

***** Notice to Advertisers. *****

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

***** The Weather. *****

Maritime: Fresh northeast and east winds; cool and showery.

VOL. XXIII., No. 135

FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, JUNE 11, 1917.

TWO CENTS PER COPY

Numerous Battles in the Air Along the Western Front

Nine Enemy Machines Accounted for by the British---Huns On the Ypres Front Have Made no Counter Attacks Since Thursday---News From Other Fronts.

Another day has passed without the demoralized Germans along the Ypres front making an effort by counter attacking to regain the ground they lost in the titanic drive of Field Marshal Haig's men last Thursday. South of Ypres, however, the Teutons heavily bombarded the British positions, where additional territory was taken from them Saturday night on several sectors. Aerial activity between the German and British flyers continued Saturday and numerous battles in the air were fought. Nine enemy machines were accounted for by the British who themselves lost three. There has been no fighting along that part of the line where the French are facing the Germans, rising above the character of small surprise attacks. On the Chemin des Dames the Germans early Sunday morning penetrated a small salient west of Cerny, but almost immediately were driven out with the loss of many prisoners.

In the Austro-Italian theatre the fighting is being done entirely by the artillery wings of the opposing armies. There has been no attempt at a resumption by the Italians of their great offensive on the Carso front, but from the fact that reconnoitering parties are being sent out to survey the new positions of the Austrians, another great battle probably is not distant.

The situation at Kronstadt, where the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates is still defining the provisional government, remains tense. Apparently as its first step in carrying out its threat to take resolute action, the government has called various officials from Kronstadt. A heartening sign in the crisis there is the fact that the fleet in that port is reliable and can be depended on to aid the government.

As a result of the recent bombardment of Ostend, and probably in fear that another operation of a similar character might be carried out against the port, the Germans have removed all the large ships from the harbor, which presents a deserted appearance.

AMERICAN SAILING VESSEL SUNK BY HUN

SUBMARINE AFTER CREW ABANDONED HER

LONDON, June 11.—The American sailing vessel Magnus Manson has been sunk by a German submarine. She was sent down after the crew had left her. Private advices were received in Mobile late last month that the Magnus Manson had been torpedoed off the French coast. The despatch received there stated that the master and crew were saved after the torpedoing of the vessel. The Magnus Manson, a five masted schooner of 1751 tons gross, sailed from Pensacola, Florida, late in March from an American port with a cargo of lumber. She was owned in Mobile, Ala.

LORD NORTHCLIFFE, NOW HEAD OF THE BRITISH

WAR COMMISSION, REACHES THE UNITED STATES

Atlantic Port, June 11.—Lord Northcliffe, on an errand to America as a commercial representative of the British government, arrived in the United States today and has issued the following statement:

"The War cabinet has designated me head of the British war mission to the United States, and I have been instructed to try to co-operate the work of the various Admiralty British organizations already established here. Until I present credentials at Washington it is impossible, of course, for me to make any further statements. I can, however, express my very great personal pleasure at being again in America, which I have so often visited and which has many delightful associations and friendships for me. Nor is it saying too much when I add that the whole British people have a profound sense of grateful appreciation of the magnificent welcome accorded Mr. Balfour and his associates and the complete success of his mission."

As virtual head of the British war mission in this country. Lord Northcliffe, owner of the London Times and other English newspapers, comes not, it is understood, as a diplomatic representative, but to work along industrial and economic lines in the furtherance of his government's interests in America. In this connection he is expected to co-operate with Captain Reardon, French high commissioner in the United States.

WOMEN ARE REGISTERING

Winnipeg, June 11.—Women are registering in Manitoba today for the first time under provincial suffrage.

PERSONAL.

Mr. R. G. Morton of Halifax, is a guest at the Barker House.
Mr. J. W. Day of St. John, is a guest at the Barker House.
Mr. H. W. Smith of St. Stephen, is registered at the Barker House.
Mr. J. C. Kingston of Ottawa, is a guest at the Barker House.
Mr. H. S. Estabrook of St. John, is a guest at the Queen.

GERMAN MARK AT LOW LEVEL

Berne, via Paris, June 11.—The German mark reached a new low level today when it touched 71 francs for 100 marks, compared with 123.4 in peace times. The rate of the mark thereby drops lower than the Italian lira, which was quoted at 72 today.

