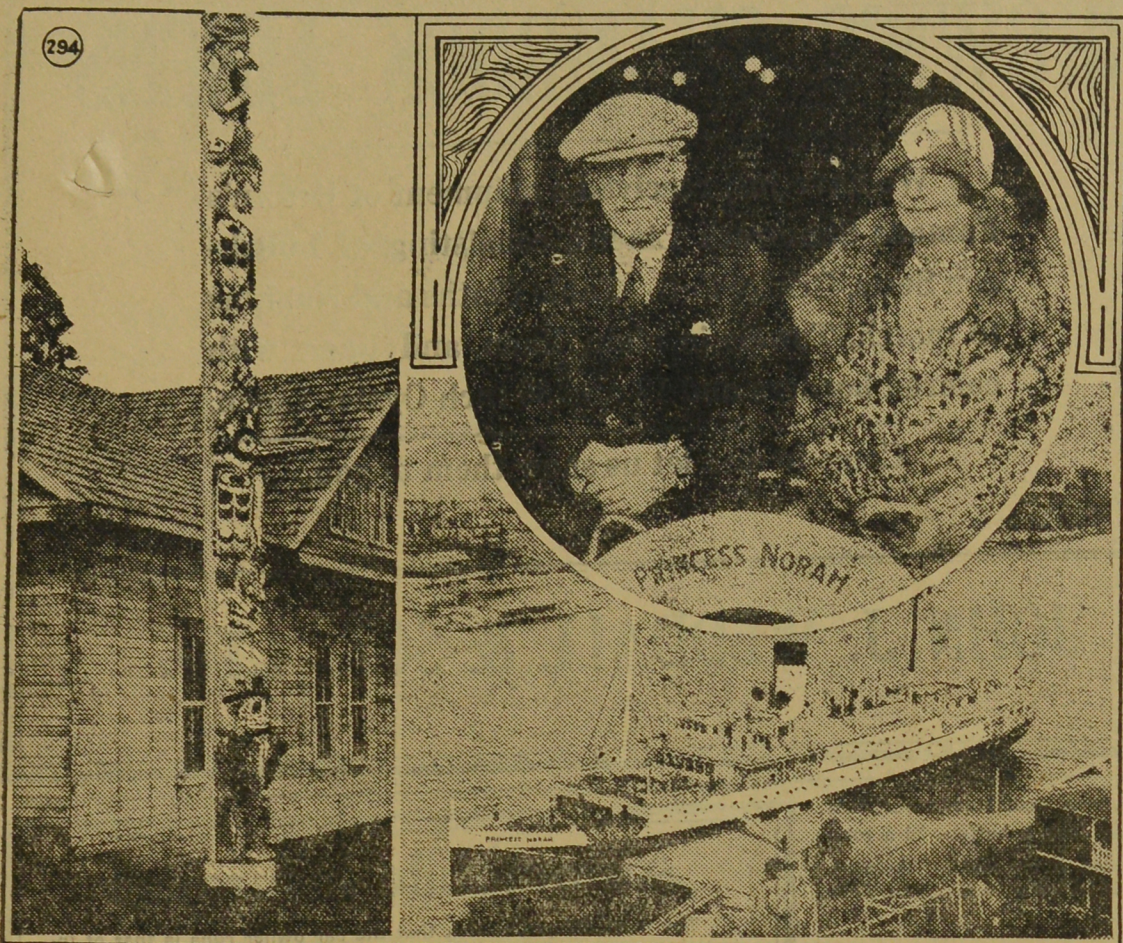


FORTY-FOOT GIFT FOR RIDEAU HALL



This totem pole is one of the finest examples of Indian art. Right, Their Excellencies Viscount and Lady Willingdon and the C.P.S.S. "Princess Norah" on which the first vice-regal tour of the west coast of Vancouver Island was made.

When Viscount Willingdon, Governor-General of Canada, and Lady Willingdon visited the West Coast of Vancouver Island on the inaugural cruise of the new Canadian Pacific steamer "Princess Norah" two new epochs were marked for that far-flung corner of the Dominion.

