
Notice to Advertisers.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.
Strong northwest to north winds decreasing tonight, local snow flurries, but generally fair and moderately cold today and on Tuesday.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK,

MONDAY, DECEMBER 9,

1918

TWO CENTS PER COPY

Wants President Wilson To Pay Visit to Cologne

Boston Paper Suggests That Representatives of the German Foreign Ministry Meet Him There—Red Guards in Conflict with Returning Soldiers—Scheidemann Thinks That Hohenzollern Has Already Been Sufficiently Punished—Asquith Takes His Stand.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 8.—President Wilson is invited to visit Cologne by the Volks Zeitung, of that city, which suggests that representatives of the German foreign ministry meet him there. The independent republic of Schleswig-Holstein will soon be proclaimed, according to the Weser Zeitung, of Bremen. This newspaper also states that sanguinary encounters between hussars returning from the front and red guards occurred at Brunswick on Dec. 5. Finding a deputation of red guards and members of the soldiers' and workmen's council drawn up to welcome his men, the commander of the hussars ordered that fire be opened on the crowd. His men obeyed and the red guards replied to the fire. The mob tore the hussars from their horses, disarmed them and forced them to march behind the red flag into the city.

Huns Talk of Establishing State Tribunal To Try Persons Responsible for the War

London, Dec. 9.—William Hohenzollern has been already sufficiently punished, but it is essential that his part in causing the war should be clearly established, says Phillip Scheidemann, the former German secretary of finance and colonies, in an interview with the representative of the Express. He said the establishment of a state tribunal to try all persons guilty of causing the war is now being discussed, but must be decided upon by the National Assembly.

Scheidemann, according to the Express, said further that Foreign Minister Solf remains in the government because it is believed he has the confidence of Great Britain and America.

Should be Punished, Says Asquith.

London, Dec. 7.—Herbert H. Asquith, former Prime Minister, speaking at Rochdale, Lancashire, today ranged himself alongside those who have declared that the men responsible for the war and the atrocities shall receive adequate punishment.

Society of Nations.

Paris, Dec. 9.—During the preliminary conversations to fix the programme for the peace conference, it is probable that the Allied delegates will decide if the organization of a society of nations will be elaborated at the peace congress or left to a further conference, the Petit Journal says.

COAL PROBLEM IN CANADA IS STILL ACUTE

Ottawa, Dec. 9.—Fuel Controller Magrath in discussing the situation which has been brought about by the United States fuel administration regarding the scarcity of anthracite coal states that the cessation of hostilities in Europe, while temporarily making bituminous coal much freer, has had no appreciable effect in solving the domestic coal problem in Canada, which is just as acute as ever. He fears that householders have not generally followed the advice repeatedly tendered by the administration to lay in soft coal supplies.

"It cannot be emphasized too much or too often," said Mr. Magrath, "that unless the public will avail themselves largely of this safety fuel supply now available, it is certain that great hardships will inevitably result."

MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, Dec. 9.—Casualties—Among Maritime Men include the following: Infantry: Killed in action: C. H. Clarke, Cornhill, N. B. X. Boudreau, Dalhousie, N. B.; H. L. Stevens, St. John, N. B.

Died—H. Copp, Lowell, N. B. Died—J. O. Girouard, Westmorland, N. B.

Prisoner, repatriated—J. M. Charters, Fredericton, N. B.; R. B. Estey, Zealand, N. B.

Prisoner of war escaped—W. H. McIlreith, Dalhousie, N. B.

Prisoner of war repatriated—J. H. Williams, St. John; A. Bryce, St. John. Wounded—J. E. Wetmore, Campbellton.

Hon. L. P. Farris and Mrs. Farris, White's Cove, N. B., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Paxton Baird, Toronto.

BRITISH SENT TO COLOGNE TO KEEP ORDER

Aix La Chappelle, Friday, Dec. 6.—Fighting in Cologne between republican revolutionists and Imperialist adherents has led to the speedy despatch of British troops there to maintain order, on the appeal of the burgomaster.

The British were to have occupied Cologne formally on Sunday, but two urgent requests from that city led to casualty and machine guns being rushed there.

DEALS WITH A STANDARD YARN

Woodstock, Dec. 7.—The article in today's Standard is characteristic of the paper and the cheap author who wrote it. It came not from Woodstock but from the pen of the secretary of the Tory machine.

The reference to Premier Foster is entirely false. No such conversation ever occurred. The Standard's correspondent is himself whining at the door trying to get back into the Liberal fold.

(Sgd.) ROBERT L. SIMMS.

The Standard on Saturday published an alleged Woodstock despatch in which Mr. Simms was represented as having threatened the local government with trouble if a convention were called in Carleton county. The yarn was clearly a manufactured product.

Returned Boys Arrived Here
Forty-eight returned soldiers arrived in the city this morning and reported at New Brunswick Military Hospital. They went on leave today until January 3rd. There are several local names in the list. Among those arriving here are: J. Owens, Marysville; W. B. Manzer, Woodstock; J. C. Thornton, Hartland; G. Williams, Nashwaaksis; W. N. Clarke, Fredericton; H. A. Mersereau, Fredericton Junction.

