
Notice to Advertisers.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.
Fresh to strong winds, shifting to north and west, occasional rain or sleet today and on Thursday.

FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20 1918

TWO CENTS PER COPY

Twenty German Submarines Surrendered This Morning

The First Batch of Enemy U-Boats Handed Over to Admiral Tyrwhitt—The Admiral Received the Surrender on Board His Flagship Off Harwich—The U-Boats to be Manned by British Crews and Taken to Parkeston—Gen. Petain's Promotion is Popular in France.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Twenty German submarines were surrendered to Rear Admiral Reginald W. Tyrwhitt, thirty miles off Harwich, this morning at sunrise, according to Press Association advices. These are the first U-boats to be turned over to the Allies by Germany. Admiral Tyrwhitt received the surrender of the German craft on board his flagship, a British cruiser.

The surrendered submarines will proceed to Harwich in charge of their own crews. The U-boats will then be boarded by British crews and interpreters, and will proceed to Parkeston, near by. The Germans will leave the submarines there and board transports for their return to Germany.

Twenty additional submarines will be surrendered on Thursday, and twenty more on Friday. The remainder of the submarines to be handed over in accordance with the armistice terms will be given up later.

DELEGATES TO PEACE CONFERENCE MAY BE ASKED TO VISIT THE DEVASTATED REGIONS

PARIS, Nov. 20.—The elevation of General Petain to be a marshal of France is greeted most cordially by the newspapers. It is declared that if the battle of the Marne stopped the German invasion, General Petain's heroic defence of Verdun permitted the Allied forces to await the day of final victory with increased hope.

All the delegates to the peace conference should be asked to visit the departments of France invaded by the Germans and see for themselves the damage and devastation committed by the enemy, declared Raoul Peret, president of the budget commission of the Chamber of Deputies, and Deputy Louis Dubois. The deputies have just returned from an official visit to the liberated regions and express the belief that France must exact from Germany not only reparation in money, but also the restoration of tools and raw materials carried away.

EMPEROR CHARLES OF AUSTRIA HAS ABDICATED ONLY THE EXERCISE OF HIS RIGHTS AS RULER

GENEVA, Nov. 20.—Emperor Charles of Austria has not formally abdicated, neither has he renounced his rights, but only their exercise, says the Neue Freie Presse, of Vienna.

This form of renunciation was not unforeseen by the Austrian constitution. The Emperor demanded that the state council grant him permission to remain in Vienna, which permission was accorded. The Emperor, the newspaper adds, is still popular with the masses, who do not consider him responsible for the war.

Huns Exporting Securities.

Basle, Switzerland, Nov. 20.—The banks of Germany and Austria are secretly exporting large sums in securities to Switzerland since the signing of the armistice, it is learned here. This is being done because of the fear that a heavy tax will be levied by the Allies when peace is declared, and a further tax imposed by the governments of Germany and Austria.

UNEMPLOYMENT CONFERENCE

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—The first of a number of conferences on unemployment which will be held throughout the week, was opened this morning at the labor department. It is attended by officers of the various employment exchanges in each province, and by officers of the two federal employment exchanges now being formed.

It is understood that the efforts of the delegates gathered here will be devoted to arriving at some scheme for systemizing some employment throughout the Dominion.

RESTRICTIONS ARE RESCINDED

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—War time restrictions have been rescinded on the issue of securities of provincial governments, municipalities, commissions and local governments.

Under an order-in-council issued last December it was provided that such issues could only be made or sold with the approval of the Minister of Finance.

CAN USE PLATINUM

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—The war board has removed the restriction prohibiting the use of platinum in the manufacture and repair of jewellery.

CANADIANS COMING HOME

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—It is expected that some 10,000 soldiers will sail in a few days from England for Canada. They will constitute the first problem in transportation with which the subcommittee of the several railways appointed by the railway war board will have to deal. The committee consists of Mr. Butler, representing the Grand Trunk, and F. Maughan, representing the C. N. R.

SWISS FRONTIER IS CLOSED

Berne, Nov. 15.—The Swiss frontier along the southern border of Alsace has been ordered closed until Alsace is occupied by Allied troops. This action was taken when the German frontier police force collapsed after the signing of the armistice, permitting bodies of mixed German troops to approach the frontier.

LARGE SUMS IN DEFERRED PAY

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—Plans for demobilization are proceeding rapidly. Inquiry at military headquarters reveals the fact that there is in the hands of the receiver general a credit to soldiers of the C. E. F. approximately \$16,000,000 deferred pay.

LT. W. J. LAWSON WAS WOUNDED NOVEMBER 10

Injury was Slight and He Returned to Duty—Second Time Reported a Casualty.