It was the first time that a Canadian Viceroy had ever seen, and in turn, been seen on the rugged coast that is now looming as one of the nation's important industrial and tourist regions; further the arrival of the Norah brought the most luxurious passenger steamer ever to ply in regular service in West Coast waters, now to be the permanent run of the staunch little Clyde-built vessel.

The West Coast had decked itself in gala attire for the visit of the great white chief from Ottawa, tremendous excitement prevailing among whites and Indians alike at the various ports of call. Local interest was heightened by the fact that Their Excellencies cast formality to the four winds, and entered into the spirit of the many receptions and celebrations with a zest not exceeded by any tourist on the coast. Incidentally, Lord Willingdon intimated after the ter-

mination of his voyage that it would not be the last occasion on which he would see that particular part of Vancouver Island.

Loyalty of the Indians, evident at all points touched, was particularly demonstrated at Friendly Cove, historic spot discovered by Captain Cook in 1778, when a lineal descendant of the great Chief Maquinna, who first saw the white man, gathered his tribe, the Nootka Indian band, in the great council hall to greet the vice-regal party. It was here that Lord and Lady Willingdon were recipients of one of the most valuable gifts in the bestowal of the coast Indians, a huge forty-foot totem pole that has stood for years on the sandy shores of Friendly Cove, the envy of collectors from many parts of the world.

Presentation of the totem was touching in its simplicity yet its significance was not lost. Chief Napoleon, head of the Nootka Band, descendant of Maquinna, was first to extend the Indians' official welcome, elaborate ceremony which included the famous dance of the Thunder Bird, marking this part of the rites. Later, the Indians led the vice-regal party to the site of a huge totem pole standing near

the council hall, and Chief Jack, another of the Nootka Band, mounted the pedestal to deliver an impassioned peroration in his native tongue.

His Excellency stood attentively until the Indian Chief had finished his speech, taking it, probably, for the usual honeyed words of welcome. His astonishment and that of many of the chief's hearers was great when "Billy" Lord, well-known industrial leader on the west coast, acting in the role of unofficial interpreter, told His Excellency that Captain Jack had presented the big forty-foot carving as a gift.

Significance of the gift lies in the tremendous value which the Indians themselves place on their historical totems. It would have been a somewhat parallel case, one of the men familiar with west coast customs said, if a white man, on being visited by vice-royalty, had with one magnificent gesture given away his home and the greater part of his fortune. Their Excellencies, sensing this, accepted the gift with delight, and announced that plans would be made to have it removed from its present historical setting to Rideau Hall as soon as possible.

THE WORK OF SCOTLAND YARD DESCRIBED AS MARVELLOUS; TALES OF FICTION SURPASSED

London, May 6.—The underworld of London is going through a particularly unpleasant series of cleanups at the moment at the hands of Scotland Yard, famed in story book and in fact as one of the greatest crime fighting organizations in the world.

For the past three months Scotland Yard has been waging war against night clubs, gambling dens and car thieves and the battle has been all in favor of the crime fighters. Night club after night club has been closed down and their proprietors fined and penalized; dope rings have been broken up, and the way of the crook has been made more thorny than ever.

The recent case of graft disclosed in the investigation of the Goddard case has caused an outcry against so-called laxity in police methods and Scotland Yard, on its mettle is showing an appreciative public what it can do.

To the American citizen visiting London, the Yard may well pass unnoticed. It is a gaunt, red building, standing well back from the Thames embankment and if it were not for the uniformed policeman on duty outside gates it might be taken for an asylum or an insurance office, or a Public Library.

Most Astounding Building

Actually it is one of the most astounding buildings in London. It houses not only the head of the great C. L. D.—The Criminal Investigation Department—but contains room after room devoted to the scientific fighting of crime.

Here are the Bertillon detection system rooms, and wireless rooms and control and a score of mystery compartments, some of which are not even known to the hundreds of clerks "cops" and plain clothes men who work in the place from dawn to dawn in regular, orderly shifts.

