

Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.

Light to moderate winds, fine and cool today and on Wednesday.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1918

TWO CENTS PER COPY

Armistice Wildly Cheered in French Chamber of Deputies

Premier Clemenceau Appealed to Members to Honor the Great Army of the Dead—Joyous Celebration in Mons—Canadian Commander was Given Rousing Welcome—Firing Ceased Promptly at Eleven, and Tommies Were Told That It was All Over.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—The Chamber of Deputies has seldom such unanimity as it exhibited yesterday in cheering each article of the German armistice terms as they were read by Premier Clemenceau.

After reading the conditions, the premier excused himself from making a lengthy address, but said, "In the name of the people of France, and in the name of the government of France let us salute Alsace-Lorraine."

There was prolonged cheering, after which the Premier said feelingly, "Let us honor the great army who died."

An Appeal to Do Honor to the Dead Brought Tears to the Eyes of Deputies

Tears came to the eyes of most of those in the chamber—tears for the memory of the dead, and tears from the powerful reaction of the moment. Deputies from Alsace-Lorraine who had been in France since 1914 and some of whom had fought with the French army, were enthusiastically cheered as they presented themselves in the gallery.

The diplomatic gallery was filled and among those present were the Earl of Derby, the British ambassador, United States Ambassador and ambassadors of Spain and Italy.

There was a full house of deputies and the only empty seats were those marked by the tri-color and crepe which designated the sacrifice of a member who had given his life for his country. A battery of 75's maintained a steady cannonade in celebration of the victory.

Tommy Atkins was Loath to Believe That End of the Terror and Shambles Had Come

With the British Armies in Belgium, Nov. 12.—The population of Mons today paraded the streets, cheering madly their deliverers. Their glad cries must have reached the ears of the Germans outside the walls of the town. Early this morning a crisp, graphic order to cease fire at 11 o'clock was distributed to all units. Punctually at 11 the firing stopped like clockwork.

"Is It All Over?"

One of these tattered and mud-caked veterans came to the correspondent's automobile and asked falteringly: "Is it all over?" Being assured it was, he returned to communicate the good news to his companions.

This afternoon celebrations and rejoicings were making the old town of Mons vibrate. The reception given the Canadian commander who entered Mons in the middle of the day was similar to scenes in Valenciennes and other liberated towns.

ARE FORMING A REPUBLIC IN GERMANY

Amsterdam, Nov. 12.—The statement issued by the Berlin soldiers and workers' council says that all public offices have been placed under the control of the Council and that all the leading offices are being filled by the comrades.

The administration, it adds, is retained, "but its leaders are inspired with the new spirit of liberty."

The foundation of the new German republic was proclaimed by Philipp Scheidemann from the steps of the Reichstag building.

HINDENBURG DID NOT SKIP

Amsterdam, Nov. 11.—Field Marshal Von Hindenburg is not in Holland, according to a telegram from the semi-official Wolff Bureau of Berlin. He remains at main headquarters and adheres to the new government.

The telegram adds that the Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, commander of the German northern army group, has not fled, as some reports have declared.

HOW LONDON CELEBRATED YESTERDAY

London, Nov. 11.—Heavy rain is falling tonight, but the celebration which was begun this morning continues.

Outside of Buckingham Palace there is a throng whose numbers are impossible to estimate. Tens of thousands are singing "God Save the King."

From time to time King George and the royal family appear on the portico and bow. Wild cheers from the populace greet their appearance.

This is the first night in four years that London has been brightly illuminated. The government suspended the regulations calling for the early closing of theatres and restaurants. This suspension will continue during the week.

King George and Queen Mary rode through the city to the Mansion House this afternoon amid enormous cheering crowds. The Lord Mayor presented the King to the populace, but a speech was impossible. Afterward all the important generals and admirals were received at the palace.

Little work was done in London today. Employees of factories, shops and stores simply disappeared.

THEN AND NOW! BIG DIFFERENCE SINCE 1855

Three Weeks Required for News of Fall of Sebastopol to Come Out from England.

