
Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.

Maritime: Moderate northerly winds, fair and mild. Tuesday, strong easterly winds, snow or rain.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, JANUARY 7, 1918

TWO CENTS PER COPY

GREAT IMPORTANCE ATTACHED TO SPEECH OF MR. LLOYD-GEORGE

The Press of Great Britain, France and the United States Approve of His Remarks---Speculation as to How Huns Will Take the Speech.

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)

LONDON, Jan. 7.—Premier Lloyd George's speech meets with more general approval than most of his former utterances. James Ramsay MacDonald, socialist and labor member of parliament, addressing a meeting of laborites at Glasgow today, contrasted the tone of the Premier's Saturday speech with his former speeches and said that the Premier's latest speech was far more reasonable and calm and from a man who felt his tremendous responsibility and who say clearly above and behind the battlefield all the problems which would have to be settled afterward.

How much better it would have been, said Mr. MacDonald, if no other than that kind of a speech had been delivered since August, 1914.

The leader of the British socialists, Henry M. Hyndman, in the course of an interview, described the Premier's speech as a general statement of Great Britain's intentions as "satisfactory and what an overwhelming majority of Englishmen would be willing to support."

STATEMENT CONCERNING BRITAIN'S WAR AIMS MEETS WITH UNIVERSAL APPROVAL IN ENGLAND

LONDON, Jan. 7.—If the country's opinion, as is probable in the present case, can be judged by expressions in the London press, it may be said that never before has Premier Lloyd George won such universal approval as is given to his statement of Saturday concerning Great Britain's war aims. It is recognized that there will be a divergence of opinion on details like the economical terms of settlement and disposition of Germany's African colonies, but in all essentials his statement is hailed as eminently satisfactory, and the Premier is declared to have performed a most important service to the country.

All interest is now focussed on the question as to how the statement will be received in Germany, Austria-Hungary, and not the least in Russia, but as yet there is nothing to satisfy this curiosity. With the exception only of the bellicose Morning Post, which, however, is not opposed to the Premier's thesis, the morning newspapers of London join in their approval.

The American Press Approves.

New York, Jan. 7.—The New York press this morning is unanimous in its approval of the speech of Mr. Lloyd George before the council convention on Saturday.

Opinion in France.

Paris, Jan. 6.—The newspapers attribute capital importance to the speech of David Lloyd George. La Liberté likens it to a strong breeze that is going to dissipate all the clouds that Germany and its agents and accomplices have thrown around the war aims of the Allies. The Intransigeant calls it a "diplomatic act of great importance."

STOCK MARKET IRREGULAR

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

New York, Jan. 7.—The week of the stock exchange opened with further irregularity, but soon gave way to general firmness on a moderate inquiry for rails, steels, coppers, shipings and the usual equipments. Pacifics and coalers made up part of the last Saturday's reversal, and Lackawanna Steel rallied almost two points with only one point each for United States Steel, American Smelting, Marine preferred, Central Leather and Stuebaker. Liberty bonds were heavy the four declining to the low record of 92.

PUBLIC WORKS WILL BE STOPPED

Ottawa Jan. 6. (Montreal Gazette).—To conserve finances for the war Hon. E. B. Carvell will practically close down all Federal public works. In addition to saving the money required for these works, the labor employed will be devoted to essential industries.

DRASTIC POLICY IN ITALY

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Washington, Jan. 7.—Italy has adopted a drastic new policy to increase her fighting forces. Physical requirements have been modified and all men between the ages of 18 and 44 years previously exempted for defects are ordered to hold themselves for further examination. Those accepted will be mustered in the army on January 15. It is estimated that the decree will bring more than six hundred thousand men to the colors.

"The Fall of the Romanoffs"

POTATOES TO BE MADE FREE

Ottawa Jan. 6. (Montreal Gazette).—It is understood that the government is giving consideration to a demand to put potatoes on the free list. There is a considerable surplus in Canada, but a much greater one in the United States.

HONOR ROLL PLACED IN U. N. B. CALENDAR

23 Names on List—Two Missing and Believed Dead, One Died in Hospital, Others Killed.

The calendar of the University of New Brunswick corrected to January 1st, 1918, has been issued. It contains the usual information concerning the university, its courses, its faculty, undergraduates and alumni. A new feature is the roll of honor, given a conspicuous position, which includes the names of the alumni who have given their lives in the great war. The names are twenty-three in number.

