
Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.

Maritime: Fresh southerly to southwesterly winds with showers.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1917

TWO CENTS PER COPY

German Lines Penetrated To The Depth Of One Mile

New Offensive Begun This Morning By General Haig's Troops Meeting With Great Success---The Enemy Surrendering By The Hundreds

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 4.—Field Marshal Haig's forces in the offensive begun to the east of Ypres this morning in places have penetrated the German lines to a depth of one mile, and have overrun the crest of the Passchendaele-Gheluvelt ridge. At an early hour the Germans were surrendering by the hundreds.

The British already have penetrated well beyond the hamlet of Broodseinde, in which lie the cross roads formed by the highways between Zonnebeke and Moersled and Passchendaele and Beclaire.

Further to the south, Cameron Covert, where there has been much hard fighting, has been left well in the rear. Today's battle was along strongholds which comprised the crucially important system of German defences along the Passchendaele-Gheluvelt ridge.

BALKED IN SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN, GERMANY IN IMPOTENT RAGE STRIKES AT NON-COMBATANTS

LONDON, Oct. 4.—In an address today at a luncheon to presidents of the Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom, Lieut. General Smuts, former commander of the expedition against German East Africa, said that Germany, "defeated on the battlefield and balked in the submarine campaign, is now in impotent rage more and more striking at our non-combatants through our women and children."

Aerial warfare against the defenceless was the weapon, he said, and predicted it would not only fail, but would prove to be a terrible boomerang. "Applying the principle of 'an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth,'" General Smuts said, "We are most reluctantly forced to apply to the enemy the bombing policy which he has applied to us."

AIR RAID BY THE BRITISH.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—A successful raid by British airplanes on hostile positions on the Macedonian front is reported in an official statement from the War Office today. The statement says: "Our airplanes made a most successful raid on an extensive scale, bombing the enemy's camps and dumps on the Belaschitzka plain. Hostile troops were scattered by machine gun fire and one of several enemy airplanes which attacked our formation was brought down. All our machines returned safely."

GERMAN TOWN BOMBED.

PARIS, Oct. 4.—Another aerial raid over Germany was made last night by French aviators. The cities of Frankfurt and Rastatt were bombed. The following official announcement was given out: "In reprisal for the bombardment of Bar Le Duc our aviators bombarded Frankfurt and Rastatt." Rastatt is a town of 14,000, in Baden, fourteen miles southwest of Karlsruhe. This is the second attack on Frankfurt in the last week, since the French inaugurated their policy of reprisals.

FIRST CLASS TO BE CALLED NEXT WEEK

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
Ottawa, Oct. 4.—The first class of recruits under the Military Service Act will be called up on Saturday, October 13th. A proclamation will be issued on that date notifying men in Class 1 that within a specified period they are either to report for military duty or to file a claim for exemption.

It was hoped at first to have the proclamation issue by the end of September, but unforeseen delays prevented such a course. The board of selection was unable to make its appointments to local tribunals and will not complete them till next week. The enormous mass of printed matter has also been somewhat of a difficulty.

Fifty different classes of forms are required in connection with the administration of the act, and millions of forms and circulars have been printed. When the board of selection finishes its work, however, everything is expected to be in readiness for the call.

NO PLACE FOR PACIFISTS

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
South Pasadena, Cal., Oct. 4.—Fifteen men were taken from a pacifist meeting here last night by forty members of the city's home guard, were placed in an automobile and driven to the city limits, where they were set down with the suggestion that they should not return.

TO DISCUSS COMMISSION GOVERNMENT

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
Montreal, Oct. 4.—Sir Lomer Gouin, Premier of Quebec, will meet the Citizens' Association of Montreal next Tuesday to hear the views of the advocates of a commission government for this city, instead of continuing the board of control and city council.

SON WAS SHOT BY HIS FATHER

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
Port Arthur, Ont., Oct. 4.—Robert McBrady, who was injured with gunshot in his father's home on Tuesday night, following which the father, Wm. McBrady, a well known lawyer, was placed under arrest, died last evening. The circumstances in the affair are rather obscure. It is said to have happened in the home at an early hour in the morning. Mr. McBrady, on going home late, is stated to have found his wife's room locked, and noisily demanded admission. His son, from another room, interfered, and it is declared the shooting followed.

Removed to Home.
Mrs. Walter Day who recently was operated upon at the Victoria Hospital, has recovered sufficiently to be removed to her home in Devon.

Hon. W. P. Jones of Woodstock, arrived in the city last night.

