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In order to ensure changes
being made in advertisements,
copy must reach this office not
later than 9 a. m. on the day of
publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.
Moderate west to northwest
winds; fair and moderately
warm today and Sunday.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 4,

TWO CENTS PER COPY

JUSTICE AND FREEDOM MUST BE VINDICATED NO MATTER AT WHAT COST

British Newspapers Review the Chief Events of the War---Allies Determined To Fight for the Destruction of Prussian Militarism.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The morning newspapers today commemorate the conclusion of three years of war by long reviews of past events, taking stock of the present position and speculating on the future. They also print conspicuous messages from the King to sovereigns and presidents, expressing the determination to pursue the war until the joint efforts are crowned with success. They publish others from members of the government and various leaders proclaiming the determination to fight to the end for the destruction of militarism and for the vindication of justice and freedom at all costs.

LORD ROBERT CECIL DECLARES THAT THE PATH TO FREEDOM LIES THROUGH THE GERMAN LINES

Some are epigrammatic, for instance, that from Lord Robert Cecil, which says: "The path to freedom lies through the German lines." Sir Edward Carson, minister without portfolio, says: "The Germans unsheathed the sword; they must not be allowed to put it back unbroken."

The editorials and reviews, although firmly maintaining victory for the Allied democracies is absolutely assured, and that their strength is growing, while that of the German allies is waning, recognize nevertheless Germany remains militarily, economically and politically strong and formidable, and her downfall is hindered by the results of the Russian revolution.

ENTRANCE OF THE U. S. INTO THE WAR A GREAT MORAL ENDORSEMENT OF THE ALLIES' AIMS

Against the unquestioned disastrous effect of the destruction of Russia's offensive, however, with all its damaging conquests for her allies, is hopefully set the entrance of America into the war, which is welcomed not only from a material point of view, but as an immense moral endorsement of the aims all the allied nations are fighting for.

MEN BADLY NEEDED FOR WESTERN HARVEST FIELDS

Government to Avail Itself of Offers Made Through
the National Service Cards---Thousands of Letters
Being Sent Out.

OTTAWA, Aug. 4.—One hundred and seventy-five thousand letters are now being mailed to the office of the National Service Board to men who indicated on their national service card their willingness to make a change of occupation in the public interest and if exigencies of the war rendered it advisable. The object of this appeal is to provide farm labor for the forthcoming harvest.

In the letter it is pointed out that while this call for national service may involve a sacrifice, men are invited to consider the fact that thousands of Canadians are today submitting to untold discomforts, risking their health and yielding their lives, in the great struggle in France and Flanders, for a remuneration of \$1.10 per day.

FOR A NATIONAL PURPOSE.

It is also pointed out that every man who is accustomed to manual labor, and most of those who are physically able to practice out of door sports will be quite capable of rendering useful service in the harvest fields.

In this time of national stress the appeal is to men of all classes that for a great national purpose they shall give temporary aid in harvesting Canada's abundant crops, a portion of which will otherwise be lost. All classes are now soldiering and performing the hardest sort of manual labor at the front.

The National Service Board has on record the names of over 300,000 men who on their national service cards indicated their willingness to change occupations in order to undertake essential work.

DESERTERS MAKE TROUBLE

Tiflis, Russia, Aug. 4.—Deserters from the army who are being rounded up by military authorities opened fire on them, wounding several soldiers.

Reinforcements of Cossacks armed with machine guns arrived and fired on the deserters, wounding many more. Four hundred of the deserters surrendered.

U. S. MISSION RETURNS HOME

A Pacific Port, Aug. 4.—The American mission to Russia headed by Elihu Root, reached here last night en route to Washington.

Two Drunks Fined.

Two drunks were arrested last night and were fined \$8 each this morning by Police Magistrate Limerick.

WANT BATHING BEACH CLEARED

Board of Trade Passes Resolution on Matter—Thieves Have Been Busy With Bathers' Clothing.

At the Board of Trade meeting last night Mr. J. J. Weddall urged the Board to ask the City Council to clean up the bathing beach at the West End, to erect bathing houses, to have a policeman at the beach in the evening, when the crowd is there, and also to appoint an instructor to teach children to swim.

This resolution was passed unanimously and sent to the Council. Swimming is the fad of the hour, and from 100 to 300 congregate on the bathing beach every evening. If there were proper facilities this number would be increased to 500.