SPEAKER HAS RESIGNED.

Vancouver, B. C., June 11.—The resignation of Mon. J. W. Wear as the Speaker of the British Columbia Legislature, has been handed to Premier Brewster.

PREPARING FOR IRISH CONVENTION

London, June 11.—John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, will be invited to nominate five members of the Irish convention, Premier Lloyd George announced in the House of Commons today.

Sir John Lonsdale will be invited also to nominate five members, the Premier added, and William O'Brien two members. There will be ten Irish representative peers, five members of the Irish Unionist Alliance, five Sinn Feiners and fifteen members nominated by the government.

The Premier said the government would prefer that the convention nominated its own chairman, but it was prepared to nominate a chairman and submit his name to the King.

Mr. Lloyd George said the Irish convention would be composed of 101 representatives.

LONDON IS THE CHOICE FOR THE NEXT MEETING

Montreal, June 11.—The Presbyterian General Assembly will meet in 1918 in St. Andrew's Church, London, Ont. This was decided at the Assembly meeting in Erskine church this morning. The commissioners also accepted a recommendation that a revised book of prayer be published. The remainder of the session was taken up with consideration of reports of thirty colleges. The debate on church union will be resumed this afternoon.

CONSCRIPTION BILL WAS INTRODUCED IN HOUSE

MONTREAL, June 11.—The Star's Ottawa correspondent says the resignation of Hon. E. T. Patenaude, Secretary of State and acting Postmaster General, which was tendered to the Premier Saturday afternoon, is in the hands of the Governor General today. There is little question of its acceptance.

Mr. Patenaude quits the cabinet because the anti-conscription feeling among the people he is supposed to represent is beyond his powers of resistance.

The other French Canadian ministers, Messrs. Blondin and Seigny, the former enlisted for active service, do not intend to resign. This afternoon Sir Robert Borden will introduce the conscription bill in the House. By its provisions all men between 20 and 35 are declared to be soldiers. They are to be called upon in about ten district classes, 20 to 23, then 23 to 27, 27 to 31, single. The married men will then be started with and if necessary enlistments will go up to the limit. All those who have married since May 18th, when the bill was first announced, will be classed as single in each county, probably selected by judicial authority, but in any event not by the government. Exemption boards will be created, and all those who when their particular class is called, consider themselves eligible to exemptions, or whose employers think so, may go before these boards. Causes for exemption will be civil occupation, industries considered to be vital to the state, such as agriculture, munitions work and other lines of activity; number of dependents will be another feature in determining exemptions.

IRISH POLICE INSPECTOR KILLED IN ROW AT A DUBLIN MEETING

DUBLIN, June 11 (via London).—Police Inspector Mills was injured fatally last night while preventing the holding of a meeting called by Irish rebels. He died early this morning. Several Sinn Feiners were arrested.

The Lieut. General commanding the British forces in Ireland had forbidden the holding of the meeting, but in spite of his order, 2,000 persons gathered opposite Liberty Hall. Count Plunkett, member of parliament and Sinn Feiner, who was arrested in connection with the revolt of last year and other equally defiant members of the Sinn Fein, attended the meeting with the intention of speaking. Count Plunkett, Cathal Brughet, James Kenny, Rody Kelly and Martin Walsh, were arrested.

While he was taking these men to jail, Inspector Mills was struck with a stone or stick and knocked down. He died in a hospital early this morning. His assailant has not been arrested.

Death in Gibson.

The death of Thomas Coulesy of Taymouth occurred yesterday afternoon at the home of his sister, Mrs. Hazlett at Gibson, after a short illness with pneumonia. The deceased who was in his seventieth year leaves to mourn one daughter, Mrs. Segee of Taymouth, one sister, Mrs. Sarah Haz-

lett of Gibson, two brothers in British Columbia and one at Tay Creek. A service will be held tonight at seven o'clock at Gibson by Rev. Mr. Lake. The body will be taken to Taymouth at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning where service will be held by Rev. Mr. Robinson. Interment will be made at Taymouth.

