

Sheep on Every Hill Side in New Brunswick.

The New Brunswick Government, through the Department of Agriculture, has arranged with the Chartered Banks to help the Farmers—where assistance is needed—to buy Sheep.

The Department will not only arrange to buy Sheep FOR the Farmers, but will also buy good breeders FROM the Farmers. In other words, this branch of the Agricultural Department will supervise all purchases and sales of Sheep.

CREDIT FOR THE PURCHASE OF SHEEP

Every bona fide farmer who wishes to purchase sheep for breeding purposes and cannot pay cash may secure twelve months' credit for two-thirds of the purchase price. Go to the manager of the chartered bank in your community and place your order for the number of Sheep required, accompanied with a cash payment of \$3.00 per head on grades and \$10.00 per head on pure-breds. The manager will forward the order to the Department of Agriculture; the Department will purchase the sheep and deliver them to your nearest railway station. The balance of the purchase price can be paid as follows: Two-thirds, or about \$10.00 per head, by a twelve months' note, and a cash payment of about \$2.00 per head on grade sheep.

Under the credit system not more than 21 sheep can be secured by any one farmer. Any farmer who wishes to secure a greater number and cannot purchase locally, can be supplied by the Department of Agriculture for cash.

PRICES

FIRST QUALITY STOCK only will be secured. All sheep will be carefully inspected before purchasing. Mature sheep are hard to obtain, therefore ewe lambs will form the major portion of the stock distributed. Prices will range from \$13.00 to \$15.00, according to size and quality, delivered at the nearest railway station. The Department has not entered upon this as a commercial transaction. The Sheep will be purchased as cheaply as possible and resold for cost price plus transportation and handling charges.

PURE BRED RAMS

The Department is now purchasing pure bred lamb and shearling rams. The lamb rams will cost from \$30.00 to \$40.00 and the shearlings \$35.00 to \$50.00 each. Exceptional individuals will cost from \$50.00 to \$60.00 each. The Rams have been selected from reliable breeders in the Maritime Provinces, Quebec and Ontario.

SUITABILITY OF NEW BRUNSWICK FARMS FOR SHEEP PRODUCTION

The hilly country makes ideal conditions for sheep pasturage. Hay, roots and oats are the staple crops—they are likewise the staple sheep foods also.

The wool produced in the Maritime Provinces is the finest quality in Canada and brings the highest prices. Maritime Lamb and Mutton cannot be surpassed.

The system of farming followed in New Brunswick makes the keeping of a flock of sheep easy and very profitable.

THE FUTURE

H. S. Arkell, Dominion Live Stock Commissioner, states: "That sheep products have no doubt reached their maximum price, but that he cannot see any reason for a material decline in the price for at least ten years."

Unwashed wool is worth from 70c. to 80c. per pound, according to grade. Good lambs from \$10.00 to \$13.00 each. Under careful management the first clip of wool and the first crop of lambs will pay for the foundation stock.

If possible, purchase locally. Secure foundation stock from your neighbors immediately if available. Not one Ewe Lamb Suitable for Breeding should be Slaughtered this year.

PROCEDURE TO PROCURE SHEEP

If you cannot purchase locally, place your order immediately with your local bank manager. He will forward it to the Department of Agriculture, Fredericton. Unless orders are given it will be impossible to secure in time to make delivery before winter sets in.

This is a business proposition—think it over—decide and see your Banker.

For further information apply to THOS. HETHERINGTON, Livestock Superintendent, Department of Agriculture, Fredericton.

J. F. TWEEDDALE,
Minister of Agriculture.

DISTRESSING FEATURES OF LIFE IN WAR ZONE

Many French Families Have Lived Under Bombardment Since the Beginning of the Struggle --- American Red Cross Men Do Much to Help Out the Unfortunate Children

With the Americans at the Front, Aug. 8—Not the least of the many distressing features of life in the war zone is the condition of the children of the poor families left behind, near the firing line, in the evacuation of the villages they called home. Miss Gladys McIntyre of the Salvation Army service tells of more or less ineffectual efforts to render social service to a score of the neglected little ones.

"A lot of these French families," she said, "have lived under bombardment since the beginning of the war, just behind the trenches. The French have not evacuated these folks, because they begged to be allowed their homes. They have nothing else. So the Americans cannot send them off very well, though it is no place for civilians."

"The most pathetic part of it is the flock of little children belonging to these poor families. They play around in the dirt, and are always unclean. They can't remember when there was n't war, and most of them never have been in school."