There is a fine chance for a private individual to make money by putting up bathing houses and making a small charge for the use of them. Men who go in bathing now are obliged to leave their clothing in the bushes or on the woodpiles, with the result that the sneak-thief has seen his opportunity and got in his work.

This week one young man had a watch stolen, another had \$16 taken from his clothes, and others have lost articles of clothing.

Swimming is one of the most sensible fads that has struck Fredericton in a long time, and should receive all the encouragement possible from the civic authorities.

Returned Soldiers Arrive.

Private George E. Clyntek and Gunner G. Cummings of this city, who were expected to reach Fredericton last night, did not arrive. Private Clyntek arrived this morning and Gunner Cummings is expected tonight. Other returned soldiers who arrived this morning were Private Taylor of Stanley, Private Currie of Oromocto, Privates Campbell, father and son of Lakeville, Carleton county, and Private Duncan of Kingsclear.

Broke Arm in Two Places.

Mr. George Rainsford of this city met with a serious accident at Perth yesterday, falling about thirty feet and breaking an arm in two places. He was employed by Mr. George McLaughlin of Perth, and was painting a barn. The ladder on which he was standing slipped and fell. He will enter Victoria Hospital for treatment.

REPORT FAVORS STREET LIGHTING BY COMPANY

Board of Trade Executive Received Report of Special Committee Last Night---Meeting of Board Next Friday Night to Consider Report---Important Provisions Made.

The Fredericton Board of Trade will meet on Friday night next to consider the report of the committee on street lighting. The report was presented last night at a meeting of the executive and members of the City Council held at the Board of Trade rooms but it was thought advisable to have a more largely attended meeting.

On the motion of Mr. J. T. Jennings seconded by Mr. G. W. Hodge, the report of the committee was received and ordered entered in the minutes. **Favors Purchase of Current.** The report of the committee in short favors the purchase of current from the Fredericton Gaslight Co. by the city to be delivered at the city plant, the company to pay for the necessary transformers with the proviso that the city take them over if the contract should be cancelled before the expiration of a ten year period, the city to have power of cancellation of the contract on one year's notice, also that the city plant be retained for use in the event of the lighting by the company being unsatisfactory.

Those Present.

Those present last night were: J. S. Neill, J. T. Jennings, G. W. Hodge, J. W. MacKay, G. Y. Dibblee, H. S. Campbell, J. J. Weddall, W. S. Hooper, Ald. J. M. Lemont, Ald. Joseph Walker, Ald. T. S. Wilkinson, Ald. D. J. Shea, Ald. R. J. Baxter, Ald. F. H. Everett, Ald. R. W. McLellan, Ald. J. H. Reid and Ald. Judson Barker.

Committee's Report.

The report of the committee was as follows: To the President and Members of the Fredericton Board of Trade: Gentlemen—In reference to the matter of street lighting in the City of Fredericton, your committee appointed at the last meeting of the Board to consider the question of the City of Fredericton purchasing the current for street lighting purposes from the Fredericton Gaslight Company beg leave to report as follows:

We have considered the report of Messrs. Stone and Webster on this question and believe that the city could make a substantial saving by buying current from the Gaslight Co. at a price of 3½c. per K. W. H. delivered at the city lighting station.

In view, however, of the extra expense which will have to be incurred by the city in charging lamps to enable them to use the company's current, we would consider it only reasonable and fair that the Gaslight Co. should furnish two transformers required to change the current to suit the city requirements, the city agreeing in the event of cancelling the contract before expiration of same, that they should take transformers off the hands of the company paying the cost of price less 10 per cent. per year for depreciation.

German Divisions Badly Cut Up by British Artillery

JOINT MEETING WILL BE HELD

R. B. Hanson to Give Opinion to Agric. Society re City's Claim on Exhibition Property.

A joint meeting of the executive of Agricultural Society No. 34, and a special committee of the City Council is to be held at an early date for the purpose of considering the claim of the city against the Exhibition property. This meeting will be held after a report has been presented to the Agricultural Society executive.

On Thursday a special meeting of the Agricultural Society executive was held for the purpose of considering the matter which had been brought to the attention of the society by repeated letters from Ald. R. W. McLellan, chairman of the special committee of the City Council appointed to consider the matter. Some members of the executive wished to ignore the claim of the city entirely, but better counsels prevailed and it was decided to have Mr. R. B. Hanson look into the matter and submit an opinion on the legal aspect of the case. After that opinion is secured the joint meeting will be held.

