

THE DAILY MAIL

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MONDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1917.

HAVE YOU REGISTERED?

The call to the colors recently issued under the Military Service Act applies to single men and widowers without children, between the ages of 20 and 34. All men who come under this definition are now soldiers absent on leave without pay, and are liable to severe punishment should they fail to report for service. Here are the instructions which should be followed:

(1) Apply at a post office for a form, upon which he will report for service and give the said form to the postmaster or his deputy, who will forward it to the Registrar; or

(2) Apply to a post office for a form, upon which he will make application for exemption from military service, the reason for such application being indicated by the letter X being placed inside one or more of the six sentences which set out the six causes for which application for exemption can be made, and give the said form to the postmaster or his deputy; or

(3) Apply in person to any exemption tribunal on November 8, 9 or 10, 1917, and make application for exemption to such tribunal.

Any person who is ill, or who cannot attend at a post office for the purpose of filling in a form, may have the form filled in by a near relation, or by such person's employer.

After November 10, 1917, no report for service will be accepted, and the person thus tardy will be liable to be considered as a deserter, for which the penalty is five years' imprisonment, without escaping service in the army.

After November 10, 1917, no application for exemption will be received, and the person thus tardy will forfeit whatever cause, however excellent, he may have for being exempted from service in the army.

THE FARMER'S TURN.

An interesting example of a farmer becoming rich almost over night is given in a letter to the press, the author being Hon. George E. Amyot, of Quebec. The letter, which is a protest against the excess profit tax not applying to the farmer, who, it is presumed, will also escape to a very large extent the income tax, goes on to state that the Hon. Mr. Amyot owned a farm in Saskatchewan, which he sold on "tick" to a Belgian, who had not a dollar to his name. The farm was sold for \$20,000, and Mr. Amyot also loaned the man an additional \$15,000 with which to equip it. In 1916 the Belgian raised his first crop, which he took off 400 acres. This crop netted him \$11,355, leaving him sufficient grain for the following year's seeding. The buyer of the farm was able to pay back to Mr. Amyot the sum of \$11,000, after providing his living and that of his entire family, and besides adding materially to his live stock. This year the man's crop is even better than last and with more acreage under cultivation in 1918, which he is preparing for, his net profit, with any kind of luck, will run him \$25,000, which will mean \$50,000 profit without a cent of original capital, aside from money borrowed in a period of three years. This sounds like fairy finance in place of a return from agricultural labor, but, as the Toronto Saturday Night points out, the government should see to it that this type of profiteer pay his full share of income, excess profit taxes and all other taxes.

An important letter by Hon. Dr. Pugsley to the Liberals of New Brunswick, will be found in another part of this issue, and will repay a careful perusal. The Hon. Mr. Pugsley clearly defines his position with respect to the Military Service Act, and the union government. He calls attention to the fact that he has been closely associated with Hon. Mr. Carvell in politics for twenty years, and that the latter conferred with him before accepting a portfolio in the union government. He approved of Hon. Mr. Carvell's action and will give him his support at the approaching election. The ex-minister states that Hon. Mr. Carvell will shortly return to New Brunswick and will confer with Liberals and Conservatives with a view

to arranging for candidates at the approaching election.

Woodstock Sentinel Review: All considerations of patriotism and good citizenship require that the new union government receive the loyal support of all the people of the country. It represents a sincere attempt to unite the people of Canada in the one great endeavor of organization of the country's resources for the winning of the war. For the time being party politics should be laid aside. Too much harm has been done already by the encouragement given to the spirit of faction. The men in the trenches are not fighting merely as Canadians. They are not counting the cost either in ballots, in money or in human life. Is it too much to ask of the Canadians at home that they shall display at least something of the spirit of patriotism and self-sacrifice of the men in the trenches?

Canadian Churchman: A union government in Canada is to become a reality. Thousands of loyal Canadians have, we feel certain, been longing and praying that this might happen, and we cannot thank Sir Robert Borden enough for the persistent efforts he has made in this direction. Those of us on the outside will never know how sorely his patience has been tried, not only by his political opponents, but by members of his own party as well. He has kept clear before his mind the call of duty and has bent all his energies in one direction. The difficulties have not, however, all been surmounted, and the same gifts of patience, persistence and tact will still be needed to guide the new cabinet safely through the many rocks that surround it. Let us thank God for the success that has attended these efforts thus far and pray that this success may be continued.

Some of the illustrated advertisements being sent out from Ottawa, depicting the boys in khaki, show the sergeants wearing their chevrons upside down. This is the custom in the American army, but not in the Canadian. It is quite evident that the artist who prepared the illustrations knows more about American soldiers than he does about those of our own country.

Through Our Sieve
How thoroughly some people enjoy advertising the few virtues they may possess!

There are three kinds of language—human, animal and railroad train-caller.