Helped by Red Cross Man

"Some of the Americans soldiers in the village we were in wanted to do something to help the dirty little youngsters out. So I began some social service work with them. Charles Sinkler, the Red Cross man in our village, helped."

"We went to all the families and inspected their homes. They were almost unspeakable. Then we invited all the youngsters to our hut one day, and promised to measure them for clothes and shoes. The soldiers agreed

to raise some money, and Mr. Sinkler said he would do the rest. Our share was to clean the kiddies and do what we could to clothe them."

"They turned out, every last youngster, about twenty in all. We measured them. Then with what little French we knew we told them how they ought to bathe, and promised them clean clothes and perhaps shoes if they would clean themselves up."

"They were all delighted. They washed, most of them. They reported with their hands and faces fairly clean, but that was as far as they had gone. Dirt was caked on them. We hardly knew what to do, for they would not bathe and apparently had never done so in their lives."

Ribbons for the Girls

"We understood," Miss McIntyre went on, speaking of herself and another Salvation Army girl, "to bathe a couple of little girls who had been working for us, and whom we knew better than the others. It was about the worst job we ever undertook. We were exhausted completely when we were through. We never could bring ourselves to undertake the bathing of the rest of them, and probably could not have done it if we had attempted, for we incurred the wrath of the parents of the two we did bathe."

"However, we did send back to the nearest city and buy some little clothes, just ordinary ones, but so much better than the rags these children had been wearing that they all looked dressed up for a holiday exercise. The youngsters were more than pleased with the clothes and the ribbons we gave them for their hair. But they had no idea of how to keep clean, and though we improved their looks some we still have doubts as to the value of social service work at the front."

MEDICAL ADVICE

"So the doctor told you to go to a warmer climate. What was the nature of the trouble you consulted him about?"

"I went there to collect a bill."

Few men to-day are as romantic as Bluebeard, who used to keep his wives around the house after he had killed them.

WANTED

WANTED—First or second class female teacher, apply stating salary expected to C. L. Grant Secretary School Trustees, Grand View, York Co.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. Apply to Mrs. R. P. Allen, 164 Charlotte street, city.

WANTED—Experienced accountant for our St. John plant; an excellent chance for advancement with large concern having numerous branches throughout Canada and United States. Apply by letter, giving age, experience and salary desired. Address R. T. Purdy, Booth Fisheries Co., Eastport, Me. 7-3 61

WANTED—Books and magazines for distribution to returned soldiers en route home, in the Military Hospitals, or going overseas. Telephone Mr. A. Murray, care of A. Murray & Co. Tel. No. 159, or leave at store for Military Y. M. C. A.

AGENTS WANTED—\$1,000. You can make it in your county with our fast selling Combination Cooker. One salesman banks \$338.55 the first month. Another agent sells 20 in two hours. Others cleaning up \$10 daily. No capital necessary. Goods shipped to reliable men on time. Territory going fast. Write quick to secure your field. Combination Products Co., Foster, Que.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Pure-bred and grade Holstein cows and calves, horses, pigs, poultry, turkeys, bees, also incubator and brooder. Apply to Mrs. E. W. Darcus, Fredericton. Phone 3300-62.

FOR SALE—A quantity of useful household articles, including a large ruffled rug, some curtains, a baby's sleigh robe, a child's blackboard, several camp stools, etc., all in good condition. Will be sold at a bargain. Enquire at the Mail Office.

LOST—From an auto, between Fredericton and Hawkebury, a spring overcoat, dark in color. Finder will please leave at the Mail Office.

NOTICE

SAINT JOHN & QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the plan and Book of Reference covering the proposed borrow pit on Lot No. 273 A, in District A, on this railway, in the Parish of Hamstead, in the County of Queens, Province of New Brunswick, have this day been deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Fredericton, and with the Clerk of the Peace in the County of Queen's, where the same may be examined as provided by law.

The Saint John & Quebec Railway Company.
E. S. CARTER,
Secretary.
Fredericton, N. B., this fifteenth day of August, 1918.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Public notice is hereby given that the city schools will be opened at nine o'clock a.m. on **TUESDAY, 3rd September** next.

Children not at present enrolled in any of the schools may secure a permit at the office of the Secretary, High School Building, York street, on and after Monday, 26th instant. Applicants must have reached the age of six years and must file with the secretary a physician's certificate of successful vaccination.

