill and judgement and my ideas on publicity. I give service as the term is understood in the Twentieth Century."

"When some people around here have a little printing to be done, they visit all the printing offices, get quotations from each one, and then give the work to the man who gives the lowest figures."

"The ordinary user of printing knows his own business, but he is no more a judge of the work of printing than he is a judge of what sort of medicine a doctor should give him for the cure of his ailment. If people ask me for quotations and pass me by if my price happens to be a little more than the other fellow, why shouldn't I apply the same method to the doctor, lawyer, dentist and painter? Why not? It's a mighty poor rule that won't work more than one way."

The MAIL PRINTING CO.

PHONE 67. FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK.

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy.
Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins, cures nervous debility, mental and brain worry, despondency, loss of energy, palpitation of the heart, failing memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain package on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)