DISASTROUS EXPLOSION AT SHAWINIGAN

Quebec, Dec. 9.—With four charred bodies recovered from the ruins and at least seven other employees missing Shawinigan Falls today is anxious as to the exact extent of casualties and damage caused by a tremendous explosion that occurred late Saturday night in an outlying building of the Canadian Electric Products on the outskirts of the town. The explosion took place in a brick building where prussic acid is manufactured and some three hundred persons were working thereabout. The plant works night and day shifts and the night staff was at work when the accident occurred. Fire broke out in the ruins immediately after the explosion and the firemen from Shawinigan Falls worked four hours before mastering the flames. Today searchers are going through the debris to locate the missing seven. So far only two of the dead have been identified. One is a man named Lacoursiere, married only ten days ago and the other is a youth from Loretteville, Jos Odina Ouellete, single.

Has Been Repatriated

Mrs. John M. Charters of Nasonworth has received an official telegram stating that her husband Private John M. Charters has been repatriated to England. Private Charters went overseas with the 104th Battalion and finally went to France with the 26th. He was in France about two years and was then taken a prisoner and sent to Friedrichshild Berwessel on September 26th of this year.

Red Cross Supper

A very successful chicken supper was held at the Church Hall on Saturday afternoon from five to seven o'clock by the Junior Red Cross Circle under the efficient management of Mrs. A. E. Hanson. About \$75 was realized. The little girls serving made a very attractive appearance in their Red Cross costumes and were the subjects of many complimentary remarks by those present.

Death From Pneumonia

The death occurred this morning of Mary Elizabeth Harvey after a short illness of pneumonia. The deceased was twenty-three years of age and is survived by her parents Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Harvey, by three sisters Violet, Hazel and Mildred and by one half sister Mrs. Manuel Currie of River Hebert, N. S., and by two brothers Henry and Frederick overseas, and one half-brother Howard Harvey of Alberta. One sister Nettie Beatrice died from diphtheria on Thursday last. The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock service being conducted by Rev. G. M. Young. Interment will be made at the Rural Cemetery.

METZ GREET PRESIDENT POINCARE AND MEMBERS OF FRENCH GOVT.

People of Lorraine Again Familiar with French Uniforms and are Thoroughly Enjoying French Occupation—Consider the President's Visit as a Sort of Official Entry Into Possession.

Metz, Sunday, Dec. 8.—After giving hearty greeting to the French troops three weeks ago, Metz today received President Poincare and representatives of every branch of the French government. The enthusiasm shown was more than significant. In the first surprise at again finding themselves French, the people of Lorraine were unable to suppress their emotion. They have now become familiar with French uniforms. French martial music has been heard every day since the first entrance of General Mangin's army. They have become accustomed to French occupation, which, true to the military spirit for which they are famous, they thoroughly enjoy.

The visit of President Poincare and representatives of the French government means more than military occupation. The people of Metz looked upon it as a sort of official entry into possession of the city. They approved of it by the presence of a vast throng that continually cheered President Poincare, Premier Clemenceau, Marshals Joffre, Foch, Petain and Haig, and General Pershing, who were included in the official party that gathered here today.

During the ceremony in the city hall on Sunday, Premier Clemenceau handed to the Mayor of Metz the keys to the city, which the Germans failed to get when they captured Metz in 1870. The keys had been preserved by a descendent of Gen. Falahassett, one of the defenders of Metz.

POTATOES ARE MOVING VERY SLOWLY

Ontario Turnips Now on the Boston Market—Few Carloads Shipped From This City.

There is little change in the local potato market and there is not much movement from this place. Four carloads were shipped Saturday by Mr. W. W. Boyce and a few cars are sent every few days. The price paid is \$2.25 to \$2.50 at the cars.

Turnips also are in little demand at the present time. Prices quoted locally are 70 to 75 cents per barrel. A few carloads of turnips have been shipped.

Ontario stock is supplying the United States market at the present time and is keeping the price down particularly in regard to potatoes. At Boston Ontario shippers are landing turnips for fifty cents per bushel.

SAYS KAISER WAS TOOL OF MILITARISTS

London, Dec. 9.—Maximilian Harden Editor of the "Zukunft", of Berlin, said to the Correspondent of the "Express" to a despatch from the German capital, that the impression abroad concerning former Emperor William is a false one. He said that he, himself, has suffered too much through the former Emperor to incur a charge of partiality, but that it was a fact that William Hohenzollern had no personal part in willing the war. He was a mere tool in the hands of the military party, by which he was regarded as a coward.

"When the moment for declaring war came, the militarists were afraid he would not sign the declaration," said Harden. "The former Emperor missed his vocation. He was never happier than when posing in the limelight. He ought to have managed a cabaret or taken a show on a tour. He was a great showman."