ANGLICAN SYNOD WILL NOT REVISE PRAYER BOOK

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
Montreal, Oct. 4.—Practically the whole of yesterday's sessions of the Anglican Synod of the Province of Canada were devoted to a discussion of a memorial from the diocese of Quebec strongly objecting to the revision of the Prayer Book, as shown in the revised form submitted some years ago. Finally it was decided that the Quebec memorial be approved, and "that the Provincial Synod does now, in its wisdom, decline to give its approval to the Book of Common Prayer in its entirety, as set forth by the General Synod of the Church in Canada in 1915, other than as the accepted basis for further revision and enrichment, and recommends delay before final action be taken."

Shortly after this decision had been reached, the Archbishop of Nova Scotia stated that it had been concurred in by the Upper House, which announcement was received with applause.

Last evening some time was spent in a discussion as to whether or not King Charles of England should be mentioned in the calendar of the church, and it was decided to leave King Charles I out.

During the discussion Rev. Canon Vroom, Halifax, wanted the name inserted as follows: "Charles, King and Martyr, 1649," but this was not received favorably.

PROGRAM IN CAMPAIGN AGAINST SUBMARINES

Nothing in the Present Situation That Warrants Misapprehension on the Part of the Allies---Merchantmen Convoyed

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Navy officials deprecated yesterday the publication of reports that go too far in either direction as to the progress of the campaign against German submarines. There is no reasonable ground, they said, for feeling that the submarines have been definitely beaten, because the announced shipping losses have decreased recently, while on the other hand there is nothing in the present situation that warrants serious apprehension on the part of the Allies.

Heavy Drain on Shipping.
The drain on Allied shipping resources still is heavy, but the steadily increasing numbers of fighting craft going into conflict against the U-boats and with the accelerated merchant craft building programmes of Great Britain and the United States showing results, American officials have complete confidence in ultimate victory over the undersea craft. The policy of convoying merchant craft now has been adopted by all the powers. Originally naval opinion was against this practice. Its effect, it was declared, would be merely to increase the size of the targets, and under that theory merchant craft were sent zig-zagging separately over unusual courses, scattering them as much as possible, with the U-boats given the task of finding them.

Under the navy's plan the U-boat commander is certain of a fight if he comes to the surface, and so dares not pursue a convoyed flotilla except when submerged. Then his speed is too slow to allow him to conduct a successful pursuit.

PARLIAMENT HAS BEEN DISSOLVED, MR. GUTHRIE IS SOLICITOR GENERAL

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)
OTTAWA, Oct. 4.—At one o'clock today a proclamation was issued dissolving Parliament as from Saturday. Announcement of dissolution was made to a Canadian Press representative by the Prime Minister. No date, the Premier stated, had been fixed for the election, although it is unlikely the election date will be before January. There was a further addition to the cabinet in Hugh Guthrie, Liberal member for South Wellington. Mr. Guthrie takes the portfolio of Solicitor General. He was sworn in shortly before one o'clock. Sir Robert Borden stated that no further changes had so far been made in the cabinet. He intimated that there would be no additional announcement just at present. A cabinet council has, however, been called for this afternoon. Western Liberals will be in conference here tomorrow, when the question of union government will again be under consideration. Whether or not any ministers of the prairie provinces will enter a union government, states Hon. J. A. Calder, is still under consideration. From Vancouver comes the story that Hon. H. S. Brewster, Prime Minister of British Columbia, has been invited to join the Borden administration, but no confirmation of the report is available here. Opinion still varies as to the retirement of Sir Wilfrid Laurier from the Liberal leadership. Prominent member of the Liberal party still question his retirement at any rate before the close of the campaign.

AUSTRALIA FIGHTING FOR DEMOCRACY

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Chicago, Oct. 4.—Premier Holman, of New South Wales, yesterday addressed the Chicago Association of Commerce on Australia and the war, declaring that while Australia was the most peace loving of all nations, and had less to gain by the war than any other country, it had entered the struggle solely because of its love for democracy. Mr. Holman previously addressed a meeting of union labor leaders.

Premier Holman said that nothing but a decisive victory over the Germans and their allies would help union labor after this struggle ceased. A draw would compel all nations to maintain large armies and navies for fear of a renewal of hostilities. Germany and her allies might attempt to crush Australia or America. He said: "A drawn struggle would mean that all aspirations of union labor such as gov'tions, wages and education, keys of the democracy of the future, would have to be put aside while the nations were preparing for the next war. All the Allied nations would become military nations, and this would directly affect the United States."

"The only escape from these things is a decisive victory now," he added.

GIVE THE HUNS BOMB FOR BOMB

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Toronto, Oct. 4.—The only way to deal effectively with the German raids in England is to do as the French do—give them bomb for bomb, said Lord Northcliffe, head of the British war mission, who arrived in Toronto today, and who is visiting Canada for the present.

