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Notice to Advertisers.  
\*\*\*\*\*  
In order to ensure changes  
being made in advertisements,  
copy must reach this office not  
later than 9 a.m. on the day of  
publication.  
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# The Daily Mail

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The Weather.  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Maritime: Strong southwest  
to west winds, a few local show-  
ers, but for the most part fair;  
stationary or lower temp.  
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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1917

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## HUNS IN NORTHERN FRANCE ARE STILL FALLING BACK

### British Troops to Rescue the Holy Land From Bondage

London Papers Enthusiastic Over the British Success at  
Gaza---Jerusalem Thought to be the Objective of the  
Invaders---Quieting Down on Western Front.

PARIS, March 30.—The heavy fighting on the French front since the beginning of the German withdrawal has come to an end, for the time being. "From the Somme to the Aisne the night was calm along our outposts," says today's official report. "There were no important events elsewhere on the front, with the exception of patrol encounters and rather lively grenade fighting in the sector of Maisons de Champagne."

LONDON, March 30.—The morning newspapers today comment enthusiastically on the British success near Gaza, Palestine, which naturally opens the way for much biblical and historical reference and comparison. "The New Crusade" and "Fight for the Holy Land," are among the headlines. Jerusalem is assumed in some quarters to be the immediate objective of the invaders. Other commentators, however, think the British aim was securing the whole coast of Palestine. In any case the newspapers consider that the blow dealt the Turks near Gaza will seriously cripple the effect of Emperor William's visit to Palestine and his conspicuous entry into Jerusalem nineteen years ago.

Of this the Times says: "The political dreams which led to that visit are now in the process of being shattered. The Holy Land, it would seem, is on the eve of being rescued from the regime which through centuries has held it in bondage. The manner in which the British have pushed railroads across the desert is considered a remarkable achievement. Apparently hundreds of miles of railroads have been built since August."

BERLIN, via Sayville, March 30.—"On account of rain on the western front and thawing weather in the east, there were no important events," says the official statement issued here last night. "There were no new developments reported from the Macedonian front."

### Hun Pirates Lowered the American Flag Before They Sunk the Steamer Algonquin

NEW YORK, March 30.—The Associated Press today carries the following: The crew of the German submarine that shelled and sank the American steamship Algonquin without warning in British waters on March 12th, refused to let the freight ship go down with the Stars and Stripes flying, Captain Nordberg of the Algonquin said today.

The captain and 25 of his men arrived this morning at an American port on the Cunard liner Orduna; from a British port. Before the Algonquin's men abandoned the vessel, she was being shelled by the U-boat. Captain Nordberg said he decided not to haul down the American flag, and hoped to see it flying when his ship disappeared. But the Germans who went aboard to place bombs, he said, lowered the emblem before they accomplished their work of destruction.

### Chancellor Claims Submarine Warfare Was As Successful in March as in February

LONDON, March 30.—Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg in his address referred to events on the battle fronts, and especially on the western front, where he said that things had been accomplished for which warm thanks were due the brave troops of Field Marshal Von Hindenburg and General Von Ludendorff.

His remarks were greeted with applause. The Chancellor is also quoted as saying: "The submarine warfare in March has been as successful as in February," a statement that was also greeted with applause. Referring to domestic affairs, the Chancellor said that the day's speeches had not convinced him that a reform of the Prussian Franchise could be begun now. It would be a very serious matter to decide such a question while millions of men were in the trenches. The Chancellor concluded by expressing confidence that the unity of the German people, who were without differences, would make them invincible.

#### A GERMAN SCHEME.

THE HAGUE, March 30.—Energetic attempts are apparently being made to convince democratic opinion in Europe and America that Germany is undergoing a slow but sure democratizing progress. The debate in the Prussian Diet on the desirability of electoral reform is thought here to be part of this programme.

### BETTER CARE OF MILK SUPPLY MUCH DESIRED

Board of Health Wants Milk-Bottles  
Washed Better as a Precaution  
Against Typhoid.

The Fredericton Board of Health met last night and took action on the report of Inspector McKay, which stated that cases of contagious diseases were as follows: Diphtheria 3, measles 1, typhoid 8. The apparent prevalence of typhoid caused discussion. Mr. H. H. Hagerman, official analyst, reported the city's water supply in excellent condition, and not to be considered a possible source of typhoid. The milk supply of the city was discussed, and the opinion advanced that milkmen were not sufficiently careful in washing bottles.

Mr. Hagerman suggested that the milkmen were not aware of the danger attending present methods of caring for milk bottles.

It was decided that a meeting of all parties concerned in the supply of milk be held. To those failing to attend circulars will be issued.

Changes in the plumbing regulations are desired by the Board of Health. A report stating what is desired is to be forwarded to the City Council.

### MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTY LIST

Ottawa, March 30.—Casualties among Maritime men are reported as follows today:

Mounted Rifles.  
Now presumed to have died—J. F. Dolan, Fredericton, N.B.; H. J. Gould, Rexton, N.B.; J. A. Flinn, Halifax.