SIR ROBERT IS KEPT BUSY

London, Dec. 8.—Sir Robert Borden, in the last few days, has been seen with the Duke of Connaught, and also attended the meeting of the War Cabinet, when Premier Clemenceau, Marshal Foch, Signor Orlando, and Baron Sonnino were present. The Premier also met Winthrop Bell of Halifax, who gave him an interesting account of his experiences in Germany before and after the war, for Bell did not leave Germany until November 23. Yesterday, Sir Robert met Premier Lloyd George and Right Hon. Walter Hume Long.

Mrs. H. C. Bennett of Hopewell Hill, and daughter Miss Audrey Bennett who have been visiting relatives here leave this evening for Port Arthur, Texas, to spend the winter.

GERMAN POPULATION BECOMING MORE CORDIAL TOWARDS THE BRITISH

In One Place They are Rejoicing Over Their Arrival—Afraid of Their Own People and Have a Horror of Starvation—The Revolutionary Movement is Real, but not Very Apparent on the Surface—Demobilized Soldiers Have No Civilian Clothes.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The German population west of the Rhine becomes more cordial in its attitude toward the British as Field Marshal Haig's troops move eastward, according to an undated despatch from the correspondent of the Daily Mail with the British army.

"As we approach the Rhine," the correspondent says, "our reception becomes more surprising. The authorities in such places as Duran say undisguisedly that they rejoice at our arrival. They give two reasons for this, that they are afraid of their own people and are afraid of starvation. Many men confess that the end of the war brought such relief that the stigma of defeat weighs little. Children sometimes cheer our arrival.

Soldiers are Demobilizing, But Have No Civilian Clothing to Replace Their Uniforms

"The revolutionary movement is real, but not much on the surface. The outbreaks during the first few days were suppressed by the retreating army, which is much less Bolshevik than the soldiers in reserve and at the bases. They are demobilized, but they have no civilian clothes to take the place of their uniforms.

"The armed men guarding the arms in the barracks talk without rancor of their experiences in the war against both the British and French. An overwhelming desire for peace makes of these soldiers a strong instrument of social solidarity, at any rate for the time being.

"Danger signals are received at times and on occasion cavalry and machine gunners are called for by the Germans, for fear—generally, I think, exaggerated fear—of Bolshevik outbreaks of Russian character. The mayors and their staffs act with admirable dignity, but much of the population is almost obsequious and servile to our men."

Will Enter Mayence.

Paris, Dec. 9.—General Mangin will enter Mayence, the French bridgehead on the Rhine, this week at the head of the 13th and 43rd infantry divisions, each unit of which has been cited for bravery.

HUNS MUST PAY TO THE LAST FARTHING

London, Dec. 8.—Right Hon. Walter Hume Long, speaking at Trowbridge said that not only must the Kaiser be tried, but that Germany must pay to the last farthing. She could pay if it took her thirty years, but he would be no party to calling upon Germany to pay a sum which would necessitate her receiving from us such assistance as would enable her to begin the old game of dumping articles on our markets.

We must also see that Germans in England went to their own country. He rejoiced that they had made up their minds to extend colonial preference to the Dominions, crown colonies and protectorates. The Government offered this preference unconditionally and were determined that the Dominions and dependencies should have preference wherever possible.

A NEW PAGE BEING TURNED

London, Dec. 9.—Cordial appreciation of the honor by the United States by celebrating Britain Day is expressed by newspapers here.

"A new page in Anglo-American history is being turned," says the Telegraph.

The "Times" dwells on the necessity for co-operation in future and concludes its comment by giving warning against German propaganda.

Prohibition Case at Oromocto
The prohibition cases which were reported Saturday came before Magistrate G. A. Kimball at Oromocto on Saturday afternoon. Charles Wilson of Montreal was sentenced to a fine of \$200 or three months in jail. George Gilbraith of St. John pleaded guilty to two offences and was remanded until Wednesday for judgment. These men were arrested at Minto Friday both having had records about St. John as prohibition violators.

A GALICIAN CHARGED WITH SIX MURDERS

Regina, Sask. Dec. 8.—Mike Syrioiiska, a Galician of Wakaa, was arrested on Saturday by Provincial Police and will be charged with murdering six persons in April 1916 Propok Manchur, Mary Manchur, Antoso Manchur, Pauline Syrioiiska, Olga Syrioiiska and John Mechialuk, all residents of Wakaa.

The investigation at the time led to the freeing of Mike Syrioiiska, who had been arrested on suspicion, and the crime was believed to be that of John Mechialuk one of the persons cremated in the fire which followed the death of the six victims by shooting.

PRISONERS SHOT BY HUNS

Paris, Dec. 9.—Nine French prisoners were shot by the Germans and fifteen other prisoners seriously wounded at the prison camp in Langunsals, a Prussian camp, the Spanish ambassador at Berlin reports. The behavior of the prisoners did not in the least justify the severity of this act of repression, it was declared.

The French government is resolved to demand reparation for this act of the Germans, which will be added to the already long list of occurrences of this and similar nature.

KING GEORGE VISITS LILLE

Lille, France, Dec. 7.—King George of England paid a visit to Lille today. He arrived at one o'clock in the afternoon, greeted by an enthusiastic demonstration from crowds assembled all along the way he travelled. He proceeded to the General Headquarters of the British Fifth Army where he received the local authorities.