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In order to ensure changes
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copy must reach this office not
later than 9 a. m. on the day of
publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.
Maritime: Moderate winds,
mostly fair and warm today
and on Tuesday, but a few
scattered showers.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, JULY 23, 1917

TWO CENTS PER COPY

PARTIAL SOLUTION OF RUSSIAN MINISTERIAL CRISIS IS REACHED

**Premier Lvoff Resigned Because He
Was Unable to Agree With the Pro-
visional Government---Disarming of
Workmen Being Proceeded With.**

PETROGRAD, July 22.—An authorized statement announced that a partial solution of the ministerial crisis was reached at a ministerial council held Sunday morning.

Prince Lvoff resigned as Premier because he was unable to agree with the decision of the provisional government to immediately realize the entire programme of the Socialist party. He was opposed to an immediate proclamation of a republic on the ground that it would be a usurpation of the supreme rights of the constitutional assembly.

Moreover, he declared that he was unable to concur in the ruling of the cabinet that the policy of the entire government must be secured by the decision of the allied congress of workmen's and soldiers' delegates.

Russian Troops Mutiny.

A despatch to the Bourse Gazette from Nijni Novgorod relates that on July 17 a regiment of troops ordered disbanded for insubordination, mutinied, and took possession of the town. Cadets sent from Moscow to subdue them battled with revolvers, resulting in casualties to both sides and the surrender of the mutineers, who at last accounts were held prisoners. A parley with the commander of the Moscow garrison after order had been restored, resulted in an agreement to surrender.

Workmen Being Disarmed.

The disarming of workmen, including the so-called Red Guards, is proceeding systematically in the Vassily Island and Vibog quarters. More than 1,200 rifles and revolvers, and some machine guns have been recovered. The majority of the revolvers were obtained at the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, where cases just arrived from America had been broken open. According to the Russkia Volia, about a third of the arms stolen since the outbreak have been accounted for. Several carts with shells were stopped on the banks of the Neva. The military authorities knew nothing about them. The drivers were arrested and the carts taken to the arsenal.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN GERMAN EAST AFRICA

**Enemy Forces Attempted to Made a Stand Against
The Allied Troops and Suffered Heavy Losses--
Enemy Gradually Losing Ground.**

LONDON, July 23.—German troops in German East Africa attempted to make a stand last week against the allied forces, which are gradually closing in on them. An official statement issued here today says heavy fighting took place in which the Germans suffered large losses. The announcement follows:

"On July 17 the enemy evacuated Likawage and the main body fell back on Narongombe. Throughout the 17th and 18th our columns pressed the retiring enemy in a most difficult bit of country, capturing a few prisoners and occupying a ridge two miles north of Narongombe by nightfall of the 18th.

Numerous Counter Attacks.

"On the 19th the main enemy positions in the vicinity of Narongombe were attacked. Severe fighting ensued, the enemy offering most stubborn resistance and making numerous counter attacks, in the course of which it is ascertained from prisoners he sustained heavy losses.

"Our casualties were considerable. In the Rufijiarea the enemy evacuated Kitope, our columns having driven his rear-guard toward Madaba on the 21st. In the Songeara the enemy continued his retirement toward Mahenge, offering slight resistance to our pursuing forces in the northern area. A small German column reported in the Sonjoi district, west of Lake Matron, is now moving south through Engaruk, pursued by Belgian columns from Ikoma."

ARTILLERY IS ACTIVE

LONDON, July 22.—The official report from British headquarters in France today reads:

"The enemy's artillery has shown great activity during the day in the Lombaertzyde sector. Four German air-dromes were successfully bombarded yesterday by our airplanes. Bombs were also dropped on an important enemy railway junction."

RUSSIANS FALL BACK IN GALICIA

Petrograd, July 22.—A further retreat has been made by the Russians in east Galicia, the war office announces, because the troops did not show the necessary stability and at points did not fulfil commands.