Funeral Sunday Afternoon.

The funeral of the late Henry Treadwell, young son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Treadwell, of Woodstock Road, who met his death by drowning yesterday afternoon, will take place at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon from his late home. Rev. J. B. Daggett conducting the service. Interment will be made at the Rural cemetery. The deceased is survived by his parents and one brother, Colburn. Dr. B. M. Mullin viewed the body after it was recovered yesterday and decided an inquest to be unnecessary.

Had to be Replaced by Fresh Troops On the Eve of the Big Assault--- Canadians Keep up a Vigorous Bom- bardment at Lens.

(By Stewart Lyon.)

Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, Aug. 4.—Four days of a steady downpour have made ditches of trenches all along the western front, and on this part of the line have brought about a cessation of infantry movement on any large scale. There have been several small encounters between the patrols out in No Man's Land, but for the most part the men in the trenches are fully employed in preventing the flooding of their positions. The enemy, at some low-lying posts, where drainage cannot be secured, has been forced out into the open, and has been brought under the fire of our guns with serious results to them.

THOUSANDS OF PROJECTILES ARE EXPENDED DAILY BY THE BRITISH ON THE WESTERN FRONT

Rain has not been permitted to silence the guns. Many thousands of projectiles are expended daily. The cellars in Lens, in which the enemy now shelters his reserves, are subjected to a bombardment with the heaviest guns. The frequent explosions in the city indicate that the German stores of ammunition are also kept in these cellars, and that the loss of life among the garrison from the interminable pounding of our guns must be very great.

THE ENEMY TOLL OF CASUALTIES FROM BRITISH GUNFIRE HAS BEEN A VERY HEAVY ONE

The conditions in Lens are very much what they were on the Belgian front before the opening of the offensive. It is now known that three divisions of the enemy were so badly cut up by the British artillery fire that they were withdrawn on the even of the assault, and fresh troops put into the line.

Five other divisions have now been relieved on the front over which the offensive extends, much of their toll of casualties being due to the gunfire. No such concentration of artillery has been made in any previous offensive.

The enemy, alike in the north and on this front, is again using shells with prodigality. This morning he put a heavy barrage on the Avene sector about 2 o'clock, and shortly before daybreak let loose upon the Lievin-Loos area. His lack of observation lessens the effectiveness of this retaliation.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED TO THE INCOME TAX BILL

Exemption to be \$2000 for Married Men and \$1500 for Single Men---Conservative M. P. Favors Direct Taxation.

Ottawa, Aug. 3.—The House went into committee this afternoon on the income tax bill. A number of members suggested that there should be exemption for married men with children as opposed to married men without children.

Hon. George P. Graham suggested that wherever a family exceeded three there should be exemptions for each child.

Sir Thomas White promised to take the suggestions into consideration, but saw difficulties in the way. He was afraid that it would add to the cost of collection. He also doubted whether there could be distinction made between children and dependents, nearly every man would claim he had dependents.

W. S. Middlebro was of the opinion that the exemption for unmarried men was too high. He moved that it be reduced from \$2,000 to \$1,500.

W. F. Nickle said that he always favored a direct tax rather than an indirect tax. The people would then realize that it was their own money that was being spent by the government. He was also of the opinion that customs taxation bore too heavily on the man with a small income. He paid a tax on everything he bought, while the rich man largely escaped.

Mr. Nickle thought the exemption should be lowered and suggested an exemption of \$2,000 for a married man and \$1,500 for an unmarried man.

Mr. Nickle said that the people in the cities who were earning from \$1,200 to \$1,800, were beginning to feel the burden of taxation was not fairly distributed. Men of fixed salaries had no way of increasing their income. The cost of living had increased in the past few years nearly 40 per cent.

They recognized that this was inevitable owing to exports of foodstuffs to Europe. There were many in the cities who were suggesting that the farmers could be taxed more, as they were getting an advantage out of the war. In the case of the farmers there would be few who would be affected by the income tax, as they take their living out of their earnings.

He was sympathetic to the farmer, but he thought the government should see that he contributed more to the upkeep of the war.

AMENDMENT VOTED DOWN.

Ottawa, Aug. 3.—The Bostock amendment proposing to defer until after a general election the carrying into effect of the military service bill, was defeated in the Senate tonight by a vote of 44 against and 35 for the amendment.