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## THE ALLIED FORCES CONTINUE TO SMASH THE GERMAN LINES

## British Troops Engaged In Furious Fight With Huns

### Belgium Has Been Denuded of German Soldiers to Meet German staff must be faced with diffi-The Anglo-French Offensive---Enemy Making Lavish Use of Guns and Ammunition.

LONDON. July 8.—With the aid of innumerable guns and waves of infantry, the British army continues to make progress in its efforts to western and eastern fronts. bring the front line between the Ancre and Montauban on a level with the orous offensive," coming on top of the French line further south. This effort has led to furious fighting by the opening of a new offensive against British troops. The flower of the German army has been brought forward ert, is a new experience for the German army has been brought forward. to oppose them, and guns and ammunition are being used lavishly.

According to reports from Holland, Belgium has been denuded of German soldiers to meet the Anglo-French offensive and the railway stations north to Baranovichi in the south.

even in the larger towns are guarded by the older reservists.

LONDON, July 8.—A despatch to the Times from Lutsk says: "Fight- given the German public in Berlin's ing on this front continues day by day, with little variation. It is true, however, that the heavy guns of the Germans create great losses and enable them frequently to take Russian positions, which are virtually without exception retaken by Russian counter attacks.

"Probably the heaviest fighting has been near Rojitche, where the Russian operations. There is no con-Germans had 80 heavy guns so placed as to bear on any point of the Russian line. The battles here continue without intermission, heaping up front is retiring, but the Russians con thousands of German dead daily, but having no effect on our lines.

"There are indications that the enemy is unable to support this sector by Berlin admits a retirement from exchanged and the wounded enthusiastically encouraged those heavily with reinforcements, and he shows a tendency to rely increasing- a salient in the Czartorysk region, and ly on his artillery superiority without which we would probably sweep him the Russian back rapidly. The Germans appear to maintain an extraordinary morale in spite of their losses. One sees few prisoners and the Germans fight some fifty miles from Kovel till the last. Austrian prisoners are unanimous in the estatement that the entire nation is united in demanding peace at earliest possible moment.'

### The Allies Have Plenty of Guns and

Ammunition to Maintain the Big Drive LONDON, July 8.—The question of whether Great Britain will be able to maintain an adequate supply of ammunition at the present rate of wastage, received an answer in parliament yesterday from Frederick G. Kellaway, M. P., secretary to Dr. Christopher Addison, who next to David Lloyd George is the

Mr. Kellaway says: "We are not yet at the full flood of our output of guns and shells. If the German's cannot be driven home otherwise, our army shall have such a supply of guns that the limbers shall touch each other in a continuous line from the Somme to the sea.'

The labor problem, Mr. Kellaway asserted, has been to a tion. large extent solved by the women. Before the war 184,000

### British Troops North of the Somme are

PARIS, July 8.—The French are watching with admiration the fight of the British troops in the sector north of the Somme river. The great natural and artificial difficulties with which they have to contend are realized, and all agree that they are doing as much as is humanly possible.

French military opinion is that the German positions are so strong and so well furnished by lines of communication that the British will accomplish liftle more until the heavy French guns are installed inside the French salient, when they can enfilade the German positions opposite the British.

As these guns of 305 and 400 milimetres are mounted on railroad tracks, time is required to lay the tracks for their movement, which has to be done carefully.

The French are so solidly established that the work soon name on and the date, and the words "Faithful unto death. will be completed, and it is asserted that these guns will not be long in making their influence felt.

### FRENCH TROOPS AT PETRA BAY.

LONDON, July 8.—French troops to the number of 4,500 will afford a splendid opportunity for a cheap and pleasant week-end trip.

The steamer Hampstead will leave this evening for Upper Gagetown and will return on Sunday evening. This will afford a splendid opportunity for a cheap and pleasant week-end trip.

The Canadian Pacific announce that effective July 16th, train No. 108 will leave Fredericton at 9.40 a.m. Atlantic standard time, instead of 9.15 a.m. as at present, due at Fredericton Junction at 10.25 a.m. have disembarked at Petra Bay, Mytilene, according to a despatch to the Daily Mail from Athens.

# HUNS HARD

cult and perplexing problems at the present moment. He must decide how the available military resources of Germany.

Never before in the history of the war has Germany been called upon to

Until more is known of the progress battle, the chief interest still lies with

The more checks a spendthrift hat faster he travels.

# TRIBUTE TO BRAVE BOY GERMANS MADE A BOLD ADVANCE OVER A PLAIN BUT THE FRENCH "75's" DROVE THEM

Was Mortally Wounded in Naval Action off Jutland Sixteen and Had Been at Sea Only a Few Weeks.