Mr. A. C. M. Lawson was notified this morning that his son Lieut. William J. Lawson was wounded on Nov. 10th and admitted to a field dressing station to have his wound dressed. He received only a slight wound and returned to duty on the same day.

Lieut. Lawson was in his senior year at the University of New Brunswick at the time of his enlistment and obtained his degree. He enlisted and went overseas with the 23rd Field Battery but was transferred. But a short time ago he went to England to qualify for the commission for which he had been recommended. He returned to France about three months ago under the command of the major of his former battery. This is the second time he has been wounded.

BOLSHEVIKI STILL ACTIVE

Archangel, Nov. 20.—Armed Bolshevik forces have resumed their attacks against the British and American positions at Tulgas, on the Dvina river. They have been repulsed with severe losses.

On the morning of November 11, after a heavy bombardment from their gunboats, and barges, the Bolshevik infantry stormed the Allied barbed wire entanglements and succeeded temporarily in reaching the gun emplacements of the Canadian artillery.

LIVE STOCK INDUSTRY

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—Hon. T. A. Crerar, Minister of Agriculture, is in conference today with representative packers, live stock men and officials of the Canada Food Board with the objective of adopting the most effective measures to promote the importance of the live stock industry in the Dominion. The proceedings of the conference are held in camera, but at the conclusion of the deliberations a statement will be given out covering the result of the deliberations.

ONLY GOOD LEADERSHIP SAVED GERMAN NAVY FROM DESTRUCTION

Enemy Military Critic Publishes Sensational Article in the Berlin Tageblatt—Hope of Beating the British Fleet Rested on the Bluff and Lies of Hun Naval Authorities.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Capt. Persius, German naval critic, has chosen the moment when the finest vessels of the German navy are about to be surrendered to the Allies, to publish in the Berlin Tageblatt a sensational article containing revelations regarding the German fleet. Capt. Persius says the hope that the German fleet would be able in a second Skagge rack battle to beat the British fleet rested upon the bluff and lies of the naval authorities. In August, 1914, Germany had about one million tonnage in warships, the writer points out, while Great Britain had more than double that, and, thanks to the mistakes of Von Tirpitz, the German material was quite inferior to the British. In the Skagge rack battle, he declares, the German fleet was saved from destruction partly by good leadership and partly by favorable weather conditions. Had the weather been clear, or Admiral Von Scheer's leadership less able, the destruction of the whole German navy would have resulted. The long range British guns would have completely smashed the lighter armed German ships.

As it was, the losses of the German fleet were enormous, and on June 1, Capt. Persius says, it was clear to every thinking man that the Skagge rack battle must be the only general naval engagement of the war.

On all sides Admiral Von Tirpitz was advised to construct only submarines, but he remained obstinate. On October 1, 1915, several members of the Reichstag made an earnest appeal to the naval staff with the result that an order was issued terminating the construction of battleships in order that the material might be used for making U-boats. In the meantime so great a scarcity of material had arisen that it became necessary to disarm a number of the battleships to get metal.

FINED FOR CARRYING FIREARMS

Sequel of Accidental Shooting at Marysville—Sergt. Gould Dies in Scotland—Personal Mention.

Marysville, Nov. 20.—Miss Gertrude Bubar has returned to Boston after visiting relatives here.

Misses Albina and Maud Sloat have arrived here having been called by the illness of their brother Mr. Charles Sloat.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Smith left yesterday for Oil City, Ontario where they will reside with their daughter Mrs. David Gentleman.

Word has been received here of the death of Sergt. Gould a former resident of Sussex which occurred in Scotland. The late Sergt. Gould married Miss Ruby Cain of this place daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Cain, to whom the sympathy of the community is extended.

Several local people attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Walter Johnston which took place this afternoon at Penniac. Service was conducted at the home and grave by Rev. Dr. Harrison assisted by Rev. J. B. Daggett.

A number of local young men appeared before Magistrate Clayton today on a charge of carrying firearms at the time of the peace celebration here last week. They were adjudged guilty and a fine of \$17 and costs or thirty days in gaol was imposed in each case. They paid up.

Mr. Moses Staples is suffering from an attack of cholera.

Mrs. Watson Peterson is seriously ill at her home in Sandyville with pneumonia.

Dr. G. R. Lister who has been confined to his home by illness is able to be out again.

The remains of the late Miss Theresa Dow were conveyed to Devon yesterday afternoon and were taken to her late home at Hawkshaw via the St. John & Quebec Railway.

Mr. and Mrs. Eldon Peterson are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a young daughter at their home this week.