Mr. E. S. Carter of Rothesay is a guest at the Queen.

STATE OF SIEGE IN VALENCIA

Paris, July 23.—A state of siebe has been proceeding in Valencia according to official announcement in Madrid, says a Havas despatch from the Spanish capital. The action was taken because of clashes between strikers and gendarmes, in which many persons were wounded. The announcement says the troops were cheered by the population of the city.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH RAID

LONDON, July 23.—"A successful local operation was carried out by us last night southeast of Avion," says today's war office report on the Franco-Belgian operations. "Our troops reached their objective with little loss and captured a number of prisoners, of whom 511 have already been brought in."

CONFIDENCE IN GOVERNMENT

Petrograd, July 23.—The Council of soldiers' and workmen's delegates and peasants of all Russia voted today, after an all night session to grant the government of Premier Kerensky "unlimited power" under the title of "government of national safety," for the re-establishment to public order both at the front and at home.

THE GERMAN GAIN WAS NOTHING BUT A DEATH TRAP

**Lost Hundreds of Men and Took a Position From
Which They Can Neither Advance or Retire--
Smothered With Shells.**

With the French Armies in France, July 23.—The Fifth Division of the German Guards in its furious attack on the eastern end of the Chemine-Des-Dumes, on the Aisne front, during Thursday night and Friday morning, gained nothing but a death trap in the shape of a trench 500 or 600 yards long on the northern side of the crest between Casemates and Californie Plateau, above Craonne.

The objective of the Germans to obtain possession of observation points was defeated totally. Today hundreds of German bodies lay on the ground, and the Germans who it is supposed are holding the trenches cannot advance or retire. The cannonade today was most intense, and the French who are in a position to observe all movements of the enemy.

Smothered With Shells.
In several attempts of the Germans to assemble troops in this vicinity for further occupation, a number of prisoners of the famous guards regiments were taken. From them it was learned that the attack had been arranged for several days previously, but the German Crown Prince decided to await the arrival of special units of shock troops before making the assault. A

Air Raid on English Coast Was Quickly Repulsed

MYSTERIOUS VESSEL SEEN IN THE ATLANTIC

An Atlantic Port, July 23.—The presence of a strange vessel, believed to be a German raider, due west from the Spanish coast and two thirds of the way across the Atlantic from Europe was reported by a British freight steamer which escaped from the unidentified craft and arrived here yesterday.

Officers of the British vessel described the stranger as bark rigged with four masts and a smokestack rising between the main and mizzenmast.

She was steering northwest at seven knots when sighted early July 14th. She bore down on the freighter, but the latter outdistanced the supposed raider after a brief chase.

Mr. J. W. Smith, manager of the Dominion Express Company, has returned from a well earned vacation trip to Montreal.

Miss Kathryn Bowlen and Miss Veronica Bowlen of St. Mary's, left this morning to visit friends at Grand Falls and St. Leonards.

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Moffat of Amherst, arrived here last week, having been called by the death of Mrs. Moffat's mother, Mrs. George O'Neill.

Improved Defences Gave the Raiders a Hot Reception---Eleven Persons Kill- ed and Twenty-Six Wounded---British Planes chased raiders well out to sea.

LONDON, July 23.—Sunday's daylight air raid over the east coast of England, which resulted in the repulse of about twenty German airplanes after they had dropped a number of bombs over Felixstowe and Harwich, killing eleven persons and injuring twenty-six, lasted barely two hours.

The morning broke bright and sunny, but a thick haze soon appeared. At about eight o'clock the enemy machines were heard and were seen flying high and eastward to the coast.

They received a hot reception from the improved defences in the shape of anti-aircraft gunfire, and were hardly well over the coast when their formation was broken up. They dropped bombs hastily before retreating. Observers say that the gunfire which followed the section which went down the Essex coast reached a pitch of unusual intensity. It was the movements of this squad which caused the firing for the first time of new warning signals in London.

