

WANTED

WANTED—Books and magazines for distribution to returned soldiers at route home, in the Military Hospitals or going overseas. Telephone Mr. A. Murray, care of A. Murray & Co. Tel. No. 159, or leave at store for Military Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—An experienced and capable girl for general housework; good wages. Mrs. W. H. Irvine, 86 Carleton street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Going south, will sell my fast driving mare, light spring wagon and harness. Mr. Ray, J. Stillwell's house, North Devon. 61

FOR SALE—Rhode Island Red cockerels, six months old. Strong, well developed birds, excellent for breeding purposes. Apply to C. A. MacVey, 219 George street, city. 11

NEW APARTMENTS TO LET—Four desirable apartments to rent from Nov. 1st in Hoben block, corner York and King streets; central location. The second and third flats of this brick building have been renovated. Nice quarters are here available. Inspection can be made on Tuesday and Wednesday, 30th and 31st, 4 to 6 p.m. For terms apply to Slipp & Hanson.

BOARD OF HEALTH NOTICE.

To All Merchants.

By order of the Fredericton Board of Health you are herewith notified that no merchandise, until further advised, is to be sent out of your store for approval or return.

JOHN M. WILEY,
Chairman F'ton Board of Health.
GEORGE Y. DIBBLEE,
Secretary.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To William Cruikshank, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, and Louise W. Cruikshank, his wife, and all others whom it may in anywise concern

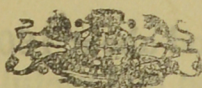
NOTICE is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the thirtieth day of April, 1909, and made between the aforesaid William Cruikshank and Louise W. Cruikshank, of the first part, and the undersigned, Mary Jane Moore, of the second part, and recorded in Book 139, page 426, of the York County Records, under official number 58153, there will, for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in the payment thereof be sold at public auction in front of the Post Office, in the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, on THURSDAY, the Thirty-first day of October, 1918, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the lands and premises contained in the said Indenture of Mortgage, and described as:

"All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Fredericton, aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning on the southeasterly side of Church street, 123 feet 6 inches from the corner of Church and George streets, thence along Church street northeasterly fifty feet; thence at right angles from Church street southeasterly 132 feet 9 inches, and parallel with George street, or until it strikes the northerly and westerly line of lands owned by George E. Fenety; thence at right angles along said Fenety line southeasterly 50 feet; and thence northerly on a line parallel with George street to Church street aforesaid, at the place of beginning."

Together with the buildings and improvements thereon and the appurtenances to the same belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Dated this 27th day of September, A. D. 1918.

(Sgd.) MARY JANE MOORE,
Mortgagee.
McLELLAN & HUGHES,
Solicitors for the Mortgagee.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Vocational Building and Alterations, etc., Military Hospitals, Fredericton, N. B.," will be received until 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, October 22, 1918, for the construction of Vocational Building, Boiler House, Disinfecting Plant, alterations to Old Government House and Ward, Unit "B," Military Hospital Buildings, Fredericton, N. B.

Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the offices of the Chief Architect, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, the Superintendent of Dominion Buildings St. John, N. B., and the Superintendent of Military Hospitals, Fredericton, N. B.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied by the Department and in accordance with the conditions set forth therein.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 p.c. of the amount of the tender. War Loan Bonds of the Dominion will also be accepted as security, or war bonds and cheques if required to make up an odd amount.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 9, 1918.



IN THE PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF YORK,

In the matter of the Estate of Richard Billings, late of Central Hainesville, in the County of York, Farmer, deceased.

