

# Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

# The Daily Mail

## The Weather.

Maritime: Strong gales from northwest and west, snow falls or flurries, but mostly fair and decidedly cold.

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## THE ALLIES REPLY TO U. S. NOTE MAKES A GOOD IMPRESSION

### Allies Reply to U.S. Note is Approved of in London

**Enemies of the Allied Powers Now Understand What They Are Fighting For---A Zeppelin Alarm Plunges Paris Into Darkness---Teutons Bombarding Roumanian Town.**

PARIS, Jan. 12.—The morning papers are unanimous in their approval of the reply of the Allies to President Wilson's note, the only difference being in the terms of expression. Alfred Capus in his paper says: "The principal value of the note is the clear and solemn declaration of the Allies as to their objects in pursuing the war. It is the first time they have been thus grouped, and their full moral worth, given to them by their simple enumeration, forces upon the mind the conviction of their necessity. Either they will be fully attained, or Germany will be a continual menace to the nations of Europe and upon the first opportunity will again turn the continent into a field of carnage. Our enemies are now in possession of our true aims. They can compare them with their own and deduce therefrom the degree of our resistance and our implacable resolve to vanquish them."

PARIS, Jan. 12.—A Zeppelin alarm, which was sounded here last night, it turned out was due not to Zeppelins, but to airplanes. As soon as the warning was received the city was plunged into darkness and the street cars stopped, and all other precautions promptly taken.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Exchange Telegraph's correspondent at Copenhagen says the German newspapers print telegrams from Sofia saying that the Germans and Bulgarians are violently bombarding Galatz, on the Danube, in Roumania. The despatches say a great part of the town has been destroyed. The Bulgarian advance is declared to be most difficult as a consequence of the great swamps over which bridges must be constructed.

### The Allied Troops on the Western Front Continue to Pound at the German Lines

With the British Armies in France, Jan. 11 (via London, Jan. 12).—Through rain, mist, fog and deep mud, the British army is continuing day by day to pound the German line. Although there has been no distinctly spectacular action recently, daily and nightly trench raids and the drumming of the artillery have continued. The operations have yielded a constant inflow of prisoners and have kept the casualty list growing. According to the stories told by the prisoners, the British tactics have harassed the German troops almost beyond endurance.

The last week has witnessed some typical so-called minor operations, culminating with an attack before dawn today north of Beaumont-Hamel. This action brought the total of prisoners taken in this area in the last three days to 300, and placed in British hands some important sections of trenches.

On Tuesday night the British attacked a desired section of trenches on the German lines, which were taken with a yield of 140 prisoners. The operations this morning drove the Germans from a position which they had held for some time, and from which they could observe a part of the British line.

### The New British War Loan Looked Upon As a Most Profitable Form of Patriotism

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The enthusiastic optimism manifested at the Guildhall meeting pervades the comment on the new loan in the London morning papers, which urgently appeal to the public to subscribe to the utmost of their ability to the issue. The papers describe in superlatives the terms of the loan, which are declared to be "handsome," "unthinkable before the war," possessing extraordinary privileges and "constituting the best investment ever offered."

It is contended that there never was such a profitable form of patriotism laid before the nation. None of the features of the issue receives greater commendation than the provision for a sinking fund. It is regarded as offering a very fair guarantee of stability in price and calculated to reassure the most timorous investor.

### GERMAN OFFICIAL REPORT.

BERLIN, via Sayville, Jan. 12.—Two attacks were made by British troops early this morning on the French front north of the Ancre region. North of Beaumont the British gained an initial success, the war office announces, but were driven back by a counter attack.

### MUNITION PLANT WIPED OUT BY FIRE

New York, Jan. 12.—The eighty acre ammunition plant of the Canadian Car and Foundry Co., near Kingsland, N. J., is a scarred and blackened ruin today, swept by flames and ploughed by exploding shells. The fire that started there late yesterday afternoon still smouldered in spots, but the firemen who stood helpless at a safe distance last night watching the explosion of half a million three and six inch shells, closed in on the ruins cautiously.

There have been no official reports of loss of life, and if all of the 1,000 employees of the plant escaped, their safety is due probably to the fact that a short time intervened between the discovery of the fire and the moment when the flames reached the stored ammunition.

The loss, estimated at more than \$4,000,000, is accounted for almost by the destruction of shells, which company loads at this plant for the Russian government. The rectangular enclosure contained between forty and fifty buildings, but these were all of flimsy construction.

**Telephone Girl a Heroine.**  
The heroine of the fire is a telephone switchboard operator, whose position was in sight of the spot where flames first appeared. This girl stuck to her post until she had sent a warning over the wires to the various buildings scattered through the plant. As she plugged in for the last call, projectiles were descending through the roof of the building in which she sat.

**Social Events.**  
Mrs. R. W. McLellan entertained at bridge on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. G. W. Brown was the hostess at a bridge on the same day. On Thursday afternoon Mrs. J. H. Barry was the hostess at a bridge party. On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. J. Stewart Neill was the hostess at bridge, when Miss Mabel Sterling was the prize winner. Mrs. W. S. Carter entertained at a mixed bridge on Tuesday evening.

