

Boys' Suits

Stylish and Serviceable Suits for Boys at very attractive prices. The Pinch Back and Norfolk Pinch Belted Back are two great sellers this season. At present we have these natty styles in greys, browns, blues, mixed browns, striped and other dark colors.

The Prices are Very Moderate—\$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.25, \$6.50 and \$7.00 will buy your boy a real good suit.

OUR MEN'S SUITS at \$14.00, \$15.00, \$17.00, \$20 and \$22 are unequalled.

Agents for Progress Made-to-Measure Clothing.

Peter Farrell & Co.

AGENTS FOR PROGRESS MADE-TO-MEASURE CLOTHING.

BATHING CAPS

FROM 25 CENTS TO \$1.25.

BATHING SHOES at 24c., 50c., 60c. and 75c.

WATER WINGS, etc. For variety, style, color and the right price, try

RYAN'S DRUG STORE
THE PENSLAR STORE

FLOUR

When you find your flour barrel getting low, think BLUE BANNER. We save you money, and you can't buy a better grade at any price.

BLUE BANNER—(a pure Manitoba) \$13.10 bbl.
Half-barrel Bags, \$6.50.

JELLO

A new lot of Jello Powder—
10c. pkg., 3 for 27c.

BEE JELLY

7c. pkg., 4 pkgs. for 25c.

PRESERVING JARS

To keep down high cost of living, our Customers will need more MASON and PERFECT SEAL JARS than ever.

Mason

	Each	Dozen
Pints	7c.	75c.
Quarts	8c.	90c.
Half-gallon	10c.	\$1.10

Perfect Seal

Pints	7c.	80c.
Quarts	8c.	95c.

11 lbs. Fine Granulated Sugar \$1.00
\$8.60 per 100 lbs.

Yerna's

BRANCH STORES, WOODSTOCK AND ST. JOHN.

SIR SAM HUGHES GETS BACK AT THE FINANCE MINISTER

Reaffirms His Statement That He was Told to Let up on Recruiting by Premier Borden and Sir Thomas White—Financial Group Back of the Government Mainly Responsible for Interference—Standard got Big End of the Recruiting Advertising.

Ottawa, July 9. — As a preliminary to today's continued discussion in the committee stage of the details of the military service bill, the commons had another illuminating instalment of the mutual recriminations between General Sir Sam Hughes, the prime minister and the minister of finance with regard to Sir Sam's charges that he had been directed to let up on recruiting in the spring of 1916.

On Friday and Saturday of last week Sir Robert Borden and Sir Thomas White declared that truth and Sir Sam weaver considerably at variance and that the ex-minister had imagined things. Today Sir Sam replied vigorously to the attack. He declared that he had spoken the truth in regard to the influences which had worked on the prime minister to induce him to call a halt in recruiting, and he repeated the charge that Sir Thomas White and the financial group back of him were mainly responsible for interfering with recruiting.

Sir Robert Borden contented himself by declaring that he had nothing further to add to his statements of Friday last. Sir Thomas White was not in the house. Between the conflict of statements, failing further corroborative evidence from either side, the public may take its choice as to whom to believe.

Is Standard Liberal Paper?

Ottawa, July 9. — Hon. J. D. Hazen stated in the house this afternoon in reply to C. A. Gauvreau, that requests that the minimum salaries of light-house keepers be increased had been received by him, but he could give no assurance regarding the matter at the present time.

When the house went into committee on the military service bill, General Sir Sam Hughes in reply to statements which had been made regarding scarcity of French-Canadian recruiting officers, said there had been a misapprehension and he gave a list of French-Canadian officers who had been doing excellent work in recruiting men.

Hon. Wm. Pugsley asked if any effort had been made through the newspapers to reach all classes of the people. He mentioned the St. John Standard, which he described as the chief government organ of the province, had received \$900 out of \$1,200 spent in the province on advertisements on recruiting.

General Hughes said he thought the

Standard was a Liberal paper.

The former minister of militia then made some observations regarding the military service bill, in response to the invitation of the premier to all members to make suggestions. He said he preferred the militia act as it was better, more elastic, more workable, less inclined to cause friction, and more inclined to produce good results. However, he was merely placing himself on record and he would loyally support any and every proposition enacted in the bill when finally completed.

His preferences were that the tribunals instead of being non-military and under the administration of the justice department should be placed under military control, but remain non-military in composition. The area unit instead of being provincial should be by military districts. There should be no special exemptions for "financiers" any more than for farmers. It would have been advisable to have had registration. Clergy should not be exempt. The only exemptions should be on account of ill-health or infirmity.

Sir Sam Returns to Attack.