#### Property Purchase.

Dr. S. F. A. Wainwright has purchased from Lieut. Col. Bridges, the Senator Temple homestead at the corner of St. John and Queen streets, and will occupy it after May 1st. Mr. F. P. Robinson will remove to Mrs. deLancey Robinson's dwelling on Brunswick street.

### HON. W. E. FOSTER IS PRIME MINISTER OF NEW BRUNSWICK

Leader of Victorious Party called on by Gov. Wood  
to Form a New Government--Will Announce  
Personnel of Ministry in a Few Days.

Hon. Walter E. Foster, of St. John, was this morning called to the Premiership of New Brunswick, the highest office in the gift of the people. He has undertaken the task of forming a new government to administer the affairs of the province, and will announce its personnel in the course of a few days.

Mr. Foster, who led the opposition party to victory in the recent election, arrived from St. John by this morning's train in response to a summons from the Lieutenant Governor. He met His Honor by appointment at eleven o'clock in his office in the Departmental Building, and was requested to undertake the task of forming a new administration. Mr. Foster accepted the responsibility and informed His Honor that he would submit the personnel of the ministry for his approval in the course of a few days.

After the interview with the chief executive, Mr. Foster, accompanied by Mr. E. S. Carter, called upon Mr. J. Howe Dickson, clerk of the executive council, who later introduced him to the deputy ministers and officials of the government. The new Premier was very cordially received on all sides.

#### By-elections to be Held.

The new ministers on being sworn into office next week will at once assume charge of their several departments. The acceptance of office will of course vacate their seats in the Legislature and it will be necessary to hold five by-elections. Should the new ministers meet with opposition, the only result will be delay of the public business until after the elections. The uncertainty in connection with the retirement of the defeated ministry, and the cheap talk which they indulged in about holding on and meeting the Legislature has no doubt been prejudicial to the public interests.

There has been some talk about constitutional practice requiring the Legislature to meet within a year from the last prorogation, but there is evidently nothing in it. In 1907 the House was prorogued on April 12th, and when the Hazen government came into power the following year the House was not called until April 30th. The present opposition therefore will not be able to raise any objection if Premier Foster sees fit to follow this precedent. He will no doubt meet the House as early as arrangements can be conveniently made.

Premier Foster will return to St. John by this evening's train and will be here in the course of a few days with the members of his ministry.

### TO ADOPT A LIMITED MEASURE OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN BRITAIN

Lloyd George Makes an Important Announcement to Deputation of Suffragists---Stongly Advised Them to Accept a Limited Measure.

LONDON, March 30.—Premier Lloyd-George told a deputation of women suffragists yesterday that the government is now framing an electorate reform bill in which the recommendations of the Speaker's Conference in favor of woman suffrage will be incorporated. But, he added, the interpretation of the recommendation will be left to the house.

A majority of the members of the government, said the Premier, would support woman suffrage, and he did not doubt an overwhelming majority of the house. He urged the women to be content with the present limitation of the vote to women aged thirty or alternatively 35, as recommended by the conference; otherwise there was no hope of general consent.

### The Premier Held Out Hope That a Full Measure of Franchise Would Soon Come

The Premier admitted that the limitation was illogical and unjustifiable, but expressed the conviction that once women were enfranchised they would eventually get exactly the same franchise as men.

The indications are that the women leaders will adopt the Premier's advice. Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst says she is quite satisfied in view of the fact that the bill is an emergency measure, and is willing to let the House of Commons decide.

### AUSTRIA ANXIOUS TO AVOID BREAK WITH U. S.

All the Same She is Desirous of Supporting Germany--Economic Situation Very Bad--Congress to Meet on Monday.

BERNE, via Paris, March 30.—A neutral diplomat, who arrived here from Vienna today, asserts that Austria is almost feverishly anxious to retain good relations with the United States, but is even more desirous and determined to support Germany. The continuance of friendly relations between Washington and Vienna depends almost entirely, he believes, upon the outcome of the crisis between Germany and the United States. According to the diplomat, if America and Germany go to war, Austria will follow the lead of her ally, but if peace is preserved Vienna hopes to avoid a break with the United States.

The economic situation in Austria is described by the traveller as very bad and getting steadily worse, although perhaps not worse than that in Germany.

### Much Importance Attaches to the Special Meeting of the U. S. Congress on Monday

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Steps in anticipation of President Wilson's appearance before Congress next week and for action on whatever recommendations he may make to meet the national emergency began to take final form today. These steps were: The President held a final conference with his cabinet preparatory to starting the actual writing of the address he will deliver before a joint assembly of the House and Senate. House Democrats held a caucus to consider plans for organizing the House by their party, and a committee of 27 Republicans met to prepare its final recommendations for organization of the House, which will be laid before a caucus of Republicans to-morrow.

#### BRITISH SHIPPING LOSSES.

LONDON, March 30.—The figures for British shipping losses from submarines and mines in the first eighteen days of December, January, February and March were given as follows in the House of Commons today by Thomas J. McNamara, financial secretary to the Admiralty: December, 30; January, 26; February, 66; March, 55.