### VIEWS OF NEW YORK PAPERS ON THE ENTENTE NOTE

**No Trace of Bluff and Bluster in the Note Says the Herald--A New Declaration of Independence on Behalf of Civilization.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Following are extracts from American newspapers of this morning on the Entente reply to President Wilson. The Herald says: "In a document that will rank as one of the most notable in history, the Entente nations present an outline of the objects for which these nations are fighting, and, broadly, the terms upon which alone peace can come. There is in it not a trace of the 'bluff and bluster' of the Prussian reply to President Wilson. Realizing to the full their responsibility to the peoples they represent, and the righteous cause to which these people have dedicated themselves, as well as to humanity, the official spokesmen for the Allies have written a new declaration of independence in behalf of civilization."

The World says: "Can Germany now refuse to follow the Allies in explaining the aims and objects of the war and her terms of peace? Unless the Imperial government is willing to go as far as its enemies have gone, it can have no standing before the great tribunal of popular opinion. It has asked for peace as a victor, but even as a victor it has declined to disclose the terms upon which it will consider peace."

The Times says: "Will the Central Powers, will Germany, have the effrontery to say that these are not just terms—every one of them just? In that opinion she would have the judgment of the whole world against her, as now she has the great part of it in arms against her."

**HARRY THAW MAY RECOVER**  
Philadelphia, Jan. 12.—Harry K. Thaw, who slashed his throat with a razor and cut an artery in his wrist in an attempt to commit suicide here yesterday, will be able to leave the hospital within two weeks unless he swallowed poison tablets, according to the statement of his physicians early today. Several poison tablets which produce a slow death were found in his pockets and if he took any of them it may be twenty-four hours before the symptoms manifest themselves. Thaw spent a very good night and is resting quietly.

### ADMIRAL JELICOE, BRITAIN'S SEA LORD TALKS ON NAVY'S WORK

**The Submarine Menace is Greater Than At Any Period of the War---British Fleet Now Consists of Nearly Four Thousand Ships.**

LONDON, Jan. 12.—"The submarine menace to the merchant service is far greater than at any period of the war, and it requires all our energy to combat it," said Admiral John R. Jellicoe, First Sea Lord, in a speech at a luncheon given in his honor in London today.

Admiral Jellicoe said the menace must and would be dealt with. Of that he was confident, but the British would have to make good their unequal losses in order to do so.

We are dependent upon the shipbuilding industry of the country, to which he appealed to put forth its best efforts, continuously and ungrudgingly, in order to maintain the strength of the mercantile marine. Referring to Germany's boasts concerning occasions when the German fleet searched the North Sea for the British Admiral Jellicoe said:

### The Navy Performed Its Splendid Work in The Face of Most Extraordinary Difficulties

"Our enemies only on one occasion have ventured sufficiently far with their main fleet to give us an opportunity of engaging them. No vessels, neutrals, or British, have sighted the German fleet far from its ports on any other occasion."

After expatiating on the extraordinary difficulties with which the navy has to contend, owing to mines, submarines, torpedo craft and other menaces, Admiral Jellicoe said:

"The approximate number of vessels of all classes comprising the British navy today is nearly 4,000. It includes battle-ships, battle cruisers, light cruisers, destroyers, submarines, mine sweepers, patrols and many other miscellaneous craft, all of which are necessary for the effective conduct of the war of today."

### There is No Part of the World Where the Navy Does Not Have Duties and Responsibilities

"Our activities range from the White Sea, where we are doing our best to assist our gallant Russian allies, past the north and south Atlantic, where cruiser squadrons are at work, on to the far Pacific, where we are co-operating with our Japanese allies. In fact there is no part of the world where the navy has not duties and responsibilities in connection with this war."

Referring to the work of the cruiser squadron in home waters, Admiral Jellicoe said it was mainly engaged in preventing supplies from reaching the Teutonic Allies. He added that on an average this squadron intercepted and examined on the high seas eighty ships weekly. The Admiral paid tribute to the work of the mercantile marine, saying: "Upon it we have been dependent for the movement of our troops overseas. More than seven millions of men have been transported by it, together with all the guns, munitions and stores required by the army."

### Without the Mercantile Marine, the Navy And Nation Could Not Exist, Says Jellicoe

The mercantile marine, Admiral Jellicoe continued, had been largely responsible for the manning of the entire British patrol, and the mine-sweeping flotilla, nearly 2,500 skippers being thus employed.

"Without our mercantile marine, the navy, indeed the nation, could not exist," the First Sea Lord said. "No one can ask for a finer personnel than we have in our navy."

Admiral Jellicoe concluded: "Education enables every man to arrive at a just appreciation of the justice of our cause and to conduct himself as becomes a man fighting for the freedom of smaller nations, and for the liberation of humanity from the threatened thrall of military slavery."

"Can there be any doubt of the issue, when this fundamental belief is associated with us, with an all-pervading patriotism and unflagging zeal we will go on to the accomplishment of the end we and our allies have in view."