

TO ENTERTAIN RETURNED MEN.

The Ladies of the Returned Soldiers' Aid will entertain all returned men at an entertainment at the Convalescent Home Tomorrow (Friday) Evening, at 8 o'clock.

NOTICE

On and after Oct. 1st, 1918, until further notice, milk sold in the town of Marysville by H. F. Fisher will be eleven cents per quart.

WANTED

WANTED—To rent, a flat or small house. Answer to B, care of Mail Office.

WANTED—First or second class female teacher, apply stating salary expected to C. L. Grant Secretary School Trustees, Grand View, York Co.

WANTED—Second class female teacher for school district No. 3. Apply, stating salary, to Charles E. Connors, Secretary, Cork Station, York Co., N. B. 9-18 61

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Dark brown or black mare, about 900, suitable for driving or light work. Apply 135 York street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—A quantity of useful household articles, including a large rug, some curtains, a baby's sleigh robe, a child's blackboard, several camp stools, etc., all in good condition. Will be sold at a bargain. Enquire at the Mail Office.

LOST

LOST—From an auto, between Fredericton and Hawkeston, a spring overcoat, dark in color. Finder will please leave at the Mail Office. tf

TIMBER SALE

The lands which were advertised for sale on the 5th of September, 1918, and postponed, will now be held at the Crown Land Office, Fredericton, N.B., on THURSDAY, the third day of OCTOBER, 1918, commencing at 12 o'clock noon, under the following conditions, viz.:

Berths to be sold on a STRAIGHT STUMPAGE RATE per thousand superficial feet, the upset rate of which will be announced at the time of sale, conveying the right to cut and carry away the merchantable lumber as advertised for the term ending August 1st, 1919.

Ten per cent. of the bid stumpage price on the estimated quantity of merchantable lumber standing on the berth to be paid as each berth is sold.

The lands to be sold embrace in all about four hundred square miles, as advertised in the Royal Gazette September 18th, 1918.

For further particulars, printed estimates of the timber on each block, plans, etc., apply to the Deputy Minister, Crown Land Office, Fredericton, N.B.

E. A. SMITH,
Minister of Lands and Mines.
Crown Land Office, Fredericton, N. B.,
September 13th, 1918.

AMUSEMENT TAX ORDER

ALL PERSONS promoting or directing entertainments of whatever sort or description, are requested to observe carefully the following addition to the rules and regulations passed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council with regard to the collection of the Amusement Tax:

"No entertainment of whatever sort or description to which an admission fee is charged and the proceeds of which are not wholly for patriotic, church or charitable purposes, shall be held without a permit allowing the said entertainment to be held and providing at the same time for a supply of amusement tax tickets necessary in connection therewith. If such entertainment is held without a permit from the Amusement Tax Inspector, the promoters of the same shall be liable to the penalties provided for in the 11th section of the Theatres and Cinematographs Act."

Applications for Amusement Tax Tickets, Receipts and Permits for entertainments to be held should be made to

William H. McQuade,
Provincial Tax Inspector,
P. O. Box 684,
St. John, N. B.
Sept. 25, 26, 28; Oct. 1, 3, 5.

NOTICE

ANTHRACITE COAL.

Fredericton, N. B.,
28th September, 1918.

To the Public,
On and after Tuesday, the 1st October, 1918, all consumers of anthracite coal in Fredericton and vicinity are required to register their wants at the office of the Fuel Commissioner of Fredericton, Board of Trade Office, 98, Green street.

Registration cards may be obtained at any of the drug stores or factories in the city, and at the office of the Fuel Commissioner.

Coal dealers will not be able to recognize orders from consumers not complying with the regulations.

R. H. SIMONDS,
Fuel Commissioner
for Fredericton.

The Hon. W. F. Roberts
On Medical Inspection

Interesting Address Delivered by Him Before Convention of Women's Institutes---Gave Outline of Provincial Health Organization---New Brunswick Banner Province in Health Legislation

The address by Hon. W. F. Roberts, M. D., M. P. P., of St. John upon the important subject of "Medical Inspection" delivered before the sixth annual convention of the Women's Institutes of New Brunswick is herewith given. The address was listened to with great interest by those in attendance and gave an outline of the organization of the Department of Health recently established by the Provincial Government.

Hon. Dr. Roberts spoke as follows: Madam Presiding Officer, Ladies of The Provincial Women's Institute in Sixth Annual Convention, and friends.

Having been invited to address you upon a subject in which I am and have been for years much interested, let me assure you I deem it a signal honor and an especial privilege particularly at this time.

Permit me first to congratulate you upon being members of so practical, worthy and representative organization as I understand the Women's Institutes to be, representing as they do almost every piece of inhabited territory within the Province and carrying to its utmost recesses its valuable precepts and teachings.

