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# The Daily Mail

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The Weather.  
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Light winds clearing. Saturday light winds fair and warm.  
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TWO CENTS PER COPY

## Many Thousands of Huns Captured by the Allies

### Great Battle Raging Between the Aisne and the Marne---The Allied Counter Attack is Meeting With Great Success

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)

PARIS, July 19.—Between the Aisne and the Marne, in spite of new arrivals of German reinforcements, the Allies are making progress and are capturing a large number of prisoners, according to the official statement issued by the War Office today. Along the whole front, between the Aisne and the Marne, the battle continues with violence.

On the front between Rheims and the Marne the French have recaptured Montevoisin and made progress in the Roye wood and Courtou wood, capturing four cannon and four hundred prisoners.

South of the Marne, by a vigorous attack, the French have ejected the enemy from the outskirts of Oeuilly. Between Rheims and the Marne, Italian troops have taken Moulin D'Arde, south of Marfaux and northwest of Pourcy.

#### OLD FRANCE IS THRILLED WITH NEWS OF THE WONDERFUL SUCCESS OF FRANCO-AMERICANS

PARIS, July 19.—France is thrilled by the news that on the fourth day of the German offensive French and American troops snatched the initiative from the enemy by surprise and soundly beat fifteen of his divisions on a twenty mile front.

It would be difficult to exaggerate the cheering impression on public opinion given by General Mangin's masterly stroke. It is felt that Thursday marked the ebb of Germany's offensive power. The official statements have been brief and discreet, recording only in general terms the most definite results, but when the full details are made public it will be seen how skillfully General Foch has outgeneralled the enemy, who has been puffed by his recent successes. General Foch, it is held here, not only dealt a severe blow to German military prestige, but raised high the hopes of the Allied nations.

#### AVERAGE ALLIED GAINS FOR THE DAY WERE BETWEEN THREE AND FOUR MILES IN DEPTH

So completely were the Germans surprised that the Franco-Americans advanced in places two miles in the first hour. They continued their progress in the afternoon in the teeth of growing resistance. The average depth of the gains for the whole day was between three and four miles. At some points the Allies advanced five miles, according to latest advices from the front. The Allied gains southwest of Soissons will prevent the enemy from using the railways to Laon, Chateau-Thierry and Rheims, and along the Aisne, which are of vital importance to him. Soissons is the keystone of the German system, and it is expected the enemy will throw in the heaviest forces in an attempt to fend off the present danger.

#### Thirteen Thousand Prisoners.

L'Homme Libre, without intending to divulge the number of prisoners and guns captured, says it is fully equivalent to the number announced by the Germans as having been captured on July 15. (The German official statement on Tuesday announced that 13,000 prisoners had been taken Monday.)

### AMERICAN BAYONETS QUICKLY OVERCAME OPPOSITION OF HUNS

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)

LONDON, July 19.—A despatch from American headquarters dated last evening reads as follows: "A large number of American storming troops co-operated with the French this morning in a powerful offensive. A number of tanks participated in the rush. The Americans went over the top with a yell, not even waiting for the usual artillery preparations. The Germans resisted very feebly. Here and there stubborn fighting was encountered, but the opposition was quickly vanquished by the American bayonets. The enemy was completely surprised by the attack everywhere, an attack that was most successful, particularly in the region of Soissons, where the final objectives were passed.

### CARMEN MAY GO ON STRIKE

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Toronto, July 19.—In spite of the threat that the organization would lose its charter, the Toronto local of the Federated Carmen of the Railroads of Canada, at its meeting on Wednesday night, unanimously decided to strike if no favorable award was made upon the wage dispute now engaging the attention of the government and the railroads.

This announcement was made last night by the delegate of the shopmen to the District Trades Council.

### NEW MENACE FOR THE HUNS

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Paris, July 19.—Several south German papers, commenting on the American success, demand that the German high officers publish the facts concerning "the American peril," as it is evident that they now hold the people in ignorance of the "new danger to German military successes." A majority of the principal German newspapers continue to ignore the existence of the American army in France, dismissing American successes with a few lines.

### BOURKE-BARRY NUPTIALS AT AUGUSTA, ME.

Miss Annie Frances Barry, Formerly of Durham Bridge, the Bride of George A. Bourke.