It's easy to know what things are good for us; just pick out what you don't like.

One of the advantages of being married is that you do not have to write letters to your wife's folks.

It would be interesting at this juncture to know just what the German word for "ouch" is.

Matrimony is a great institution of course, but one can't help thinking that if Constantine of Greece had remained a bachelor he would still have his job. Adam, too.

In Germany everybody is responsible to the Kaiser and the Kaiser is responsible only to his grandfather in the Prussian heaven.

When a man falls over his own shoes in the middle of the night, nothing on earth can convince him that his wife did not put them there with a sinister design.

INTOLERANCE
THIS WEEK

The screen has afforded us many remarkable scenes of war in the past year or two. But this battle of ancient times made new motion picture history. It is the intolerance of the ages, social, religious and otherwise, that Mr. Griffith strives to show in this colossal screen production.

The thread of a modern story is interwoven with the Babylonian scenes, the life of the Nazarene in Judea, and "The Massacre of St. Bartholomew" as a French instance of intolerance. A vivid example of acting is seen in the work of Mae Marsh as the poor little working girl who bravely fights her way through a hard life. With equal spirit Constance Talmadge kicks people in the shins as the mountain girl who adores Belshazzar. For that matter the acting generally is worthy of a production that easily wins a laurel wreath for Mr. Griffith. "Intolerance" is nothing less than wonderful. The Opera House will stage this marvellous spectacle for two days starting Wednesday, Oct. 24th, with a matinee on Thursday at 2.30. Big symphony orchestra and choir. Seats on sale at Ryan's drug store.

HON. W. PUGSLEY
DEFINES POSITION

(Continued from page 5.)

and conferred with Dr. McAllister, who had been nominated by the Liberal convention for Kings and Queens held a few months ago.

Dr. McAllister's Position.
I had been at the convention which nominated Dr. McAllister and knew that he was heart and soul in favor of Canada doing her utmost to win the war. Unlike some however, who are equally anxious to win the war, Dr. McAllister did not fail to condemn the partisanship, graft, scandals and profiteering which have seriously hampered Canada's efforts since the war began; and he appealed strongly for united effort, for national sacrifice, for progressive and honest administration. He asked not alone for thrift and conservation of food, but for increasing the food supplies for the boys at the front by the encouragement of the farmer by the admission of farm tractors and other agricultural implements free of duty, and by providing abundant and cheap fertilizers.

I was not surprised, therefore, by Dr. McAllister telling me that he was heartily in accord with the view that the Military Service Act should not be repealed, nor should there be any delay in its operation; neither was I surprised that he should at the same time reaffirm his views, so earnestly presented at the convention, in favor of a truly win-the-war policy.

He authorized me to inform Mr. Carvell and our other Liberal colleagues from New Brunswick of his position. I so informed Mr. Carvell, but before I had an opportunity of seeing the others, I was called to Ottawa on personal matters, where I learned that a movement for union government was again under way, and while I was in Ottawa Mr. Carvell was summoned there for the purpose of again considering the question of his entering a union government. As Mr. Carvell and I had been closely associated for twenty years of more in provincial and federal politics, it was not unnatural that he should—as he did—consult me as to the advisability of his accepting the invitation to join a union government; and it, I think, not a breach of confidence for me to say that I told him that if a new government—a real union government—were formed for the duration of the war only, in which the east as well as west were represented by strong and influential Liberals, it was his duty in this period of national crisis, to favorably entertain the proposals which were being made to him to this end.

Will Support Carvell.
After very careful consideration, Mr. Carvell accepted the invitation to join the government and he now fills the important position of minister of public works.

As your trusted leader during the past ten years I have felt it a duty which I owe to you to give you these details in order that you may have a better appreciation of the extraordinary political situation which has now resulted.

I am satisfied that Mr. Carvell and his Liberal associates in the new government are actuated by the highest patriotic motives. I know that their desire is, and their aim will be, to consecrate, not only the man-power of the country, but the wealth, the vast agricultural, industrial and other resources of Canada to the mighty task which lies before us. That the vital question of increased food production and the building of ships, for the favorable consideration of which I and other Liberals in parliament have, ever since the outbreak of the war, been earnestly contending, form paragraphs in the manifesto issued by the leader of the union government, is striking testimony to the influence of the Liberal members of the cabinet. The question of the encouragement of shipbuilding should have been taken up long ago. Had the naval policy of the Liberal government been carried out, splendid shipbuilding plants would have been established at Courtenay Bay, St. John, to be followed by plants at many other places in Canada. We should have had cruisers, destroyers, and other war vessels available for the service of the Allies, and a large mercantile marine would have been created; many thousands of men would have been employed in Canadian shipyards. Six valuable years have been lost, but the declaration of policy of the new government in this most important particular gives ground for hope.

