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# The Daily Mail

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* The Weather. \*  
\* Maritime: Moderate west and \*  
\* southwest winds, some light lo- \*  
\* cal snow, but mostly fair and \*  
\* milder. \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1917

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## MANY AMERICANS REFUGEES ARE DETAINED BY THE TURKS

### U. S. May Sever Relations With Other Central Powers

Germany Still Detains American Seamen Taken From the Arrowdale---Enquiry Made in Reference to the Operations of Turkish Submarines--Americans Held by Turks.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Germany's continued detention of the 72 American seamen brought in by the prize ship Yarrowdale, loomed up today as an incident of increasing seriousness, particularly considering the United States government's "hands off" policy toward German crews of war bound German ships in American ports and its care to show all courtesies possible to Count Von Bernstorff.

An inquiry on the cause of the Americans' detention was sent to Berlin yesterday and the subject was discussed at the cabinet meeting along with the question of arming American ships, over which division of opinion is said to have developed within the past few days.

A break in diplomatic relations with the other Central Powers seemed nearer today. Ambassador Elkus, at Constantinople, has been instructed to ascertain whether Turkish submarines are operating under the same orders as those of Germany. No word has been received from him or from the American consul general at Sofia since the break with Germany, and an effort is being made to discover why communication has been cut off. The Turkish government has interfered with American relief for Syrians and Armenians, and is detaining over 1,000 American refugees at Beirut.

Among other officials here today it was suggested that the United States' next step may be based on Senator Saulsbury's bill to throw open American ports to warships of the Entente Allies, thus aiding them in their fight on the illegal submarine campaign without actually being at war.

#### The United States Has Thousands of Power

##### Craft Available for Patrol Work on the Seas

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—An Associated Press despatch from Washington says: Approximately 2,500 power craft of various types are available for duty as scout patrols about American harbors, according to Navy Department figures. Of these 250 boats have been surveyed and formally enrolled in the new scout patrol service, 1,000 others are known to meet the full requirements of the service, and the remainder are designated as second rate, but nearly all of them could perform some war time duty.

The department expects to complete plans this week for two new types of boats to be used as submarine chasers. They will be big and fast enough to form the outer line of patrol, maintaining themselves at sea for two weeks or more. They will be constructed of wood. It is estimated that within two months after war begins vessels of this type can be turned out completed at a rate of probably 25 or 30 boats a day, with the production increasing.

#### French Troops Pulled Off a Successful

##### Surprise Attack, and Captured Prisoners

PARIS, Feb. 14.—"Patrol encounters occurred last night in the region of Soissons and in the Champagne, near Tahure," says today's official report. In Lorraine an attack by the enemy in the sector of Baccarat, was broken up by our fire. In Alsace, east of Metzeral, we made a successful surprise attack and took prisoners. Elsewhere on the front there was intermittent artillery fighting. This morning a German aviator dropped bombs on Dunkirk. There were no victims and no damage was done. In the vicinity of Pompey, Meurthe-et-Moselle, bombs were dropped. Two civilians were killed and two were wounded."

#### AMERICANS MAROONED IN ASIA MINOR.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Another inquiry was sent by the State Department today to Ambassador Elkus at Constantinople to ascertain why he had not been able to report on the marooned Americans detained in Asia Minor. Since the break with Germany, no word has been allowed to reach this country either from Constantinople or Sofia.

#### BERNSTORFF SAILS TODAY.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Feb. 14.—The special train carrying Count Von Bernstorff, formerly German ambassador to the United States, and his suite from Washington, arrived at the railroad terminal here at 6.56 a. m. The train was immediately surrounded by a guard of Hoboken police and government secret service men, and no one was permitted to approach without credentials.

#### GAVE "ANDY" HUMBLE A FEW POINTERS

Sworn Affidavits Contain a Serious Charge Against Mr. John A. Young, M. P. P.

On another page of this issue will be found the summaries of two affidavits which cast a serious reflection upon Mr. John A. Young, in his capacity as a representative of York. The affidavits were sworn to before the late Fred St. John Bliss in 1911 by John A. Humble, formerly Conservative boss for the parish of Stanley, and by Mr. C. W. Pond, of Parker's Ridge, then a county councillor for the same parish. The incident of which they tell is alleged to have occurred in the summer of 1910, when Mr. Young was a member of the Legislature supporting the Hazen government. Messrs. Humble and Pond were at the time members of the Stanley highway board and they allege that Mr. Young suggested to them a method by which road money could be purloined and the Auditor General hoodwinked.

It is quite evident that Messrs. Humble and Pond had a quarrel with Mr. Young which was afterwards patched up. Mr. Humble was appointed to a responsible position on the I. C. R., and now lives in London.