At the head of this gigantic concern is Lord Byng, late Governor General of Canada. Associated directly under him and newly appointed as head of the Criminal Investigation Department which all the world speaks of as the C. I. D., is Hon. Trevor Bingham, a son of Lord Mersey, who conceived the idea of splitting the metropolitan area into four districts in order that the responsibility for each should rest on one of four officials.

These men, known to Londoners as the "Big Four" of Scotland Yard, are

among the greatest crime fighters in the world. Let us take a look at them first and then see the cogs working which make the wheels go round in the never-ceasing war which wages against the underworld of London.

Looks Like a Person

First, there is Chief Constable Wensley, the veteran of them all who sprang into prominence thirty years ago in a lone gun fight with armed bandits, one of whom, a murderer was out fought and out shot by Wensley and brought in handcuffs to the Yard after the others had fled.

He served his apprenticeship in the tough East End of London, and today knows more about the tam men of Limehouse and London's Chinatown than any other man in the police force.

It is more than probable that his associations with malefactor Chinese taught him the art of worming secrets out of wrongdoers for he is said to be irresistible and it is said that none can long withstand his questioning.

Then there is the youthful Superintendent Savage who at one time specialized on spies and foreign agents but now deals almost entirely with the most baffling of the murder cases which the Yard in the end unravels. He looks like a Wall Street broker who is beginning to make his pile and his hobby is birds' nesting!

Superintendent Ashley, on the other hand, might very conceivably be taken for a parson or a nonconformist minister. He has the most benign of expressions and his intimates declare that of all the four they would rather fall into any of their clutches than his.

Police Go Unarmed

When the call to action comes to them in the street, either by message from the telephone or by direct contact with a crime, the disk burns in letters of fire on the windshield the alarm bell clangs with a strident persistent ring, clearing the traffic out of the way, the engine roars and the car leaps in chase while one of the "passengers" talks rapidly to the Yard and the others, "cleared for action" so to speak, sit tense and grim awaiting the end of the chase.

The cars carry no arms. On certain cases the crews have access to revolvers but it is one of the mysteries which yet remain to be solved why they are not provided with the latest types of machine gun.

Could Not Sleep Heart Would Start Pumping and Pounding

Mrs. Fred P. Averill, 136-12th Ave., Calgary, Alta., writes:—"I was bothered so much with my heart I could not sleep. I would wake up in the night screaming, and my heart would start pumping and pounding."

A neighbor lady told me to try



so I started taking them and I can truthfully say I am a different woman. Altogether I only took two boxes."

Price 50c a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

earnings for Nickel are based.

One which will have an important bearing on Nickel's future earnings will be profits accruing from refining its own copper. A rather interesting feature of this will be the saving of the proportion of copper hitherto lost to the customs refiners. About 1.8 per cent of the daily run of copper put through the furnaces adheres to the lining. This is later recovered when the furnaces are overhauled and is velvet for the custom refinery.

Reduce Shipping Charges.

At the present time Nickel is shipping nickel copper matte to the Port Colborne refinery but when the Copper Cliff plant is completed the copper will be separated there and only nickel sent on. This plant will also serve to reduce freight charges.

In addition to the considerations set out above, those figuring out nickel's future possibilities foresee an even more insistent demand for its products. The several new nickel-steel alloys that have been discovered are meeting with a large demand from automobile and tool manufacturers and many other users of metal, and the uses of monel metal an alloy of copper and nickel which International Nickel has the sole right to manufacture, are steadily growing.

MERINGUE

2 egg whites

3 tablespoons sugar

Beat the egg whites until very stiff. Add the sugar and beat for two minutes. Spread on top the pudding and cook in a slow oven for 10 minutes.

We would be interested in knowing whether Dr. Einstein has any theory to cover a 22-knot putt on a rolling green.