General Hughes then dealt with the question of the falling off in recruiting insofar as it related to statements previously made and denied, which concerned the prime minister and Sir Thomas White. He said that from February, 1916, to the autumn of that year the situation was unique. Men were enlisting up to February and March as they never did before in any land. The home locality plan worked well.

"Then the prime minister as well as the minister of militia," he said, "were daily, sometimes hourly, worried by a fictitious agitation. Suggestions, complaints, advice, appeals, demands, regarding recruiting were made."

"Possibly more than any other except the finance minister, the influence of Lord Shaughnessy was potent in this embarrassment. Both Lord Shaughnessy and Sir Thomas White complained of the number of battalions being raised in Montreal and Toronto at the same time respectively."

"In the Montreal area with a total population of nearly a million there were being recruited three battalions. On our basis of 40,000 for a battalion, of 1,000 there should have been at least 20 to 21 instead of three. In Toronto there were five or including two formerly authorized, but fully completed, only seven were under way, whereas compared with the country districts, there should have been twelve. From one or other of these two gentlemen the following fallacious arguments were advanced: 'Industries would be ruined if so many were enlisted. Farmers could not put in their crops. Munitions could not be made. The war would be over by July or August, 1916. Transports could not be had. It would take a long time to get the troops to England as only a certain number could be taken monthly.'"

Commercial Idea the Stronger.

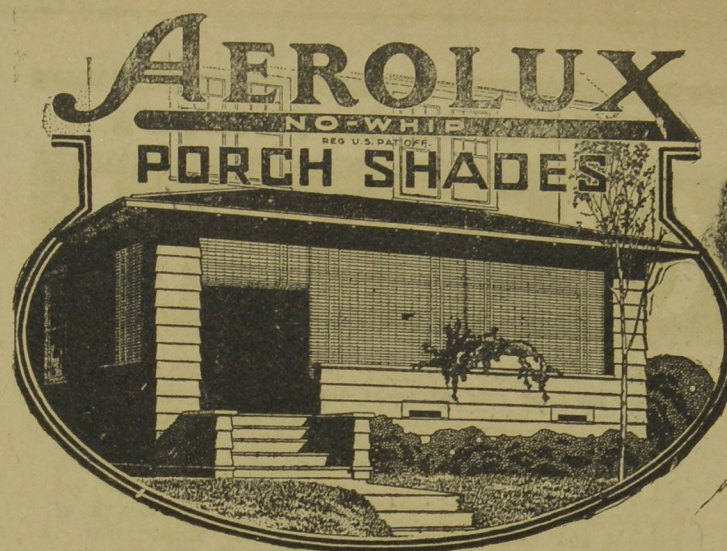
General Hughes said the tendency of the cry was not the upholding and strengthening of the troops at the front, so much much as the commercial idea at home. The prime minister certainly was worried and he was interviewed by Mr. Godfrey of Toronto, who spoke of it to the chairman of the Toronto Recruiting Association who in turn reported to his association.

"The data may have been more or less expanded or contracted," said General Hughes, "but in general terms it appears that the prime minister entertained the idea early in the spring of 1916 of stopping recruiting and that he felt inclined to stop it but for the fear that it could not be resurrected."

Whether Mr. Godfrey got all his impressions from the prime minister or from some other source was not given to the public, said the ex-minister, and he went on to assert that influences and statements were utilized to the effect that as minister of militia he was merely forming battalions and recruiting men who would never be used, and all for his own vain glory. He did not learn until later that jealousy, envy and overweening ambition were actuating those working against the best interests of the great cause.

Re-affirms Statements.

Turning to the denial made by Sir Thomas White in the house on Saturday that he had ever used the words "Canada has already done her full duty to England in recruiting in this



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LEMONT & SONS, LTD.

Thursday Half-holiday during July and August.

INCREASE PRODUCTION By Keeping Your Cattle Free from Flies by Using FLY-CHASER

The greatest preparation for keeping flies off cattle and horses. Your cattle will graze with greater freedom, will not be worried by flies; therefore give greater supply of milk. Try a can of it. Quarts, 35c.; half-gallons, 60c.; gallons, \$1.00.

Keep the flies out of the house with our Extension Window Screens at 30c. Screen Doors at \$1.50. Fly Swatters at 10c.

LAWLOR & CAIRN

USE OUR HARDWARE IT STANDS HARD WEAR

war," General Hughes said: "The finance minister on two occasions used the expression to me; on one occasion he put it in the form of a question, prefacing it with the words, 'Don't you think?' etc. On the second occasion he made the distinct statement. On another occasion, not to me, he went further and instead of using the identical words 'full duty,' the expression was 'more than her full duty.'"