PRINTERS IN STRIKE

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 20.—Rochester is without her daily newspapers today as a result of a strike called last night by the Allied Printing Trades Council. A wage dispute is the cause of the strike.

Mr. P. J. Bonistel of Toronto is in the city today.

HOUSE OF COMMONS PASSES LOYAL ADDRESS TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING

Royal Party Drove to the Palace at Westminster Without Escort—His Majesty, in Replying to the Address, Referred to the Part Taken by the Empire in the Long and Terrible Struggle Grateful for the Expressions of Loyalty and Affection of His People.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Another precedent went the way of other precedents today, when King George, accompanied by Queen Mary and the Prince of Wales, went to the Palace at Westminster to receive and reply to the loyal address passed by the House of Parliament yesterday. Heretofore it had been the custom of the parliament to go to the King on such an occasion. The royal party drove to the palace at Westminster without escort and was loudly cheered along the route.

Arriving at Westminster, the King, the Queen and the Prince of Wales went immediately to the gallery of the House of Lords where the Commons and the Lords, the latter with the officials of the Houses in their robes of office, awaited them.

The King was in morning dress. The Lord Chancellor and the Speaker of the House of Commons presented the addresses. King George, after expressing his thanks in a speech, alluded to the part played by the whole Empire in the "long and terrible struggle now being brought to a close."

GRATEFUL FOR EXPRESSIONS OF LOYALTY FROM EVERY QUARTER OF HIS WORLD-WIDE EMPIRE

King George said he was glad to meet the members of parliament and the representatives of India and the Dominions beyond the seas, "that we may render thanks to Almighty God for the promise of peace, now near at hand, and that I may express to you and through you to the people whom you represent, the thoughts that rise in my mind at a time so solemn."

The King said he was grateful for the spontaneous and enthusiastic expressions of loyalty and affection he had received in the metropolis and from all parts of the British Isles, as well as from every quarter of the Empire. He added that during the past four years of national stress and anxiety, "my support has been faith in God and confidence in my people."

The King declared that in the future he would strive to the utmost to discharge the responsibility laid upon him "to uphold the honor of the Empire and to promote the well-being of the peoples over whom I am called to reign."

Dominion and Indian representatives present at the ceremony at Westminster Palace yesterday included Sir Robert Borden, Sir George Foster and Sir Edward Kemp, of Canada.

AN INSPIRING MESSAGE FROM THE CANADIAN COMMANDER IN FRANCE

CALGARY, Nov. 20.—J. H. Woods, chairman of the delegation of Canadian editors who visited Great Britain this year as the guests of the ministry of information, has received the following cablegram from Lieut. General Sir Arthur Currie, commander of the Canadian corps in France:

"The Canadian Corps warmly appreciates the congratulations of the Canadian newspaper delegation. Tell the people of Canada that the corps is more than proud of its efforts to satisfy those at home. In the last two years of strenuous fighting it has never lost a gun, has never failed to take an objective and has never been driven from an inch of ground once consolidated, while its casualty list among the rank and file bears the smallest percentage in proportion to its strength of all the British forces."

PARCELS FOR WAR PRISONERS HAVE STOPPED

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—A telegraphic advice has been received from the Canadian High Commissioner at London to the effect that on account of the repatriation of Allied prisoners of war have been stopped. No further parcels are therefore to be forwarded to prisoners of war interned abroad. The needs of the prisoners are being attended to by the Canadian Red Cross Society or similar help societies.

PRISONERS RELEASED

London, Nov. 19.—A Stockholm despatch to the Central News says German troops have occupied Minsk, in Lithuania. A half million released war prisoners, the despatch adds, are advancing through the Ural mountains. Arrangements are being made to supply them with food and clothing.

THE GLORY OF BELGIUM IS IMPERISHABLE

Washington, Nov. 19.—President Wilson has sent by cable a message to King Albert of the Belgians, congratulating him upon his re-entrance into the national capital at Brussels, and paying tributes to Belgium's self-sacrifice which has won her a crown of glory imperishable. The message follows:

"His Majesty, the King of the Belgians, Brussels:
"Never has a national holiday occurred at a more auspicious moment and never have felicitations been more heartfelt than those which it is my high privilege to tender to Your Majesty on this day.
"When facing imminent destruction, Belgium by her self-sacrifice won for herself a place of honor among nations, a crown of glory, imperishable though all else were lost.
"The danger is averted, the hour of victory come, and with it the promise of a new life, fuller, greater, nobler than has been known before.
"The blood of Belgium's heroic sons has not been shed in vain."
"WOODROW WILSON."