Important Organization

I feel quite satisfied that, while but six years have passed since its organization, much practical and necessary work has been accomplished, among and for the people with whom the personnel of this Institution has come in contact; and if much has been done during this short period, how much more must lie in wait to be done, particularly from now until after the readjustment of the world and province.

CITY OF FREDERICTON

Notice to Consumers of Anthracite Coal in Fredericton and Vicinity.

For the information and guidance of consumers of Hard Coal in Fredericton, below will be found extracts from the order-in-council of the 20th March, 1918.

Section 4.—The Council of any Municipality may appoint a Local Fuel Commissioner.

Section 6 (a).—The duties of Fuel Commissioner shall be to co-ordinate the work of fuel dealers in apportioning and delivering coal during any period of fuel scarcity.

(b) To institute, when deemed necessary, a system of controlling retail coal deliveries through orders on dealers within the municipality, issued by the Fuel Commissioner.

Section 21 (a).—No dealer shall, except as permitted by par. 21 (c) hereof, sell or deliver to a consumer, and no consumer shall receive any quantity of coal which such consumer may then have on hand, would constitute more than an estimated supply sufficient for 70 per cent. of such consumer's needs to the 31st March, 1919.

(b) Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from having on hand or procuring at any time, such minimum supply of anthracite coal as will altogether not exceed 6 tons.

(c) The Fuel Administrator may, from time to time, by written order directed to the Fuel Commissioner, entirely suspend the operation of par. 21 (a), or may increase the percentage of coal which consumers may be permitted to receive under this paragraph for any period, and in any manner he may deem advisable.

Section 27.—Anthracite coal, in what is commonly known as prepared sizes, shall not be used by any industrial consumer for heating or power purposes without first obtaining the written authority of the Fuel Administrator.

Section 28.—When, in the judgment of the Fuel Commissioner an emergency exists, he may, subject to the approval of the Fuel Administrator, requisition any quantity of anthracite coal in the possession of any consumer in excess of the supply permitted under paragraph 21 hereof, and may direct the disposal of such excess supply of coal.

Section 29.—The Fuel Commissioner may authorize any local dealer to enter the premises of the consumer and remove therefrom the required quantity.

Section 34.—Any importer, dealer or other person contravening any of the provisions of these regulations, or failing to observe any directions of the Fuel Administrator, or making a false statement, knowing the same to be false, shall, upon summary conviction, be guilty of an offence, be liable to a fine not exceeding \$1,000.00 for each offence, or imprisonment for a period not exceeding 6 months, or both fine and imprisonment.

Section 35.—These regulations shall be in force after the first day of April, 1918.

Dated at Ottawa, the 15th March, 1918.

R. H. SIMONDS,
Fuel Commissioner for
Fredericton, N. B.
September 30th, 1918.

cial affairs following the close of the Great War.

I am impressed with the fact that it is nothing short of Providential that such an organization as yours should have existed sufficiently long to have its Constitutional machinery working and running so smoothly, and to have become intimately acquainted with the multiple needs of Home and Empire as found within the confines of our fair province. With your numerous societies, scattered as they are throughout the length and breadth of the province, you constitute one of the most important mediums for the disseminating of knowledge and information calculated for the well being of its inhabitants; and if for no other reason, I certainly feel you should have the cooperation and practical support of all well thinking people.

The subject suggested by your Committee who waited upon me, that I might speak to you upon, is "Medical Inspection of Schools and its effect upon future citizenship." This selection in itself is a further indication to me of your wishing to keep abreast of the times, because of your interest in the homes of the Province and its future welfare.

Citizenship

Before entering upon a discussion of the question itself, let us for a moment decide upon an interpretation of the word "Citizenship" which will serve to bring before our minds in a practical way the application of our topic.

We may speak of this term "citizenship" in both a general and a particular sense. First in a general sense with the qualifications of one's domicile either by birth or by settlement and that of a legal age. Then in a particular sense, such as the qualifications necessary to become or be denominated a good citizen, as we so frequently read and hear spoken of an "ideal citizen." These qualifications in addition to birth and age, might be enumerated as being: Law abiding, Loyal, Intelligent, Industrious, Moral, Thrifty, and one which we have heretofore been so inclined to forget and which after all in the laying of the foundation of the superstructure of "Future Citizenship" is the all important pillar,—viz. HEALTH. In fact, in the erection of a successful career, Health and Education are common corner stones, for the man is crippled physically without the one, and mentally when not in possession of the other. How handicapped must be the various callings in life, and how much more could be accomplished by their followers if the amazing fact did not obtain that from 50 to 60 per cent of our men when placed in line for physical examination for military service, are unable to occupy the "A" class position, in other words are physically incapacitated to that extent. This means more than appears on the surface. It means that many of these deficiencies have advanced so far that but little if anything can be done to restore, and further renders the subject the more susceptible to further ills, and in the majority of instances shortens his days.