"On the second occasion I assured him it was not England but for Canada, for the Empire and for human liberty, that I was in the war."

GIRL ARRESTED

(Continued from page 8.)

of age, dark in complexion with brown hair.

Tried to Buy Ticket.

The young woman tried to buy a ticket for St. John at the C. G. R. station in Gibson this morning, saying she wished to go by way of Minto. She was told that she would have to buy one at the C. P. R. station in Fredericton. Stories that a woman was masquerading in boy's clothing had been current and Chief Finley was informed that the girl had been in Gibson. He went to that place but the person wanted had gone to Fredericton. Following up the trail the girl was arrested on Queen Street while looking into a store window. She had a couple of magazines in her possession at the time.

May Come from North Shore.

As far as the police can learn the girl arrived here on Wednesday last by the Canada Eastern branch of the C. G. R. A ticket in her possession has on it the letters "Rens" followed by a blot. It is thought that it was purchased in the vicinity of Blackville. The girl herself says she belongs to Newcastle. Last week she walked up the Springhill Road and on the roadside changed her attire to that of a boy and cut her hair leaving her woman's clothing and hair in her suitcase. She then hired with a farmer but her sex being discovered left. Chief Finley investigated the case, but after he had met her walking towards the city she got away from him.

ST. MARYS AND GIBSON SCHOOL

The annual school meeting of St. Mary's and Gibson was held last night and was largely attended. Mr. H. P. Lint was chairman. The usual reports were presented and adopted. The assessment for school purposes for the ensuing year was placed at \$4,150.

Mr. J. D. Blair, retiring trustee, was succeeded by Mr. H. W. Bowlen. Warden A. B. Neill having resigned from the school board, Mr. A. W. Coombes was elected in his place. Mr. H. P. Lint was appointed auditor.

Mr. Vere Stokoe who has been principal of the school for some years, has been given leave of absence until after the war. Mr. Russell Bennett of St. John, has been appointed to the position.

Miss Hoben has resigned and Miss Alice Hendry of Gibson, has been appointed in her place.

More Boston Recruits.

Twenty more recruits secured at Boston for Canadian units arrived here today at noon. The 236th Battalion secured one recruit here yesterday, Ellis Crosby, aged 44 years.

BARKER'S POINT SCHOOL MEETING

The annual school meeting of the school district No. 1, Barker's Point, was held at the school house last night. Many of the ratepayers, including ladies, were present. Mr. Henry Carman was elected chairman. Secretary F. L. Armstrong read a very satisfactory report which on motion was adopted. The report of Mr. Geo. Smith the auditor, was also adopted as read.

A heated discussion was started in reference to having one department instead of two as at present. It was ended by Mr. Wm. C. E. Rickard that ended by Mr. Wm. C. E. Rickard that only one teacher be engaged for the ensuing year. Carried.

It was suggested that tenders be called to supply wood for next winter as in the past it has been hard to get wood enough to run the school.

On motion the amount of assessment was placed at \$450, the same as last year.

The compulsory school law was discussed, those present voicing themselves in favor of it, all claiming the children should be made attend school.

Wm. C. E. Rickard was elected trustee in place of E. G. Merritt, whose term of office expired. On motion George Smith was re-elected auditor. On motion of John Lipsett the meeting adjourned.

The board of trustees for the ensuing term is as follows: John Lipsett, two years, Wm. Rickard, three years, F. L. Armstrong one year, George Smith, auditor.

OF SOCIAL INTEREST

Miss Christina Edwards, daughter of Lt.-Col. M. B. Edwards of St. John, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Hodge. Mrs. Daniel Richards of Newcastle, who spent the week-end in the city, returned home this morning.

Mr. Ranney Murray and daughter, Miss Florence Murray of St. John, were here yesterday to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. Jane C. Vavasour.

Miss Noe Clerke of St. Stephen, is visiting Mrs. W. T. Whitehead. Mrs. F. P. Robinson is visiting her sister, Mrs. Donham of Portland, Me.

Mr. Murray Kane went to St. John this morning.

Mr. G. W. Parker, provincial manager of the Confederation Life is in the city today.

POLICE MADE USE OF TEAR GAS

Paris, July 10.—Tear-producing gas such as is used on the battle-front, was utilized by the police to capture a deserter named Thouin, who resisted them in his apartment in the Rue Andre del Sarte.

Protected by a steel shield, a policeman braved the armed recalcitrant and bored a hole in the door, wherein he inserted a tube for the gas. As soon as he realized the situation, Thouin shot himself, and his wife, half suffocated, opened the door. Thouin died soon after.

Government Meeting.

The members of the Provincial Government are expected to arrive in the city today for the monthly meeting of the executive tomorrow.