NOTICE OF SALE

To the heirs, devisees and legatees of William R. Logan, late of the City of Fredericton in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, Caretaker, deceased, and to all others whom it may in any wise concern,—

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Leasehold Mortgage bearing date the twenty-eighth day of June, A. D. 1905, and registered in York County Records in Book Y-5, pages 87-91, the twenty-ninth day of June, A. D. 1905, and made between the said William R. Logan, of the one part, and John M. S. McIntosh, of the Parish of Kingsclear, in the County of York, aforesaid, Farmer, of the other part, there will, for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Mortgage, default having been made in the payment thereof, and in pursuance of the said Power of Sale, be sold at public auction in front of the Post Office, in the City of Fredericton in the County of York aforesaid, on Saturday, the eighteenth day of May next, at twelve o'clock noon, that certain leasehold property mentioned and described in the Lease from Harriet S. McIntosh to the said William R. Logan, bearing date the said twenty-eighth day of June, A. D. 1905, and described in the said lease as follows,—

"All that certain place or parcel or lot of land situate, lying and being in the City of Fredericton aforesaid, and abutting and bounded as follows,—Beginning on the Southwesterly side of King Street, in the City of Fredericton in the most Northerly angle of lot number ninety-one (91) in Block Six, thence running along the said Street South-easterly twenty-nine feet, thence South-west parallel to the lower side line of said lot eighty feet, thence North-easterly parallel to King Street twenty-six feet two inches to the upper side line of said lot ninety-one (91) feet to the rear of said lot, thence North-easterly parallel to the place of beginning, (but no fence nor building of any description whatever to be erected within fifteen feet of the dwelling house now owned by the said Lessor, and formerly occupied by the late Amelia C. Beckwith on the lower part of said lot). The said width of fifteen feet extending back from King Street eighty feet to be reserved and used as an Alley in common by the occupiers by the lower part of the said lot and the said William R. Logan, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns."

Together with all buildings and improvements thereon and the rights and appurtenances thereto belonging or appertaining.

Dated this tenth day of April, A. D. 1929.

(Sgd.) JOHN M. S. MCINTOSH, Mortgagee.

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ESTIMATE NICKEL CO. WILL BE EARNING \$250,000,000 BY END OF PRESENT YEAR

(Financial Post)

Although the International Nickel Co.'s plants are operating at top capacity it has been found impossible to meet the steadily increasing demand for their product that has arisen in the metal markets of the world, and it is estimated the company is two months behind on its nickel deliveries at the present time.

The company, however, is steadily increasing its output, as is illustrated by the nickel export figures for the month of March published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. These figures, since the acquiring of the Mond Nickel Co. by International Nickel, account for practically the total of Canada's nickel export.

Nickel Exports Increase

According to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Canada exported during the month of March 69,679 pounds of fine nickel valued at \$1,816,670 as compared with 41,608 pounds, valued at \$1,115,136 in March of last year, and 51,282 pounds valued at \$1,319,841 in February of this year.

These figures reflect the manner in which International Nickel is stepping up production and at the same time illustrate the efficiency that has resulted from the fusion with its only competitor Mond Nickel.

March values show an increase of nearly \$500,000 over February and of over \$700,000 over March 1928. They also indicate the increased earnings that may be expected from International Nickel during the present year.

Estimates 1929 Earnings

From a well informed source The Financial Post learns Nickel's earnings for 1929 will be over \$25,000,000 and over \$50,000,000 in 1930, figuring copper at 16 cents a pound and nickel at current prices. The report for the first quarter of 1929, it is stated, will indicate that an increase of the present dividend to a \$1 a share may be anticipated.

At the present time earnings are coming from the output of mines other than the Frood, and it will not be until the 9,000 ton smelter now under construction at Copper Cliff is put into production about July 1930, that the Frood ore will be used and therefore not until the last quarter of 1930 that its effect in earnings will be perceptible.

See \$10 a Share

What International Nickel will earn when the Frood Mine is brought into production is difficult to say. It will undoubtedly result in a distinct upward trend. There are those who foresee earnings of from \$7.50 to \$10 a share by the latter part of 1930 or early in 1931. They also see nickel selling at \$150 a share and at the present time are taking full advantage of market depression to accumulate the stock.

The main source of profit from the Ford deposit will be obtained from its copper and precious metals content and the ruling price for copper will of course determine the rate of profit. But there are other factors as well on which the estimated increased