AUTHORITIES HAVE MADE GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN DEFENCES SINCE THE LAST HUN AIR RAID

British planes pursued the Germans well out to sea, fighting vigorously all the time, but handicapped by the low visibility.

Reports of heavy firing received from various quarters indicates that the authorities have made a considerable improvement in defences since the last raid over London.

Thousands of persons turned out along the coast when the British planes went up. One German machine was shot down.

A correspondent of the News of the World wired that seven German taubes crossed the Essex coast, flying from the west, at 8.05 o'clock in the morning. Others followed at intervals until 9.30. In all about twenty machines passed and disappeared toward the sea without dropping bombs.

NEWS OF THE RAID CAUSED GREAT EXCITEMENT IN LONDON AND THERE WAS A RUSH TO COVER

Some excitement was caused in London by the sounding of the raid warnings, of which the first notice was given in Sunday morning's newspapers. Persons unaware of the intention of the authorities were convinced when the firing of signals began that German airmen had again penetrated London's defences and were showering bombs on the city.

At 8.30 o'clock "sound bombs" were sent up from every fire station in the county, transferring the usual Sunday morning quiet to a din which London now associates with an air raid. The signal consisted of three bombs fired at intervals of a quarter of a minute. There were distant reports as the bombs left the small mortars, louder ones when they exploded in the air.

Persons who believed anti-aircraft guns were in action made a rush for cover, and being urged to do so by police who appeared in the streets with placards warning the public to seek shelter. The tube stations were favorite places of refuge. Some persons whose breakfast had been disturbed, brought pots of coffee with them and finished their meal on platforms. Early morning services in the city churches proceeded without interruption. About an hour after the warning the police again appeared on the streets with placards announcing all was clear.

There is little doubt that an attempt was made to reach London. The authorities announced that warning would not be given until it appeared from information received from the Military that an attack on London was intended.

AMATEURS' CROPS LOOKING WELL

The Retail Merchants' Association in the spring secured two pieces of land which under ordinary conditions would not have produced anything, and have planted one to potatoes and oats and the other which is located on University Avenue, has been taken over by the High School.

Dr. B. C. Foster and the pupils, after the ploughing and harrowing had been done, undertook the planting and the sowing of the artificial fertilizer. Boys and girls under the direction of Dr. Foster worked faithfully until the entire field was planted to corn, beans, potatoes and the various small crops grown in the average garden. The weeding was no small undertaking, and the examinations for the pupils magnified the difficulties, but at the present time the field is clean and every crop is excellent.

Already beet greens have been sold, green peas are ready to pick and tomatoes have been gathered for ripening under cover. In the middle of the field a demonstration garden plot has been arranged, and undoubtedly is a huge success. Dr. Foster has given a great deal of time and attention to this undertaking and the citizens of Fredericton have reason to be proud of the effort put forth by the High School students under able direction. The field is worthy of a visit by anyone interested in patriotic movements. The harvest is just starting and the entire field will never look as well again as during this week.

Queen Square is the other piece,

TENDERS CALLED FOR ST. PLANT

The Roads and Streets Committee of the City Council which was asked for a report on the proposition of Ald. McLellan to purchase equipment for the construction of gravel streets, has called for tenders for such equipment the name of Ald. McLellan, the chairman of the committee, being signed to the notice.

The equipment, for which tenders closing August 4th are invited is, one five-ton motor truck, one three-ton motor truck, two trailers, one grader, one grader and scarifier attachment therefor, one scarifier to be attached to the steam roller, one re-crusher for trap rock, one truck or wagon loader, one drag.

The August meeting of the City Council will see developments.

and is under the immediate direction of the merchants. The crops look well particularly when it is remembered that the time at their disposal prohibited proper preparation.

The extra produce grown in a small plot this year may seem small to the person operating, but the aggregate throughout Canada will amount to a very great deal and no doubt will have considerable influence upon the situation, and particularly so if like efforts are made to preserve the surplus which cannot be used during the growing months.