Two of those mentioned are reported as missing and believed dead, one died in hospital and the others were killed in action.

The list is as follows:

Killed in Action.

Ralph Markham, '98.
John H. Sweet, '99.
George P. O. Fenwick, '02.
Charles M. Lawson, '03.
Edward B. McLean, '07.
Locksley McKnight, '09.
Melbourne R. C. Smith, '10.
Ralph B. Clarke, '11.
Jack C. Hanson, '13.
Robert K. Shives, '13.
John I. Morrison, '14.
J. B. MacDonnell Fraser, '15.
Thomas J. Gorman, '15.
John B. Hipwell, '15.
James C. Ketchum, '15.
Hubert P. Osborne, '16.
L. Stanley Edgett, '17.
Stewart E. Kitchen, '17.
Austin B. Murray, '17.
Frederick D. Foley, '18.

CANADIAN OFFICERS WHO HAVE SEEN MUCH FIGHTING

Large Party at St. John on Saturday--- One Man Said to Have Won the V. C. and D.S.O.—First Tank Driver Returns.

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

ST. JOHN, N. B., Jan. 7.—Among officers who arrived here Saturday on a transport was Major R. F. Parkinson, of the Ottawa Journal-Press. He has been in the fighting for twenty months, and for some months was in command of his unit while his colonel was recovering from wounds. This Ottawa unit has been through a great deal of severe fighting, and the reinforcements it has absorbed exceed in number several times the strength of the original battalion. Major Parkinson escaped serious injury and is looking exceedingly fit. After a short stay at Ottawa he will return to his unit. He has won the D.S.O.

In German Prison Camp.

Major Kirkpatrick was for two years in a German prison camp, and finally was exchanged because of illness. During much of the time he was subjected to contemptible treatment. He is a son of the late Sir George Kirkpatrick, of Toronto.

Major J. H. Magee, a Kingston College graduate, at present gives his home as Australia. He fought at the Dardanelles and on the western front and was wounded at Gallipoli and on the Somme, and gassed at Passchendaele. He was in Australia when the war broke out.

A Modest Man.

When asked if he had been decorated he said: "I would rather have you not say anything about that." However, it is learned that he has been awarded the D.S.O. and also the V. C., but he refused to say positively.

The first tank driver to return from the battlefield arrived in the person of G. H. Merrick, of Ottawa. Driver Merrick took part in the big tank offensive at Cambrai. He is a member of the Imperial army. "I endeavored to enlist in the Canadian army at the outbreak of the war," he said, "but they refused to take me owing to my lack of height. The Imperial army accepted me. I was put on a tank after much training. To say nothing boastful, I was in practically every battle that the tanks took any part in."

THE WEEK'S CASUALTIES

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

London, Jan. 7.—British casualties reported during the week ending today totalled 18,998. The losses were divided as follows:

Officers—Killed, or died of wounds, 113; men, 3,832. Officers wounded or missing, 448; men, 14,605.

Bolsheviki Government Strengthening Its Lines

LORD READING WILL GO TO THE UNITED STATES

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

London, Jan. 7.—Earl Reading, Lord Chief Justice, will go to the United States as direct representative of the British war cabinet, according to the Daily Express. While Earl Reading will have the title of ambassador, purely diplomatic affairs will be in the hands of a charge d'affaires, the earl controlling war activities.

The appointment of Earl Reading as the ambassador is principally for war purposes, it is said, and probably means that Viscount Northcliffe will not return to the United States as head of the permanent British mission. Lord Northcliffe will continue the active direction in England of the American mission offices.

Miss Junetta Bulyea, late of Cranbrook, B. C., and her mother, Mrs. Phoebe Bulyea, Galetown, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. M. Lawson, St. John street.

"The Fall of the Romanoffs"

Missing—Presumed Killed.
J. Talmage Haining, '10.
Missing—Presumed Dead.
John F. Dolan, '11.
Died in Hospital.
Purves P. Loggie, '14.