The recent celebrations of peace news in the Great European War recalls former peace celebrations in Fredericton. Many recollect the celebrations during the South African War—the relief of Ladysmith and the Battle of Paardeberg news of which came simultaneously and the ending of the war—but only the oldest of the citizens can remember the celebration attending the news of the Fall of Sebastopol in the Crimean War, 1855.

Mr. John Gill of Lower St. Mary's the veteran crier of the Supreme and Divorce Courts, when reminiscence the other day said:

"There have been big changes since then. I was eight years old and I remember driving an ox-cart up Queen Street the day the news was received and there were not many ox-carts or any other wagons on the street. Now you can hardly get through for automobiles. Then we could not get war news from England under three weeks and now we get word of peace before it has been signed."

Mr. Gill's reference of course was to the canard of last Thursday.

Others who recollect of the fall of Sebastopol say that celebration was marred by a fatal shooting of a young man named Fairfax Earle well known in Fredericton being killed on the river where men in boats were discharging firearms.

FIGHTING IN HUN CAPITAL

Amsterdam, Nov. 11.—Fighting broke out once more in Berlin on Sunday afternoon, according to a message received here. It centred around Schloss Square and was going on at the time the despatch was sent.

TO CONTINUE FOR A YEAR

Washington, Nov. 12.—Government operation of telegraph and telephone communications by the Post Office department will continue for at least a year, whether any step is taken by Congress towards public ownership, said David J. Lewis, of the department's control commission today.

that organization was active and was a member of the 71st York Regt. in his younger days. In sport he was a well known curler and as a young man played with the Marysville Crescent Hockey Club.

D. E. PICKARD OF MARYSVILLE DIED LAST NIGHT

COUNTY COUNCILLOR VICTIM OF PNEUMONIA

Young Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George R. Sloat Accidentally Shot During Celebration.

Marysville, Nov. 12.—The death occurred after a brief illness from pleuro pneumonia of Daniel E. Pickard at his home on Main Street last evening. The deceased had been ill only a few days and the news of his death has proved a great shock to the whole community. The late Mr. Pickard at the time of his death was one of the representatives of the town in the York County Council where he had held office for several years. He was identified with different Fraternal Societies and took an active part in all affairs of public interest. He was formerly a Town Councillor representing Ward No. 1. The late Mr. Pickard is survived by his wife and one son George, three brothers John and Henry at home, and Chesley in Toronto, and one sister Mary also at home. He was thirty-eight years old. The funeral took place at 2.30 this afternoon with interment at the Methodist Cemetery.

During the celebration on baseball hill last evening the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George R. Sloat was the victim of a shooting accident the full nature of which is not yet known. A number of youngsters as well as older persons have engaged in the dangerous pastime of discharging revolvers as a means of celebration during the past few days and the little girl was a victim of one of these careless individuals. She was removed to Victoria Hospital where an operation will probably be performed today. The bullet entered the thigh and could not be located last night.

The deceased was a member of the P. A. P. B., The Loyal Orange Association and the Knights of Pythias being Lieutenant in Marshall Company, Uniform Rank, of the latter order. He also took a prominent part in the affairs of the Marysville Rifle Club when

CANADA'S WAR EXPENDITURE HAS RUN WELL OVER THE BILLION MARK

The Total will be at Least Eleven Hundred Million Dollars—Some Months Before Actual Cost will be Known—No More Draftees to be Called.

OTTAWA, Nov. 12.—The cost of the war to Canada in money is expected to be at least \$1,400,000,000. Up to the end of last month war accounts had actually passed through the Finance Department totalling approximately \$1,046,844,000. This does not include deferred pay to soldiers in France and some large outstanding accounts. Some months will probably elapse before the actual cost of the war to the Dominion will be known after the actual declaration of peace.

With the cessation of hostilities expenditure under many military necessities will be reduced to a minimum, but they will continue to be heavy for years.

No More Draftees.

Plans for dealing with the complex organization built up around the Military Service Act are to be taken up within the next few days. For a week or so no additional draftees have been required to report for service, and the signing of the armistice precludes the necessity of any further calls.

But a complex organization for the administration of the act has been built up in every district and there is the headquarters organization at Ottawa and the large staff of the central appeal court. It is felt here that these organizations should not be permitted to collapse entirely, and the suggestion is made that they should be used as far as possible in connection with demobilization.