St. Mary's Catholic Church of Augusta, Me., was the scene of a charming wedding Tuesday morning July 16. The contracting parties were Mr. George A. Bourke of Dover, and Miss Annie Frances Barry of Augusta, formerly of Fredericton, N. B. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Thomas Nelligan in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends of the bride and groom. The wedding march was rendered by Miss Pauline Johnson. The bride looked very pretty in white georgette and wore a bridal veil and carried a bouquet of white roses and maiden hair ferns. She was attended by her sister Miss Gertrude J. Barry who looked charming in white crepe meteor and white shadow lace with hat faced with pink. The groom was supported by Mr. Joseph McMacken of Dover, N. H., an intimate friend of the bride and groom.

Following the ceremony they drove to the home of Mrs. F. L. Smith where a wedding breakfast was served, after which they left on the 9.15 train for parts unknown. On their return they will reside in Dover, N. H.

The bride received many useful and costly presents. The groom's present to the bride was a check; to the bridesmaid a gold necklace set with diamonds, and to the best man he gave a gold scarf-pin. The groomsmen gave to the bride a string of gold beads, and to the bridesmaid a string of pearl beads.

Both young people enjoyed the friendship of a large circle of acquaintances all of whom will unite in extending best wishes for happiness. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Barry of Durham Bridge and since going to Augusta has been a great worker in St. Mary's Church and is one of the leading members of St. Marys Sodality and will be very much missed. Among the out-of-town guests at the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. George Bourke of Shalton, Me., parents of the groom, his sister Mrs. Roland Hinds, and Mr. Joseph Leclair of Phillips, Me.

Mr. L. G. O'Neill of St. John is at the Barker House.

### AMERICAN TROOPS SHOW STEADINESS AND COURAGE

Number Engaged the Largest Which has been in a Battle Since the Civil War—A Great Deal of Clean Open Fighting, Without Preliminary Barrage—Enemy Offensive Checked and He is Still Far from His Objectives.

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Thursday, July 18.—With nightfall of the fourth day of the battle east and west of Rheims, a feeling of confidence pervades the Allied lines. After eighty hours of assault along lines of his own selection, the enemy's offensive seemingly has failed. He is still behind the objectives set at the first day's attack.

While the American force engaged in the present battle is small in comparison with the total Allied strength, it may be said that it is greater than any participating in a battle since the civil war, and the conduct of the men is eliciting the commendation of the French. They have performed the part assigned to them with steadiness, courage and skill.

To a large portion of the Americans the four days have been their first real fighting. Reports from along the lines indicate a great deal of clean, open warfare, some spontaneous localized actions being undertaken without a preliminary barrage.

The tone of Thursday's communiqués and likewise the success of the counter-attacks begun early today have infected the French and American troops with high confidence in the outcome of the great enemy offensive which is now believed not only to have been effectively checked but in at least a small measure thrown back.

The correspondent encountered the ambulance and trucks filled with what are known as sitting cases, which had already been attended to at the advanced dressing stations. These were on their way to the rear, and frequently in their passage they forced to the roadside groups of German prisoners being escorted to the pens.

### GOOD PROGRESS BEING MADE BY ALLIED DRIVE

Twenty Villages Captured and Thousands of Huns Taken Prisoners in Counter Stroke.

From the region west of Soissons to the north west of Chateau-Thierry American and French armies have begun a strong offensive against the Germans which possibly may have a marked influence on the future of the world war. In its initial stage the movement has been rewarded with great success. All along the 25 miles the French and American troops have dashed in brilliant fashion across the positions held by the Germans, killing wounding or capturing thousands of the enemy and taking twenty villages towns and large quantities of guns and other war supplies. Nowhere, according to last reports from the front has the enemy been able to stay the progress of the assailants although counter-attacks were resorted to on some important sectors after the first stages of surprise occasioned by the unexpected attacks had worn away. To the Americans alone in the region west of Soissons came four thousand prisoners, thirty guns and much material. Additional large numbers of captives and further great stores of guns, ammunition and other war necessities were taken by the French. Before all the positions of the American

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### HOPE EXPRESSED BY PERSHING

New York, July 18.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt just before leaving for Saratoga, N. Y., to attend the Republican state convention, received a telegram from General Pershing in which the American commander expressed the hope that Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt, the Colonel's son, reported killed in an aerial battle in France, may have landed safely.

### JAPANESE INTERVENTION

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

London, July 19.—Great efforts apparently are being made to break down political opposition to Japanese participation in intervention in Siberia and there is a continuous coming and going of political and military personages, says a despatch to the Daily Express from Tokio dated July 17.

