

THE DAILY MAIL

Published every afternoon (except Sunday) at 327-329 Queen Street, Fredericton, by THE MAIL PRINTING COMPANY. Subscription Price, \$4 per year by carrier; \$2 per year by mail. Telephone 67.

MONDAY, JULY 29, 1918

TOO MUCH JOY RIDING.

Although the present government was elected as a win-the-war administration, some of its members do not appear to be sticking as closely to the job as people would like. The legality of the Military Service Act has been called in question, and there has been no end of trouble. The Toronto Saturday Night, an independent paper noted for its outspoken utterances, pretty well voices the sentiments of a great many people when it says:

"The inevitable has happened. Our cabinet ministers, to the number of a dozen or so, are gallivanting about Europe satisfying their curiosity as to how the war is being conducted, while at home a lot of judges and cheap lawyers are turning orders-in-council pertaining to war measures upside down and inside out. And there is no one to say them nay. A clash between the civil law and military authority was sure to come. The cabinet in April, by orders-in-council presumably made the Military Service Act water-tight. Then the majority footed it for Europe, there to be wined and dined; to listen to speeches and to make speeches. They had scarcely got across the Atlantic when trouble loomed. Lawyers began to appear before the courts in various parts of the country, representing for the most part draftees of foreign birth. Habeas corpus proceedings were instituted and judges, forgetting that the safety of the state is the supreme law in such times as these, ordered the release of the draftees. Then came the threats of arrest and the attempts to arrest the military authorities who disregarded the mandate of the courts.

"So it is that our gleeful cabinet excursionists are probably aware by now, if they have taken the trouble to read the cables, that their orders-in-council from the point of view of the civil law are as full of holes as an old tub, and under the circumstances about as useful. In the interval, no matter what the final decision of the Supreme Court in respect to these cases may be, Canada's war endeavor has already been interfered with to a perilous extent, and the work of many months has in as many days been thrown to the winds. Under the circumstances, who can blame draftees for openly defying the law when lawyers and judges show them the way?

"The fulsome praise and entertainment showered on our cabinet ministers by British public bodies and public men may be all very interesting, but it does not happen to be a form of amusement the electors had in mind when union government was created. These men were placed in office to do the work of administering the affairs of this country in war time, and there was no thought in the minds of those who placed them there that they should spend their time 'viewing England and France under war conditions' and let their own country go plump to the devil. One might imagine from their attitude of mind that we were in the midst of a vast picnic in place of a fearful war. Nero had nothing on the Borden cabinet when he fiddled while Rome burned."

Hamilton Herald: The order to German submarine commanders to take captive as many of the crew of British merchant ships as they can in order that the seamen may be submitted to "the most severe regimen" of ordinary prisons, is something of a puzzle. Up to the present it has been the policy of the German commanders to murder British seamen. As it is not probable that any change of policy would be in the direction of humanity, perhaps the new order indicates an intention to kill British seamen by slow torture rather than by the less cruel methods of drowning and gunfire.

The Allied troops continue to drive the Huns and it looks as if the enemy would soon be compelled to vacate the Marne salient. The capture of Oulchy de Chateau by the Allies was responsible for the German decision to retreat. French cavalry are being

used to harass the Huns in their retreat. It is not expected that the Huns will attempt to make a stand until the Aisne river is reached.

Some of the 8,000 boys employed in war work in the Woolwich arsenal, near London, earn twice as much as the salary of the Bishop suffragan of Woolwich. The Bishop, W. W. Hough, recently pointed this out in an address and said that a year ago some of these boys were street outcasts. "They are earning far too much money," he said. "They easily get into bad company and many of them go to the devil as fast as they can."

Quebec Telegraph: Food prices for June were eleven cents more for an average family budget than in May, the government reports. And this is the summer time when the gardens are bounteous and living should be lowest. It is time the Department of Labor stopped announcing higher prices and announced measures taken to lower them.

The usual tragic note of the crest of the first heat wave of the year in Montreal was seen in the procession of little white hearses wending its way behind the mountain. A feature of the warm spell was the fact that the city used 123,000,000 gallons of water during the week-end, constituting a record.

Mrs. Busch, widow of the wealthy St. Louis brewer, is involved in the conspiracy to buy up American newspapers and turn them into organs of pro-Germanism. An exchange remarks that "when the U. S. courts get through with her Mrs. Busch is likely to be a sadder Budweiser woman."

THROUGH OUR SIEVE

No, you can't call yourself a veteran just because you eat war bread.

Paradoxically, the man whose aims are high rarely overshoots the mark.

The trouble with the truth is that it interferes with all your illusions about yourself.

The world is full of derelicts who couldn't pay their tuition fees in the school of experience.

A politician thinks he is entitled to as many kinds of opinions as he may need in his business.

Adam's troubles didn't include shooting his neighbor's chickens out of the Garden of Eden.

Germany need not trouble to suggest any more peace terms. The Entente allies will make the terms.

Marriage is the point at which a man stops writing sonnets to the curve of his lady's eyebrow, and the glint of her hair, and begins writing checks to the beauty specialist who keeps them that way.

Don't carry a good thing too far. Too much modesty makes a prude, too much religion makes a bigot, too much thrift makes a miser and too much cleverness makes a bore.

New Potatoes

Quite a number of new potatoes have been placed on the market during the past few days and find a ready sale at 70 cents per peck. Although potatoes received a set back on account of wet weather during the early part of the month they are now coming along well and the crop promises to be a good one.