THERE will be sold at public auction at Fredericton, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, on Saturday, the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1918, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon, pursuant to an order of the Probate Court in and for the County of York, in the Province of New Brunswick aforesaid, issued the 31st day of July, A. D. 1918, licensing the sale of the Real Estate of the said Richard Billings, deceased, the same being in the petition referred to and described as follows:

"All those certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in Hainesville Settlement, in the County of York, the first tract beginning at a stake placed on the south-easterly side of the Settlement Road in the westerly angle of land heretofore allocated to Alexander Dunn by the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Land Company; and thence running by the magnet south 41 degrees east one hundred chains of four poles each; thence south 70 degrees west twenty-six chains and seventy links; thence north 41 degrees west one hundred chains to the Settlement Road above mentioned; and thence 70 degrees east twenty six chains and seventy links to the place of beginning, containing two hundred and fifty acres more or less, distinguished as lots 21, 22 and the southwesterly half of lot 23, southeast range Upper Hainesville; save and except out of the above described lands and premises, a certain portion thereof being half of lots 22 and 23, conveyed by the said Richard Billings to David Billings by deed dated the 28th day of December, A. D. 1822, recorded in Book G-4 of the York County Records, pages 169 and 170. Save and except also a lot containing fifty acres deeded by said Richard Billings to Peleg Billings by deed dated April 6th, A. D. 1883, recorded in Book L-4, pages 407 and 408, being half of lot number 'twenty-one.'"

Also "a one-half interest in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land and premises described as follows: One hundred acres of land situated, lying and being in the Parish of Douglas, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick aforesaid, and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stake placed in the south angle of a lot of land agreed to be sold to one John Harrington; thence running by the magnet of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven south forty-one degrees fifty minutes east one hundred chains of four poles each; thence south sixty-nine degrees twenty minutes west ten chains; thence north forty-one degrees forty minutes west one hundred chains; thence north sixty-nine degrees twenty minutes east ten chains to the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres more or less, and known as being a moiety or half part of the lots numbered respectively twenty-five and twenty-six on the north side of the Hanwell Settlement Road, being land granted to the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Land Company conveyed to said Leonard Inch by one Hamilton Stewart and wife (see Book O, No. 2, pages 689 and 690.)"

For terms of sale and other particulars, apply to the undersigned Administrator or his Solicitor.

Dated this 9th day of October, A. D. 1918.

DOW BILLING,
Administrator.
E. ALLISON MACKAY,
Solicitor for the said Administrator.



The Associated Board of the
Royal Academy of Music &
the Royal College of Music
LONDON, ENGLAND.

For Local Examinations in Music in
British Empire

PATRON: His Majesty the King.
The Annual Examinations, both Practical and Theoretical will be held throughout Canada as follows:

PRACTICALS—May or June, 1919,
(according to locality).
THEORETICALS—November 9th next, 1918
and in April, 1919.

Two Gold and two Silver Medals are offered annually also one Scholarship, entitling winner to 2 years free tuition at one or other of the Colleges in London.

These examinations—the highest standard test of musical efficiency in the world to-day—are open to the pupils of ALL teachers of music. The music required for preparation, Syllabus and all other particulars can be obtained on application to

M. WARING DAVIS, Resident Secretary,
777 Shuter Street, MONTREAL.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

An optimist is the confectioner who thinks he can sell more candy by advertising that it is home-made.

If memory is correct, the war started about the time a number of people were getting ready to have all unnecessary noises and smoke abolished.

No objection could possibly be raised if a person should now spend the daylight he has saved during the summer.

BURTT & CATERER

Wagons and Sleds Made and Repaired.

T. J. BURTT. H. CATERER
All Kinds of Jobbing Repairs.
261 KING STREET

SPANISH INFLUENZA RAGES IN CANADA

Thousands of Cases Reported With Many Deaths.

THOSE WHO ARE MOST SUSCEPTIBLE TO IT

"FRUIT-A-TIVES"—The Wonderful Fruit Medicine—Gives the Power To Resist This Disease.

The epidemic of Spanish Influenza which played such havoc in Europe, has reached this continent. Thousands of cases of the strange malady have appeared and many deaths are already reported; Surgeon-General Blue of the United States Public Health Service having stated that "Spanish Influenza will probably spread all over the country in six weeks."

Practically every ship which touches our shores from abroad, brings those infected with the disease.

Surgeon-General Blue urges that "the individual take all the precautions he can against contracting the disease by care and personal hygiene." Plenty of exercise should be taken; the diet should be regulated, etc.

Spanish Influenza affects most severely elderly persons and others whose powers of resistance are weakened by illness, work or worry, especially those who are "run-down" or "not feeling up to the mark."