"I have always advocated reprisals. Paris is only 52 miles from the Germans, and do you ever hear of raids upon Paris? The French give them bomb for bomb. That is the way anyone would do who understands anything."

THE BRITISH PUBLIC DEMAND REPRISALS AGAINST THE HUNS

Possibilities and Importance of Aerial Warfare Has Been Brought Home To Them---Activity of German Air-men Must Be Crippled

(By Canadian Press Direct Wire.)

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The possibilities and importance of air warfare have been brought home to the British military and civilians by the campaign of the past ten days, as only experience could bring them home. The result is that virtually the whole press and public opinion are now demanding that the policy of passive defence for England, and the watchword "composure," which the government heretofore has urged upon the people, be dropped, and that a strong air offensive against Germany be waged immediately. Even papers like the Manchester Guardian, which have taken the line that air raids accomplished little, and succeeded in killing or maiming only an infinitesimal and limited number of people as compared with the casualties on the battlefield, have changed their policy.

A GENERAL DEMAND THAT GERMAN BABY KILLERS BE GIVEN SOME OF THEIR OWN MEDICINE

What Londoners are asking is, why they should undergo these experiences and the Germans be permitted to go free of them. Why is it that a few British aviators and machines could not compel the German government to employ a large force for protection of its cities, and why should not the German population be threatened and harassed?

Hence the general demand for a counter offensive of retaliation or reprisal in order to pay the German in his own coin. The voicing of the sentiment, of which the Archbishop of Canterbury has been one of the conspicuous spokesmen, that because the Germans kill British women and children is no reason why the British should kill German women and children, seems now to be little heeded and has almost been stilled.

The English argue that they did not begin this form of warfare and that they did not wish to engage in it, but that they cannot be expected to submit to it without taking measures which will cripple the German air activities.

Premier Lloyd George's remarks yesterday that the Germans would be paid with compound interest seems to have popular endorsement.

A POLICY OF REPRISALS.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—According to the Standard a policy of reprisals for German air raids has been decided upon. That such a decision had been reached by the British government was indicated by Premier Lloyd George's statement on Tuesday, that Germany would be bombed with compound interest.

MR. O'CONNOR SUBMITS A REPORT ON THE COST OF PRODUCING BREAD

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)
OTTAWA, Oct. 4.—Mr. W. F. O'Connor, K. C., acting commissioner re the cost of living in Canada, has issued an interim report to the Minister of Labor, giving some figures on the cost of production of bread in Canada. Mr. O'Connor has been conducting an investigation during the past six months into the milling industry in Canada, on which he will make an exhaustive report to the Minister of Labor shortly. The table showing the present cost of production of bread in the principal cities of Canada reveals that the cost of bread per pound is highest in Vancouver and New Westminster, B. C., viz., 7.88 cents per pound; in Montreal the cost is 7.68 cents; in Halifax, 7.53; Winnipeg, 6.85 cents; Toronto, 6.60 cents and in Ottawa 6.44 cents. Mr. O'Connor in his report notes that an increase in the retail price of bread has occurred during the months of August and September in nearly all the larger cities of Canada.

SIR WILFRID AT MONTREAL

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
Montreal, Oct. 4.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier arrived in Montreal last evening and met Sir Lomer Gouin, Premier of the Province of Quebec, at the Windsor Hotel, by appointment. Sir Wilfrid, as usual, refused to be interviewed. Sir Lomer Gouin stated that he himself would not enter the Federal arena.

Rumors Officially Denied.
Quebec, Oct. 4.—Le Soleil, official Liberal organ, published today under an eight-column heading that it has official authority to state that rumors saying Sir Wilfrid Laurier will leave the leadership of the Liberal party are absolutely void of foundation.

Three Local Recruits.
Three local recruits for the Forestry Unit now at Sussex, were enlisted here yesterday. They are: C. W. St. Lawrence, 44, Fredericton; Ward Gallagher, 23, Kingscliff; W. P. Sweeney, 43, Fredericton.

MYSTERIOUS SHOOTING

Montreal, Oct. 4.—J. A. Labrie, an employee of the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, is in the hospital with a bullet wound in one of his lungs, and is in a critical condition. All the information Labrie gave at the hospital, to which he walked, was that he had gone or been taken to a field by some person or persons unknown. He became unconscious shortly after reaching the hospital.

LIBERTY LOAN IS POPULAR

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
New York, Oct. 4.—Subscriptions to the second Liberty Loan in the New York federal reserve district have gone far beyond the \$100,000,000 the campaign committee announced last night.