The signatures of the makers of the affidavit as well as that of Mr. Bliss, will be readily recognized by their friends. Mr. Young is now seeking re-election in York as a supporter of the government. Some explanation from him would seem to be in order. Will he give the lie to Mr. Humble and Mr. Pond?

The affidavit was read by Opposition speakers at political meetings held in different parts of the county last week and created a great sensation. There is much curiosity as to what answer Mr. Young will make.

#### THE OPPOSITION LEADER.



MR. W. E. FOSTER.

#### Saturday's Rally.

The big Opposition rally of the campaign will take place Saturday night at the City Opera House. All members of the ticket will speak and Mr. Hanco J. Logan, ex-M. P. of the Cumberland Giant, will also be heard. This promises to be the big meeting of the campaign.

#### At the Committee Room.

The speakers at the rally in the Opposition committee room last night were T. G. Burpee, of this city, Michael Kelly, the "Blind Orator," and Count Gould of North Lake.

#### Joined Bank Staff.

Mr. Cedric Cooper, son of Mr. F. L. Cooper, has joined the staff of the Bank of Montreal as junior clerk.

## THE UNITED STATES FORESTALLED THE PLANS OF THE GERMANS

This is the Opinion of the Paris Temps ---Germans Wanted to Stop the Maritime Trade of the Allies by Terrorism.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—"The rupture with the United States forestalled the plans of Germany," says the Temps, "and Germany is now working to delay the consequences. The Imperial government wanted by terrorism to stop the maritime communication of the Allies, and it has succeeded in detaining a large number of neutral ships in port."

It is a partial satisfaction, which it seeks to prolong by the activity of its pirates against allied ships, and by noisy affirmation that no one will be spared. Perhaps Berlin also wants to find out the real efficiency of its submarine war before going to the limit of its defiance.

"The results thus far are not up to all expectations, and that is why Germany is seeking to gain time and to manoeuvre opinion in the United States and other neutral countries."

#### The Answer of the U. S. the Only One Which Is Compatible With American Self-Respect

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The reply of the United States government to Germany's offer to negotiate is editorially declared here to be the only answer compatible with America's self-respect.

The Morning Post sees in this incident an event more profound misapprehension of the American character by the Germans than usual, for it adds: "It does not seem to have occurred to them that the proposal was an insult."

The Daily Mail, after commenting approvingly on President Wilson's reply, says: "Nevertheless the United States at this moment is virtually submitting to the German blockade. American shipowners, with two honorable exceptions, are keeping their vessels in port, afraid to despatch them on the high seas. It is an extraordinary situation that before murder threats, in which there is an appreciable element of bluff, a great high-spirited nation should appear to the world to bow to the will of the pirates of Potsdam and lower the Stars and Stripes before the black flag of the German submarines."

## MRS. W. J. GLENN APPOINTED COUNTY SECRETARY TREASURER

Salary is \$1,300 per Year---Gregory T. Feeney Appointed County Solicitor on Casting Vote of Warden Neill---Salary \$1,250---Special Auditor Says Bond of Secretary Treasurer is Good.

The County Council at its morning session appointed Mrs. W. J. Glenn secretary-treasurer for the balance of 1917 at a salary of \$1,200 per year. There was some opposition on the ground of economy, but very few councillors voted against the appointment.

Mr. Gregory T. Feeney of this city was appointed county solicitor at an annual salary of \$250. His appointment was made on the casting vote of Warden A. B. Neill. Mr. Feeney and Mr. Charles D. Richards received 15 votes each. On the first ballot Mr. R. B. Hanson received three votes and was dropped.

Special Auditor Williams appeared before the Council and expressed the opinion that the bond of the late Secretary-Treasurer Bliss was sufficient to make the bonding company liable for the deficit in the late official's accounts. It is possible that the amount of that deficit may be altered, as Mr. Williams still has work to do before the audit is completed. Mrs. Glenn is to prepare a statement of the accounts of 1915, which also are to be audited.

Special Auditor Williams. When the Council resumed, this morning Mr. T. V. Williams, special auditor, appeared and made statement concerning the bond of the late secretary-treasurer. This was for \$10,000, under the date of Jan. 15, 1915, and was with the Canad Surety Company.

#### Mrs. Glenn's Offer.

At the request of Coun. Hugh Smith, Coun. Sloat reported for the special committee appointed to interview Mrs. W. J. Glenn concerning her performing the duties of Secretary-treasurer for the balance of the year. He stated that the committee had learned that Mrs. Glenn would not act at a salary less than \$1,200 per year.

#### Terms of Barristers.

Coun. T. W. Brewer for the committee appointed to interview the barristers of the city reported that they had made the following offers to act as secretary of meetings and legal aid:

(Continued on page 5.)