

Notice to Advertisers.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.
Moderate to fresh northerly winds, fair and comparatively cool today and on Saturday.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1918

TWO CENTS PER COPY

Armistice May be Signed Sometime This Week

Germans Have Seventy-two Hours in Which to Accept or Reject Allied Terms—The German White Flag Delegation Has Arrived in France—Text of Wireless Despatches Exchanged Between the German Authorities and Marshal Foch at His Field Headquarters.

PARIS, Nov. 8.—The German delegates who came within the French lines last night to receive from Marshal Foch the allied terms for an armistice, proceeded this morning to the meeting place designated by the marshal.

The white flag bearers reached the left wing of General Deney's army at ten o'clock last night. They arrived at the place indicated by the Allied supreme commander within the French lines about 2 o'clock this morning, and passed the remainder of the night there. If the credentials of the German armistice delegates are found adequate, they will be informed officially what the terms of the armistice are and that they will have a time limit of seventy-two hours in which to reply.

Paris Papers are of Opinion That Huns Are Still Disposed to Becloud the Issue

The text of the wireless exchanges between Marshal Foch and the German high command shows signs, the morning newspapers declare, that Germany is still determined to becloud the issue in every possible way, apparently with the object of gaining time, if they cannot gain anything else.

The following documents respecting the German appeal for an armistice were published tonight:

"There was received on Nov. 7 at 12.30 the following from the general high command by order of the German government to General Foch: 'The German government have been informed through the United States that Marshal Foch had received powers to receive accredited representatives of the German government and communicate to them an armistice. The following plenipotentiaries have been named by it: Mathias Etcherger, General H. K. A. Winterfeldt, Count Alfred Von Oberndorff, General Von Gruenell and Naval Capt. Von Salow. The plenipotentiaries report that they be informed by wireless of the place where they can meet Marshal Foch. They will proceed by automobile with subordinates of the staff to the place thus appointed.'

German White Flag Delegation Consists of Ten Persons Headed by Secretary of State

The orders were given to cease fire on the front at 3 o'clock p. m. until further orders.

On November 7, at 1.25 a. m., Marshal Foch sent the following to the German command: 'If the German plenipotentiaries desire to meet Marshal Foch and ask him for an armistice they will present themselves to the French outposts by the Chimay-Fourmies-La Capelle-Guise road. Orders have been given to receive them and conduct them to this specified place where the meeting will be held.'

A German wireless despatch received Nov. 7 at 1 p. m. said 'German General Headquarters to the Allied General Headquarters, The German commander-in-chief to Marshal Foch: The German plenipotentiaries for an armistice leave today. They will leave here at noon and reach at five o'clock this afternoon French outposts by the Chimay-Fourmies-La Capelle and Guise road. There will be ten persons in all, headed by Secretary of State Erzberger.'

SEPARATION ALLOWANCE INCREASED

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Ottawa, Nov. 8.—An order-in-council has been passed increasing the rates of separation allowance to the dependents of private soldiers, non-commissioned officers, first class warrant officers and lieutenants serving with the Canadian Expeditionary force effective September 1, 1918, as follows:

Dependents of private soldiers and non-commissioned officers from \$25 to \$30 per month.

Dependents of first class warrant officers from \$30 to \$35.

Dependents of lieutenants, from \$30 to \$40 per month.

As the majority of the November cheques had already been printed before the order-in-council was passed, it is not possible to include the adjustment in this month's issue, but the amount due on account of these increased rates for September, October and November will be included in the issue of December cheques.

Distribution of December cheques will be made from militia headquarters as well as by unit paymasters, by December 16th.

When the dependents of a soldier are receiving their separation allowance from the unit paymaster instead of from Ottawa, the adjustment will be made by the unit paymaster and not from Ottawa.

WASHINGTON WAS SOLD BY FAKE REPORT

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Washington, Nov. 8.—Washington awoke this morning to find that its wild celebration yesterday afternoon and last night in the belief that the end had come was premature.

Upon scanning the headlines of the morning papers, weary war workers and citizens generally who had been participating in a demonstration such as Washington has seldom seen, found that fighting on the western front had not been halted and that if the German armistice envoys had passed through the French lines to meet Marshal Foch no news of the event had come from Paris.

At 8 o'clock this morning, State and War Department officials who had kept an all night vigil still were without information that German plenipotentiaries had signed the armistice terms. On the basis of press despatches from France that the envoys would meet Marshal Foch today, officials did not expect any definite news as to Germany's decision for several hours.

Electric Current Off on Sunday
The Maritime Electric Co., Ltd., if the weather permits work on its lines in this city on Sunday next, will turn off current for both light and power for five hours on that day, to make necessary repairs. Consumers of current should take notice.