ARMISTICE SIGNED UPON ORDERS FROM THE NEW GOVERNMENT

Instructions Were Forwarded from Berlin to German Headquarters—Discussion was "Rather Long"—Silence Reigning on the Battlefield at Eleven O'clock—U. S. Congress Approves of Terms of Armistice and Hopes for Punishment of Those Guilty of Atrocities.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—The new German government, it appears, considered the armistice conditions at a sitting late on Sunday at Berlin. Having decided to accept them, it telephoned instructions from Berlin to Spa, German headquarters, authorizing the delegates to affix their signatures to the agreement. The courier who was waiting at Spa, left immediately for the lines and crossed them without incident north of Chilly. He reached the Chateau de Francfort about 2 o'clock in the morning and found the German plenipotentiaries waiting for him. They asked, after they had received their instructions, to see Marshal Foch, who was in his special train on a switch near the Chateau. Marshal Foch, with Admiral Sir Roslyn Wemyss, First Lord of the British Navy, received them.

Clemenceau Says the Allies Will Maintain Blockade During Term of the Armistice

A discussion, which is described by the Temps correspondent as being "rather long," took place upon certain clauses, particularly that concerning the maintenance of the blockade. The German delegates signed the documents at 5 o'clock.

Premier Clemenceau, receiving correspondents today, said on the question of the blockade: "The German plenipotentiaries insisted, above all, upon the question of food. We will maintain, it is well understood, the blockade during the term of the armistice. Nevertheless, as the situation in Germany and Austria is desperate, we will do everything possible to feed them. It is the question of transport which dominates all."

Quietness Replaces the Turmoil of Death And Destruction on the Battlefield

With the British Army in Belgium, Nov. 11.—Peace descended like a mantle over the battlefield at eleven o'clock this morning. The last big gun crashed its challenge and a great, overpowering quiet replaced the turmoil of death and destruction.

Almost coincident with the signing of the armistice by the desperate enemy, the city of Mons capitulated before relentless British pressure, Canadian troops under General Horne having captured the place. On this hallowed ground the troops are resting on their arms, happy in their final triumph. They had driven the enemy out by the same gateway through which Field Marshal Von Buelow and Gen. Von Klueck hurled their great armies against the valiant little force of "contemptibles" in 1914.

U. S. Congress Approves.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Unanimous approval of the armistice terms imposed on Germany was voiced today by members of Congress. Unconditional surrender was the interpretation of most Senators and representatives although some expressed disappointment that demobilization of the German armies was not required. Sentiment for punishment of those responsible for murders and other atrocities also was voiced.

ABDICATION OF KING CHARLES AGAIN REPORTED

London, Nov. 12.—Emperor Charles of Austria has abdicated, according to a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, quoting private advices from Vienna.

The abdication of Emperor Charles has been rumored several times in the past two weeks, but none of these reports have been confirmed.

IN HANDS OF REVOLUTIONISTS

Amsterdam, Nov. 11.—The entire German northern fleet and the island base of Heligoland are in the hands of soldiers' councils, according to a telegram from Bremen.

Now at Seaford Captain J. Douglas Black, of Fredericton, is now at Seaford Camp, where over 30,000 Canadians are in training. A London correspondent says "his record as quartermaster of the McLean Kitties is unexcelled in the Canadian forces."

U. S. ADMIRAL MADE PUBLIC FIRST REPORT

Brest, France, Nov. 9.—Rear Admiral Wilson, U. S. N., commander of the American forces in French waters, has made the following statement for the information of United Press editors:

"The statement of the United Press relative to the signing of the armistice was made public from my office on the basis of what appeared to be official and authoritative information.

"I am in a position to know that the United Press and its representatives acted in perfect good faith and that the premature announcement was the result of an error for which the agency was in no wise responsible."

MORE HUN TROOPS IN REVOLT

Amsterdam, Nov. 12.—German troops at the Boverlooc camp in Belgium, have mutinied and are marching with their guns toward Holland.

OUR "NICKEL" Germany wants Canada's nickel. Let her have it. Twenty "nickels" make a dollar. Put your dollar into VICTORY BONDS.