THE DAILY MAIL

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FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1917.

ROOSEVELT'S PLAIN TALK.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt, ex-President of the United States, was the Fourth of July Orator at Forest Hills, Long Island, on Wednesday. He made use of strong language in denouncing those Americans who champion the cause of Germany, declaring them to be guilty of moral treason, and describing them as moral traitors. In the course of an admirable address, he

"We are now at war with Germany. For over two years Germany has heaped insult upon insult, injury upon injury, on our people. We did not even dare to prepare so as to be able effect ively to resent wrong in the future. Our supine inaction was partly due to the folly engendered in our people by the professional pacifists. But an even more important factor was the dread many of our politicians felt, not merely of the German army abroad, but of German votes at home. The selfishness and short sightedness of the American politicians were indefensible, and they were due to the fact that the men who took the lead in the German-American movement sought entirely to subordinate the actions of the country of which they were nominally citizens, the United States, to the needs of the country for which they cared, Germany.

"Now we are at war with Germany. yet many of those persons, supported of course by professional pacifists, continue to champion Germany's cause fighting. This is a moral treason to the republic, and all who engage in it are in fact, although not in law, traitors who have no right longer to be treated as American citizens. The time has come to insist that they drop their dual allegiance, and in good faith become outright Germans or outright

"They cannot be both, and those who pretend to be both are merely Germans who hypocritically pretend to be Americans in order to serve Germany and damage America. At this moment the vital thing to remember about these half-hidden traitors is that to attack America's allies, while we are at death-grips with a peculiarly ruthless and brutal foe, or to champion that foe as against our allies, or to apologize for that foe's infamous wrongdoing, is to be false to the cause of liberty and to the United States.

"There can be no half-and-half attitude in this war, and no honorable man can afford to take such an attitude. We are bound by every consid eration of loyalty and good faith to our allies, and any opposition to them, or any aid given to their and our ene our allies, and treasonable as regards our own country.

Colonel Roosevelt said that the claim that it was natural for American citizens of German origin to favor Ger many was "nonsense, and criminal nonsense to boot," and added: "Either

many was "nonsense, and ordininal nonsense to boot," and added: "Either a man is an American at all we are akin by blood and descent to most of the nations of Europe, but we are separate from all of them.

We are a new and distinct nation, and we are bound always to give our whole-hearted and undivided loyalty to our flag, and in any international crisis to treat every foreign nation purely according to its conduct in that crisis. It is both weak and wicked to permit any of our citizens to hold dual or divided allegiance, and it is just as mischievous, just as un-American, to discriminate against any good American because of his birthplace, creed or parentage."

Elaborating on this point and protesting against the plan to exclude from American Red Cross units Americans of German or Austrian parentage or descent, Colonel Roosevelt said that if he had been permitted to raise a military force for service in France, many of his officers would have been chosen from among men of German parentage who were undoubted Americans.

Colonel Roosevelt severely arraigned thase who seek to excuse the acts of Germany, "our embittered and envenomed fee," by saying "we would behave in like manner if we had the opportunity," and reviewed the history of the civil war in support of his created and to products thereof."

You have been promitted and envenomed fee," by saying "we would behave in like manner if we had the opportunity," and reviewed the history of the civil war in support of his

contention that the utterance was "in-

"Contrast the brutality shown towards women and children on the Lusitania and scores of other ships, by the officially directed German submarines, with the Alabama's action fifty years ago," he continued. "Semmes never destroyed a vessel without providing for the safety of the passengers and crew. He turned his own officers out of their cabins to put in them the women and children of his foes, and once when he had 700 prisoners and a prize he allowed them to go in freedom on the vessel rather than send them to a nearby port where there was yellow fever.

"Compare those actions with the methodical and organized brutality of Other countries have read the signs the German military authorities in this war, and then brand with shame the American traitors who seek to aid Germany by asserting that we, if given the chance, would be guilty of atrocities like those she has committed."