Expect to Have an Army Willing to Fight For an Ideal---All Who do Not Want to Fight to be Sent Home Would Ask no Aid From Allies.

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

LONDON, Jan. 7.—The Bolsheviks are definitely strengthening the front, Petrograd advices say. The correspondent of the Daily News said the Bolsheviks were intending to send home all who did not wish to fight, so that they would have an army which was willing to fight for an ideal.

The correspondent asked M. Radek what would be the attitude of the Bolsheviks in case of actual war in regard to help from the Allies. He replied: "We do not desire their help. Our strength lies in our weakness, and if we accepted help from the Allies the significance of our position would be destroyed. The weaker we are the stronger we are. The Germans can drive us back, but what good would it do them? The country behind the front has been stripped bare. There is not enough there to feed a single posse. The Germans will not wish millions of starving persons on their hands. We stand for a democratic peace. So do the German working classes. If the German government attacks us, it will display itself to its own people in its true light."

TEN DAYS EXTENSION OF TIME REQUESTED

BY THE RUSSIANS ELAPSED ON JANUARY 4TH

A telegram from Brest-Litovsk to Amsterdam gives a wireless message sent to M. Joffe, chairman of the Russian delegation, by foreign minister Von Kuehlmann for the German delegation; foreign minister Czernin for the Austrians, the foreign ministers of Turkey and of Bulgaria. It says the fact that when the Central Powers outlined the terms they were willing to accept, they stipulated that those terms would be valid only if all the belligerents bound themselves within a certain period to observe them. The Russians then asked ten days as the period in which to approach the other belligerents as to whether they would join in the negotiations. Although this time elapsed Jan. 4th, nothing has been heard from them.

THE ALLIED DIPLOMATS ARE OBLIGED TO

RECOGNIZE THE AUTHORITY OF TROTSKY

A Petrograd despatch to the Daily Mail says that General Nissel, head of the French military mission, replied to foreign minister Trotsky's complaint respecting French military propaganda, by stating that certain news received from Stockholm had been issued by a young officer by mistake. M. Trotsky demanded that the officer in question leave Russia.

The correspondent adds that it is a pity that some of the Allied diplomats pretend to ignore M. Trotsky, while in fact they are obliged to recognize his authority.

Referring to the above incident, a Reuter despatch says Trotsky ordered the immediate closing of the French bureau, the removal of the wireless apparatus and the immediate recall to Petrograd of French officers in the war area.

UKRAINE ASSEMBLYMEN AND THE BOLSHEVIKI

AGREE TO COMPROMISE OF THEIR DIFFERENCES

An armistice has been declared in the Ukraine region, the Ukraine legislative assembly and the Bolsheviks having agreed to a compromise of their differences. The Rada, the Ukraine legislative assembly, is said to be ready to decline to give support to General Kaledines and his Cossacks in return for the withdrawal of the Bolshevik troops from Ukraine.

Roumania Remains True.

The Petrograd Post says the King of Roumania has cabled the Entente Allies that the Roumanians are determined to continue the war, notwithstanding the desire of the troops on the Russian-Roumanian front, and that M. Poincare, the French president, replied, assuring the King of France's support.

DEATH OF WELL KNOWN ENGINEER

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

St. John, Jan. 7.—William Earle, C. E., died Saturday at his residence of his father-in-law, Senator Domville, Rothesay. He had done engineering work with the C. P. R., was former manager of the St. John Street Railway and latterly was district engineer of Dominion Public Works in Manitoba.

POETESS DEAD.

London, Jan. 7.—Dora Shorter, the poetess, died in London yesterday. She was born in Dublin.

BONDS MAY BE CLASSIFIED

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—An order slightly amending the recent enactment in regard to bond issues is under consideration by the government and is now before the Justice department. While the principle of control by the Minister of Finance of all security issued is adhered to, it is understood that authority may be given the minister to define certain classes of bonds in respect to which his consent may be waived. There has never been any intention to bar any necessary flotation but to keep public and other expenditure within bounds.

ONTARIO HOUSE EXPIRES IN JULY

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Toronto, Jan. 6.—The life of the present legislative assembly comes to a legal end at midnight on July 29th next and, unless special legislation is forthcoming, a general election is bound to occur some time in June.

"The Fall of the Romanoffs"