Health an Asset

In the one case Health is one of the requirements of Citizenship, is an asset to the Province, to the Dominion, to the Empire; in the other, where it is wanting, that fact is in the majority of cases a liability. If you doubt it visit our hospitals, our tubercular sanitariums, our incurable homes, our municipal homes, our asylums, and (had we one as I hope we may) our home for defective children. Place in a column the figures representing the cost of maintenance of any one or all of these, and I will place before you a solution of the problem where thousands upon thousands of dollars can be saved, to say nothing of the saving of depleted populations, pain, suffering, and anguish, by the practical application of a Public Health Policy.

Now having defined "Citizenship", and by the way drifted a little,—where do we begin to study the Public Health problems? Where do we begin to study the Educational problem? Why with the children, of course; then so with the topic in hand. Let us confine our attention now to "Medical Inspection of Schools" and before we have finished we will have seen its relationship to "Future Citizenship."

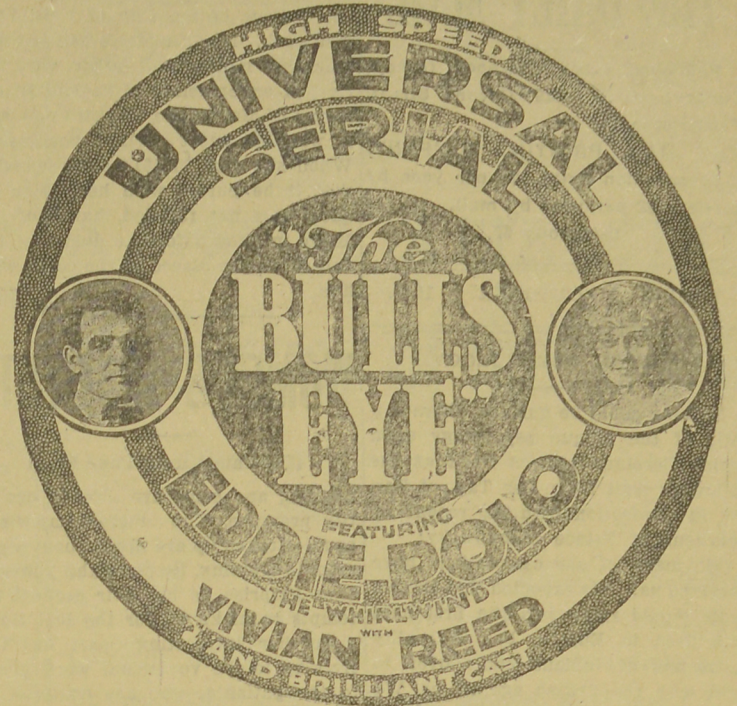
Some one has said, relative to Good

Citizenship as the basis of our future liberty, "Whatever ideals it is desirable for the citizens of tomorrow to possess must be instilled into the consciousness of the children of today." If this is true regarding matters pertaining to ideals of mind, they are equally applicable to matters pertaining to physical freedom from incapacity.

Science of Disease

It was Plato who over 2,000 years ago wrote "Medicine is the Science of Health." Today however it is properly regarded as the "Science of Disease" and as the authority for the above statement goes on to say, had the truth of Plato's dictum been recognized some Government department of preventive medicine would long ago have been established and we should be in the habit of paying for medical attendance only while we were actually maintained in good health.

The truth of the principle that "prevention is better than cure" is appreciated only in the face of actual and imminent danger such as the outbreak of cholera or smallpox. In such an emergency nothing is left undone, no expedient is left untried. The prevention (Continued on page 6.)



GAIETY THEATRE—EVERY FRIDAY and SATURDAY COMMENCING SEPT. 20-21

NOTHING DOING

"I love the country," said the young city man on vacation, "because everything smacks of freshness."

"Perhaps it does in some parts," replied the rural maiden, "but freshness gets no smacks here."



Wood's Phosphorine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins, cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mail in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly, Canada.)

BAD OUTBREAK OF INFLUENZA

Quebec, Oct. 2.—The dreaded Spanish gripe has broken out here among the soldiers in the drill hall and at the Citadel and a result both barracks have been quarantined. The order to have the barracks quarantined was issued by headquarters here and about one thousand men are affected by the order. Several cases also developed in the plant of the North American Arms Company five men having taken the disease.

WRIGLEY'S

It's the great war-time sweetmeat.

- the benefit, the pleasure, the economy of a 5c package of WRIGLEY'S
- has made it the favourite "sweet ration" of the Allied armies.
- send it to your friend at the front:
- it's the handiest, longest-lasting refreshment he can carry.

CHEW IT AFTER EVERY MEAL

The Flavour Lasts

Made in Canada

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT CHEWING GUM

WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM

Sealed Tight

Kept Right