DWELLING WAS DAMAGED BY FIRE YESTERDAY

USE OF FIRE ALARM IN CELEBRATION HINDERED

Fire Was Well Under Way Before the Department Could be Brought to the Scene.

A dwelling in George Street near Northumberland owned by Postmaster R. B. H. Phillips was seriously damaged by fire yesterday afternoon.

An alarm was rung in several times from box 16 but no attention was given to it as it was thought it was false. Fireman Robert Stewart who lives but a short distance below the scene of the fire was told the building was burning. He went to see and found the roof of the house in flames. He sent in a call to the fire department by telephone to rush things but it was some time before the apparatus arrived on the scene. Driver M. Bearisto responded with the reserve hose wagon, the motor truck and ladder truck taking part in the celebration.

The fire was in the place familiarly known as the 'Martin Butler House' on George Street. The building is owned by Mr. Bedford Phillips and is occupied upstairs by Mr. and Mrs. August Lofstrom and downstairs by Mr. Hadley Bolter.

Pressure Was Down

When the firemen arrived they immediately started at work to check the blaze while others took care of the furniture. The firemen claim they could not get sufficient pressure from the pumping station early in the fire. Two lines of hose were laid and chemicals also were used. It took some time to conquer the blaze on the roof as it had a good hold. It is estimated that the loss by the fire is from \$700 to \$1000. The garret was gutted by flames and in several places the roof was burned through. Great damage was also caused by water on the plaster and walls of the building.

Another Alarm

About 6.30 the fire alarm was rung again to the same house where another blaze was having its way, it was finally put down after a further loss.

How the fire started is not known, but the first sign was seen on the roof by neighbors. The fire alarm was rung all afternoon to help out in the big celebration here yesterday and in the din the real alarm escaped unnoticed. This is a serious matter and public notice is given today that there must be no more tampering with the fire alarm.

Mr. A. T. McKendrick of Ottawa is in the city today.

PARISIANS THRILLED WITH THE CAPTURE OF SEDAN YESTERDAY

Great Contrast to the Feeling Only One Hundred Days Ago, When Germans were But Thirty-Five Miles from the French Capital—Conviction is General That Huns are at Last Beaten.

Paris, Nov. 8.—One hundred days ago the Germans were thirty-five miles from Paris. Today they are begging for peace.

After many occasions when hope has been deferred and of bitter disappointment, France knows at least that triumph has come and gives rein to its unreserved joy. The conviction is universal that, whether the German delegation signs articles of capitulation or not, Germany is beaten.

The Allied advance, particularly the exploit of the Americans in capturing Sedan, the name which thrill every French heart, shows clearly that continuation of hostilities by Germany can lead only to a military debacle in

OLD STEAMER WAREHOUSE AGAIN AFIRE

Incendiarism Suspected—Clements & Peabody Lost Hay Stored in Building—Spectacular

The fire department was called out for the third time yesterday to answer to an alarm when at eight o'clock the old warehouse formerly used by the Star Line Steamship Co., was prevailed to be in flames. A huge crowd of spectators streamed after the firemen to witness the blaze. When they arrived the fire was well under way and little could be done to stop it. A stream of hose was kept playing constantly on the building but had not much effect. The roof fell in first and the chimneys fell soon after but the walls remained standing. This is the third time the building has been afire and it has now the reputation of being invincible. The fire is alleged by some of the neighboring residents to have been set by two men who were seen about the building earlier in the evening. It smacks strongly of incendiarism as it was very evident that oil had been used to help it along.

Clements and Peabody of this city stored nineteen tons of pressed hay in the building yesterday afternoon which was brought up the river by the steamer Annie Currier while the celebration was going on. It is estimated that about \$200 worth of hay was lost.

Great excitement was caused by the fire and it brought a large crowd from all over the city. The building is the property of the L. A. Currey Estate.

GETTING OUT OF ROUMANIA

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Basle, Nov. 8.—Field Marshal Mackensen, of the German army, has arrived at Budapest from Bucharest to confer with Premier Michael Karolyi of Hungary on the passage across that country of German divisions now in Roumania, according to a Budapest despatch reached here.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCK FELT

Washington, Nov. 8.—An earthquake of considerable intensity, starting at 11.30 o'clock last night and continuing until shortly after two o'clock this morning, was recorded on seismographs at Georgetown University observatory. The maximum disturbance was at 12.30 and the distance from Washington approximately 5,900 miles.

Went Through Window.

Dr. W. H. Irvine was driving his car into his yard yesterday afternoon during the celebration, when in spite of the horn, a child ran in front of it. To prevent possible loss of life, Dr. Irvine swerved and ran through the plate glass window in the store of Ald. D. J. Shea. The window was smashed, as was the radiator of the car. Repairs on the car will come somewhere in the neighborhood of \$50 or \$75.