The really great danger from the disease is not so much in the disease itself, as that it often develops into pneumonia.

What everyone needs now is a general tonic like "Fruit-a-tives". This wonderful fruit medicine is not a germ-killer. It is a body-builder; a strength-maker; a blood-purifier; a power in protecting against the ravages of disease.

"Fruit-a-tives" regulates the kidneys and bowels, causing these organs to eliminate waste regularly and naturally as nature intended. "Fruit-a-tives" keeps the skin active, and purifies and enriches the blood. "Fruit-a-tives" tones up and strengthens the organs of digestion, insuring food being properly digested and assimilated.

Everyone can take ordinary precautions, avoid crowded places, and use "Fruit-a-tives" regularly to insure sound digestion, to keep the bowels and kidneys regular and the whole system in the best possible condition. Then we are safe from disease.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by dealers everywhere at 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

C. P. R. LINER RUNS ASHORE

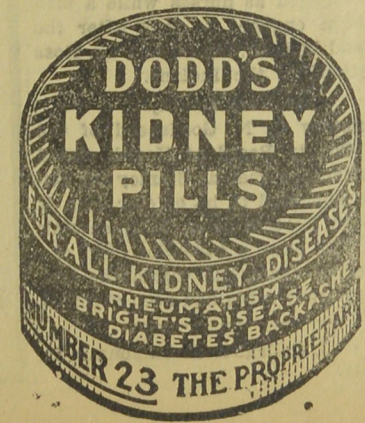
Victoria, B. C., Oct. 24—On her way from Skagway with 300 passengers the C. P. R. steamer Princess Sophia at 3 o'clock this morning drove hard ashore on Vanderbilt Reef, Lynn Canal. No further details were contained in the wireless message notifying the C. P. R. officials of the accident. The vessel sailed from Skagway last night, having one of the largest passenger lists she has carried this year. Many of the people who secured passage on the vessel are from interior points in Alaska, having reached White Horse on the last river steamer to arrive.

Vanderbilt Reef is two miles from Sentinel Island, where several years ago the steamer Princess May came to grief. The Princess Sophia is said to have gone ashore during the heavy fog. The waters of the Lynn Canal were well protected and no loss of life is feared.

When a person has so much money that he can have anything purchasable that he wants, he must soon keenly feel the want of something to want.

Scientists say the influenza germ is too small to be seen with the microscope; but it "gets there just the same."

The old fashioned man who used to contend that whiskey was a good thing for all diseases, discovered before he passed away that it would not cure dipsomania.



JUNK PLANT IN FRANCE EMPLOYS MANY PEOPLE

Old Togs and Shoes Are Converted Into Something Useful --- Many Americans Are Employed in the Rubber Department --- Salvage Department Has Laundry Working Day and Night

Paris, Aug. 16—The Stars and Strips contains the following:

When you come out of the line, "they" usually put you through a bath house, and take all your clothes away from you—if you have any left. Then, when you come out from under the showers, they hand you out new clothes, all cleaned and (if possible) pressed; so that you can say, as Lillian Russell is alleged to have said, "I feel like another man."

But did it ever occur to you what happened to those old togs of yours that they took away from you—the old belt all ripped to tatters the old shoes pants, and everything? Probably in your joy at getting into clean duds once again, it never did.

Comes Out Good as New

But all that stuff you shed went right down to the A. E. F.'s big salvage plant near Tours, there to be dry cleaned, fumigated, patched up, mended and put into trim again for some other guy to use; for when it comes out of the salvage plant it's practically as good as new.

Not only your old cast-off clothing of every description goes down there to be revamped but your horses' and mules' old harness, your dismantled guns' old mountings—everything that is at all busted up gets down there. The plant has departments for filing up ordnance material, including canvas and webbing; for harness, leather and shoes; for woolen and cotton clothes of all sorts; and for rubber goods.

5,000 People Employed

In all the plant employs some 5,000 people of whom a good 4,000 are French women. Some French male civilians are employed mainly as harnessmakers, and cobblers, though in the former category are to be found quite a few enlisted men of our army.

In the rubber repairing department the staff is composed mainly of American soldiers who had experience in the business before joining the colors. In all, some 200 or more enlisted men are employed mainly as foremen and supervisors.