LONDON, July 8.—The passage in Rear Admiral Beatty's He added that 90 new arsenals had been provided and that despatch on the North Sea fight, which appeals to commen-4,000 controlled firms are producing munitions. The total tators and stirs all eEngland, is that in which the Admiral pays number of munition workers in 1914, he said, was under two a tribute to the heroism of a boy, John Travers Cornwall, of H. M. S. Chester, who was mortally wounded early in the ac-The Admiral says:

"He nevertheless remained standing alone at a most exwomen were engaged in war industries; there are now 665,- posed post, quietly awaiting orders, till the end of the action, with the gun crew dead and wounded all around him. His age was under 161/2 years.

"I regret he has since died, but I recommend his case for Doing All That is Humanly Possible special recognition in justice to his memory and as an acknowledgement of the high example set by him.

Cornwall joined the navy in August, 1915, and went into the training school. He had been at sea only a few weeks when and mittrailleuse sufficed to disorganize the troops as they he was killed. The captain of the Chester, in a letter to the debouched from Berny. boy's mother, says:

He remained steadily at his most exposed post at the gun, entire attacking force was decimated. waiting for orders. His gun would not bear on the enemy. All j but two of the crew were killed or wounded, and he was the for this stroke to the Foreign Legion, which, after consolidatonly one who was in such an exposed position; but he felt he ing Assevilliers, had captured and held Belloy. might be needed, and indeed he might have been, so he stayed there standing and waiting under a heavy fire, with just his own brave heart and God's help to support him. I cannot ex-

### Week-end Trip.

The steamer Hampstead will leave

### C. P. R. Train Changes.

# ESTABLISHED AS THE CAPITAL OF THE ALLIES

to meet the new, co-ordinated strategy Great Offensive on the Western Front Directed From That Point---French and British Forces Gripped by the Spirit of Victory.

(Fred Pitney in Toronto Globe.)

PARIS, July 8 .- From Amiens, which with the co-operation of the British and French and the important battle of Picardy, has been virtually established as the capital of the Allies, dected in the paucity of information the power of the present offensive may be seen and felt.

As the Somme operations increase and develop, life becomes more intense here and in the villages to the eastward, but at the end of the long glum days of waiting, the spirit of victory at last grips them.

### WOUNDED SOLDIERS ENCOURAGE THOSE WHO GO FORWARD TO TAKE UP THE WORK

Joy is keenly felt in Amiens because she is the protector of the martyr villages of Herbecourt, Elacourt, Assevillers and Bellov, which have just been freed from the enemy's heel.

Here the French convoys met the British; compliments were going forward to take up their work.

The British and French colonials, infantry and cavalry, make way to allow batteries of 75's to pass which have not yet received their baptism of fire.

When the cheering is over the soldiers again form groups in the road to discuss the latest operations. They tell how, during the night, north of the Somme, the German contingents, entrenched in the plateau east of Curlu, which dominates the plain, descended the slopes and assaulted the advance posts which occupy the woods along the Clery-Maricourt road, one kilometre north of Hem.

### BUT THE FRENCH "75's" DROVE THEM BACK

The post resisted energetically and reinforcements were rushed up, preventing the Germans from passing the road.

They remained, however, at the bottom of the slope, and Coast But Stuck Bravely to His Post---Was Under later tried to advance into the plain, which the heavy artillery had not yet got far enough forward to protect, but the 75's and the mittrailleuses were ready for the task, and hurled the enemy back in disorder.

With the French holding fifteen kilometres of straight front across the face of Peronne, it is natural for the enemy to attack. The attack on the Clerk-Maricourt road represents the first half of this movement. The second phase took place simultaneously south of the Somme, where the Germans appeared to have massed important forces in the village of Berney-en-Santerre, two kilometres southeast of Estrees.

### TWO COMPANIES OF ATTACKING HUNS ANNIHILATED TO THE LAST MAN BY FRENCH

They charged to the attack between Estrees and Belloy, but he flat and open country which they had to cross to reach the French lines did not favor the operation, and curtains of fire

Two companies were annihilated to the last man, and the

The French wounded returning from the scene give credit

### IMPORTANT BRITISH SUCCESSES.

LONDON, July 7 .-- The British troops, in their new adpress to you my admiration of the son you have lost from the vance, have gained several important successes, among which world. I hope to place in the boy's mess room a plate with his are the capture of a further portion of an immensely strong position known as the Leipsig redoubt, according to the official tatement issued by the War Office tonight. East of LaBoisselle the British have captured German trenches on a front of nearly 2,000 yards to a depth of five hundred yards. In the direction of Ovillers the British have forced their way into the village, after capturing five hundred yards of the German front. North of Fricourt the British drove the enemy from two woods and captured three lines of trenches.