LOCAL NEWS

A Settler Fined
Campbellton Graphic: A resident of Maetatis Settlement out the I. N. R. was before G. H. Prince, Chief Forester for the New Brunswick government charged with starting fires in that district early in June. The fire is said to have done about \$10,000 damages to Crown Lands. A number of witnesses were heard and the case adjourned to procure more witnesses.

Cancellation Threatened
Acadian, Wolfville, N. S.: A firm in Truro advertised last week urging people to "buy a barrel of flour and a sack of sugar." When the advertisement came to the notice of the Canada Food Board the firm received a telegram forbidding them to sell either flour or sugar for ten days and intimating that any further advertising of the sort referred to would lead to the cancellation of their license.

Failed to Enter Deposits
North Sydney Herald: The case of John Dunlap, ex-teller of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Sydney Mines, was before William R. Hearn, Stipendiary Magistrate, Monday. Mr. Gunn, for the Bank of Nova Scotia, called for witness Mary Vivars, who showed that she deposited \$1,000 on May 1st, 1918, giving the money to Dunlap as teller. He entered the amount in her pass book. The manager, Mr. Templeton, showed that it was not entered into any of the bank books, or paid into the bank's funds. Angus McKay swore of depositing \$1,480, which Dunlap did not pass into the bank's funds, according to the evidence of the manager. Other witnesses were Barbara Cooke, amount \$100; Dan M. McDonald, amount \$100; D. Gordon Kerr, amount \$148.50. Dunlap was committed to stand trial at the Supreme Court.

Up to Civic Authorities
Hon. J. F. Tweeddale, Minister of Agriculture, stated this morning that the Tussock moth problem is one which the civic authorities must grapple with themselves. His department last year paid the expenses of Mr. L. G. McLaine of the Dominion Entomological Department to the New England States to learn the best method of combating the pest and he had outlined a scheme to the City Council. The cost would be about \$2,500 but the council found itself unable to appropriate more than \$200 and nothing was done. The caterpillars which have hatched from the Tussock eggs are very numerous and noticeable about the city now and the elm trees in some sections are suffering from their depredations. Contrary to an impression which is quite general the Tussock moth is a native insect and is always in this province. Occasionally its numbers become so great that it does some damage to trees. A parasite also native eventually kills off the caterpillars and reduces the moth to its ordinary and unnoticeable numbers.

POSTAL CLERKS HAVE SUPPORT OF LABOR MEN

Vancouver, B. C. July 28—The Vancouver trades and labor council decided at a meeting Saturday that they would "stand behind the postal employees to the last man," and they threaten to "tie up the whole service through sympathetic strikes, if the demands of the strike is not met". It was stated that if strike breakers are employed in the post office, again, strike will be called immediately. Postal employees are determined to remain on strike until the government grants their demand.

Will Support Postmen

Calgary, July 28—At a mass meeting of all trade and labor organizations in Labor Hall last night, a resolution was passed pledging the full support of organized labor to the postal workers strike, if necessary, and directing the opening of a fund to assist the strikers.

"My two Boys"

There's no food that contributes more splendidly to building and rebuilding sturdy, virile 'youngsters' than a morning dish of the delicious wheat and barley food

Grape-Nuts

—served with cream.

"There's a Reason"



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Are going to be much higher in price.

We have a good stock of

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in White and Grey, 10x4, 11x4, 12x4. You would make no mistake in buying the Shaker Blankets for fall use.

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This store will close Thursday at 1 p. m. during July and August.

Come to us for your

SPRAYING SUPPLIES

Arsenoid, Arsenate of Lead, Lime, Blue Vitrol, Paris Green, Sprinklers and Sprayers. Now in stock, Pratt's Fly Chaser.

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PLUMBERS AND HEATERS

THE HARDWARE PEOPLE

WHOLESALE

RETAIL

Sheep on Every Hill Side in New Brunswick

The New Brunswick Government through the Department of Agriculture has arranged with the Chartered Banks to help the Farmers --- where assistance is needed---to buy sheep.

The Department will not only arrange to buy Sheep FOR the Farmers, but will also buy good breeders FROM the Farmers --- in other words, this branch of the Agricultural Department WILL SUPERVISE ALL PURCHASES AND SALES OF SHEEP.

IF A FARMER NEEDS CREDIT TO BUY SHEEP he should consult his local banker who has the necessary forms.

If you cannot buy sheep in your locality, inform the nearest banker who will notify the Agricultural Department, or, better still, notify the Department yourself and say how many Sheep you want.

KEEP YOUR EWE LAMBS

Every Ewe Lamb weighing 80 pounds and over and of reasonable quality, should be retained by farmers for breeding purposes. Sell the males and the inferior females for butcher purposes. If you have more ewe lambs than required, induce your neighbor to purchase.

THE VALUE OF WOOL

Unwashed wool of the best quality brought 80 cents a pound this spring, or about \$5.00 a fleece.

SIXTY MILLION SHEEP

Have been lost in Europe since the war started. Wool in enormous quantities is now required to clothe the soldiers. It will take an immense quantity to reclothe the returned men in civilian dress. Prices will likely be high for ten years.

New Brunswick has the pasture, hay, roots and a climate suited to sheep. Every farmer should consider investing in a small flock as a foundation. The first year will give approximately \$4.00 worth of wool per sheep; the sheep will cost about \$15.00. Is it not a good business proposition?

If you cannot purchase locally, place your order with your banker. Orders will be filled, if possible, in the order filed at this office through the banks.

For further information apply to

J. F. TWEEDDALE,
Minister of Agriculture.