The plant is situated in a long, high ceilinged, one story factory building, with a single track running through its center. On this track the freight cars full of salvageable stuff are run to be dumped into the department rooms capable of handling it. On it, too, empty freight cars are introduced to be filled with the revamped and resoled shoes, packed neatly in bundles according to size; with the freshly pressed piles of clothing; with the good as new halters, saddles, rubber boots and what not. In a yard at the end of the building is a turntable, to facilitate movement of the cars.

Depot Has Own Dynamo

The salvage depot has its own dynamo, furnishing all its own power. It has its own vulcanizing plant, to handle the patching up of the rubber goods. So rapidly is its work expanding, that it now has to have a large part of its simpler operations, such as clothes and shoe mending, sent to smaller factories in the outlying towns of the vicinity.

In addition to the main factory and the smaller French factories that take up its overflow, the salvage department authorities control a laundry which works night and day cleaning the clothes and things before they are sent into the main factory to be handled.

Everything is sterilized before it comes in to be worked on at the salvage depot. The old shoes are all scrubbed and cleaned. The sterilizing of underwear is attended to with military sickness before the workers start to sew new buttons and repair seams on it. All equipment that may have a stain of mustard gas on it is thoroughly degassed before it reaches the workers' hands.

Figures Show Volume of Work

To give an idea of the volume of work done, one has but to count figures for a typical week. In that time one sees, in the harness department, for example, 121 complete sets of harness, 346 halters, 718 French neckstraps, 330 McLellan saddles and 1,920 holsters fixed up ready for use.

In the clothing department one sees 230, 955 separate articles of clothing gone over and made good as new. Through the clothing department passes practically all new clothing that arrives from the states, to be inspected, pressed and cleaned. One

Lemons Do Whiten! Try This on Face, Neck, Arms, Hands

The lemon juice massage indulged in once or twice each day, means a little time and trouble, girls, but what of the splendid results? A skin bleached beautifully white, a complexion with the bloom of a peach, a softening of those lines of care; in fact, a skin eloquent of nature's purity and hands white, soft and full of charm.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to bleach the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When massaged daily into the face, neck, arms and hands it should naturally help to whiten, clear smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

A FEDERAL HEALTH DEPT. IS PLANNED

Ottawa, Oct. 24—The national epidemic of Spanish influenza which has hit the capital particularly hard has been an object lesson to the cabinet ministers here as to the need of a federal health department tentative agreement has reached by the cabinet some time ago to organize such a department under the minister of immigration and colonization, Hon. J. A. Calder.

The plague which is now ravaging Canada has brought the question up again in urgent form before the government, and it is understood that parliament will be asked at the coming session to pass a bill creating a department of Public Health to be administered by the minister of colonization and immigration a national laboratory along the lines of the Washington laboratory will be established. The present health branches of the interior immigration and agriculture departments will be merged in the new department.

COLONEL HOUSE NOW IN FRANCE

Washington, Oct. 25—Colonel House personal representative of President Wilson and spokesman of the state department and admiral William S. Benser, chief of naval operations, have arrived in France to represent the United States in the consideration of Germany's plea for an armistice and peace negotiations.



Many a Belgian mother could have these words engraved on her child's gravestone—"Died of Starvation".

Perhaps the child has wasted away with Consumption, or has been twisted into a mockery of happy childhood by Rickets, but starvation is at the root of the tragedy.

What else can be expected for a growing child whose daily ration is the bowl of soup and two pieces of bread provided by the United States loans to the Belgian Government?

The only hope for the destitute children of Belgium is that we who can afford three meals a day will be moved to pity and send help immediately. Even a small contribution will help to take some child, sinking under its load of trouble, over to Holland, where with good milk, nutritious food, medical care and loving treatment, he or she may regain health, strength and the wish to live.

GIVE—give until you feel the pinch! Don't wait until someone asks you personally. THIS is personal!

Make cheques payable and send contributions to

Belgian Relief Fund
(Registered under the War Charities Act)

to your Local Committee, or to

Headquarters: 59 St. Peter St., Montreal