REVOLT IN GERMAN NAVY IS ASSUMING LARGE PROPORTIONS

The Men are in Complete Mastery at All of the Great Naval Ports—A General Strike Has Been Declared by Workmen at Kiel—Revolution was Carried Out in a Peaceful Manner—Officers of the Navy were Powerless—Several Cities Have Joined in the Movement.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—Virtually all the German fleet has revolted, according to a despatch received from The Hague. The men are complete masters at Kiel, Wilhelmshaven, Heligoland, Borkum and Cuxhaven. At Kiel the workers have joined the navy men and declared a general strike.

The greater part of the German navy, with red flags hoisted, has left the harbor of Kiel in possession of mutinous sailors, according to a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. Copenhagen also reports that the revolutionary flag has been hoisted at Warnemunde, with which place railroad communication has been interrupted.

There are no guards on the German-Danish frontier, it is reported, and many prisoners crossed into Denmark last night.

The Red Flag Now Floats from Virtually Every Ship of the German Navy

The movement which resulted in the seizing of virtually the entire German navy by revolutionary forces was carried out in a fairly peaceful manner, according to the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen. The red flag was hoisted quite generally, he adds. All the large wharves connected with the naval service were also taken over by the revolutionists.

At Wilhelmshaven the naval officers agreed to hand authority over to the rebels if they would promise to make resistance should the British attack that naval port.

The third infantry regiment, according to these advices, has taken possession of the airdrome at Oldenburg, in Holstein. Blankenstein, a commune in Westphalia 24 miles northeast of Dusseldorf, has joined the revolution.

Scant Food, Bad Treatment by Officers, and Collapse of Austria, Causes of the Trouble

THE HAGUE, Nov. 7.—Scant food, bad treatment by their officers and exasperation caused by the collapse of Austria culminated in a movement of revolt in the German navy. The revolt broke out at Kiel on November 3. Sailors ashore, aided by workmen, seized the fort and arsenal. The movement spread rapidly to the crews of warships in the roadstead.

On the 4th the labor unions proclaimed a general strike. On the 5th the revolt reached Wilhelmshaven, Heligoland, Borkum and Cuxhaven. Almost the entire fleet is now in revolt.

The mutineers have seized the wireless and are communicating with each other. Their officers are powerless. A few units remain loyal. The submarines at sea are ignorant of the armistice proposal, this news having been hidden from them.

Cities Join the Movement.

London, Nov. 8 (9.36 a. m.).—The cities of Bremen, Tilsit and Schwerin have joined in the German revolution, according to a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. Dr. Karl Liebknecht is said to have arranged for the formation of a soldiers' council at Bremen.

THE KAISER IS INCLUDED

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Copenhagen, Nov. 8.—The Vorwaerts of Berlin publishes a new proclamation to German workmen by the Social Democratic party, in which is emphasized the party's firm intention to secure full democratic liberty for the German people. The proclamation in part says:

'All those who, through unwise policies, caused this calamity to come upon our people, must resign their posts. All necessary measures are being taken to this end. No exception will be made of any person, however highly placed.'

AIRPLANE PLANT BURNED OUT

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Marblehead, Mass., Nov. 7.—Plant No. 2 of the Burgess Aeroplane Company, which was filled with government airplanes, and the Stearns and McKay Company's storehouse, containing more than 40 yachts, were totally destroyed by fire here tonight. The plant had been shut down in order to permit the workmen to celebrate upon receipt of the false report of the signing of an armistice by Germany, and before the watchman could reach the scene the flames had gained great headway. The loss is estimated at \$300,000.

MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, Nov. 8.—Casualties among Maritime men include the following: Wounded—W. P. Poore, Ormoco, N. B.; M. Martin, Edmundston, N. B.; J. E. Cook, River Charlo, N. B.; H. Secord, Bull Moose Hill, N. B.; H. D. Burns, Mungerville, N. B.; R. H. Baxter, Westfield Centre, N. B.; W. E. Braid, Centre Village, N. B.

Killed in action—S. J. Dee, Day's Corner, N. B.; L. Marquis, Edmundston, N. B.

Prisoner of war—C. H. Lewis, Sackville.

CLEMENCEAU GETS OVATION

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Paris, Nov. 8.—Premier Clemenceau appeared for a moment last night in the lobby of the Senate after a sitting of that body at which he had declared himself for unconditional peace. The premier's approach to the group of senators after the adjournment was the signal for an ovation to him. He was shortly surrounded by numbers of senators who pressed forward to shake his hand.

Mrs. Charles H. Barker and daughter of North Devon are recovering from an attack of the Spanish influenza.