THE RUSSIAN PRESS GIVES PROMINENCE TO PRESIDENT WILSON'S NOTE

Object of the Note is to Meet the Schemes of Huns to Ensnare Russian Public Opinion---Expected to Open the Eyes of the People.

PETROGRAD, June 10, via London, June 11.—President Wilson's note to Russia dealing with the aims of the United States in the war, is published today by all the morning newspapers. The Novoe Vremya, however, is the only journal that comments editorially on it.

"Its aim," says that paper, "is to meet the artfulness with which Germany has sought to ensnare Russian public opinion. The American President realizes the source of the desperate agitation which has been made in Russia and other countries under the banner of socialist democracy and false pacifism. A copy of the note must be given to every soldier, workman and peasant. It must open the eyes of everyone whose brain is not warped by the stupid and criminal stories that the war was started by capitalists for their own benefit. The Russian democracy will be able to see the difference between the straight forward worth of the American democracy and the crude lies by which the servants of the German emperor are trying to deceive the world."

LONDON, June 11.—President Wilson's message to Russia is given prominence in the morning newspapers, which endorse it enthusiastically. The Morning Post declares that it is one of the most memorable documents issued by any state during the war.

PETROGRAD, via London, June 11.—The congress of peasant delegates of all Russia has joined in the movement for the establishing of a republic in Russia. It has adopted a resolution in favor of a federal republic on democratic lines.

BRITISH TROOPS MAKE FURTHER PROGRESS SOUTH OF MESSINES

LONDON, June 11.—The British have made an additional advance south of Messines, according to an official statement issued by the War Office this morning. The statement follows:

"There was considerable artillery fighting on both sides during the night east of Epenly, bodies of hostile troops assembling in this area being dispersed by our fire. We made a successful raid last night southwest of La Bassee. Much damage was done to the enemy trenches, and mine galleries, and eighteen prisoners were captured. Parties of our troops also raided German positions east of Vermelles and south of Armentieres. They inflicted a number of casualties on the enemy. Our own and the enemy's artillery showed great activity. Our line has again been advanced slightly south of Messines."

GREAT SUCCESS MET IN BOSTON

The good news that Lieut. Col. Guthrie of the 236th Highlanders, has secured over two hundred recruits at the Hub was announced here this morning. All the officers are working hard in Boston, and their efforts seem to be repaid. At Boston last week the pipe band played at Keith's Theatre, and at the Boston Theatre two nights, to full houses, after which recruiting speeches were made and several recruits signed on.

Twenty-four recruits came in today at noon from Boston, and two more are expected from St. John tonight, these two having stayed on the train.

Capt. J. D. Black did not return at noon, but is expected home tonight.

These recruits are being examined this afternoon by Dr. Irvine.

The advance party which left on Saturday morning for Valcartier were held up at McGivney Junction and after some delay were allowed to proceed. It is reported that fault in transportation was the cause for delay.

It was announced in Saturday's issue that the 236th Brass band would go to Boston, but this is not official, as is also the report that the Battalion would leave on Tuesday.

In addition to recruiting for the

PRESENTATION TO SHERIFF

Sheriff John B. Hawthorne was presented with an address and a handsome solid leather travelling bag on Friday night by a number of residents of McAdam, where he had been on police duty for several years prior to his appointment as High Sheriff of York. The sheriff received a summons to go to McAdam as he thought, on official business. On his arrival at McAdam he was taken to the customs house and the address was read by Mr. George N. Nason and the presentation made. Those who were concerned in the presentation were Messrs. George N. Nason, E. H. Coburn, Ernest Benn, Thomas Radigan, Luke Lawson, W. P. Lawson, L. J. Speedy, Fred Lister, T. W. Lister, Fred Embleton, Robert Elliott, E. M. Crotty, L. M. White, William Gaynor.

Teachers' Exams.

The examinations for teachers' licenses are held, in addition to the Provincial School, in Chatham and in St. John. The examination here will begin tomorrow morning and will continue for four days, ending Friday, the 15th. The arrangements, such as assigning the seats, etc., will commence at 9 a. m., and the first examination, school system and civics, will commence at 9.45. The great majority of those taking the examinations will write here. A number of U. N. B. graduates and undergraduates will write the grammar school papers.

236th, Col. Guthrie and his officers have obtained recruits at Boston for the United States Army.