Applicants whose names have been registered for admission to the Model School will apply for permits on 30th instant.

The Compulsory Schools Act is in force in Fredericton. The truant officer will arrest all truants and they will be dealt with in accordance with Cap. 73 (7).

By order,
CHAS. A. SAMPSON,
Secretary.
August 21, 1918. 101

NOTICE

The sale of the expired Timber Licenses as advertised in the Royal Gazette on the 24th of July, 1918, and embracing in all four hundred and fourteen and one-half (414½) square miles, **WILL NOT TAKE PLACE.**

Further information will be given the public in due course.

E. A. SMITH,
Minister of Lands and Mines,
Crown Land Department,
Fredericton, N. B.,
August 27th, 1918.

Toronto Globe: To raise the price of a hair cut to a dollar, as is proposed, would throw mankind into a panic. The average man can shave himself, but he would be helpless if he were thrown on his own resources for the rest of his hirsute adornment. Only he Bolshevik could view the possibility with composure.

And in other ways prohibition has its effects. The average soda fountain habitue does not find it necessary to buy a drink for the fountain boy.

Every one, in counting up what he has received from the person he was named for, thinks his parents made a mistake, in the selection.

MEXICANS REGRET CLASH

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 28.—Notification that he would cross the line if another shot was fired by the Mexicans, was sent tonight by General De Rosey Cabell, commander of the American forces, to General Calles, Governor of Sonora.

An Apology Expected.

Washington, Aug. 28.—The arrival of General Alias Calles, military governor of Sonora, at Nogales, with profound regrets of the Mexican government for the clash between Mexican and American troops in the border

town, is expected to clear matters. The action of President Carranza in ordering General Calles to proceed on a special train to the zone of the disturbance for this purpose was accepted here as a formal admission that the cause for the affair rested on the Mexicans.

TEACHER'S BOOMERANG

Professor X, who at times is rather blunt in speech, remarked angrily to his class at the beginning of a lesson: "I don't know why it is—every time I get up to speak some fool talks."

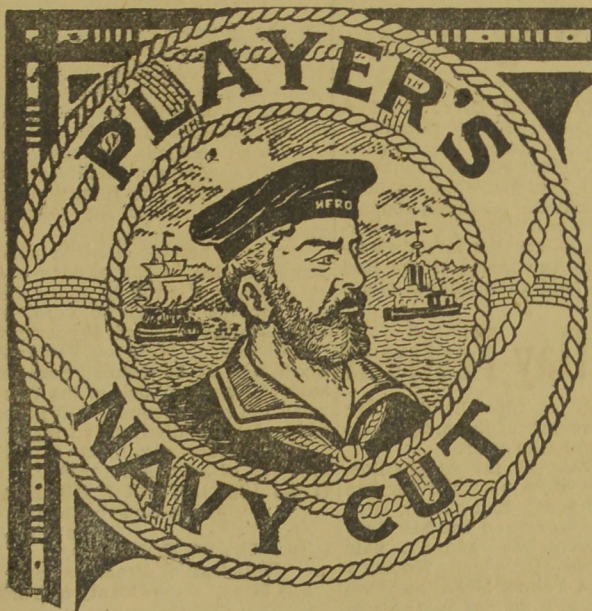
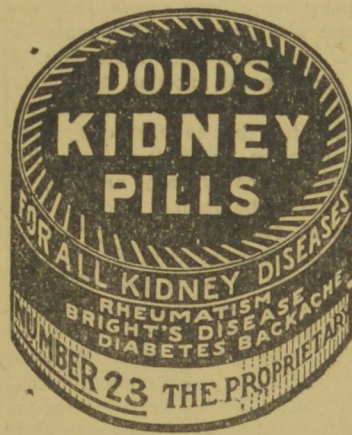
Then he wondered why the boys broke into a roar of laughter.

People who stood the rise in bread prices without a murmur are going to scream if tobacco goes much higher.

HAIG'S TROOPS TAKE GINCHY

With the British Forces in France Aug. 29.—Ginchy, about two miles northwest of Comblès is reported to have been captured by Field Marshal Haig's troops this morning.

British troops also captured Belloy Ashevillers, Herbecourt and Feuillères. All these towns are within five miles of Peronne. Launching new low attacks and following up the advantage gained yesterday the British today moved forward along a large part of their battlefield.



15¢ PER PACKAGE

PLAYER'S

NAVY CUT

CIGARETTES

BEAUTIFULLY COOL AND SWEET SMOKING