The chief opponents of intervention had long interviews with Marquis Isonji and Prince Yamagata. Some quarters expect that a coalition ministry will be created.

### MILITARY CRITICS ARE ENTHUSIASTIC OVER RECENT SUCCESSES

### Looks as if Huns Would Be Unable to Continue the Offensive Movement---General Foch Handled His Troops With Great Skill

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)

PARIS, July 19.—Military commentators are unanimous in calling Thursday's advance a fine success for the Allies, but deprecate jumping to conclusions, as the battle is still going.

Henri Bidou says the fact that the German reserves intended to support the offensive of July 15 have rushed to the rescue of General Von Boehm, which makes the continuation of the enemy drive toward Epernay difficult. He adds: "What will the enemy do? Will he attempt to continue the offensive manoeuvre southward while defending himself on the west, or will he, on the other hand, slacken his hold? We have arrived at the moment when the manipulation of the French division is going to be decisive, and in the game we may believe that the last word has not been said."

#### PARIS GIVES EVERY CREDIT TO THE OFFICERS WHO PLANNED AND CARRIED OUT THE ATTACK

PARIS, July 19.—The liveliest admiration is expressed in competent circles over Thursday's feat of arms, and every credit is given the officers who carried out the attack. Military circles are deeply impressed by the assault as being further and finer proof of General Foch's marvellous handling of his troops throughout the year's campaign. He has so husbanded his troops that while continuously fighting defensive battles, he has always found men with which to deal a counter stroke at the right place and at the right moment. Usually, it is declared, the generalissimo has surprised the Germans, who have invariably under estimated the French reserves.

#### BOASTFUL HUNS HAVE BEEN COMPELLED TO BRING THEIR RESERVES INTO ACTION

PARIS, July 19.—The newspapers intentionally give little information in regard to the battle going on and the results obtained. They hold themselves generally to the official statement. All the critics are enthusiastic over the success obtained yesterday. By taking the initiative, it is held, General Foch has compelled the Germans, at the moment of boasting that they were delivering a supreme peace assault, to use their reserves at the point and time designated by the generalissimo.

The Echo de Paris expresses the conviction that the Franco-American success will be continued fully today. It says the German general staff will do its utmost to straighten out its affairs, but the Allies have the upper hand. The question for General Ludendorff is not whether to enter Epernay, declares the Matin, but to consider means for the salvation of the divisions he has thrown across the Marne.

### AUSTRIAN BASE BOMBARDED

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Vienna, via London, July 19.—Admission is made in the Austrian official communication issued yesterday that Italian airmen again have bombed Pola, Austria's base on the Adriatic. The communication follows: "Early Wednesday several squadrons of enemy airplanes and seaplanes dropped about 200 bombs on Pola. Two persons were killed and several were wounded. The damage was insignificant."

### LABOR TROUBLE IN ARGENTINA

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Buenos Aires, July 19.—One half of the 600 bakers employed in the city of Buenos Aires have joined the strike movement under the direction of an anarchistic strike committee. Efforts have been made by the committee for two weeks to bring about a general strike of all labor throughout Argentina.

### HUNS SIT UP AND TAKE NOTICE

The Hague, July 19.—In outspoken comment on the growth of American strength in France, the Socialist Arbeiter Zeitung, of Vienna, says there is no doubt that more than a million American troops already have arrived in Europe. It declares that this is a feat of organization as amazing as the creation of the British army.

### HUNS LOSING MANY SUBS

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Washington, July 19.—An official despatch made public here today said that in an effort to hide from the German public and the crews of submarines the extent of the submarine losses, the high naval command has issued an order forbidding the statement in death notices that the deceased was a member of a submarine's crew, unless the loss of the submarine has been officially announced.

### RAIDERS WERE DRIVEN OFF

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Paris, July 19.—Several enemy airplanes attempted to raid the Paris district last night. The air defences were put into action immediately, says the official statement, and the batteries opened fire. The alarm was given at 11.58, and all clear at 12.40.

### FRENCH SHIP TORPEDOED

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

London, July 19.—A French steamship has been attacked and sunk by a U-boat according to Reuters. The crew succeeded in getting away from the ship in two boats, but both of the boats were rammed by the underwater craft. There was only one survivor of the disaster, who was in the water for fourteen hours.