Windsor Record: Selective conscripter being in effect only a short time. It agricultural soils. Seventy per cent provement over the hap-hazard system the settler his salt. Obviously the of voluntary recruiting.

Canada was as follows: "At this time, which they are capable. when the ties between the Canadian people and my countrymen are made Ontario and a larger perc. dation of the Dominion of Canada-"

Through Our Sieve

Just a little protracted bit of sumner would make a ten-strike.

All those Chinese revolutionists want is a peek-in.

Society note: Mr. T. Atkins took a suburban place near Lens Thursday.

Switzerland ought to do very well

Austria occasionally makes a noise ike a phonograph running down

No doubt some slackers will still try to escape the draft by closing the

Now instead of presenting the volun-teer with an address and a wrist watch we'll simply hand the slacker a gun.

It is usually about three weeks or less after he has faced the parson that a young man begins to think seriously

It is easy to distinguish a violinist rom a fiddler, for one draws a salary and the other doesn't.

When at the age of 40 a man meets woman he vainly loved at 20, he real-es that luck was with him after all.

Charlie Chaplin's new salary is to government.

MARITIME ELECTRIC COM-PANY, LIMITED.

FORESTRY

(Continued from page 1.) vey now being carried out by the Gov ! ernment.

"This is a year of reorganization and the application of scientific method all over the world. Factories and farms, railroads and banks, mines and fisheries have had to get into battal ion formation and serve the highest requirements of the state. What works during war will continue into peace. In the keen international con test for trade, only a prompt application by the provincial government of the policy of forest organization and economy can give this province the great advantages to which its wood supplies and water powers entitle it of the times and are harnessing their forests to progressive ideas of protect tion and operation. Competition will compel action eventually. To act today is a matter of business strategy and self-preservation.

A Great Province.

"New Brunswick is essentially great lumbering province, not only for tion, honestly and fairly administered, today but for all time to come. Lum without the taint of politics, would be bering is not a way station to agriculbound to be entirely satisfactory af. ture except where the trees grow on would likely be endorsed as an imof New Brunswick is permanently un laws of good provincial housekeeping require that not only the tillable bu President Wilson's Confederation the untillable areas shall render to message to the Governor General of the public every dollar of profit of

Mr. Black stated that two-thirds of even stronger by association in the Quebec must always be withheld from common cause of human freedom, I of- agriculture because of soil, topo fer cordial congratulations on this half graphic conditions or climate. The problem facing all governments was century of the anniversary of the foun- how to keep out fire from the only crop these lands would produce, and how to regulate logging operations s that the supply of trees would suffer no diminution through all time to

which had led the province to under take the forest survey, Mr. Black be lieved that there would logically follow a new provincial forestry department of technically trained foresters, entrusted with the task of supervising cutting operations in the forests and with authority over the fire ranging service. The latter ought to be placed on a permanent footing, so that one body of men could attend to fire ranging in summer and fall and to en after the war selling homes to the ex- forcing provincial cutting regulations in the winter months. "The present methods of unsupervised cutting have brought about a deteriorating forest From 20 to 30 per cent. of the trees The conscription bill has passed—in a given area is left unused, whereas the United States National Forests sents." in a given area is left unused, whereas have reduced this waste to 10 per cent. Except with very few companies in Canada reproduction is left more of less to chance and the chance plays continuously against us. With skilled supervision of the cutting the present rapid deterioriation of timber areas can be arrested and the chief foundation of an enormous industry and of provincail revenues made secure for

"You can burn a candle at both ends but not for long. The forests of Canada are not more than one-quarter as extensive as those of the United States, which in turn are outclassed by Russia. Forests cannot survive the flame. If New Brunswick's network of forest industries is to be maintainbe either \$1,000,000 a year or \$30 a month, depending upon whether he is drafted by the movies or the British raw materials by fire and unregulated logging must be stopped, and stopped

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