Ready to Serve.
And now a word to my late constituents of the city of St. John and the added districts of the county of St. John and the county of Albert. By the redistribution act, two members are to be elected for the united constituency of St. John and Albert. If, with a knowledge of my record of service as a member of parliament during the past ten years and, after consideration of the foregoing statement, you should approve of my being the standard bearer of the Liberal party in the new constituency, my services will still be at your disposal. The matter rests entirely with you. I learn that when the minister of public works gets through with his urgent duties at Ottawa, he will come to New Brunswick and confer with both Liberals and Conservatives as to the proper course to be taken to secure the return of supporters in the various constituencies of the province.

In conclusion, permit me to add that Liberals who support Mr. Carvell as a minister in the union government, will not thereby cease to be Liberals, any more than Mr. Carvell will cease to be a Liberal and a valiant and fearless champion of Liberal principles. For the duration of the war and for that period only, Liberals and Conservatives alike are asked to sink their party differences in a united effort to win the war.

I would say that our slogan should be:
"Win the War;
"Treat the soldiers right,
"Down with profiteering and the high cost of living."
I am, Ladies and Gentlemen of the Liberal Party of New Brunswick, Yours very sincerely,
WILLIAM PUGSLEY.

WHAT A DIFFERENCE IN THE MORNING AFTER USING ONE OF OUR CELEBRATED ENGLISH

McIntock's Down Quilts

You will awake in the morning REFRESHED and INVIGORATED, rather than with that "tired and dragged-out" feeling which accompanies a night spent under a heavy weight of bed-clothes, which really gives you no more warmth. Yes, they are light, "comfy" and warm and beautiful, and are becoming so popular that our sales are increasing year by year. This year we have easily doubled our usually fine showing of these ideal "bed comforts" and have a fine selection of colorings to choose from. PRICES FROM \$6.90 to \$22.50.

Every McLINTOCK DOWN QUILT sold by us is fully covered by a generous guarantee. We are also showing a fine assortment of Comfortables in neat, attractive patterns, and priced from \$2.70 to \$5.00 each.

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS and "WOOLNAP" BLANKETS, splendid values from \$5.50 to \$10.00 per pair. GREY WOOL BLANKETS from \$3.25 to 7.25 pair.

The Good Old Reliable "IBEX" SHAKER BLANKETS, in White or Grey, 10x4, 11x4 and 12x4 sizes, at Rock Bottom Prices. Cheaper makes if you want them.

BETTER BUY NOW and have the benefit of them these cool autumn nights. Later the selection will not be as good and prices are constantly advancing.

John J. Weddall & Son

Sole Agents for "Jaeger" Woolens, "Shamrock Linens," "Holeproof Hosiery," Pictorial Review Patterns.

UNIVERSAL
Bread Makers

Mixes and kneads the dough in three minutes.

The Universal Bread Maker will make anything that is raised with yeast.

TWO SIZES---FOUR AND EIGHT LOAVES.

R. Chestnut & Sons

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THE HARDWARE PEOPLE

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DOMESTIC, SANITARY AND HEATING ENGINEERS.

You Can Have the DAILY MAIL Delivered at Your Home, Each Evening for Thirty Five Cents a Month.

STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK

Beet Sugar.....	77 1/2
C. P. R.....	150 1/2
Crucible steel.....	69
Erie.....	19 1/2
Erie 1st pfd.....	39 1-2
Marine Pfd.....	89 1/2
Union Pac.....	124
U. S. Steel.....	106 1/2
Air Brake.....	179
Kenn.....	34 1/2
Marine Com.....	27 1/2
Reading.....	77
Rubber.....	57 1/2
Studebaker.....	41
Bethlehem.....	94 1/2
Wool.....	47 1/2

MONTREAL

Civic.....	71
Detroit.....	106 1/2
Quebec.....	15
Toronto.....	63
Braz.....	37
Cement.....	58
Iron.....	56 1/2
Steel Co.....	53
Spanish.....	13
Shaw.....	110 1/2
Laur. Pulp.....	185

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Moose, Deer and Caribou Heads Mounted True to Life by the best improved methods, at reasonable prices. Game Heads bought and sold. Send for shipping tags and price lists.

GEO. A. DAVIS TAXIDERMIST, 281 Queen St Fredericton, N. B., Phone 577-31 Vanceboro, Maine.

GREAT SALE of

Ladies' Serge Dresses and Winter Coats

A lot of DRESSES in Navy, Tan, Maroon, Black, etc., worth today about \$9.00 or \$10.00. Your choice this week for \$3.98.

A lot of WINTER COATS, mostly Black and Navy, which sold up to \$15.00. Your choice this week for \$6.98.

These are not shopworn Garments, but better values than can be bought today for double the money.

PIQUE, SILK and VOILE WAISTS at \$1.25 each.

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